	LICENSURE OF WHOLESALE DISTRIBUTORS
	OF PRESCRIPTION DRUGS
3	2005 GENERAL SESSION
4	STATE OF UTAH
5	Sponsor: Bradley G. Last
5 7	LONG TITLE
' 3	General Description:
9	This bill amends the Pharmacy Practice Act to increase the regulation of pharmaceutical
)	wholesalers and distributors.
1	Highlighted Provisions:
2	This bill:
3	 defines terms;
4	 establishes licensing requirements;
5	 establishes restriction on pharmaceutical transactions;
6	 requires the use of drug pedigrees;
7	 establishes enforcement mechanisms;
8	 describes prohibited acts; and
9	 imposes penalties.
0	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
1	None
2	Other Special Clauses:
3	This bill takes effect on July 1, 2005.
4	Utah Code Sections Affected:
5	AMENDS:
6	58-17b-503, as enacted by Chapter 280, Laws of Utah 2004
7	58-17b-505, as enacted by Chapter 280, Laws of Utah 2004

28	ENACTS:
29	58-17b-801 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
30	58-17b-802 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
31	58-17b-803 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
32	58-17b-804 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
33	58-17b-805 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
34	58-17b-806 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
35	58-17b-807 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
36	58-17b-808, Utah Code Annotated 1953
37	REPEALS:
38	58-17b-617, as enacted by Chapter 280, Laws of Utah 2004
39	
40	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
41	Section 1. Section 58-17b-503 is amended to read:
42	58-17b-503. Exception to unprofessional conduct.
43	(1) For purposes of this section:
44	(a) "ICFMR" means an intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded licensed as a
45	nursing care facility or a small health care facility under Title 26, Chapter 21, Health Care
46	Facility Licensing and Inspection Act.
47	(b) "Nursing care facility" has the same definition as in Section 26-21-2.
48	(c) "Unit pack" means a single dose-single drug package which identification indicates
49	the lot number and expiration date for the drug.
50	(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of Subsection 58-17b-502(5) and Part 8,
51	Pharmaceutical Wholesaler and Distributor Regulation Act, a pharmacist may accept back and
52	redistribute any unused drug, or a part of it, after it has left the premises of the pharmacy if:
53	(a) the drug was prescribed to a patient in a nursing care facility, an ICFMR, or state
54	prison facility, county jail, or state hospital;
55	(b) the drug was stored under the supervision of a licensed health care provider
56	according to manufacturer recommendations;
57	(c) the drug is in a unit pack or in the manufacturer's sealed container;
58	(d) the drug was returned to the original dispensing pharmacy;

59	(e) the drug was initially dispensed by a licensed pharmacist or licensed pharmacy
60	intern; and
61	(f) accepting back and redistribution of the drug complies with Federal Food and Drug
62	Administration and Drug Enforcement Administration regulations.
63	Section 2. Section 58-17b-505 is amended to read:
64	58-17b-505. Educational and enforcement fund.
65	(1) The director may use the money collected pursuant to [Section] Sections
66	58-17b-504 and 58-17b-808 for the following purposes:
67	(a) education and training of licensees under this chapter;
68	(b) enforcement of this chapter by:
69	(i) investigating unprofessional or unlawful conduct;
70	(ii) providing legal representation to the division when legal action is taken against a
71	person engaging in unprofessional or unlawful conduct;
72	(iii) monitoring compliance of renewal requirement; and
73	(iv) education and training of division staff and board members.
74	(2) All funding for the purposes listed in Subsection (1) is nonlapsing.
75	(3) Any penalty which is not paid may be collected by the director by either referring
76	the matter to a collection agency or bringing an action in the district court of the county in
77	which the person against whom the penalty is imposed resides or in the county where the office
78	of the director is located.
79	(4) Any county attorney or the attorney general of the state is to provide legal
80	assistance and advice to the director in any action to collect the penalty. In any action brought
81	to enforce the provisions of this section, reasonable attorney's fees and costs shall be awarded
82	in which the person against whom the penalty is imposed resides or in the county where the
83	office of the director is located.
84	Section 3. Section 58-17b-801 is enacted to read:
85	Part 8. Pharmaceutical Wholesaler and Distributor Regulation Act
86	<u>58-17b-801.</u> Title.
87	This part is known as the "Pharmaceutical Wholesaler and Distributor Regulation Act."
88	Section 4. Section 58-17b-802 is enacted to read:
89	<u>58-17b-802.</u> Definitions.

90	In addition to the definitions in Section 58-17b-102, for purposes of this part:
91	(1) "Authentication" means to affirmatively verify before any distribution of a
92	prescription drug occurs that each transaction listed on the pedigree has occurred.
93	(2) "Facility" means a facility of a wholesale distributor where prescription drugs are
94	stored, handled, repackaged, or offered for sale.
95	(3) "Immediate family" includes a person's spouse, children, parents, siblings, the
96	spouses of a person's children, and the spouses of a person's siblings.
97	(4) "Normal distribution channel" means a chain of custody for a prescription drug that
98	goes from a manufacturer, to a pharmaceutical wholesaler and distributor, to a pharmacy, to a
99	patient.
100	(5) "Pedigree" means a document or electronic file containing information that records
101	each distribution of any given prescription drug, from sale by a pharmaceutical manufacturer,
102	through acquisition and sale by any pharmaceutical wholesaler and distributor or repackager,
103	until final sale to a pharmacy, or other person dispensing or administering the prescription
104	<u>drug.</u>
105	(6) "Repackage" includes repackaging or otherwise changing the container, wrapper, or
106	labeling to further the distribution of a prescription drug.
107	Section 5. Section 58-17b-803 is enacted to read:
108	58-17b-803. Pharmaceutical wholesaler and distributor licensing requirement.
109	(1) Every pharmaceutical wholesaler and distributor who engages in the wholesale
110	distribution of prescription drugs into this state must be licensed by the state in which it
111	resides, before engaging in wholesale distributions of wholesale prescription drugs into this
112	state.
113	(2) The division shall require the following minimum information from each
114	pharmaceutical wholesaler or distributer applying to get a license under Subsection (1) and as
115	part of any renewal of any license:
116	(a) the name, full business address, and telephone number of the licensee;
117	(b) all trade or business names used by the licensee;
118	(c) addresses, telephone numbers, and the names of contact persons for all facilities
119	used by the licensee for the storage, handling, and distribution of prescription drugs;
120	(d) the type of ownership or operation;

121	(e) the name of the owner and operator of the licensee, including:
122	(i) if a person, the name of the person;
123	(ii) if a partnership, the name of each partner, and the name of the partnership;
124	(iii) if a corporation, the name and title of each corporate officer and director, the
125	corporate names, and the name of the state of incorporation; and
126	(iv) if a sole proprietor, the full name of the sole proprietor and the name of the
127	business entity;
128	(f) a list of all licenses and permits issued to the licensee by any other state that
129	authorizes the licensee to purchase or possess prescription drugs;
130	(g) the name of the manager of the facility that is applying for the initial license, or to
131	renew the license, the next four highest ranking employees responsible for prescription drug
132	wholesale operations for the facility, and the name of all affiliated parties for the facility,
133	together with the personal information statement and fingerprints required pursuant to
134	Subsection (2)(i) for each such persons:
135	(h) the name of the licensee's designated representative for the facility in accordance
136	with Subsection (4), together with the personal information statement and fingerprints, required
137	pursuant to Subsection (2)(i) for the designated representative; and
138	(i) each person required by Subsections (2)(g) and (h) to provide a personal
139	information statement and fingerprints shall provide the following information to the division:
140	(i) the person's places of residence for the past seven years;
141	(ii) the person's date and place of birth;
142	(iii) the person's occupations, positions of employment, and offices held during the past
143	seven years;
144	(iv) the principal business and address of any business, corporation, or other
145	organization in which the person held a position or was employed under Subsection (2)(h)(iii);
146	(v) whether the person has been, during the past seven years, the subject of any
147	proceeding for the revocation of any license and, if so, the nature of the proceeding and the
148	disposition of the proceeding;
149	(vi) whether, during the past seven years, the person has been enjoined, either
150	temporarily or permanently, by a court of competent jurisdiction from violating any federal or
151	state law regulating the possession, control, or distribution of prescription drugs, together with

152	details concerning any such event;
153	(vii) (A) a description of any involvement or investments by the person during the past
154	seven years with any business:
155	(I) that manufactured, administered, prescribed, distributed, or stored pharmaceutical
156	products; or
157	(II) that was named as a party in a lawsuit during the past seven years; and
158	(B) Subsection (2)(i)(vii)(A) does not include any ownership of stock in a publicly
159	traded company or mutual fund;
160	(viii) (A) a description of any felony criminal offense of which the person, as an adult,
161	was found guilty, regardless of whether adjudication or guilt was withheld or whether the
162	person pled guilty or nolo contendere; and
163	(B) if the person indicates that a criminal conviction is under appeal and submits a
164	copy of the notice of appeal of that criminal offense, the applicant must, within 15 days after
165	the disposition of the appeal, submit to the division a copy of the final written order of
166	disposition; and
167	(ix) a photograph of the person taken in the previous 30 days.
168	(3) The information required pursuant to Subsection (2) shall be provided under oath.
169	(4) The division shall not issue or renew a pharmaceutical wholesaler and distributor
170	license of a licensee, unless the division determines that the designated representative required
171	under Subsection (2)(h) meets the following qualifications:
172	(a) is at least 21 years of age;
173	(b) has been employed full time for at least three years in a pharmacy or with a
174	pharmaceutical wholesaler and distributor in a capacity related to the dispensing and
175	distribution of, and recordkeeping relating to, prescription drugs;
176	(c) has received a score of 75% or more on an examination given by the division
177	regarding federal and state laws governing wholesale distribution of prescription drugs, which
178	test shall be retaken each time the licensee lists the person as the designated representative in
179	an application for license or renewal of a license;
180	(d) is employed by the licensee full time in a managerial level position;
181	(e) is actively involved in and aware of the actual daily operation of the pharmaceutical
182	wholesaler and distributor;

183	(f) is physically present at the facility of the licensee during regular business hours,
184	except when the absence of the designated representative is authorized, including sick leave
185	and vacation leave;
186	(g) is serving in the capacity of a designated representative for only one licensee at a
187	time;
188	(h) does not have any convictions under any federal, state, or local laws relating to
189	wholesale or retail prescription drug distribution of controlled substances; and
190	(i) does not have any felony convictions under federal, state, or local laws.
191	(5) The division shall submit the fingerprints provided by a person with an initial or a
192	renewal license application for a statewide and national criminal background check.
193	(6) (a) The division shall:
194	(i) require every pharmaceutical wholesaler and distributor applying for a new license
195	or the renewal of a license to submit a bond to the division in an amount established by the
196	division by administrative rule; or
197	(ii) other equivalent means of security acceptable to the division including an
198	irrevocable letter of credit or a deposit in a trust account or financial institution, payable to a
199	fund established by the division pursuant to Subsection (7).
200	(b) (i) The purpose of the bond required by this Subsection (6) is to secure payment of:
201	(A) any fines or penalties lawfully imposed by the division against a licensee for
202	violating this part;
203	(B) any fees and costs incurred by the division enforcing this part; and
204	(C) any costs incurred by the state as a result of the licensee's violation of this part.
205	(ii) The bond may be used by the state if the licensee fails to pay any fines, penalties, or
206	costs imposed under Subsection (6)(b)(i) within 30 days after the imposition of the fine is final.
207	(c) The state may make a claim against such bond or security until one year after the
208	licensee's license ceases to be valid.
209	(7) The division shall establish a fund, separate from its other accounts, in which to
210	deposit the pharmaceutical wholesaler and distributor bonds.
211	(8) If a pharmaceutical wholesaler and distributor distributes prescription drugs from
212	more than one facility, the pharmaceutical wholesaler and distributor shall obtain a license for
213	each facility.

214	(9) Changes in any information in Subsection (2) shall be submitted to the division as
215	required by the division by administrative rule adopted in accordance with Title 63, Chapter
216	46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
217	Section 6. Section 58-17b-804 is enacted to read:
218	58-17b-804. Minimum restrictions on transactions.
219	(1) In any calendar month, a pharmaceutical wholesaler and distributor shall sell,
220	distribute, or otherwise transfer at least 95% of its total amount of prescription drugs to a
221	pharmacy or other person dispensing or administering the drug.
222	(2) (a) A pharmaceutical wholesaler and distributor shall not purchase or otherwise
223	receive a prescription drug from a pharmacy, except that a pharmaceutical wholesaler and
224	distributor may receive a prescription drug from a pharmacy if the prescription drug was
225	originally purchased by the pharmacy from the pharmaceutical wholesaler and distributor.
226	(b) A pharmaceutical wholesaler and distributor who meets the exception in
227	Subsection (2)(a) shall not:
228	(i) receive from a pharmacy an amount or quantity of a prescription drug larger than the
229	amount or quantity that was originally sold by the pharmaceutical wholesaler and distributor to
230	the pharmacy; or
231	(ii) pay the pharmacy an amount, either in cash or credit, more than the pharmacy
232	originally paid the pharmaceutical wholesaler and distributor for the prescription drug.
233	(3) A manufacturer or pharmaceutical wholesaler and distributor shall furnish
234	prescription drugs only to a person licensed by the appropriate state licensing authorities.
235	Before furnishing prescription drugs to a person not known to the manufacturer or
236	pharmaceutical wholesaler and distributor, the manufacturer or pharmaceutical wholesaler and
237	distributor shall affirmatively verify that the person is legally authorized to receive the
238	prescription drugs by contacting the appropriate state licensing authorities.
239	(4) (a) Prescription drugs furnished by a manufacturer or pharmaceutical wholesaler
240	and distributor shall be delivered only to the premises listed on the license, provided that the
241	manufacturer or pharmaceutical wholesaler and distributor may furnish prescription drugs to an
242	authorized person or agent of that person at the premises of the manufacturer or pharmaceutical
243	wholesaler and distributor if:
244	(i) the identity and authorization of the recipient is properly established; and

244 (i) the identity and authorization of the recipient is properly established; and

245	(ii) this method of receipt is employed only to meet the immediate needs of a particular
246	patient of the authorized person.
247	(b) Prescription drugs may be furnished to a hospital pharmacy receiving area provided
248	that a pharmacist or authorized receiving personnel signs, at the time of delivery, a receipt
249	showing the type and quantity of the prescription drug received. Any discrepancy between the
250	receipt and the type and quantity of the prescription drug actually received shall be reported to
251	the delivering manufacturer or pharmaceutical wholesaler and distributor by the next business
252	day after the delivery to the pharmacy receiving area.
253	(5) A manufacturer or pharmaceutical wholesaler and distributor shall not accept
254	payment for, or allow the use of, a person or entity's credit to establish an account for the
255	purchase of prescription drugs from any person other than the owner of record, the chief
256	executive officer, or the chief financial officer listed on the license of a person or entity legally
257	authorized to receive prescription drugs. Any account established for the purchase of
258	prescription drugs must bear the name of the licensee.
259	Section 7. Section 58-17b-805 is enacted to read:
260	<u>58-17b-805.</u> Pedigree.
261	(1) (a) Each person who is engaged in the wholesale distribution of a prescription drug,
262	including repackagers, but excluding the original manufacturer of the finished form of the
263	prescription drug, shall provide a pedigree or electronic file identifying each sale, trade, or
264	transfer of a prescription drug when a prescription drug leaves the normal distribution channel
265	and is sold, traded, or transferred to any other person.
266	(b) If a pharmacy sells a drug to any person that is not the final consumer, the
267	pharmacy shall provide to the person acquiring the prescription drug a pedigree identifying
268	each sale, trade, or transfer of the prescription drug.
269	(c) Sale, trade, or transfer of a prescription drug between licensees with a common
270	ownership, or to meet emergency needs are not subject to this Subsection (1).
271	(2) Each person who is engaged in the wholesale distribution of a prescription drug,
272	including repackagers, but excluding the original manufacturer of the finished form of the
273	prescription drug, who is in possession of a pedigree for a prescription drug and attempts to
274	further distribute that prescription drug, shall affirmatively verify before any distribution of a
275	prescription drug occurs that each transaction listed on the pedigree has occurred.

276	(3) (a) The pedigree required by this section shall include all necessary identifying
277	information concerning each sale in the chain of distribution of the product from the
278	manufacturer, through acquisition and sale by any pharmaceutical wholesaler and distributor,
279	or repackager, until final sale to a pharmacy or other person dispensing or administering the
280	drug.
281	(b) At minimum, the necessary chain of distribution information required by
282	Subsection (3)(a) shall include the:
283	(i) name, address, telephone number, and if available, the email address, of each owner
284	of the prescription drug, and each pharmaceutical wholesaler and distributor who does not take
285	title to the prescription drug;
286	(ii) signature of each owner of the prescription drug and each pharmaceutical
287	wholesaler and distributor who does not take title to the prescription drug;
288	(iii) name and address of each location from which the product was shipped, if
289	different from the owner's:
290	(iv) transaction dates; and
291	(v) certification that each recipient has authenticated the pedigree.
292	(c) The pedigree shall also include the:
293	(i) name of the prescription drug;
294	(ii) dosage form and strength of the prescription drug:
295	(iii) size of the container;
296	(iv) number of containers;
297	(v) lot number of the prescription drug; and
298	(vi) name of the manufacturer of the finished dosage form.
299	(4) Each pedigree statement required by this section shall be:
300	(a) maintained by the purchaser and the pharmaceutical wholesaler and distributor for
301	three years; and
302	(b) available for inspection or removal upon a request of an authorized officer of the
303	law.
304	(5) The division shall adopt administrative rules and a form in accordance with Title
305	63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, relating to the requirements of this part
306	no later than 90 days after the effective date of this part.

307	Section 8. Section 58-17b-806 is enacted to read:
308	58-17b-806. Enforcement Order to cease distribution of a drug.
309	(1) If the division finds that there is a reasonable probability that:
310	(a) a pharmaceutical wholesaler and distributor has:
311	(i) knowingly violated a provision of this part or a rule adopted in accordance with this
312	part; or
313	(ii) falsified a pedigree, or knowingly sold, distributed, transferred, manufactured,
314	repackaged, handled, or held a counterfeit prescription drug intended for human use;
315	(b) the prescription drug at issue in Subsection (1)(a) could cause serious, adverse
316	health consequences or death; and
317	(c) other procedures would result in unreasonable delay, the division shall issue an
318	order in accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46b, Administrative Procedures Act, requiring the
319	appropriate person, including manufacturers, pharmaceutical wholesalers and distributors, or
320	retailers of the drug, to immediately cease distribution of the drug.
321	(2) An order under Subsection (1) is subject to review in accordance with Title 63,
322	Chapter 46b, Administrative Procedures Act.
323	Section 9. Section 58-17b-807 is enacted to read:
324	<u>58-17b-807.</u> Prohibited acts.
325	It is unlawful for a person to perform, or cause the performance of, or aid and abet any
326	of the following acts in this state:
327	(1) failure to obtain a license in accordance with this part or operating without a valid
328	license when a license is required by this part;
329	(2) selling, distributing, transferring, or otherwise providing prescription drugs in
330	violation of the 5% rule established in Subsection 58-17b-804(1);
331	(3) purchasing or otherwise receiving a prescription drug from a pharmacy, unless the
332	requirements in Subsection 58-17b-804(2) are met;
333	(4) the sale, distribution, or transfer of a prescription drug to a person that is not
334	authorized under the law of the jurisdiction in which the person receives the prescription drug
335	to receive the prescription drug, in violation of Subsection 58-17b-804(3);
336	(5) failure to deliver prescription drugs to specified premises, as required by
337	<u>Subsection 58-17b-804(4);</u>

338	(6) accepting payment or credit for the sale of prescription drugs in violation of
339	Subsection 58-17b-804(5);
340	(7) failure to maintain or provide a drug pedigree as required by this part;
341	(8) failure to obtain, pass, or authenticate a pedigree, as required by this part;
342	(9) providing the state or any of its representatives or any federal official with false or
343	fraudulent records or making false or fraudulent statements regarding any matter within the
344	provisions of this part;
345	(10) obtaining or attempting to obtain a prescription drug by fraud, deceit,
346	misrepresentation or engaging in misrepresentation, or fraud in the distribution of a
347	prescription drug;
348	(11) the manufacture, repacking, sale, transfer, delivery, holding, or offering for sale
349	any prescription drug that is adulterated, misbranded, counterfeit, suspected of being
350	counterfeit, or has otherwise been rendered unfit for distribution;
351	(12) the adulteration, misbranding, or counterfeiting of any prescription drug;
352	(13) the receipt of any prescription drug that is adulterated, misbranded, stolen,
353	obtained by fraud or deceit, counterfeit, or suspected of being counterfeit, and the delivery or
354	proffered delivery of such drug for pay or otherwise; or
355	(14) the alteration, mutilation, destruction, obliteration, or removal of the whole or any
356	part of the labeling of a prescription drug or the commission of any other act with respect to a
357	prescription drug that results in the prescription drug being misbranded.
358	Section 10. Section 58-17b-808 is enacted to read:
359	<u>58-17b-808.</u> Penalties.
360	(1) Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 58-17b-504, a person is guilty of a
361	second degree felony and is subject to imprisonment under Section 76-3-203 and a fine of not
362	more than \$50,000 per violation if that person knowingly engages in the wholesale distribution
363	of a prescription drug in violation of this part or any rule or order adopted under this part.
364	(2) If a person is an organization, it shall, upon conviction of violating this part, be
365	subject to a fine of not more than \$500,000.
366	(3) Circumstantial evidence may be used to prove that a defendant possessed actual
367	knowledge, including evidence that the defendant took affirmative steps to be shielded from
368	receiving relevant information.

369	(4) Penalties and fines imposed under this part shall be deposited into the education
370	and enforcement fund created in Section 58-17b-505.
371	Section 11. Repealer.
372	This bill repeals:
373	Section 58-17b-617, Limitations on distribution of prescription drugs by
374	pharmaceutical manufacturers or wholesalers.
375	Section 12. Effective date.
376	This bill takes effect on July 1, 2005.

Legislative Review Note as of 2-14-05 4:05 PM

Based on a limited legal review, this legislation has not been determined to have a high probability of being held unconstitutional.

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel