Representative James A. Ferrin proposes the following substitute bill:

1	TUITION TAX CREDITS	
2	2005 GENERAL SESSION	
3	STATE OF UTAH	
4	Sponsor: James A. Ferrin	
5		
6	LONG TITLE	
7	General Description:	
8	This bill modifies the Individual Income Tax Act to provide a tax credit for tuition	
9	expenses for private school education.	
10	Highlighted Provisions:	
11	This bill:	
12	 provides a refundable tax credit against individual income tax for tuition expenses 	
13	for private school education received by a qualifying student during the taxable	
14	year;	
15	provides legislative findings;	
16	 establishes maximum tax credit amounts based upon a taxpayer's federal adjusted 	
17	gross income and household size;	
18	defines a qualifying student as an individual who:	
19	 is enrolled at a private school as a full-time student; 	
20	 is not participating in a dual enrollment program; and 	
21	• will be under age 19 on the last day of the school year, or, if the individual is	
22	disabled and has not graduated from high school, will be under age 22 on the	
23	last day of the school year;	
24	defines a private school as an elementary or secondary school that:	
25	 has a physical location in Utah where, for at least 90% of the days within the 	



26	school year, the students attend classes and have direct contact with the school's teachers;		
27	 does not operate in a residence; 		
28	 enrolls at least 25 students; 		
29	 annually assesses the achievement of each qualifying student; and 		
30	 provides information to parents on teachers' credentials and school 		
31	accreditation; and		
32	 requires the parent of a school-age minor who transfers from a public school to a 		
33	private school to notify the school district or charter school of the transfer.		
34	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:		
35	This bill appropriates:		
36	▶ \$1,500,000 from the General Fund for fiscal year 2005-06 only, to the State Board		
37	of Education.		
38	Other Special Clauses:		
39	This bill provides for retrospective operation.		
40	Utah Code Sections Affected:		
41	ENACTS:		
42	53A-11-102.3 , Utah Code Annotated 1953		
43	53A-17a-152 , Utah Code Annotated 1953		
44	59-10-136 , Utah Code Annotated 1953		
45 46	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:		
4 0	Section 1. Section 53A-11-102.3 is enacted to read:		
48			
49	53A-11-102.3. Transfers to private school. The perent of a school age miner who transfers from a public school to a private school.		
	The parent of a school-age minor who transfers from a public school to a private school		
50	as defined in Section 59-10-136 shall notify the school district or charter school where the		
51	minor was enrolled of the transfer: (1) before the stational description of the selection		
52	(1) before the starting date of the school district's or charter school's school year, if the		
53	transfer will occur at the beginning of a school year; or		
54	(2) before the date the minor transfers to the private school, if the transfer occurs		
55	within a school year.		
56	Section 2. Section 53A-17a-152 is enacted to read:		

57	53A-17a-152. Appropriation for school districts affected by tuition tax credits.
58	(1) There is appropriated \$1,500,000 from the General Fund, for fiscal year 2005-06
59	only, to the State Board of Education to be distributed to school districts that demonstrate
50	measurable financial harm that can be attributed to the enactment of the tuition tax credit under
51	Section 59-10-136.
52	(2) The appropriation under Subsection (1) shall be nonlapsing.
53	(3) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
54	board shall make rules establishing criteria and procedures for the distribution of funds
55	appropriated under Subsection (1).
56	Section 3. Section 59-10-136 is enacted to read:
57	59-10-136. Refundable tuition tax credit.
58	(1) As used in this section:
59	(a) "Applicable household size" means the household size of the qualifying student.
70	(b) "Disabled" means having a disability and qualifying for special education services
71	pursuant to the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1400 et. seq.
72	(c) "Income eligibility guideline" means the maximum annual income allowed to
73	qualify for reduced price meals for the applicable household size as published by the U.S.
74	Department of Agriculture by notice in the Federal Register and as established pursuant to
75	Subsection (3).
76	(d) (i) "Private school" means an elementary or secondary school that:
77	(A) is not owned and controlled by a governmental entity:
78	(B) provides instruction for one or more grades kindergarten through 12;
79	(C) is generally supported, in part at least, by tuition charges;
30	(D) is established to operate indefinitely and independently, not dependent upon the
31	age of students available or upon individual family situations;
32	(E) has a physical location in Utah where, for at least 90% of the days within the
33	school year, the students attend classes and have direct contact with the school's teachers;
34	(F) is on file with the Division of Corporations and Commercial Code pursuant to
35	<u>Section 42-2-5;</u>
36	(G) is in compliance with local governmental business licensing requirements;
27	(H) (I) annually assesses the achievement of each student by administering a

88	standardized achievement test scored by an independent party that provides a comparison of	
89	the student's performance to other students on a national basis;	
90	(II) reports the test results to the student's parents; and	
91	(III) upon request, makes test results available to other persons, in a manner that does	
92	not reveal the identify of any student;	
93	(I) provides to parents the relevant credentials of teachers who will be teaching their	
94	children; and	
95	(J) provides, upon request to any person, a statement indicating which, if any,	
96	organizations have accredited the private school.	
97	(ii) "Private school" does not include a school that:	
98	(A) operates in a residence; or	
99	(B) has an enrollment of less than 25 students.	
100	(e) "Qualifying student" means an individual:	
101	(i) who is enrolled at a private school as a full-time student as determined by the	
102	private school and is not participating in a dual enrollment program pursuant to Section	
103	53A-11-102.5; and	
104	(ii) who will be under 19 years of age on the last day of the school year as determined	
105	by the private school, or, if the individual is disabled and has not graduated from high school	
106	with a regular diploma, will be under 22 years of age on the last day of the school year as	
107	determined by the private school.	
108	(2) The Legislature finds:	
109	(a) parents are best equipped to make decisions for their children, including the	
110	educational setting that will best serve the interests and educational needs of their children;	
111	(b) children, parents, and families are the primary beneficiaries of the tuition tax credit	
112	authorized in this section and any benefit to private schools, sectarian or otherwise, is purely	
113	incidental; and	
114	(c) the tuition tax credit authorized in this section is:	
115	(i) enacted for the valid secular purpose of tailoring a student's education to that	
116	student's specific needs:	
117	(ii) neutral with respect to religion; and	
118	(iii) provides tax relief to a broad class of citizens who are then able to direct their	

119	resources to religious and secular schools solely as a result of their genuine and independent		
120	private choices.		
121	(3) The reduced price meals income guidelines in effect on July 1 of the taxable year		
122	for which a taxpayer applies for a tax credit under this section shall be used to establish the		
123	income eligibility guideline.		
124	(4) (a) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2005, a taxpayer may claim,		
125	as provided in this section, a refundable tax credit against the taxes imposed by this chapter for		
126	tuition expenses for private school education rece	ived by a qualifying student during the	
127	taxable year.		
128	(b) For the purposes of this section, tuition	n expenses shall be considered to be incurred	
129	when the qualifying student receives the private school education.		
130	(c) A taxpayer may claim a refundable tax credit under Subsection (4)(a) for tuition		
131	expenses incurred for private school education received by one or more qualifying students		
132	during the taxable year.		
133	(d) The refundable tax credit for each qualifying student's tuition expenses may not		
134	exceed the total tuition expenses for the private school education received by the qualifying		
135	student during the taxable year, up to the maximum amount shown in the following table,		
136	except as provided in Subsections (4)(e) and (4)(f):		
137			
138	If the taxpayer's adjusted gross income	The maximum refundable tax for each	
139	on the taxpayer's federal individual credit	qualifying student's tuition expenses is:	
140	income tax return for the taxable year is:		
141	<u></u>		
142	Less than or equal to 100% of the		
143	income eligibility guideline	<u>\$3750</u>	
144	Greater than 100% but less than or equal to		
145	125% of the income eligibility guideline	<u>\$3500</u>	
146	Greater than 125% but less than or equal to		
147	150% of the income eligibility guideline	<u>\$3250</u>	
148	Greater than 150% but less than or equal to		
149	175% of the income eligibility guideline	\$300 <u>0</u>	

150	Greater than 175% but less than or equal to
151	200% of the income eligibility guideline \$2750
152	Greater than 200% but less than or equal to
153	225% of the income eligibility guideline \$2500
154	Greater than 225% but less than or equal to
155	250% of the income eligibility guideline \$1750
156	Greater than 250% but less than or equal to
157	275% of the income eligibility guideline \$1000
158	Greater than 275% but less than or equal to
159	300% of the income eligibility guideline \$500
160	
161	(e) The maximum refundable tax credit amounts shown in the table in Subsection
162	(4)(d) apply to tuition expenses for all grades except kindergarten. The maximum refundable
163	tax credit for tuition expenses for kindergarten shall be .55 times the amounts shown in the
164	table in Subsection (4)(d).
165	(f) The maximum refundable tax credits amounts shown in the table in Subsection
166	(4)(d) apply to tuition expenses of qualifying students who are enrolled in a private school for
167	140 school days or more within the taxable year. For tuition expenses of qualifying students
168	who are enrolled in a private school for fewer than 140 school days within the taxable year, the
169	maximum refundable tax credit amounts are 50% of the amounts shown in the table in
170	Subsection (4)(d), except the maximum refundable tax credit for a kindergarten student is 50%
171	of the amount provided in Subsection (4)(e).
172	(5) The tax credit provided for in this section may not be carried forward or carried
173	<u>back.</u>
174	(6) (a) Only one taxpayer may claim a refundable tax credit for each qualifying student
175	each taxable year.
176	(b) The taxpayer who claims a personal exemption for the qualifying student shall have
177	the right to claim the refundable tax credit, unless that taxpayer authorizes another person to
178	claim the refundable tax credit.
179	(c) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
180	commission shall make rules to administer Subsections (6)(a) and (6)(b).

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181		Section 4. Retrospective operation.
182		This bill has retrospective operation for taxable years beginning on or after January 1,
183	<u>2005.</u>	