	<b>CORPORATIONS SOLE AMENDMENTS</b>
	2004 GENERAL SESSION
	STATE OF UTAH
	Sponsor: Lyle W. Hillyard
LONG	TITLE
Genera	l Description:
	This bill modifies provisions of the Corporations Code related to corporation sole.
Highlig	shted Provisions:
	This bill:
	<ul> <li>requires a corporation sole, when amending or restating its articles of incorporation,</li> </ul>
to:	
	• provide a name, title, and street address of an incorporator; and
	• maintain an official representative;
	<ul> <li>modifies certain requirements related to filings by a corporation sole;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>allows a corporation sole to maintain a registered office and registered agent;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>prohibits the formation of a new corporation sole after May 3, 2004;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>requires a corporation sole formed on or after January 1, 1990 to dissolve or convert</li> </ul>
to a nor	profit corporation prior to December 31, 2006; and
	<ul> <li>makes technical changes.</li> </ul>
Monies	Appropriated in this Bill:
	None
Other S	Special Clauses:
	None
Utah C	ode Sections Affected:
AMEN	DS:
	16-7-5, Utah Code Annotated 1953



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28	16-7-8, as last amended by Chapter 66, Laws of Utah 1984
29	16-7-9, Utah Code Annotated 1953
30	16-7-12, as enacted by Chapter 178, Laws of Utah 1985
31	16-7-14, as last amended by Chapter 300, Laws of Utah 2000
32	ENACTS:
33	16-7-15, Utah Code Annotated 1953
34	<b>16-7-16</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
35	16-7-17, Utah Code Annotated 1953
36	
37	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
38	Section 1. Section 16-7-5 is amended to read:
39	16-7-5. Amendments of articles of incorporation.
40	[Any] (1) A corporation [so] sole formed [shall have power from time to time to] under
41	this chapter may alter or amend its articles of incorporation[; such].
42	(2) An amendment described in Subsection (1) shall:
43	(a) be made by the corporation sole [and]:
44	(b) be executed by:
45	(i) the [same] person who executed the original articles of incorporation; or [by his]
46	(ii) the successor in office[, and shall] to the person described in Subsection (2)(b)(i);
47	(c) specify the name, title, and street address of the person described in Subsection
48	(2)(b); and
49	(d) be filed in the same manner as is provided for the filing of the original articles.
50	(3) A corporation sole altering or amending its articles of incorporation after May 3,
51	2004, shall comply with Subsection 16-7-15(1).
52	Section 2. Section <b>16-7-8</b> is amended to read:
53	16-7-8. Execution of corporate instruments Authority of agents Revocation
54	of authority.
55	(1) All deeds and other instruments of writing shall be:
56	(a) made in the name of the corporation[;];
57	(b) signed by:
58	(i) the person representing the corporation in the official capacity designated in the

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59	articles of incorporation[ <del>,</del> ]; or [ <del>by</del> ]
60	(ii) a duly authorized agent or agents designated and named in a certificate filed by
61	[such] the corporation [in the office of] with the Division of Corporations and Commercial
62	Code[, and sealed with the seal of the corporation; an impression of which seal shall be filed
63	with the Division of Corporations and Commercial Code].
64	(2) The authority of [any] an agent or agents designated [as herein provided] pursuant
65	to Subsection (1)(b)(ii) shall continue until revoked[-], notwithstanding the subsequent death,
66	resignation, removal, incapacity, or incompetency of:
67	(a) the person who executed the original articles of incorporation; or
68	(b) the successor in office to the person described in Subsection (2)(a).
69	(3) A corporation sole designating an agent or agents to sign deeds and instruments of
70	writing by certificate may revoke such authority by filing a notice of revocation of authority
71	with the Division of Corporations and Commercial Code.
72	Section 3. Section <b>16-7-9</b> is amended to read:
73	16-7-9. Succession in event of death, resignation, or removal of incumbent.
74	(1) In the event of the death or resignation of any such archbishop, bishop, president,
75	trustee in trust, president of stake, president of congregation, overseer, presiding elder or
76	clergyman, being at the time a corporation sole, or of his removal from office by the person or
77	body having authority to remove him, his successor in office, as such corporation sole, shall be
78	vested with the title to any and all property held by his predecessor as such corporation sole,
79	with like power and authority over the same and subject to all the legal liabilities and
80	obligations with reference thereto. [Such successor shall file in the office of the county recorder
81	of each county wherein any of such real property is situated]
82	(2) A successor described in Subsection (1) shall file with the Division of Corporations
83	and Commercial Code a certified copy or other adequate written proof of [his] the successor's
84	commission, certificate, or letter of election or appointment.
85	Section 4. Section <b>16-7-12</b> is amended to read:
86	16-7-12. Dissolution of corporation sole.
87	(1) A corporation sole may be dissolved and its affairs wound up voluntarily by filing
88	with the Division of Corporations and Commercial Code articles of dissolution, fully executed
89	and signed under penalty of perjury, by the chief officer of the corporation. If any corporation

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sole ceases to have assets, has failed to function, or desires to terminate its existence, the

- 91 articles of dissolution may be filed by any officer of the corporation authorized to administer
- 92 the affairs and property of the corporation.

93 (2) An original and a copy of the articles of dissolution shall be submitted to the
94 Division of Corporations and Commercial Code. If it conforms to law, the division shall file it
95 and issue a certificate of dissolution. After the issuance of this certificate, the corporation shall
96 cease to carry on business, except for the purpose of adjusting and winding up its affairs.

- 97
- (3) The articles of dissolution shall set forth:
- 98 (a) the name of the corporation;
- 99 (b) the reason for its dissolution or winding up;
- (c) that dissolution of the corporation has been duly authorized by the organizationgoverned by the corporation sole;
- (d) the names and addresses of the persons who are to supervise the winding up of theaffairs of the corporation;
- (e) that all debts, obligations, and liabilities of the corporation sole have been paid anddischarged or that adequate provision has been made therefor;
- (f) that all the remaining property and assets of the corporation sole have beentransferred, conveyed, or distributed in accordance with the purposes of Section 16-7-1; and
- (g) that there are no suits pending against the corporation sole in any court, or that
  adequate provision has been made for the satisfaction of any judgment, order, or decree which
  may be entered against it in any pending suit.
- (4) The Division of Corporations and Commercial Code may administratively dissolve
   a corporation sole that does not comply with Subsection 16-7-15(1) or Section 16-7-17.
- 113 Section 5. Section 16-7-14 is amended to read:
- 114 **16-7-14.** Restatement of articles of incorporation.
- (1) A corporation sole organized under this chapter may restate its articles ofincorporation in the same manner allowed nonprofit corporations under Section 16-6a-1006.
- (2) (a) The restated articles shall be adopted on behalf of the corporation by the
  appropriate incorporator or the successor to an incorporator as described in Section 16-7-2.
- (b) If there is no such incorporator or successor, the articles shall be signed by the
   officer or official authorized to administer the affairs and property of the corporation according

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121	to the practices and procedures of the church, denomination, or religious society.
122	(c) The restated articles described in this section shall specify the name, title, and street
123	address of the person executing the restated articles.
124	(3) This chapter does not require the restated articles described in this section to
125	specify a value of the property of the corporation sole.
126	(4) A corporation sole restating its articles of incorporation after May 3, 2004, shall
127	comply with Subsection 16-7-15(1).
128	Section 6. Section <b>16-7-15</b> is enacted to read:
129	<u>16-7-15.</u> Official representative Registered office Registered agent.
130	(1) (a) A corporation sole altering, amending, or restating its articles of incorporation
131	on or after May 3, 2004 shall continuously maintain with the Division of Corporations and
132	Commercial Code the name, title, and Utah street address of an official representative for the
133	corporation sole.
134	(b) The official representative described in Subsection (1)(a) shall, on behalf of the
135	corporation sole, receive communication, notices, or demands from:
136	(i) the Division of Corporations and Commercial Code; or
137	(ii) any other state or federal authority, agency, or official.
138	(c) If a corporation sole appoints a registered agent pursuant to Subsection (2), that
139	registered agent is the official representative of the corporation sole for purposes of this
140	Subsection (1).
141	(2) (a) A corporation sole formed under this chapter may maintain a registered office
142	and registered agent in Utah by:
143	(i) filing a statement with the Division of Corporations and Commercial Code; and
144	(ii) meeting the requirements imposed on a nonprofit corporation under Subsection
145	<u>16-6a-501(2).</u>
146	(b) A corporation sole maintaining a registered office or registered agent may change
147	the registered office or registered agent by complying with the requirements imposed on a
148	nonprofit corporation under Section 16-6a-502.
149	(c) A registered agent of a corporation sole may resign by complying with the
150	requirements imposed on a registered agent of a nonprofit corporation under Section
151	<u>16-6a-503.</u>

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152	(d) A registered agent described in this Subsection (2) is the agent of the corporation
153	sole for service of:
154	(i) process;
155	(ii) notice:
156	(iii) demand; or
157	(iv) any type required or permitted by law to be served on the corporation sole.
158	Section 7. Section <b>16-7-16</b> is enacted to read:
159	<u>16-7-16.</u> Prohibition on formation of corporation sole after May 3, 2004.
160	Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, a corporation sole may not be
161	formed or incorporated under this chapter after May 3, 2004.
162	Section 8. Section 16-7-17 is enacted to read:
163	<u>16-7-17.</u> Conversion or dissolution of corporation sole formed on or after January
164	1, 1990.
165	(1) On or before December 31, 2006, a corporation sole formed on or after January 1,
166	<u>1990 shall:</u>
167	(a) dissolve pursuant to Section 16-7-12; or
168	(b) convert to a nonprofit corporation by:
169	(i) filing an amendment to the articles of incorporation of the corporation sole with the
170	Division of Corporations and Commercial Code; and
171	(ii) complying with all the requirements of incorporation under Title 16, Chapter 6a.
172	Utah Revised Nonprofit Corporation Act.
173	(2) A corporation sole becomes a nonprofit corporation on the day on which the
174	corporation sole complies with Subsection (1)(b).
175	(3) The Division of Corporations and Commercial Code:
176	(a) shall use any reasonable means to notify a corporation sole described in Subsection
177	(1) of the requirements of this section; and
178	(b) may dissolve a corporation sole that does not comply with this section.

#### Legislative Review Note as of 1-21-04 1:23 PM

A limited legal review of this legislation raises no obvious constitutional or statutory concerns.

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

#### State Impact

Can be handled within existing budgets

#### **Individual and Business Impact**

Impact will vary according to individual circumstances.

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst