Representative Neil A. Hansen proposes the following substitute bill:

	AUTHORIZATION TO PERFORM MARRIAGES			
	2004 GENERAL SESSION			
	STATE OF UTAH			
Sponsor: Carlene M. Walker				
LO	NG TITLE			
Gei	neral Description:			
	This bill authorizes county clerks to deputize other persons to solemnize a marriage and			
allows legislators and elected county executives to solemnize a marriage.				
Highlighted Provisions:				
	This bill:			
	 adds elected county executives, members of the House of Representatives, and 			
mei	mbers of the Senate to the list of who can solemnize a marriage; and			
	 authorizes county clerks to deputize other persons to solemnize marriages. 			
Mo	nies Appropriated in this Bill:			
	None			
Oth	ner Special Clauses:			
	None			
Uta	th Code Sections Affected:			
AM	IENDS:			
	17-16-7, as last amended by Chapter 241, Laws of Utah 2001			
	30-1-6, as last amended by Chapter 2, Laws of Utah 1997			



26	17-16-7. Deputies and employees Appointments County legislative body
27	consent power Liability of principal Deputy may serve despite vacancy in office of
28	appointing officer.
29	(1) (a) A county or precinct officer, including an elected county executive, except a
30	county commissioner or county council member, may, with the consent of the county
31	legislative body, appoint deputies and employees as necessary for the discharge of the duties of
32	the officer's office.
33	(b) County clerks may deputize other persons to solemnize a marriage.
34	[(b)] (c) The county legislative body's consent power under Subsection (1)(a) shall be
35	defined in county ordinance and may include consent by:
36	(i) the budget approval process;
37	(ii) approval of an allocation of a certain number of positions; or
38	(iii) approval or disapproval of the hiring of individual applicants.
39	[(e)] (d) A county legislative body may by ordinance delegate to the county executive
40	the authority to consent to the appointment of deputies and employees under this Subsection
41	(1).
42	(2) If the county clerk performs district court clerk functions, the legislative body of that
43	county shall provide the clerk with deputies and employees for the business of the district
44	courts as considered necessary and advisable by the judge or judges of the district court,
45	consistent with the level of funding for clerk services from the court administrator's office.
46	(3) (a) Each officer appointing a deputy shall, for each deputy appointed, file a signed
47	writing with the county clerk that memorializes the appointment.
48	(b) The officer appointing the deputy is liable for all official acts of the deputy.
49	(c) If the office of the officer who appointed the deputy becomes vacant, the deputy
50	may continue to serve despite the vacancy.
51	Section 2. Section 30-1-6 is amended to read:
52	30-1-6. Who may solemnize marriages Certificate.
53	(1) Marriages may be solemnized by the following persons only:
54	(a) ministers, rabbis, or priests of any religious denomination who are:
55	(i) in regular communion with any religious society; and
56	(ii) 18 years of age or older;

5/	(b) Native American spiritual advisors;			
58	(c) the governor;			
59	(d) mayors of municipalities;			
60	(e) elected county executives:			
61	[(e)] (f) a justice, judge, or commissioner of a court of record;			
62	[(f)] (g) a judge of a court not of record of the state;			
63	[(g)] (h) judges or magistrates of the United States;			
64	[(h)] (i) the county clerk of any county in the state, if the clerk chooses to solemnize			
65	marriages;			
66	[(i) the president] (j) all members of the Senate;			
67	[(j) the speaker] (k) all members of the House of Representatives; or			
68	[(k)] (1) a judge or magistrate who holds office in Utah when retired, under rules set by			
69	the Supreme Court.			
70	(2) A person authorized under Subsection (1) who solemnizes a marriage shall give to			
71	the couple married a certificate of marriage that shows the:			
72	(a) name of the county from which the license is issued; and			
73	(b) date of the license's issuance.			
74	(3) As used in this section:			
75	(a) "Judge or magistrate of the United States" means:			
76	(i) a justice of the United States Supreme Court;			
77	(ii) a judge of a court of appeals;			
78	(iii) a judge of a district court;			
79	(iv) a judge of any court created by an act of Congress the judges of which are entitled			
80	to hold office during good behavior;			
81	(v) a judge of a bankruptcy court;			
82	(vi) a judge of a tax court; or			
83	(vii) a United States magistrate.			
84	(b) (i) "Native American spiritual advisor" means a person who:			
85	(A) (I) leads, instructs, or facilitates a Native American religious ceremony or service;			
86	or			
87	(II) provides religious counseling; and			

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88		(B) is recognized as a spiritual advisor by a federally recognized Native American
89	tribe.	

90 (ii) "Native American spiritual advisor" includes a sweat lodge leader, medicine 91 person, traditional religious practitioner, or holy man or woman.