### Senator Ed Mayne proposes the following substitute bill:

<b>INCREASE STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS ON</b>
RAPE
2005 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Sponsor: Ed Mayne
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill amends the Criminal Code statute of limitations to allow prosecution for rape
and other listed sexual offenses within eight years after the offense is committed under
specified circumstances.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
<ul> <li>increases the statute of limitations for rape, object rape, forcible sodomy, forcible</li> </ul>
sexual abuse, and aggravated sexual assault from four years to eight years if the
offense is reported to law enforcement within four years after the offense is
committed.
Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
None
Utah Code Sections Affected:
AMENDS:
76-1-302, as last amended by Chapter 61, Laws of Utah 2003

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## 1st Sub. (Green) S.B. 177

26	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
27	Section 1. Section <b>76-1-302</b> is amended to read:
28	76-1-302. Time limitations for prosecution of offenses Provisions if DNA
29	evidence would identify the defendant Commencement of prosecution.
30	(1) Except as otherwise provided, a prosecution for:
31	(a) a felony or negligent homicide shall be commenced within four years after it is
32	committed[;], except that prosecution for the offenses under Subsection (2) shall be
33	<u>commenced</u> $\hat{H} \rightarrow [:]$
34	(i) (i) (ii) (ii) (iii) (ii
35	commission the offense is reported to a law enforcement agency $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [; \mathbf{or}]$
36	(ii) at a later date if DNA evidence allows prosecution to be commenced under
37	<u>Subsection (3)</u> ] ←Ĥ :
38	(b) a misdemeanor other than negligent homicide shall be commenced within two years
39	after it is committed; and
40	(c) any infraction shall be commenced within one year after it is committed.
41	(2) Offenses referred to in Subsection (1) are:
42	(a) rape under Section 76-5-402;
43	(b) object rape under Section 76-5-402.2;
44	(c) forcible sodomy under Subsection 76-5-403(2);
45	(d) forcible sexual abuse under Section 76-5-404; and
46	(e) aggravated sexual assault under Section 76-5-405.
47	$[(2)]$ (a) $\hat{H} \rightarrow [A]$ Notwithstanding Subsection (1), $\leftarrow \hat{H}$ prosecution for the offenses
47a	listed in Subsections 76-3-203.5(1)(c)(i)(A)
48	through (P) may be commenced at any time if the identity of the person who committed the
49	crime is unknown but DNA evidence is collected that would identify the person at a later date.
50	(b) Subsection $[(2)]$ (3)(a) does not apply if the statute of limitations on a crime has run
51	as of May 5, 2003, and no charges have been filed.
52	[(3)] (4) If the statute of limitations would have run but for the provisions of
53	Subsection $[(2)]$ (3) and identification of a perpetrator is made through DNA, a prosecution
54	shall be commenced within one year of the discovery of the identity of the perpetrator.
55	[(4)] (5) A prosecution is commenced upon the finding and filing of an indictment by a
56	grand jury or upon the filing of a complaint or information.

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### **State Impact**

Provisions of this bill could increase the number of cases prosecuted and the number of persons convicted of felonies. It is estimated that any additional workload created by this bill could be absorbed within existing budgets.

### **Individual and Business Impact**

Some persons could be convicted of crimes for which they might not have received penalties under current law. Under the provisions of this bill, a person could spend more time incarcerated reducing their ability to generate personal income.

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst