1	MEDICAL DISPUTE RESOLUTION
2	AMENDMENTS
3	2004 GENERAL SESSION
4	STATE OF UTAH
5	Sponsor: Leonard M. Blackham
6 7	L. Alma MansellThomas V. HatchCarlene M. WalkerPeter C. KnudsonDavid L. Thomas
8	
9	LONG TITLE
10	General Description:
11	This bill amends provisions related to the resolution of medical malpractice disputes.
12	Highlighted Provisions:
13	This bill:
14	<ul> <li>requires notice to a patient regarding:</li> </ul>
15	• the patient's right to legal counsel in any arbitration proceeding; and
16	• an arbitration agreement may not apply to errors and omissions that occurred
17	prior to the date of the arbitration agreement without a specific agreement from
18	the patient;
19	<ul> <li>changes the time for rescinding an arbitration agreement from 30 days to ten days;</li> </ul>
20	<ul> <li>clarifies that medical arbitration agreements are subject to the Uniform Arbitration</li> </ul>
21	Act;
22	<ul> <li>provides that a patient may require:</li> </ul>
23	mandatory mediation before arbitration;
24	• retention of jointly selected arbitrators for both the liability and damages part of
25	arbitration when they are bifurcated; and
26	• the filing of an arbitration award in district court; and
27	<ul> <li>prohibits a health care provider from denying health care to a patient on the sole</li> </ul>

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28 basis that the patient refused to sign an arbitration agreement.

29	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
30	None
31	Other Special Clauses:
32	None
33	Utah Code Sections Affected:
34	AMENDS:
35	78-14-17, as last amended by Chapter 207, Laws of Utah 2003
36	
37	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
38	Section 1. Section <b>78-14-17</b> is amended to read:
39	78-14-17. Arbitration agreements.
40	(1) After May 2, 1999, for a binding arbitration agreement between a patient and a
41	health care provider to be validly executed or, if the requirements of this Subsection (1) have
42	not been previously met on at least one occasion, renewed:
43	(a) the patient shall be given, in writing [and by verbal explanation], the following
44	information on:
45	(i) the requirement that the patient must arbitrate a claim instead of having the claim
46	heard by a judge or jury;
47	(ii) the role of an arbitrator and the manner in which arbitrators are selected under the
48	agreement;
49	(iii) the patient's responsibility, if any, for arbitration-related costs under the agreement;
50	(iv) the right of the patient to decline to enter into the agreement and still receive health
51	care if Subsection [(2)] (3) applies;
52	(v) the automatic renewal of the agreement each year unless the agreement is canceled
53	in writing before the renewal date;
54	(vi) the right of the patient to have questions about the arbitration agreement answered;
55	[and]
56	(vii) the right of the patient to rescind the agreement within $[3\theta]$ ten days of signing the
57	agreement; and
58	(viii) the right of the patient to require mediation of the dispute prior to the arbitration

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59	of the dispute;
60	(b) the agreement shall require that:
61	(i) except as provided in Subsection (1)(b)(ii), a panel of three arbitrators shall be
62	selected as follows:
63	(A) one arbitrator [be] collectively selected by all persons claiming damages;
64	[(ii)] (B) one arbitrator [be] selected by the health care provider; and
65	[(iii)] (C) a third arbitrator [be] jointly selected by all persons claiming damages and
66	the health care provider from a list of individuals approved as arbitrators by the state or federal
67	courts of Utah; <u>or</u>
68	(ii) if both parties agree, a single arbitrator may be selected;
69	[(iv)] (iii) all parties waive the requirement of Section 78-14-12 to appear before a
70	hearing panel in a malpractice action against a health care provider;
71	[(v)] (iv) the patient be given the right to rescind the agreement within [30] ten days of
72	signing the agreement; [and]
73	[(vi)] (v) the term of the agreement be for one year and that the agreement be
74	automatically renewed each year unless the agreement is canceled in writing by the patient or
75	health care provider before the renewal date[-]:
76	(vi) the patient have the right to retain legal counsel;
77	(vii) the agreement only apply to:
78	(A) an error or omission that occurred after the agreement was signed, provided that
79	the agreement may allow a person who would be a proper party in court to participate in an
80	arbitration proceeding;
81	(B) the claim of:
82	(I) a person who signed the agreement;
83	(II) a person on whose behalf the agreement was signed under Subsection (6); and
84	(III) the unborn child of the person described in this Subsection (1)(b)(vii)(B), for 12
85	months from the date the agreement is signed; and
86	(C) the claim of a person who is not a party to the contract if the sole basis for the
87	claim is an injury sustained by a person described in Subsection (1)(b)(vii)(B); and
88	(c) the patient shall be verbally encouraged to:
89	(i) read the written information required by Subsection (1)(a) and the arbitration

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90	agreement; and
91	(ii) ask any questions.
92	(2) When a medical malpractice action is arbitrated, the action shall:
93	(a) be subject to Chapter 31a, Utah Uniform Arbitration Act; and
94	(b) include any one or more of the following when requested by the patient before an
95	arbitration hearing is commenced:
96	(i) mandatory mediation;
97	(ii) retention of the jointly selected arbitrator for both the liability and damages stages
98	of an arbitration proceeding if the arbitration is bifurcated; and
99	(iii) the filing of the panel's award of damages as a judgement against the provider in
100	the appropriate district court.
101	[(2)] (3) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), a patient may not be denied health care [of
102	any kind from the emergency department of a general acute hospital, as defined in Section
103	$\frac{26-21-2}{3}$ on the sole basis that the patient or a person described in Subsection [(5)] (6) refused
104	to enter into a binding arbitration agreement with a health care provider.
105	[(3)] (4) A written acknowledgment of having received a written [and verbal]
106	explanation of a binding arbitration agreement signed by or on behalf of the patient shall be a
107	defense to a claim that the patient did not receive a written [and verbal] explanation of the
108	agreement as required by Subsection (1) unless the patient:
109	(a) proves that the person who signed the agreement lacked the capacity to do so; or
110	(b) shows by clear and convincing evidence that the execution of the agreement was
111	induced by the health care provider's affirmative acts of fraudulent misrepresentation or
112	fraudulent omission to state material facts.
113	[(4)] (5) The requirements of Subsection (1) do not apply to a claim governed by a
114	binding arbitration agreement that was executed or renewed before May 3, 1999.
115	[(5)] (6) A legal guardian or a person described in Subsection 78-14-5(4), except a
116	person temporarily standing in loco parentis, may execute or rescind a binding arbitration
117	agreement on behalf of a patient.
118	[(6)] (7) This section does not apply to any arbitration agreement that is subject to the
119	Federal Arbitration Act, 9 U.S.C. Sec. 1 et seq.

#### Legislative Review Note as of 2-5-04 10:41 AM

A limited legal review of this legislation raises no obvious constitutional or statutory concerns.

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

#### **State Impact**

It is estimated that provisions of this bill can be handled within existing budgets.

#### **Individual and Business Impact**

Impact of this legislation will vary with individual situations and is not possible to determine.

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst