	DRUG COURTS PILOT PROJECT	
	2005 GENERAL SESSION	
	STATE OF UTAH	
	Sponsor: Lyle W. Hillyard	
	LONG TITLE	
	General Description:	
	This bill allows for the creation of drug courts in any judicial district, and the creation	
	of a Drug Board Pilot Project in Davis and Weber counties for intensive substance	
	abuse treatment. This bill sets out participant screening criteria, and requires	
participation by the Board of Pardons and Parole.		
Highlighted Provisions:		
	This bill:	
	 allows any judicial district to create a drug court; and 	
	 allows Davis and Weber counties to create a pilot drug board to oversee intensive 	
	substance abuse treatment for parolees under conditions set out by the Board of	
Pardons and Parole and the Department of Corrections.		
Monies Appropriated in this Bill:		
	None	
	Other Special Clauses:	
	None	
Utah Code Sections Affected:		
	ENACTS:	
	78-3-32 , Utah Code Annotated 1953	
	78-3-33 , Utah Code Annotated 1953	

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:



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28	Section 1. Section 78-3-32 is enacted to read:		
29	78-3-32. Creation and expansion of existing drug court programs Definition of		
30	drug court program Criteria for participation in drug court programs Reporting		
31	requirements.		
32	(1) There may be created a drug court program in any judicial district that		
33	demonstrates:		
34	(a) the need for a drug court program; and		
35	(b) the existence of a collaborative strategy between the court, prosecutors, defense		
36	counsel, corrections, and substance abuse treatment services to reduce substance abuse by		
37	offenders.		
38	(2) The collaborative strategy in each drug court program shall:		
39	(a) include monitoring and evaluation components to measure program effectiveness;		
40	<u>and</u>		
41	(b) be submitted to, for the purpose of coordinating the disbursement of funding, the:		
42	(i) executive director of the Department of Human Services;		
43	(ii) executive director of the Department of Corrections; and		
44	(iii) state court administrator.		
45	(3) Funds disbursed pursuant to this section shall be allocated as follows:		
46	(a) 87% to the Department of Human Services for testing, treatment, and case		
47	management; and		
48	(b) 13% to the Administrative Office of the Courts for increased judicial and court		
49	support costs.		
50	(4) A drug court program shall include continuous judicial supervision using a		
51	cooperative approach with prosecutors, defense counsel, corrections, and substance abuse		
52	treatment services to promote public safety, protect participants' due process rights, and		
53	integrate substance abuse treatment with justice system case processing.		
54	(5) Screening criteria for participation in a drug court program shall include:		
55	(a) a plea to, conviction of, or adjudication for a nonviolent drug offense or		
56	<u>drug-related offense;</u>		
57	(b) an agreement to frequent alcohol and other drug testing:		
58	(c) participation in one or more substance abuse treatment programs; and		

59 (d) an agreement to submit to sanctions for noncompliance with drug court program 60 requirements. Section 2. Section **78-3-33** is enacted to read: 61 62 78-3-33. Creation of Drug Board Pilot Project -- Definition of Drug Board Pilot Project -- Criteria for parolee participation in the Drug Board Pilot Project -- Reporting 63 64 requirements. 65 (1) There may be created a Drug Board Pilot Project in Davis and Weber counties that includes intensive substance abuse treatment, frequent drug testing, and other additional 66

includes intensive substance abuse treatment, frequent drug testing, and other additional conditions of parole, with the expectation that the offender will be required to complete the substance abuse treatment, remain drug free, and meet all other conditions of parole.

- (2) Screening criteria for parolee participation in the Drug Board Pilot Project shall:
- (a) be determined by the Board of Pardons and Parole and the Department of
- 71 <u>Corrections; and</u>

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(b) include parolees who are facing an eminent return to prison due to substance abuse.

Legislative Review Note as of 1-12-05 3:42 PM

Based on a limited legal review, this legislation has not been determined to have a high probability of being held unconstitutional.

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

S.B. 135

Fiscal Note	Drug Courts Pilot Project	26-Jan-05
Bill Number SB0135		9:34 AM

State Impact

No fiscal impact, as this legislation codifies previously passed uncodified legislation.

Individual and Business Impact

No fiscal impact.

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst