MINIMUM SCHOOL PROGRAM ACT
AMENDMENTS
2005 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Sponsor: Gordon E. Snow
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill provides funding for the Minimum School Program.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
 establishes a ceiling for the state contribution to the maintenance and operations
portion of the Minimum School Program for fiscal year 2005-06 of \$1,783,631,186;
 establishes the value of the weighted pupil unit at \$2,258;
► appropriates \$27,288,900 to the State Board of Education for fiscal year 2005-06 for
school building aid programs for school districts;
 directs the state superintendent to include certain expenditure data in an annual
report to the governor and the Legislature; and
 imposes a deadline for the authorization of a charter school in order to qualify for
certain state funds.
Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
This bill appropriates for fiscal year 2005-06:
 \$1,773,711,186 from the Uniform School Fund; and
 \$9,920,000 from the Interest and Dividends Account.
Other Special Clauses:
This bill provides an effective date.
Utah Code Sections Affected:



28	AMENDS:
29	53A-1-301, as last amended by Chapters 221 and 315, Laws of Utah 2003
30	53A-1a-513, as last amended by Chapter 257, Laws of Utah 2004
31	53A-17a-103, as last amended by Chapter 257, Laws of Utah 2004
32	53A-17a-104, as last amended by Chapter 257, Laws of Utah 2004
33	53A-17a-135, as last amended by Chapter 257, Laws of Utah 2004
34	53A-17a-148, as last amended by Chapter 257, Laws of Utah 2004
35	53A-21-105, as last amended by Chapter 257, Laws of Utah 2004
36	
37	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
38	Section 1. Section 53A-1-301 is amended to read:
39	53A-1-301. Appointment Qualifications Duties.
40	(1) (a) The State Board of Education shall appoint a superintendent of public
41	instruction, hereinafter called the state superintendent, who is the executive officer of the board
42	and serves at the pleasure of the board.
43	(b) The board shall appoint the state superintendent on the basis of outstanding
44	professional qualifications.
45	(c) The state superintendent shall administer all programs assigned to the State Board
46	of Education in accordance with the policies and the standards established by the board.
47	(2) The superintendent shall develop a statewide education strategy focusing on core
48	academics, including the development of:
49	(a) core curriculum and graduation requirements;
50	(b) a process to select instructional materials that best correlate to the core curriculum
51	and graduation requirements that are supported by generally accepted scientific standards of
52	evidence;
53	(c) professional development programs for teachers, superintendents, and principals;
54	(d) remediation programs;
55	(e) a method for creating individual student learning targets, and a method of
56	measuring an individual student's performance toward those targets;
57	(f) progress-based assessments for ongoing performance evaluations of districts and
58	schools;

59	(g) incentives to achieve the desired outcome of individual student progress in core
60	academics, and which do not create disincentives for setting high goals for the students;
61	(h) an annual report card for school and district performance, measuring learning and
62	reporting progress-based assessments;
63	(i) a systematic method to encourage innovation in schools and school districts as they
64	strive to achieve improvement in their performance; and
65	(j) a method for identifying and sharing best demonstrated practices across districts and
66	schools.
67	(3) The superintendent shall perform duties assigned by the board, including the
68	following:
69	(a) investigating all matters pertaining to the public schools;
70	(b) adopting and keeping an official seal to authenticate the superintendent's official
71	acts;
72	(c) holding and conducting meetings, seminars, and conferences on educational topics;
73	(d) presenting to the governor and the Legislature each December a report of the public
74	school system for the preceding year to include:
75	(i) data on the general condition of the schools with recommendations considered
76	desirable for specific programs;
77	(ii) a complete statement of fund balances;
78	(iii) a complete statement of revenues by fund and source;
79	(iv) a complete statement of adjusted expenditures by fund, the status of bonded
80	indebtedness, the cost of new school plants, and school levies;
81	(v) a complete statement of state funds allocated to each of the state's 40 school
82	districts by source, including supplemental appropriations, and a complete statement of
83	expenditures by each district, including supplemental appropriations, by function and object as
84	outlined in the U.S. Department of Education publication "Financial Accounting for Local and
85	State School Systems";
86	(vi) a complete statement, by school district $\hat{H} \rightarrow and charter school \leftarrow \hat{H}$, of the
86a	amount of and percentage increase
87	or decrease in expenditures from the previous year attributed to:
88	(A) wage increases, with expenditure data for base salary adjustments identified
89	separately from step and lane expenditures:

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90	(B) medical and dental premium cost adjustments; and
91	(C) adjustments in the number of teachers and other staff;
92	[(vi)] (vii) a statement that includes such items as fall enrollments, average
93	membership, high school graduates, licensed and classified employees, pupil-teacher ratios,
94	class sizes, average salaries, applicable private school data, and data from standardized
95	norm-referenced tests in grades 5, 8, and 11 on each school and district;
96	[(viii)] (viii) statistical information regarding incidents of delinquent activity in the
97	schools or at school-related activities with separate categories for:
98	(A) alcohol and drug abuse;
99	(B) weapon possession;
100	(C) assaults; and
101	(D) arson;
102	[(viii)] (ix) information about:
103	(A) the development and implementation of the strategy of focusing on core
104	academics;
105	(B) the development and implementation of competency-based education and
106	progress-based assessments; and
107	(C) the results being achieved under Subsections $(3)(d)[(viii)](ix)(A)$ and (B), as
108	measured by individual progress-based assessments and the comparison of Utah Students'
109	progress with the progress of students in other states using standardized norm-referenced tests
110	as benchmarks; and
111	[(ix)] (x) other statistical and financial information about the school system which the
112	superintendent considers pertinent;
113	(e) collecting and organizing education data into an automated decision support system
114	to facilitate school district and school improvement planning, accountability reporting and
115	performance recognition, and the evaluation of educational policy and program effectiveness to
116	include:
117	(i) data that are:
118	(A) comparable across schools and school districts;
119	(B) appropriate for use in longitudinal studies; and
120	(C) comprehensive with regard to the data elements required under applicable state or

121 federal law or state board rule; 122 (ii) features that enable users, most particularly school administrators, teachers, and 123 parents, to: 124 (A) retrieve school and school district level data electronically; 125 (B) interpret the data visually; and 126 (C) draw conclusions that are statistically valid; and 127 (iii) procedures for the collection and management of education data that: 128 (A) require the state superintendent of public instruction to: 129 (I) collaborate with school districts in designing and implementing uniform data 130 standards and definitions; 131 (II) undertake or sponsor research to implement improved methods for analyzing 132 education data; 133 (III) provide for data security to prevent unauthorized access to or contamination of the 134 data; and 135 (IV) protect the confidentiality of data under state and federal privacy laws; and 136 (B) require all school districts to comply with the data collection and management 137 procedures established under Subsection (3)(e); and 138 (f) with the approval of the board, preparing and submitting to the governor a budget 139 for the board to be included in the budget that the governor submits to the Legislature. 140 (4) Upon leaving office, the state superintendent shall deliver to his successor all 141 books, records, documents, maps, reports, papers, and other articles pertaining to his office. 142 Section 2. Section 53A-1a-513 is amended to read: 143 53A-1a-513. Funding for charter schools. 144 (1) (a) Charter schools shall receive funding as described in this section, except 145 Subsections (2) through (7) do not apply to charter schools described in Subsection (1)(b). 146 (b) Charter schools sponsored by local school boards that are converted from district 147 schools or operate in district facilities without paying reasonable rent shall receive funding as 148 prescribed in Section 53A-1a-515. 149 (2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), a charter school shall receive state 150 funds, as applicable, on the same basis as a school district receives funds. 151 (b) In distributing funds under Title 53A, Chapter 17a, Minimum School Program Act,

152	to charter schools, charter school pupils shall be weighted, where applicable, as follows:
153	(i) .55 for kindergarten pupils;
154	(ii) .9 for pupils in grades 1-6;
155	(iii) .99 for pupils in grades 7-8; and
156	(iv) 1.2 for pupils in grades 9-12.
157	(c) The State Board of Education shall make rules in accordance with Title 63, Chapter
158	46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to administer Subsection (2)(b), including hold
159	harmless provisions to maintain a charter elementary school's funding level for a period of two
160	years after the effective date of the distribution formula.
161	(d) Subsection (2)(b) does not apply to funds appropriated to charter schools to replace
162	local property tax revenues.
163	(3) The State Board of Education shall adopt rules to provide for the distribution of
164	monies to charter schools under this section.
165	(4) (a) The Legislature shall provide an appropriation for charter schools for each of
166	their students to replace some of the local property tax revenues that are not available to charter
167	schools. The amount of money provided for each charter school student shall be determined
168	by:
169	(i) calculating the sum of:
170	(A) school districts' operations and maintenance revenues derived from local property
171	taxes, except revenues from imposing a minimum basic tax rate pursuant to Section
172	53A-17a-135;
173	(B) school districts' capital projects revenues derived from local property taxes; and
174	(C) school districts' expenditures for interest on debt; and
175	(ii) dividing the sum by the total average daily membership of the districts' schools.
176	(b) Of the monies provided to a charter school under Subsection (4)(a), 10% shall be
177	expended for funding school facilities only.
178	(c) To qualify for money under Subsection (4)(a), a new charter school shall, by
179	$\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\underline{\mathbf{November 30}}]$ September 30 $\leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ of the school year prior to the school year it intends
179a	to begin operations:
180	(i) obtain approval of its application for a charter from:
181	(A) the State Board of Education, pursuant to Section 53A-1a-505; or
182	(B) a local school board, pursuant to Section 53A-1a-515; and

183	(ii) submit to the chartering entity an estimate of the charter school's first year
184	enrollment.
185	(d) Subsection (4)(c) does not apply to charter schools beginning operations in the
186	<u>2005-06 school year.</u>
187	(e) By December 1, the State Charter School Board shall submit to the Governor's
188	Office of Planning and Budget and the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst an estimate of
189	total charter school enrollment in the state for the following school year.
190	(5) Charter schools are eligible to receive federal funds if they meet all applicable
191	federal requirements and comply with relevant federal regulations.
192	(6) The State Board of Education shall distribute funds for charter school students
193	directly to the charter school.
194	(7) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), a charter school is not eligible to receive state
195	transportation funding.
196	(b) The board shall also adopt rules relating to the transportation of students to and
197	from charter schools, taking into account Sections 53A-2-210 and 53A-17a-127.
198	(c) The governing body of the charter school may provide transportation through an
199	agreement or contract with the local school board, a private provider, or with parents.
200	(8) (a) (i) The state superintendent of public instruction may allocate grants for both
201	start-up and ongoing costs to eligible charter school applicants from monies appropriated for
202	the implementation of this part.
203	(ii) Applications for the grants shall be filed on a form determined by the state
204	superintendent and in conjunction with the application for a charter.
205	(iii) The amount of a grant may vary based upon the size, scope, and special
206	circumstances of the charter school.
207	(iv) The governing board of the charter school shall use the grant to meet the expenses
208	of the school as established in the school's charter.
209	(b) The State Board of Education shall coordinate the distribution of federal monies
210	appropriated to help fund costs for establishing and maintaining charter schools within the
211	state.
212	(9) (a) A charter school may receive, hold, manage and use any devise, bequest, grant,
213	endowment, gift, or donation of any property made to the school for any of the purposes of this

214	part.
215	(b) It is unlawful for any person affiliated with a charter school to demand or request
216	any gift, donation, or contribution from a parent, teacher, employee, or other person affiliated
217	with the charter school as a condition for employment or enrollment at the school or continued
218	attendance at the school.
219	(10) The State Office of Education shall use up to \$1,044,000 of funding provided for
220	new growth to fund additional growth needs in charter schools in fiscal year 2005.
221	Section 3. Section 53A-17a-103 is amended to read:
222	53A-17a-103. Definitions.
223	As used in this chapter:
224	(1) "Basic state-supported school program" or "basic program" means public education
225	programs for kindergarten, elementary, and secondary school students that are operated and
226	maintained for the amount derived by multiplying the number of weighted pupil units for each
227	district by [\$2,182] <u>\$2,258</u> , except as otherwise provided in this chapter.
228	(2) "Certified revenue levy" means a property tax levy that provides an amount of ad
229	valorem property tax revenue equal to the sum of:
230	(a) the amount of property tax revenue to be generated statewide in the previous year
231	from imposing a minimum basic tax rate, as specified in Subsection 53A-17a-135(1)(a); and
232	(b) the product of:
233	(i) new growth, as defined in Section 59-2-924 and rules of the State Tax Commission;
234	and
235	(ii) the minimum basic tax rate certified by the State Tax Commission for the previous
236	year.
237	(3) "Leeway program" or "leeway" means a state-supported voted leeway program or
238	board leeway program authorized under Section 53A-17a-133 or 53A-17a-134.
239	(4) "Pupil in average daily membership (ADM)" means a full-day equivalent pupil.
240	(5) (a) "State-supported minimum school program" or "minimum school program"
241	means public school programs for kindergarten, elementary, and secondary schools as
242	described in this Subsection (5).
243	(b) The minimum school program established in the districts shall include the
244	equivalent of a school term of nine months as determined by the State Board of Education.

245	(c) (i) The board shall establish the number of days or equivalent instructional hours
246	that school is held for an academic school year.
247	(ii) Education, enhanced by utilization of technologically enriched delivery systems,
248	when approved by local school boards, shall receive full support by the State Board of
249	Education as it pertains to fulfilling the attendance requirements, excluding time spent viewing
250	commercial advertising.
251	(d) The program includes the total of the following annual costs:
252	(i) the cost of a basic state-supported school program; and
253	(ii) other amounts appropriated in this chapter in addition to the basic program.
254	(6) "Weighted pupil unit or units or WPU or WPUs" means the unit of measure of
255	factors that is computed in accordance with this chapter for the purpose of determining the
256	costs of a program on a uniform basis for each district.
257	Section 4. Section 53A-17a-104 is amended to read:
258	53A-17a-104. Amount of state's contribution toward minimum school program.
259	(1) The total contribution of the state toward the cost of the minimum school program
260	may not exceed the sum of [\$1,698,739,911] <u>\$1,783,631,186</u> for the fiscal year beginning July
261	1, [2004] 2005, except as otherwise provided by the Legislature through supplemental
262	appropriations.
263	(2) [As an ongoing appropriation subject to future budget constraints, there] There is
264	appropriated [from the Uniform School Fund] from state and local funds for fiscal year
265	[2004-05] 2005-06 to the State Board of Education for distribution to school districts and
266	charter schools, in accordance with this chapter, monies for the following purposes and in the
267	following amounts:
268	(a) basic program - kindergarten, [\$49,053,542 (22,481 WPUs)] <u>\$51,412,402 (22,769</u>
269	<u>WPUs);</u>
270	(b) basic program - grades 1-12, [\$956,377,146 (438,303 WPUs)] <u>\$1,004,956,770</u>
271	<u>(445,065 WPUs);</u>
272	(c) basic program - professional staff, [\$93,420,148 (42,814 WPUs)] <u>\$98,317,836</u>
273	<u>(43,542 WPUs);</u>
274	(d) basic program - administrative costs, [\$3,626,484] <u>\$3,752,796</u> (1,662 WPUs);
275	(e) basic program - necessarily existent small schools and units for consolidated

276	schools, [\$16,729,394 (7,667 WPUs)] <u>\$17,607,884 (7,798 WPUs);</u>
277	(f) special education - regular program - add-on WPUs for students with disabilities,
278	[\$117,590,162 (53,891 WPUs)] <u>\$124,469,992 (55,124 WPUs);</u>
279	(g) preschool special education program, [\$14,540,848 (6,664 WPUs)] <u>\$16,375,016</u>
280	<u>(7,252 WPUs);</u>
281	(h) self-contained regular WPUs, [\$27,447,378 (12,579 WPUs)] <u>\$29,024,332 (12,854</u>
282	<u>WPUs);</u>
283	(i) extended year program for severely disabled, [\$765,882 (351 WPUs)] <u>\$806,106</u>
284	<u>(357 WPUs);</u>
285	(j) special education programs in state institutions and district impact aid, [\$3,006,796
286	(1,378 WPUs)] <u>\$3,165,716 (1,402 WPUs)</u> ;
287	(k) applied technology and technical education district programs, [\$51,709,036 (23,698
288	WPUs)] <u>\$54,417,800 (24,100 WPUs)</u> , including [\$943,426] <u>\$976,446</u> for summer applied
289	technology agriculture programs;
290	(l) applied technology district set-aside, [\$2,203,820 (1,010 WPUs)] <u>\$2,325,740 (1,030</u>
291	<u>WPUs);</u>
292	(m) class size reduction, [\$65,902,946 (30,203 WPUs)] <u>\$69,487,692 (30,774 WPUs)</u> ;
293	(n) Social Security and retirement programs, [\$261,482,231] <u>\$275,460,289</u> ;
294	(o) pupil transportation to and from school, [\$57,061,128] <u>\$59,058,267</u> , of which not
295	less than $[\$1,981,195]$ $\$2,050,537$ shall be allocated to the Utah Schools for the Deaf and Blind
296	to pay for transportation costs of the schools' students;
297	(p) guarantee transportation levy, \$500,000;
298	(q) Local Discretionary Block Grant Program, \$21,824,448;
299	(r) Interventions for Student Success Block Grant Program, [\$14,908,708]
300	<u>\$15,844,513;</u>
301	(s) Quality Teaching Block Grant Program, [\$57,426,623] <u>\$59,436,554;</u>
302	(t) highly impacted schools, \$5,123,207;
303	(u) at-risk programs, [\$24,778,484] <u>\$26,542,031;</u>
304	(v) adult education, [\$5,826,865] <u>\$6,030,807;</u>
305	(w) accelerated learning programs, [\$8,695,104] <u>\$8,999,433</u> ;
306	(x) electronic high school, [\$700,000] <u>\$1,000,000</u> ;

307	[(y) School LAND Trust Program, \$8,820,000;]
308	[(z)] (y) state-supported voted leeway, [\$159,084,242] <u>\$176,049,358;</u>
309	[(aa)] <u>(z)</u> state-supported board leeway, [\$45,357,016] <u>\$48,412,249</u> ; [and]
310	[(bb)] (aa) charter schools, pursuant to Section 53A-1a-513, [\$5,002,450.]
311	<u>\$12,611,950; and</u>
312	(bb) K-3 Reading Improvement Program, \$12,500,000.
313	(3) There is appropriated from the Interest and Dividends Account \$9,920,000 to the
314	State Board of Education for the School LAND Trust Program for the fiscal year beginning
315	<u>July 1, 2005.</u>
316	Section 5. Section 53A-17a-135 is amended to read:
317	53A-17a-135. Minimum basic tax rate Certified revenue levy.
318	(1) (a) In order to qualify for receipt of the state contribution toward the basic program
319	and as its contribution toward its costs of the basic program, each school district shall impose a
320	minimum basic tax rate per dollar of taxable value that generates [\$217,590,703] \$225,872,138
321	in revenues statewide.
322	(b) The preliminary estimate for the $[2004-05]$ $2005-06$ minimum basic tax rate is
323	[.001754] <u>.001702</u> .
324	(c) The State Tax Commission shall certify on or before June 22 the rate that generates
325	[\$217,590,703] <u>\$225,872,138</u> in revenues statewide.
326	(d) If the minimum basic tax rate exceeds the certified revenue levy as defined in
327	Section 53A-17a-103, the state is subject to the notice requirements of Section 59-2-926.
328	(2) (a) The state shall contribute to each district toward the cost of the basic program in
329	the district that portion which exceeds the proceeds of the levy authorized under Subsection
330	(1).
331	(b) In accord with the state strategic plan for public education and to fulfill its
332	responsibility for the development and implementation of that plan, the Legislature instructs
333	the State Board of Education, the governor, and the Office of Legislative Fiscal Analyst in each
334	of the coming five years to develop budgets that will fully fund student enrollment growth.
335	(3) (a) If the proceeds of the levy authorized under Subsection (1) equal or exceed the
336	cost of the basic program in a school district, no state contribution shall be made to the basic
337	program.

338	(b) The proceeds of the levy authorized under Subsection (1) which exceed the cost of
339	the basic program shall be paid into the Uniform School Fund as provided by law.
340	Section 6. Section 53A-17a-148 is amended to read:
341	53A-17a-148. Use of nonlapsing balances.
342	(1) For the fiscal year beginning on July 1, [2004] 2005, the State Board of Education
343	may use up to \$300,000 of nonlapsing balances for the following:
344	(a) to stabilize the value of the weighted pupil unit;
345	(b) to maintain program levels in school districts that may experience unanticipated
346	and unforeseen losses of students;
347	(c) to equalize programs in school districts where a strict application of the law
348	provides inequity;
349	(d) to pay the added cost when students attend school out of state; and
350	(e) other uses approved by the board.
351	[(2) For the fiscal year beginning on July 1, 2004, the State Board of Education may
352	use up to \$1,000,000 of uncommitted nonlapsing balances for adult high school completion
353	and adult basic skill programs.]
354	[(3)] (2) For the fiscal year beginning on July 1, [2004] 2005, the State Board of
355	Education shall use Minimum School Program nonlapsing balances to supplement the
356	appropriation to charter schools for the replacement of local property tax revenues, up to the
357	amount allowed under their formula detailed in Subsection 53A-1a-513(4).
358	(3) The State Board of Education may use Minimum School Program nonlapsing
359	balances dedicated to the Public Education Job Enhancement Program to support program
360	administration as follows:
361	(a) \$26,000 is authorized in fiscal year 2004-05; and
362	(b) \$60,000 is authorized in fiscal year 2005-06.
363	Section 7. Section 53A-21-105 is amended to read:
364	53A-21-105. State contribution to capital outlay programs.
365	(1) As an ongoing appropriation subject to future budget constraints, there is
366	appropriated from the Uniform School Fund for fiscal year [2004-05] 2005-06, \$27,288,900 to
367	the State Board of Education for the capital outlay programs created in Section 53A-21-102.
368	(2) Of the monies appropriated in Subsection (1), the State Board of Education shall

369 distribute:

- 370 (a) \$24,358,000 in accordance with the Capital Outlay Foundation Program described
- 371 in Section 53A-21-103; and
- 372 (b) \$2,930,900 in accordance with the Enrollment Growth Program described in
- 373 Section 53A-21-103.5.
- 374 Section 8. Effective date.
- 375 This bill takes effect on July 1, 2005, except that Section 53A-17a-148 takes effect on
- 376 <u>May 2, 2005.</u>

Legislative Review Note as of 2-11-05 9:53 AM

Based on a limited legal review, this legislation has not been determined to have a high probability of being held unconstitutional.

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel