## **Senator Parley G. Hellewell** proposes the following substitute bill:

PATIENT ACCESS REFORM
2005 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Sponsor: Parley G. Hellewell
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill amends provisions related to access to health care providers in the Health
Maintenance Organization and Preferred Provider Organization Chapters of the
Insurance Code.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
<ul> <li>provides that a health maintenance organization and preferred provider organization</li> </ul>
must reimburse an insured for services of a health care provider who is not under
contract if those services are otherwise covered by the insurance plan;
<ul> <li>establishes the reimbursement rate for noncontracted providers which is based on</li> </ul>
the amount that would be paid to a member of the same class of health care
provider;
<ul> <li>allows the health maintenance organization or preferred provider organization to</li> </ul>
impose copayments and deductibles for noncontracted providers;
<ul> <li>prohibits the insurer from imposing cost sharing measures greater than those</li> </ul>
imposed with participating providers;
<ul> <li>requires the insurer to make payment directly to the health care provider for</li> </ul>
out-patient services;
<ul> <li>clarifies the payment responsibilities of the insured;</li> </ul>



26	prohibits a nonparticipating provider who accepts the 95% reimbursement rate from
27	balance billing the insured for additional costs; and
28	<ul> <li>requires that out-of-pocket payments by insureds to noncontracted providers shall</li> </ul>
29	apply to any plan deductible or out-of-pocket maximums.
30	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
31	None
32	Other Special Clauses:
33	None
34	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
35	AMENDS:
36	31A-22-617, as last amended by Chapter 131, Laws of Utah 2003
37	ENACTS:
38	<b>31A-8-503</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
39	
40	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
41	Section 1. Section 31A-8-503 is enacted to read:
42	31A-8-503. Reimbursement of noncontracted providers.
43	(1) As used in this section, "class of health care providers" means all health care
44	providers licensed, or licensed and certified by the state, within the same professional, trade,
45	occupational, or facility licensure, or licensure and certification category established pursuant
46	to Title 26, Utah Health Code, and Title 58, Occupations and Professions.
47	(2) (a) Subject to Subsections (2)(b) through (2)(d), a health maintenance organization
48	shall pay for the services of providers who are not participating providers with the health
49	maintenance organization, unless the illnesses or injuries treated by the provider are not within
50	the scope of the insured's health maintenance organization's health benefit plan.
51	(b) When the insured receives services from a provider who is not a participating
52	provider for the insured's health maintenance organization benefit plan, the health maintenance
53	organization shall reimburse the insured, in accordance with Subsection (2)(c), in an amount
54	equal to at least 95% of the amount that would be paid by the health maintenance organization
55	<u>to:</u>
56	(i) a participating provider; and

57	(ii) a member of the same class of health care provider.
58	(c) When reimbursing for services of out-patient providers who are not participating
59	providers, the health maintenance organization shall make direct payment to the provider.
60	(d) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(b), a health maintenance organization may:
61	(i) impose a deductible or copayment on coverage of a medical condition treated by
62	nonparticipating providers if the deductible or copayment is not greater than the deductible or
63	copayment imposed on the same medical condition treated by participating providers for the
64	insured's health benefit plan; and
65	(ii) not impose cost-sharing measures, including copayments, deductibles, and
66	coinsurance, greater than those imposed on the same medical condition treated by participating
67	providers for the insured's health benefit plan.
68	(3) (a) When an insured receives services from a nonparticipating provider who is
69	reimbursed under the provisions of Subsection (2)(b), the insured is responsible for any
70	copayments and deductibles that are imposed by the insurer under Subsection (2)(d).
71	(b) A nonparticipating provider who accepts the 95% reimbursement rate designated in
72	Subsection (2)(b) may not balance bill the insured for any costs above those designated in
73	Subsection (3)(a).
74	Section 2. Section 31A-22-617 is amended to read:
75	31A-22-617. Preferred provider contract provisions.
76	Health insurance policies may provide for insureds to receive services or
77	reimbursement under the policies in accordance with preferred health care provider contracts as
78	follows:
79	(1) Subject to restrictions under this section, any insurer or third party administrator
80	may enter into contracts with health care providers as defined in Section 78-14-3 under which
81	the health care providers agree to supply services, at prices specified in the contracts, to
82	persons insured by an insurer.
83	(a) A health care provider contract may require the health care provider to accept the
84	specified payment as payment in full, relinquishing the right to collect additional amounts from
85	the insured person.
86	(b) The insurance contract may reward the insured for selection of preferred health care
87	providers by:

88	(i) reducing premium rates;
89	(ii) reducing deductibles;
90	(iii) coinsurance;
91	(iv) other copayments; or
92	(v) any other reasonable manner.
93	(c) If the insurer is a managed care organization, as defined in Subsection
94	31A-27-311.5(1)(f):
95	(i) the insurance contract and the health care provider contract shall provide that in the
96	event the managed care organization becomes insolvent, the rehabilitator or liquidator may:
97	(A) require the health care provider to continue to provide health care services under
98	the contract until the earlier of:
99	(I) 90 days after the date of the filing of a petition for rehabilitation or the petition for
100	liquidation; or
101	(II) the date the term of the contract ends; and
102	(B) subject to Subsection (1)(c)(v), reduce the fees the provider is otherwise entitled to
103	receive from the managed care organization during the time period described in Subsection
104	(1)(c)(i)(A);
105	(ii) the provider is required to:
106	(A) accept the reduced payment under Subsection (1)(c)(i)(B) as payment in full; and
107	(B) relinquish the right to collect additional amounts from the insolvent managed care
108	organization's enrollee, as defined in Subsection 31A-27-311.5(1)(b);
109	(iii) if the contract between the health care provider and the managed care organization
110	has not been reduced to writing, or the contract fails to contain the language required by
111	Subsection (1)(c)(i), the provider may not collect or attempt to collect from the enrollee:
112	(A) sums owed by the insolvent managed care organization; or
113	(B) the amount of the regular fee reduction authorized under Subsection (1)(c)(i)(B);
114	(iv) the following may not bill or maintain any action at law against an enrollee to
115	collect sums owed by the insolvent managed care organization or the amount of the regular fee
116	reduction authorized under Subsection (1)(c)(i)(B):
117	(A) a provider;
118	(B) an agent;

119	(C) a trustee; or
120	(D) an assignee of a person described in Subsections (1)(c)(iv)(A) through (C); and
121	(v) notwithstanding Subsection (1)(c)(i):
122	(A) a rehabilitator or liquidator may not reduce a fee by less than 75% of the provider's
123	regular fee set forth in the contract; and
124	(B) the enrollee shall continue to pay the copayments, deductibles, and other payments
125	for services received from the provider that the enrollee was required to pay before the filing
126	of:
127	(I) a petition for rehabilitation; or
128	(II) a petition for liquidation.
129	(2) (a) Subject to Subsections (2)(b) through (2)[(f)](g), an insurer, including a health
130	maintenance organization governed by Chapter 8, Health Maintenance Organizations and
131	Limited Health Plans, using preferred or participating health care provider contracts shall pay
132	for the services of health care providers not under the contract, unless the illnesses or injuries
133	treated by the health care provider are not within the scope of the insurance contract. As used
134	in this section, "class of health care providers" means all health care providers licensed or
135	licensed and certified by the state within the same professional, trade, occupational, or facility
136	licensure or licensure and certification category established pursuant to Titles 26, Utah Health
137	Code and 58, Occupations and Professions.
138	(b) When the insured receives services from a health care provider not under contract,
139	the insurer shall reimburse the insured for at least [75%] 95% of the average amount paid by
140	the insurer for comparable services of preferred health care providers who are members of the
141	same class of health care providers. The commissioner may adopt a rule dealing with the
142	determination of what constitutes [75%] 95% of the average amount paid by the insurer for
143	comparable services of preferred health care providers who are members of the same class of
144	health care providers.
145	(c) When reimbursing for services of outpatient health care providers not under
146	contract, the insurer [may] shall make direct payment to the [insured] provider.
147	(d) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(b), an insurer using preferred or participating
148	health care provider contracts may impose a deductible $\underline{and\ copayments}$ on coverage of $\underline{a}$
149	medical condition treated by health care providers not under contract with the insurer, if the

- deductible, copayment, or coinsurance is not greater than the deductible, copayment, or coinsurance imposed on the same medical condition treated by health care providers who are under contract with the insurer.
- (ii) Out-of-pocket payments by insureds to health care providers not under contract shall apply toward deductibles and out-of-pocket maximums in the same way and to the same extent as payments to preferred or participating providers.
- (e) When selecting health care providers with whom to contract under Subsection (1), an insurer may not unfairly discriminate between classes of health care providers, but may discriminate within a class of health care providers, subject to Subsection (7).
- (f) For purposes of this section, unfair discrimination between classes of health care providers shall include:
- (i) refusal to contract with class members in reasonable proportion to the number of insureds covered by the insurer and the expected demand for services from class members; and
  - (ii) refusal to cover procedures for one class of providers that are:
- (A) commonly utilized by members of the class of health care providers for the treatment of illnesses, injuries, or conditions;
  - (B) otherwise covered by the insurer; and
  - (C) within the scope of practice of the class of health care providers.
- (g) (i) A health care provider not under contract with the insurer, who accepts the 95% reimbursement rate from the insured's health plan may not balance bill the insured for costs above the reimbursement rate.
- (ii) When an insured receives services from a health care provider not under contract who is reimbursed under the provisions of Subsection (2)(b), the insured is responsible for any copayments or deductibles that are imposed by the insurer under Subsection (2)(d).
- . (3) Before the insured consents to the insurance contract, the insurer shall fully disclose to the insured that it has entered into preferred health care provider contracts. The insurer shall provide sufficient detail on the preferred health care provider contracts to permit the insured to agree to the terms of the insurance contract. The insurer shall provide at least the following information:
- (a) a list of the health care providers under contract and if requested their business locations and specialties;

- (b) a description of the insured benefits, including any deductibles, coinsurance, or other copayments;
  - (c) a description of the quality assurance program required under Subsection (4); and
  - (d) a description of the adverse benefit determination procedures required under Subsection (5).
  - (4) (a) An insurer using preferred health care provider contracts shall maintain a quality assurance program for assuring that the care provided by the health care providers under contract meets prevailing standards in the state.
  - (b) The commissioner in consultation with the executive director of the Department of Health may designate qualified persons to perform an audit of the quality assurance program. The auditors shall have full access to all records of the organization and its health care providers, including medical records of individual patients.
  - (c) The information contained in the medical records of individual patients shall remain confidential. All information, interviews, reports, statements, memoranda, or other data furnished for purposes of the audit and any findings or conclusions of the auditors are privileged. The information is not subject to discovery, use, or receipt in evidence in any legal proceeding except hearings before the commissioner concerning alleged violations of this section.
  - (5) An insurer using preferred health care provider contracts shall provide a reasonable procedure for resolving complaints and adverse benefit determinations initiated by the insureds and health care providers.
  - (6) An insurer may not contract with a health care provider for treatment of illness or injury unless the health care provider is licensed to perform that treatment.
  - (7) (a) A health care provider or insurer may not discriminate against a preferred health care provider for agreeing to a contract under Subsection (1).
  - (b) Any health care provider licensed to treat any illness or injury within the scope of the health care provider's practice, who is willing and able to meet the terms and conditions established by the insurer for designation as a preferred health care provider, shall be able to apply for and receive the designation as a preferred health care provider. Contract terms and conditions may include reasonable limitations on the number of designated preferred health care providers based upon substantial objective and economic grounds, or expected use of

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212	particular services based upon prior provider-patient profiles.
213	(8) Upon the written request of a provider excluded from a provider contract, the
214	commissioner may hold a hearing to determine if the insurer's exclusion of the provider is
215	based on the criteria set forth in Subsection (7)(b).
216	(9) Insurers are subject to the provisions of Sections 31A-22-613.5, 31A-22-614.5, and
217	31A-22-618.
218	(10) Nothing in this section is to be construed as to require an insurer to offer a certain
219	benefit or service as part of a health benefit plan.

220 (11) This section does not apply to catastrophic mental health coverage provided in

accordance with Section 31A-22-625.