1	MINIMUM WAGE PROVISIONS			
2	2005 GENERAL SESSION			
3	STATE OF UTAH			
4	Sponsor: Howard A. Stephenson			
5 6	LONG TITLE			
7	General Description:			
8	This bill modifies the Utah Minimum Wage Act to prohibit certain actions by a county,			
9	city, or town.			
10	Highlighted Provisions:			
11	This bill:			
12	Ŝ → [→ prohibits a county, city, or town when contracting from considering whether or not a			
13	person who pays that person's employees a wage that exceeds the federal minimum			
14	wage;] ←Ŝ			
15	▶ prohibits a county, city, or town when contracting \$→ for the direct purchase of goods			
15a	and services ←\$ from giving a preference to a			
16	person who pays that person's employees a wage that exceeds the federal minimum			
17	wage;			
18	 clarifies language related to federally funded projects; Ŝ→ [and] 			
18a	clarifies that the restrictions apply to any entity created by a city, town, or county;			
18b	<u>and</u> ←Ŝ			
19	makes technical changes.			
20	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:			
21	None			
22	Other Special Clauses:			
23	None			
24	Utah Code Sections Affected:			
25	AMENDS:			
26	34-40-106 , as enacted by Chapter 248, Laws of Utah 2001			
27				



28	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:		
29	Section 1. Section 34-40-106 is amended to read:		
30	34-40-106. Limitations on minimum wage imposed by cities, towns, or counties.		
31	(1) A city, town, or county may not establish, mandate, or require a minimum wage		
32	that exceeds the federal minimum wage as provided in 29 U.S.C. Sec. 201 et seq., Fair Labor		
33	Standards Act of 1938.		
34	(2) (a) A city, town, or county may not require that a person who contracts with the		
35	city, town, or county pay that person's employees a wage that exceeds the federal minimum		
36	wage as provided in 29 U.S.C. Sec. 201 et seq., Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938.		
37	(b) Subsection (2)(a) does not apply when federal law requires the payment of a		
38	[prevailing or minimum] specified wage to persons working on projects funded in whole or in		
39	part by federal funds.		
40	(c) Subsection (2)(a) applies to contracts executed on or after April 30, 2001.		
41	(3) (a) If a city, town, or county contracts with a person Ŝ→ for the direct purchase of		
41a	goods or services ←\$, in awarding or otherwise		
42	executing that contract, the city, town, or county may not \$→ [:		
43	(i) consider whether or not the person who contracts with the city, town, or county pays		
44	that person's employees a wage that exceeds the minimum wage as provided in 29 U.S.C. 201		
45	et seq., Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938; or		
46	$\frac{\text{(ii)}}{\text{(iii)}} \leftarrow \hat{S} \text{ give any preferential treatment to a person } \hat{S} \rightarrow \text{on the basis} \leftarrow \hat{S} \text{ that } \hat{S} \rightarrow \text{the}$		
46a	person ←Ŝ pays that person's employees a wage		
47	that exceeds the minimum wage as provided in 29 U.S.C. 201 et seq., Fair Labor Standards Act		
48	<u>of 1938.</u>		
49	(b) This Subsection (3) does not apply when federal law requires the consideration of		
50	whether a person pays the person's employees a specified wage to persons working on projects		
51	funded in whole or in part by federal funds.		
52	(c) This Subsection (3) applies to contracts executed on or after May 2, 2005.		
52a	$\hat{S} \rightarrow \underline{(4)(a)}$ The restrictions of this section on a city, town, or county apply to any entity created		
52b	by the city, town, or county.		
52c	(b) This Subsection (4) applies to contracts executed on or after May 2, 2005. ←Ŝ		

01-24-05 4:54 PM S.B. 139

Legislative Review Note as of 1-24-05 2:43 PM

Based on a limited legal review, this legislation has not been determined to have a high probability of being held unconstitutional.

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

Fiscal Note	Minimum Wage Provisions	28-Jan-05
Bill Number SB0139		9:51 AM

State Impact

Any costs can be absorbed within existing budget.

Individual and Business Impact

Any fiscal impact will be dependent on individual contracts.

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst