Senator Curtis S. Bramble proposes the following substitute bill:

-	PUBLIC TRANSIT DISTRICT ANNEXATION	
)	AND FUNDING AMENDMENTS	
3	2005 GENERAL SESSION	
ŀ	STATE OF UTAH	
5	Sponsor: Gregory S. Bell	
) 7	LONG TITLE	
8	General Description:	
)	This bill modifies the Utah Public Transit District Act, the Limited Purpose Local	
)	Government Entities Title, the Election Code, and the Sales and Use Tax Act by	
	amending provisions related to the funding and annexation of certain public transit	
	districts.	
	Highlighted Provisions:	
	This bill:	
	 provides that a general obligation bond issued by a public transit district shall be 	
	secured as required for municipal general obligation bonds;	
	 provides that a local political subdivision may call a local special election to vote on 	
	an opinion question election to impose sales and use taxes;	
	sets the initial sales and use tax that a county, city, or town within a public transit	
	district may impose at .25% rather than of up to .25% under the public transit tax;	
	 provides that certain counties may reallocate 1/16% of the additional public transit 	
	tax or the countywide additional public transit tax to fund new construction, major	
	renovations, and improvements to Interstate 15 or state highways within the county;	
	 provides procedures and requirements for reallocating 1/16% of the additional 	
5	public transit tax or allocating 1/16% of the countywide additional public transit	

26	tax;		
27	► authorizes a county to impose a sales and use tax of .25% or .50% for public		
28	transportation costs and improvements if a single public transit district has 60% or		
29	more of the population of the county residing within the public transit district		
30	boundaries;		
31	 authorizes a county that has 60% or more of the population residing within a single 		
32	public transit district's boundaries to submit a proposal to the county's registered		
33	voters at a general election or at a special election on a municipal general election		
34	date to impose a sales and use tax of .25% or .50% for public transportation costs		
35	and improvements;		
36	 provides that if the county's registered voters vote to approve becoming a part of the 		
37	public transit district:		
38	• the county shall be annexed into the public transit district;		
39	• a countywide sales tax of .25% or .50% shall be imposed for public		
40	transportation; and		
41	• certain existing sales and use taxes imposed by cities or towns within the county		
42	are superseded;		
43	 provides procedures and requirements for imposing the countywide .25% or .50% 		
44	tax;		
45	 amends the definition of qualifying county for purposes of imposing the county 		
46	option sales and use tax for highways, fixed guideways, or systems for public		
47	transit; and		
48	 makes technical changes. 		
49	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:		
50	None		
51	Other Special Clauses:		
52	This bill takes effect on July 1, 2005.		
53	Utah Code Sections Affected:		
54	AMENDS:		
55	17A-2-1058, as last amended by Chapter 9, Laws of Utah 2001		
56	17B-2-512, as last amended by Chapters 89 and 170, Laws of Utah 2003		

57	
	20A-1-203, as last amended by Chapter 4, Laws of Utah 2002, Fifth Special Session
58	59-12-102, as last amended by Chapters 1, 156, 255, 298 and 300, Laws of Utah 2004
59	59-12-207.1, as last amended by Chapter 255, Laws of Utah 2004
60	59-12-501, as last amended by Chapters 255 and 336, Laws of Utah 2004
61	59-12-502, as last amended by Chapter 255, Laws of Utah 2004
62	59-12-503, as enacted by Chapter 131, Laws of Utah 1997
63	59-12-504, as last amended by Chapter 255, Laws of Utah 2004
64	59-12-1001, as last amended by Chapter 255, Laws of Utah 2004
65	59-12-1502, as enacted by Chapter 282, Laws of Utah 2003
66	72-2-121, as enacted by Chapter 217, Laws of Utah 2001
67	ENACTS:
68	59-12-501.5 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
69	59-12-502.5 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
70	
71	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
72	Section 1. Section 17A-2-1058 is amended to read:
73	17A-2-1058. District may issue bonds.
74	[Any] (1) A district organized under this part may, in the manner and subject to the
75	limitations and restrictions contained in Title 11, Chapter 14, Utah Municipal Bond Act,
76	authorize, issue and dispose of its negotiable bonds for purposes of paying all or part of the
77	cost of acquiring, improving, or extending any one or more improvements, facilities, or
78	menoments with a size of the her according drym day this most
70	property authorized to be acquired under this part.
79	(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law and notwithstanding any limitations
79	(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law and notwithstanding any limitations
79 80	(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law and notwithstanding any limitations contained in Sections 17A-2-1044 and 17A-2-1059, a general obligation bond issued by a
79 80 81	(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law and notwithstanding any limitations contained in Sections 17A-2-1044 and 17A-2-1059, a general obligation bond issued by a district shall be secured as provided in Section 11-14-19.
79 80 81 82	(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law and notwithstanding any limitations contained in Sections 17A-2-1044 and 17A-2-1059, a general obligation bond issued by a district shall be secured as provided in Section 11-14-19. Section 2. Section 17B-2-512 is amended to read:
79 80 81 82 83	 (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law and notwithstanding any limitations <u>(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law and notwithstanding any limitations</u> <u>(2) contained in Sections 17A-2-1044 and 17A-2-1059, a general obligation bond issued by a</u> <u>(2) district shall be secured as provided in Section 11-14-19.</u> Section 2. Section 17B-2-512 is amended to read: <u>(2) 17B-2-512. Protests Election.</u>
79 80 81 82 83 84	 (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law and notwithstanding any limitations <u>contained in Sections 17A-2-1044 and 17A-2-1059</u>, a general obligation bond issued by a <u>district shall be secured as provided in Section 11-14-19</u>. Section 2. Section 17B-2-512 is amended to read: 17B-2-512. Protests Election. (1) (a) An owner of private real property located within or a registered voter residing

88	(ii) for an annexation under Section 17B-2-515; and
89	(iii) for an annexation proposed by a local district that receives sales and use tax funds
90	from the counties, cities, and towns within the local district that impose a sales and use tax
91	under Section 59-12-501, 59-12-501.5, or 59-12-502.5.
92	(b) A protest of a boundary adjustment is not governed by this section but is governed
93	by Section 17B-2-516.
94	(2) Each protest under Subsection (1)(a) shall be filed within 30 days after the date of
95	the public hearing under Section 17B-2-509.
96	(3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4), the local district shall hold an election on
97	the proposed annexation if:
98	(i) timely protests are filed by:
99	(A) the owners of private real property that:
100	(I) is located within the area proposed to be annexed;
101	(II) covers at least 10% of the total private land area within the entire area proposed to
102	be annexed and within each applicable area; and
103	(III) is equal in assessed value to at least 10% of the assessed value of all private real
104	property within the entire area proposed to be annexed and within each applicable area; or
105	(B) registered voters residing within the entire area proposed to be annexed and within
106	each applicable area equal in number to at least 10% of the number of votes cast within the
107	entire area proposed for annexation and within each applicable area, respectively, for the office
108	of governor at the last regular general election before the filing of the petition; or
109	(ii) the proposed annexing local district is one that receives sales and use tax funds
110	from the counties, cities, and towns within the local district that impose a sales and use tax
111	under Section 59-12-501, 59-12-501.5, or 59-12-502.5.
112	(b) (i) At each election held under Subsection (3)(a)(ii), the ballot question shall be
113	phrased to indicate that a voter's casting a vote for or against the annexation includes also a
114	vote for or against the imposition of the sales and use tax as provided in Section 59-12-501,
115	<u>59-12-501.5, or 59-12-502.5</u> .
116	(ii) Except as otherwise provided in this part, each election under Subsection (3)(a)
117	shall be governed by Title 20A, Election Code.
118	(c) If a majority of registered voters residing within the area proposed to be annexed

119	and voting on the proposal vote:		
120	(i) in favor of annexation, the board of trustees shall, subject to Subsections		
121	17B-2-514(1)(b), (2), and (3), complete the annexation by adopting a resolution approving		
122	2 annexation of the area; or		
123	(ii) against annexation, the annexation process is terminated, the board may not adopt a		
124	resolution approving annexation of the area, and the area proposed to be annexed may not for		
125	two years be the subject of an effort under this part to annex to the same local district.		
126	(4) If sufficient protests are filed under this section to require an election for a		
127	proposed annexation to which the protest provisions of this section are applicable, a board of		
128	trustees may, notwithstanding Subsection (3), adopt a resolution rejecting the annexation and		
129	terminating the annexation process without holding an election.		
130	Section 3. Section 20A-1-203 is amended to read:		
131	20A-1-203. Calling and purpose of special elections.		
132	(1) Statewide and local special elections may be held for any purpose authorized by		
133	law.		
134	(2) (a) Statewide special elections shall be conducted using the procedure for regular		
135	general elections.		
136	(b) Except as otherwise provided in this title, local special elections shall be conducted		
137	using the procedures for regular municipal elections.		
138	(3) The governor may call a statewide special election by issuing an executive order		
139	that designates:		
140	(a) the date for the statewide special election; and		
141	(b) the purpose for the statewide special election.		
142	(4) The Legislature may call a statewide special election by passing a joint or		
143	concurrent resolution that designates:		
144	(a) the date for the statewide special election; and		
145	(b) the purpose for the statewide special election.		
146	(5) (a) The legislative body of a local political subdivision may call a local special		
147	election only for:		
148	(i) a vote on a bond or debt issue;		
149	(ii) a vote on a voted leeway program authorized by Section 53A-17a-133 or		

150	53A-17a-134;
151	(iii) a referendum authorized by Title 20A, Chapter 7, Part 6;
152	(iv) an initiative authorized by Title 20A, Chapter 7, Part 5; [or]
153	(v) if required or authorized by federal law, a vote to determine whether or not Utah's
154	legal boundaries should be changed[-]: or
155	(vi) a vote authorized or required by Title 59, Chapter 12, Sales and Use Tax Act.
156	(b) The legislative body of a local political subdivision may call a local special election
157	by adopting an ordinance or resolution that designates:
158	(i) the date for the local special election; and
159	(ii) the purpose for the local special election.
160	Section 4. Section 59-12-102 is amended to read:
161	59-12-102. Definitions.
162	As used in this chapter:
163	(1) (a) "Admission or user fees" includes season passes.
164	(b) "Admission or user fees" does not include annual membership dues to private
165	organizations.
166	(2) "Agreement" means the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement described in
167	Section 59-12-102.1.
168	(3) "Agreement combined tax rate" means the sum of the tax rates:
169	(a) listed under Subsection (4); and
170	(b) that are imposed within a local taxing jurisdiction.
171	(4) "Agreement sales and use tax" means a tax imposed under:
172	(a) Subsection 59-12-103(2)(a)(i);
173	(b) Section 59-12-204;
174	(c) Section 59-12-401;
175	(d) Section 59-12-402;
176	(e) Section 59-12-501;
177	(f) Section 59-12-501.5;
178	[(f)] <u>(g)</u> Section 59-12-502;
179	(h) Section 59-12-502.5;
180	[(g)] <u>(i)</u> Section 59-12-703;

- 181 [(h)] <u>(j)</u> Section 59-12-802;
- 182 [(i)] (k) Section 59-12-804;
- 183 [(j)] <u>(1)</u> Section 59-12-1001;
- 184 [(k)] (<u>m</u>) Section 59-12-1102;
- 185 [(1)] <u>(n)</u> Section 59-12-1302;
- 186 [(m)] <u>(o)</u> Section 59-12-1402; or
- 187 [(n)] <u>(p)</u> Section 59-12-1503.
- 188 (5) "Aircraft" is as defined in Section 72-10-102.
- 189 (6) "Alcoholic beverage" means a beverage that:
- 190 (a) is suitable for human consumption; and
- 191 (b) contains .5% or more alcohol by volume.
- 192 (7) "Area agency on aging" is as defined in Section 62A-3-101.
- 193 (8) "Authorized carrier" means:
- 194 (a) in the case of vehicles operated over public highways, the holder of credentials
- indicating that the vehicle is or will be operated pursuant to both the International RegistrationPlan and the International Fuel Tax Agreement;
- (b) in the case of aircraft, the holder of a Federal Aviation Administration operatingcertificate or air carrier's operating certificate; or
- (c) in the case of locomotives, freight cars, railroad work equipment, or other rollingstock, the holder of a certificate issued by the United States Surface Transportation Board.
- 201 (9) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (9)(b), "biomass energy" means any of the
 202 following that is used as the primary source of energy to produce fuel or electricity:
- 203 (i) material from a plant or tree; or
- 204 (ii) other organic matter that is available on a renewable basis, including:
- 205 (A) slash and brush from forests and woodlands;
- 206 (B) animal waste;
- 207 (C) methane produced:
- 208 (I) at landfills; or
- 209 (II) as a byproduct of the treatment of wastewater residuals;
- 210 (D) aquatic plants; and
- 211 (E) agricultural products.

212	(b) "Biomass energy" does not include:
213	(i) black liquor;
214	(ii) treated woods; or
215	(iii) biomass from municipal solid waste other than methane produced:
216	(A) at landfills; or
217	(B) as a byproduct of the treatment of wastewater residuals.
218	(10) "Certified automated system" means software certified by the governing board of
219	the agreement in accordance with Section 59-12-102.1 that:
220	(a) calculates the agreement sales and use tax imposed within a local taxing
221	jurisdiction:
222	(i) on a transaction; and
223	(ii) in the states that are members of the agreement;
224	(b) determines the amount of agreement sales and use tax to remit to a state that is a
225	member of the agreement; and
226	(c) maintains a record of the transaction described in Subsection (10)(a)(i).
227	(11) "Certified service provider" means an agent certified:
228	(a) by the governing board of the agreement in accordance with Section 59-12-102.1;
229	and
230	(b) to perform all of a seller's sales and use tax functions for an agreement sales and
231	use tax other than the seller's obligation under Section 59-12-107.4 to remit a tax on the seller's
232	own purchases.
233	(12) (a) Subject to Subsection (12)(b), "clothing" means all human wearing apparel
234	suitable for general use.
235	(b) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
236	commission shall make rules:
237	(i) listing the items that constitute "clothing"; and
238	(ii) that are consistent with the list of items that constitute "clothing" under the
239	agreement.
240	(13) (a) For purposes of Subsection 59-12-104(42), "coin-operated amusement device"
241	means:
242	(i) a coin-operated amusement, skill, or ride device;

243	(ii) that is not controlled through seller-assisted, over-the-counter, sales of tokens; and
244	(iii) includes a music machine, pinball machine, billiard machine, video game machine,
245	arcade machine, and a mechanical or electronic skill game or ride.
246	(b) For purposes of Subsection 59-12-104(42), "coin-operated amusement device" does
247	not mean a coin-operated amusement device possessing a coinage mechanism that:
248	(i) accepts and registers multiple denominations of coins; and
249	(ii) allows the seller to collect the sales and use tax at the time an amusement device is
250	activated and operated by a person inserting coins into the device.
251	(14) "Commercial use" means the use of gas, electricity, heat, coal, fuel oil, or other
252	fuels that does not constitute industrial use under Subsection (34) or residential use under
253	Subsection (63).
254	(15) (a) "Common carrier" means a person engaged in or transacting the business of
255	transporting passengers, freight, merchandise, or other property for hire within this state.
256	(b) (i) "Common carrier" does not include a person who, at the time the person is
257	traveling to or from that person's place of employment, transports a passenger to or from the
258	passenger's place of employment.
259	(ii) For purposes of Subsection (15)(b)(i), in accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a,
260	Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission may make rules defining what
261	constitutes a person's place of employment.
262	(16) "Component part" includes:
263	(a) poultry, dairy, and other livestock feed, and their components;
264	(b) baling ties and twine used in the baling of hay and straw;
265	(c) fuel used for providing temperature control of orchards and commercial
266	greenhouses doing a majority of their business in wholesale sales, and for providing power for
267	off-highway type farm machinery; and
268	(d) feed, seeds, and seedlings.
269	(17) "Computer" means an electronic device that accepts information:
270	(a) (i) in digital form; or
271	(ii) in a form similar to digital form; and
272	(b) manipulates that information for a result based on a sequence of instructions.
273	(18) "Computer software" means a set of coded instructions designed to cause:

274	(a) a computer to perform a task; or
275	(b) automatic data processing equipment to perform a task.
276	(19) "Construction materials" means any tangible personal property that will be
277	converted into real property.
278	(20) "Delivered electronically" means delivered to a purchaser by means other than
279	tangible storage media.
280	(21) (a) "Delivery charge" means a charge:
281	(i) by a seller of:
282	(A) tangible personal property; or
283	(B) services; and
284	(ii) for preparation and delivery of the tangible personal property or services described
285	in Subsection (21)(a)(i) to a location designated by the purchaser.
286	(b) "Delivery charge" includes a charge for the following:
287	(i) transportation;
288	(ii) shipping;
289	(iii) postage;
290	(iv) handling;
291	(v) crating; or
292	(vi) packing.
293	(22) "Dietary supplement" means a product, other than tobacco, that:
294	(a) is intended to supplement the diet;
295	(b) contains one or more of the following dietary ingredients:
296	(i) a vitamin;
297	(ii) a mineral;
298	(iii) an herb or other botanical;
299	(iv) an amino acid;
300	(v) a dietary substance for use by humans to supplement the diet by increasing the total
301	dietary intake; or
302	(vi) a concentrate, metabolite, constituent, extract, or combination of any ingredient
303	described in Subsections (22)(b)(i) through (v);
304	(c) (i) except as provided in Subsection (22)(c)(ii), is intended for ingestion in:

306(B) capsule form;307(C) powder form;308(D) softgel form;309(E) gelcap form; or310(F) liquid form; or311(ii) notwithstanding Subsection (22)(c)(i), if the product is not intended for ingestion in312a form described in Subsections (22)(c)(i)(A) through (F), is not represented:313(A) as conventional food; and314(B) for use as a sole item of:315(I) a meal; or316(II) the diet; and317(d) is required to be labeled as a dietary supplement:318(i) identifiable by the "Supplemental Facts" box found on the label; and319(ii) as required by 21 C.F.R. Sec. 101.36.320(23) (a) "Direct mail" means printed material delivered or distributed by United States321mail or other delivery service:322(i) to:323(A) a mass audience; or324(B) addressees on a mailing list provided by a purchaser of the mailing list; and325(ii) if the cost of the printed material is not billed directly to the recipients.326(b) "Direct mail" includes tangible personal property supplied directly or indirectly by a327purchaser to a seller of direct mail for inclusion in a package containing the printed material.328(c) "Direct mail" does not include multiple items of printed material delivered to a339(24) (a) "Drug" means a compound, substance, or preparation, or a component of a331(a) the official United States Pharmacopoeia;332(b) the ficial United States Pharmacopoeia; <th>305</th> <th>(A) tablet form;</th>	305	(A) tablet form;
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312a form described in Subsections (22)(c)(i)(A) through (F), is not represented:313(A) as conventional food; and314(B) for use as a sole item of:315(I) a meal; or316(II) the diet; and317(d) is required to be labeled as a dietary supplement:318(i) identifiable by the "Supplemental Facts" box found on the label; and319(ii) as required by 21 C.F.R. Sec. 101.36.320(23) (a) "Direct mail" means printed material delivered or distributed by United States321mail or other delivery service:322(i) to:323(A) a mass audience; or324(B) addressees on a mailing list provided by a purchaser of the mailing list; and325(ii) if the cost of the printed material is not billed directly to the recipients.326(b) "Direct mail" includes tangible personal property supplied directly or indirectly by a327purchaser to a seller of direct mail for inclusion in a package containing the printed material.328(24) (a) "Drug" means a compound, substance, or preparation, or a component of a331(A) the official United States Pharmacopoeia;	310	(F) liquid form; or
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314(B) for use as a sole item of:315(I) a meal; or316(II) the diet; and317(d) is required to be labeled as a dietary supplement:318(i) identifiable by the "Supplemental Facts" box found on the label; and319(ii) as required by 21 C.F.R. Sec. 101.36.320(23) (a) "Direct mail" means printed material delivered or distributed by United States321mail or other delivery service:322(i) to:323(A) a mass audience; or324(B) addressees on a mailing list provided by a purchaser of the mailing list; and325(ii) if the cost of the printed material is not billed directly to the recipients.326(b) "Direct mail" includes tangible personal property supplied directly or indirectly by a327purchaser to a seller of direct mail for inclusion in a package containing the printed material.328(c) "Direct mail" does not include multiple items of printed material delivered to a329single address.330(24) (a) "Drug" means a compound, substance, or preparation, or a component of a331(A) the official United States Pharmacopoeia;	312	a form described in Subsections (22)(c)(i)(A) through (F), is not represented:
315(1) a meal; or316(II) the diet; and317(d) is required to be labeled as a dietary supplement:318(i) identifiable by the "Supplemental Facts" box found on the label; and319(ii) as required by 21 C.F.R. Sec. 101.36.320(23) (a) "Direct mail" means printed material delivered or distributed by United States321mail or other delivery service:322(i) to:323(A) a mass audience; or324(B) addressees on a mailing list provided by a purchaser of the mailing list; and325(ii) if the cost of the printed material is not billed directly to the recipients.326(b) "Direct mail" includes tangible personal property supplied directly or indirectly by a327purchaser to a seller of direct mail for inclusion in a package containing the printed material.328(c) "Direct mail" does not include multiple items of printed material delivered to a329single address.330(24) (a) "Drug" means a compound, substance, or preparation, or a component of a331(i) recognized in:333(A) the official United States Pharmacopoeia;	313	(A) as conventional food; and
 (II) the diet; and (d) is required to be labeled as a dietary supplement: (i) identifiable by the "Supplemental Facts" box found on the label; and (ii) as required by 21 C.F.R. Sec. 101.36. (23) (a) "Direct mail" means printed material delivered or distributed by United States mail or other delivery service: (i) to: (A) a mass audience; or (b) "Direct mail" includes tangible personal property supplied directly or indirectly by a purchaser to a seller of direct mail for inclusion in a package containing the printed material. (c) "Direct mail" does not include multiple items of printed material delivered to a single address. (a) "Drug" means a compound, substance, or preparation, or a component of a (b) "Direct in: (c) "Direct in: (c) "Direct mail" means a compound, substance, or preparation, or a component of a (c) "Direct mail" hat is: (d) "Direct in: (d) "Direct	314	(B) for use as a sole item of:
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 331 compound, substance, or preparation that is: 332 (i) recognized in: 333 (A) the official United States Pharmacopoeia; 	329	single address.
 332 (i) recognized in: 333 (A) the official United States Pharmacopoeia; 	330	(24) (a) "Drug" means a compound, substance, or preparation, or a component of a
333 (A) the official United States Pharmacopoeia;	331	compound, substance, or preparation that is:
	332	(i) recognized in:
	333	(A) the official United States Pharmacopoeia;
(B) the official Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the United States;	334	(B) the official Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the United States;
335 (C) the official National Formulary; or	335	(C) the official National Formulary; or

336	(D) a supplement to a publication listed in Subsections (24)(a)(i)(A) through (C);
337	(ii) intended for use in the:
338	(A) diagnosis of disease;
339	(B) cure of disease;
340	(C) mitigation of disease;
341	(D) treatment of disease; or
342	(E) prevention of disease; or
343	(iii) intended to affect:
344	(A) the structure of the body; or
345	(B) any function of the body.
346	(b) "Drug" does not include:
347	(i) food and food ingredients;
348	(ii) a dietary supplement;
349	(iii) an alcoholic beverage; or
350	(iv) a prosthetic device.
351	(25) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (25)(c), "durable medical equipment" means
352	equipment that:
353	(i) can withstand repeated use;
354	(ii) is primarily and customarily used to serve a medical purpose;
355	(iii) generally is not useful to a person in the absence of illness or injury;
356	(iv) is not worn in or on the body;
357	(v) is listed as eligible for payment under:
358	(A) Title XVIII of the federal Social Security Act; or
359	(B) the state plan for medical assistance under Title XIX of the federal Social Security
360	Act; and
361	(vi) is used for home use only.
362	(b) "Durable medical equipment" includes parts used in the repair or replacement of the
363	equipment described in Subsection (25)(a).
364	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (25)(a), "durable medical equipment" does not include
365	mobility enhancing equipment.
366	(26) "Electronic" means:

367	(a) relating to technology; and
368	(b) having:
369	(i) electrical capabilities;
370	(ii) digital capabilities;
371	(iii) magnetic capabilities;
372	(iv) wireless capabilities;
373	(v) optical capabilities;
374	(vi) electromagnetic capabilities; or
375	(vii) capabilities similar to Subsections (26)(b)(i) through (vi).
376	(27) (a) "Food and food ingredients" means substances:
377	(i) regardless of whether the substances are in:
378	(A) liquid form;
379	(B) concentrated form;
380	(C) solid form;
381	(D) frozen form;
382	(E) dried form; or
383	(F) dehydrated form; and
384	(ii) that are:
385	(A) sold for:
386	(I) ingestion by humans; or
387	(II) chewing by humans; and
388	(B) consumed for the substance's:
389	(I) taste; or
390	(II) nutritional value.
391	(b) "Food and food ingredients" does not include:
392	(i) an alcoholic beverage;
393	(ii) tobacco; or
394	(iii) prepared food.
395	(28) (a) "Fundraising sales" means sales:
396	(i) (A) made by a school; or
397	(B) made by a school student;

398	(ii) that are for the purpose of raising funds for the school to purchase equipment,
399	materials, or provide transportation; and
400	(iii) that are part of an officially sanctioned school activity.
401	(b) For purposes of Subsection (28)(a)(iii), "officially sanctioned school activity"
402	means a school activity:
403	(i) that is conducted in accordance with a formal policy adopted by the school or school
404	district governing the authorization and supervision of fundraising activities;
405	(ii) that does not directly or indirectly compensate an individual teacher or other
406	educational personnel by direct payment, commissions, or payment in kind; and
407	(iii) the net or gross revenues from which are deposited in a dedicated account
408	controlled by the school or school district.
409	(29) "Geothermal energy" means energy contained in heat that continuously flows
410	outward from the earth that is used as the sole source of energy to produce electricity.
411	(30) "Governing board of the agreement" means the governing board of the agreement
412	that is:
413	(a) authorized to administer the agreement; and
414	(b) established in accordance with the agreement.
415	(31) (a) "Hearing aid" means:
416	(i) an instrument or device having an electronic component that is designed to:
417	(A) (I) improve impaired human hearing; or
418	(II) correct impaired human hearing; and
419	(B) (I) be worn in the human ear; or
420	(II) affixed behind the human ear;
421	(ii) an instrument or device that is surgically implanted into the cochlea; or
422	(iii) a telephone amplifying device.
423	(b) "Hearing aid" does not include:
424	(i) except as provided in Subsection (31)(a)(i)(B) or (31)(a)(ii), an instrument or device
425	having an electronic component that is designed to be worn on the body;
426	(ii) except as provided in Subsection (31)(a)(iii), an assistive listening device or system
427	designed to be used by one individual, including:
428	(A) a personal amplifying system;

429	(B) a personal FM system;
430	(C) a television listening system; or
431	(D) a device or system similar to a device or system described in Subsections
432	(31)(b)(ii)(A) through (C); or
433	(iii) an assistive listening device or system designed to be used by more than one
434	individual, including:
435	(A) a device or system installed in:
436	(I) an auditorium;
437	(II) a church;
438	(III) a conference room;
439	(IV) a synagogue; or
440	(V) a theater; or
441	(B) a device or system similar to a device or system described in Subsections
442	(31)(b)(iii)(A)(I) through (V).
443	(32) (a) "Hearing aid accessory" means a hearing aid:
444	(i) component;
445	(ii) attachment; or
446	(iii) accessory.
447	(b) "Hearing aid accessory" includes:
448	(i) a hearing aid neck loop;
449	(ii) a hearing aid cord;
450	(iii) a hearing aid ear mold;
451	(iv) hearing aid tubing;
452	(v) a hearing aid ear hook; or
453	(vi) a hearing aid remote control.
454	(c) "Hearing aid accessory" does not include:
455	(i) a component, attachment, or accessory designed to be used only with an:
456	(A) instrument or device described in Subsection (31)(b)(i); or
457	(B) assistive listening device or system described in Subsection (31)(b)(ii) or (iii); or
458	(ii) a hearing aid battery.
459	(33) "Hydroelectric energy" means water used as the sole source of energy to produce

460	electricity.
461	(34) "Industrial use" means the use of natural gas, electricity, heat, coal, fuel oil, or
462	other fuels:
463	(a) in mining or extraction of minerals;
464	(b) in agricultural operations to produce an agricultural product up to the time of
465	harvest or placing the agricultural product into a storage facility, including:
466	(i) commercial greenhouses;
467	(ii) irrigation pumps;
468	(iii) farm machinery;
469	(iv) implements of husbandry as defined in Subsection 41-1a-102(23) that are not
470	registered under Title 41, Chapter 1a, Part 2, Registration; and
471	(v) other farming activities;
472	(c) in manufacturing tangible personal property at an establishment described in SIC
473	Codes 2000 to 3999 of the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification Manual of the federal
474	Executive Office of the President, Office of Management and Budget; or
475	(d) by a scrap recycler if:
476	(i) from a fixed location, the scrap recycler utilizes machinery or equipment to process
477	one or more of the following items into prepared grades of processed materials for use in new
478	products:
479	(A) iron;
480	(B) steel;
481	(C) nonferrous metal;
482	(D) paper;
483	(E) glass;
484	(F) plastic;
485	(G) textile; or
486	(H) rubber; and
487	(ii) the new products under Subsection (34)(d)(i) would otherwise be made with
488	nonrecycled materials.
489	(35) (a) "Lease" or "rental" means a transfer of possession or control of tangible
400	nonconstant form

490 personal property for:

491	(i) (A) a fixed term; or
492	(B) an indeterminate term; and
493	(ii) consideration.
494	(b) "Lease" or "rental" includes an agreement covering a motor vehicle and trailer if the
495	amount of consideration may be increased or decreased by reference to the amount realized
496	upon sale or disposition of the property as defined in Section 7701(h)(1), Internal Revenue
497	Code.
498	(c) "Lease" or "rental" does not include:
499	(i) a transfer of possession or control of property under a security agreement or
500	deferred payment plan that requires the transfer of title upon completion of the required
501	payments;
502	(ii) a transfer of possession or control of property under an agreement:
503	(A) that requires the transfer of title upon completion of required payments; and
504	(B) in which the payment of an option price does not exceed the greater of:
505	(I) \$100; or
506	(II) 1% of the total required payments; or
507	(iii) providing tangible personal property along with an operator for a fixed period of
508	time or an indeterminate period of time if the operator is necessary for equipment to perform as
509	designed.
510	(d) For purposes of Subsection (35)(c)(iii), an operator is necessary for equipment to
511	perform as designed if the operator's duties exceed the:
512	(i) set-up of tangible personal property;
513	(ii) maintenance of tangible personal property; or
514	(iii) inspection of tangible personal property.
515	(36) "Load and leave" means delivery to a purchaser by use of a tangible storage media
516	if the tangible storage media is not physically transferred to the purchaser.
517	(37) "Local taxing jurisdiction" means a:
518	(a) county that is authorized to impose an agreement sales and use tax;
519	(b) city that is authorized to impose an agreement sales and use tax; or
520	(c) town that is authorized to impose an agreement sales and use tax.
521	(38) "Manufactured home" is as defined in Section 58-56-3.

522	(39) For purposes of Subsection 59-12-104(14), "manufacturing facility" means:
523	(a) an establishment described in SIC Codes 2000 to 3999 of the 1987 Standard
524	Industrial Classification Manual of the federal Executive Office of the President, Office of
525	Management and Budget; or
526	(b) a scrap recycler if:
527	(i) from a fixed location, the scrap recycler utilizes machinery or equipment to process
528	one or more of the following items into prepared grades of processed materials for use in new
529	products:
530	(A) iron;
531	(B) steel;
532	(C) nonferrous metal;
533	(D) paper;
534	(E) glass;
535	(F) plastic;
536	(G) textile; or
537	(H) rubber; and
538	(ii) the new products under Subsection (39)(b)(i) would otherwise be made with
539	nonrecycled materials.
540	(40) "Mobile home" is as defined in Section 58-56-3.
541	(41) "Mobile telecommunications service" is as defined in the Mobile
542	Telecommunications Sourcing Act, 4 U.S.C. Sec. 124.
543	(42) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (42)(c), "mobility enhancing equipment"
544	means equipment that is:
545	(i) primarily and customarily used to provide or increase the ability to move from one
546	place to another;
547	(ii) appropriate for use in a:
548	(A) home; or
549	(B) motor vehicle;
550	(iii) not generally used by persons with normal mobility; and
551	(iv) listed as eligible for payment under:
552	(A) Title XVIII of the federal Social Security Act; or

553	(B) the state plan for medical assistance under Title XIX of the federal Social Security
554	Act.
555	(b) "Mobility enhancing equipment" includes parts used in the repair or replacement of
556	the equipment described in Subsection (42)(a).
557	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (42)(a), "mobility enhancing equipment" does not
558	include:
559	(i) a motor vehicle;
560	(ii) equipment on a motor vehicle if that equipment is normally provided by the motor
561	vehicle manufacturer;
562	(iii) durable medical equipment; or
563	(iv) a prosthetic device.
564	(43) "Model 1 seller" means a seller that has selected a certified service provider as the
565	seller's agent to perform all of the seller's sales and use tax functions for agreement sales and
566	use taxes other than the seller's obligation under Section 59-12-107.4 to remit a tax on the
567	seller's own purchases.
568	(44) "Model 2 seller" means a seller that:
569	(a) except as provided in Subsection (44)(b), has selected a certified automated system
570	to perform the seller's sales tax functions for agreement sales and use taxes; and
571	(b) notwithstanding Subsection (44)(a), retains responsibility for remitting all of the
572	sales tax:
573	(i) collected by the seller; and
574	(ii) to the appropriate local taxing jurisdiction.
575	(45) (a) Subject to Subsection (45)(b), "model 3 seller" means a seller that has:
576	(i) sales in at least five states that are members of the agreement;
577	(ii) total annual sales revenues of at least \$500,000,000;
578	(iii) a proprietary system that calculates the amount of tax:
579	(A) for an agreement sales and use tax; and
580	(B) due to each local taxing jurisdiction; and
581	(iv) entered into a performance agreement with the governing board of the agreement.
582	(b) For purposes of Subsection (45)(a), "model 3 seller" includes an affiliated group of
583	sellers using the same proprietary system.

584	(46) "Modular home" means a modular unit as defined in Section 58-56-3.
585	(47) "Motor vehicle" is as defined in Section 41-1a-102.
586	(48) (a) "Other fuels" means products that burn independently to produce heat or
587	energy.
588	(b) "Other fuels" includes oxygen when it is used in the manufacturing of tangible
589	personal property.
590	(49) "Person" includes any individual, firm, partnership, joint venture, association,
591	corporation, estate, trust, business trust, receiver, syndicate, this state, any county, city,
592	municipality, district, or other local governmental entity of the state, or any group or
593	combination acting as a unit.
594	(50) "Place of primary use":
595	(a) for telephone service other than mobile telecommunications service, means the
596	street address representative of where the purchaser's use of the telephone service primarily
597	occurs, which shall be:
598	(i) the residential street address of the purchaser; or
599	(ii) the primary business street address of the purchaser; or
600	(b) for mobile telecommunications service, is as defined in the Mobile
601	Telecommunications Sourcing Act, 4 U.S.C. Sec. 124.
602	(51) "Postproduction" means an activity related to the finishing or duplication of a
603	medium described in Subsection 59-12-104(60)(a).
604	(52) (a) "Prepared food" means:
605	(i) food:
606	(A) sold in a heated state; or
607	(B) heated by a seller;
608	(ii) two or more food ingredients mixed or combined by the seller for sale as a single
609	item; or
610	(iii) except as provided in Subsection (52)(c), food sold with an eating utensil provided
611	by the seller, including a:
612	(A) plate;
613	(B) knife;
614	(C) fork;

615	(\mathbf{D}) space:
615	(D) spoon;
616	(E) glass;
617	(F) cup;
618	(G) napkin; or
619	(H) straw.
620	(b) "Prepared food" does not include:
621	(i) food that a seller only:
622	(A) cuts;
623	(B) repackages; or
624	(C) pasteurizes; or
625	(ii) (A) the following:
626	(I) raw egg;
627	(II) raw fish;
628	(III) raw meat;
629	(IV) raw poultry; or
630	(V) a food containing an item described in Subsections (52)(b)(ii)(A)(I) through (IV);
631	and
632	(B) if the Food and Drug Administration recommends in Chapter 3, Part 401.11 of the
633	Food and Drug Administration's Food Code that a consumer cook the items described in
634	Subsection (52)(b)(ii)(A) to prevent food borne illness.
635	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (52)(a)(iii), an eating utensil provided by the seller
636	does not include the following used to transport the food:
637	(i) a container; or
638	(ii) packaging.
639	(53) "Prescription" means an order, formula, or recipe that is issued:
640	(a) (i) orally;
641	(ii) in writing;
642	(iii) electronically; or
643	(iv) by any other manner of transmission; and
644	(b) by a licensed practitioner authorized by the laws of a state.
645	(54) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (54)(b)(ii) or (iii), "prewritten computer

646	software" means computer software that is not designed and developed:
647	(i) by the author or other creator of the computer software; and
648	(i) to the specifications of a specific purchaser.
649	(b) "Prewritten computer software" includes:
650	(i) a prewritten upgrade to computer software if the prewritten upgrade to the computer
651	software is not designed and developed:
652	(A) by the author or other creator of the computer software; and
653	 (B) to the specifications of a specific purchaser; (ii) notwish to a dime. Subjection (54)(a) comments and force a dimensional dimensi dimensional dimensional dimensional dimensional dimensional d
654	(ii) notwithstanding Subsection (54)(a), computer software designed and developed by
655	the author or other creator of the computer software to the specifications of a specific purchaser
656	if the computer software is sold to a person other than the purchaser; or
657	(iii) notwithstanding Subsection (54)(a) and except as provided in Subsection (54)(c),
658	prewritten computer software or a prewritten portion of prewritten computer software:
659	(A) that is modified or enhanced to any degree; and
660	(B) if the modification or enhancement described in Subsection (54)(b)(iii)(A) is
661	designed and developed to the specifications of a specific purchaser.
662	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (54)(b)(iii), "prewritten computer software" does not
663	include a modification or enhancement described in Subsection (54)(b)(iii) if the charges for
664	the modification or enhancement are:
665	(i) reasonable; and
666	(ii) separately stated on the invoice or other statement of price provided to the
667	purchaser.
668	(55) (a) "Prosthetic device" means a device that is:
669	(i) worn on or in the body to:
670	(A) artificially replace a missing portion of the body;
671	(B) prevent or correct a physical deformity or physical malfunction; or
672	(C) support a weak or deformed portion of the body; and
673	(ii) listed as eligible for payment under:
674	(A) Title XVIII of the federal Social Security Act; or
675	(B) the state plan for medical assistance under Title XIX of the federal Social Security

677	(b) "Prosthetic device" includes:
678	(i) parts used in the repairs or renovation of a prosthetic device; or
679	(ii) replacement parts for a prosthetic device.
680	(c) "Prosthetic device" does not include:
681	(i) corrective eyeglasses;
682	(ii) contact lenses;
683	(iii) hearing aids; or
684	(iv) dental prostheses.
685	(56) (a) "Protective equipment" means an item:
686	(i) for human wear; and
687	(ii) that is:
688	(A) designed as protection:
689	(I) to the wearer against injury or disease; or
690	(II) against damage or injury of other persons or property; and
691	(B) not suitable for general use.
692	(b) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
693	commission shall make rules:
694	(i) listing the items that constitute "protective equipment"; and
695	(ii) that are consistent with the list of items that constitute "protective equipment"
696	under the agreement.
697	(57) (a) "Purchase price" and "sales price" mean the total amount of consideration:
698	(i) valued in money; and
699	(ii) for which tangible personal property or services are:
700	(A) sold;
701	(B) leased; or
702	(C) rented.
703	(b) "Purchase price" and "sales price" include:
704	(i) the seller's cost of the tangible personal property or services sold;
705	(ii) expenses of the seller, including:
706	(A) the cost of materials used;
707	(B) a labor cost;

708	(C) a service cost;
709	(D) interest;
710	(E) a loss;
711	(F) the cost of transportation to the seller; or
712	(G) a tax imposed on the seller;
713	(iii) a charge by the seller for any service necessary to complete the sale;
714	(iv) a delivery charge; or
715	(v) an installation charge.
716	(c) "Purchase price" and "sales price" do not include:
717	(i) a discount:
718	(A) in a form including:
719	(I) cash;
720	(II) term; or
721	(III) coupon;
722	(B) that is allowed by a seller;
723	(C) taken by a purchaser on a sale; and
724	(D) that is not reimbursed by a third party; or
725	(ii) the following if separately stated on an invoice, bill of sale, or similar document
726	provided to the purchaser:
727	(A) the amount of a trade-in;
728	(B) the following from credit extended on the sale of tangible personal property or
729	services:
730	(I) interest charges;
731	(II) financing charges; or
732	(III) carrying charges; or
733	(C) a tax or fee legally imposed directly on the consumer.
734	(58) "Purchaser" means a person to whom:
735	(a) a sale of tangible personal property is made; or
736	(b) a service is furnished.
737	(59) "Regularly rented" means:
738	(a) rented to a guest for value three or more times during a calendar year; or

739	(b) advertised or held out to the public as a place that is regularly rented to guests for
740	value.
741	(60) "Renewable energy" means:
742	(a) biomass energy;
743	(b) hydroelectric energy;
744	(c) geothermal energy;
745	(d) solar energy; or
746	(e) wind energy.
747	(61) (a) "Renewable energy production facility" means a facility that:
748	(i) uses renewable energy to produce electricity; and
749	(ii) has a production capacity of 20 kilowatts or greater.
750	(b) A facility is a renewable energy production facility regardless of whether the
751	facility is:
752	(i) connected to an electric grid; or
753	(ii) located on the premises of an electricity consumer.
754	(62) "Rental" is as defined in Subsection (35).
755	(63) "Residential use" means the use in or around a home, apartment building, sleeping
756	quarters, and similar facilities or accommodations.
757	(64) "Retail sale" or "sale at retail" means a sale, lease, or rental for a purpose other
758	than:
759	(a) resale;
760	(b) sublease; or
761	(c) subrent.
762	(65) (a) "Retailer" means any person engaged in a regularly organized business in
763	tangible personal property or any other taxable transaction under Subsection 59-12-103(1), and
764	who is selling to the user or consumer and not for resale.
765	(b) "Retailer" includes commission merchants, auctioneers, and any person regularly
766	engaged in the business of selling to users or consumers within the state.
767	(66) (a) "Sale" means any transfer of title, exchange, or barter, conditional or
768	otherwise, in any manner, of tangible personal property or any other taxable transaction under
769	Subsection 59-12-103(1), for consideration.

770	(b) "Sale" includes:
771	(i) installment and credit sales;
772	(ii) any closed transaction constituting a sale;
773	(iii) any sale of electrical energy, gas, services, or entertainment taxable under this
774	chapter;
775	(iv) any transaction if the possession of property is transferred but the seller retains the
776	title as security for the payment of the price; and
777	(v) any transaction under which right to possession, operation, or use of any article of
778	tangible personal property is granted under a lease or contract and the transfer of possession
779	would be taxable if an outright sale were made.
780	(67) "Sale at retail" is as defined in Subsection (64).
781	(68) "Sale-leaseback transaction" means a transaction by which title to tangible
782	personal property that is subject to a tax under this chapter is transferred:
783	(a) by a purchaser-lessee;
784	(b) to a lessor;
785	(c) for consideration; and
786	(d) if:
787	(i) the purchaser-lessee paid sales and use tax on the purchaser-lessee's initial purchase
788	of the tangible personal property;
789	(ii) the sale of the tangible personal property to the lessor is intended as a form of
790	financing:
791	(A) for the property; and
792	(B) to the purchaser-lessee; and
793	(iii) in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, the purchaser-lessee
794	is required to:
795	(A) capitalize the property for financial reporting purposes; and
796	(B) account for the lease payments as payments made under a financing arrangement.
797	(69) "Sales price" is as defined in Subsection (57).
798	(70) (a) "Sales relating to schools" means the following sales by, amounts paid to, or
799	amounts charged by a school:
800	(i) sales that are directly related to the school's educational functions or activities

801	including:
802	(A) the sale of:
803	(I) textbooks;
804	(II) textbook fees;
805	(III) laboratory fees;
806	(IV) laboratory supplies; or
807	(V) safety equipment;
808	(B) the sale of a uniform, protective equipment, or sports or recreational equipment
809	that:
810	(I) a student is specifically required to wear as a condition of participation in a
811	school-related event or school-related activity; and
812	(II) is not readily adaptable to general or continued usage to the extent that it takes the
813	place of ordinary clothing;
814	(C) sales of the following if the net or gross revenues generated by the sales are
815	deposited into a school district fund or school fund dedicated to school meals:
816	(I) food and food ingredients; or
817	(II) prepared food; or
818	(D) transportation charges for official school activities; or
819	(ii) amounts paid to or amounts charged by a school for admission to a school-related
820	event or school-related activity.
821	(b) "Sales relating to schools" does not include:
822	(i) bookstore sales of items that are not educational materials or supplies;
823	(ii) except as provided in Subsection (70)(a)(i)(B):
824	(A) clothing;
825	(B) clothing accessories or equipment;
826	(C) protective equipment; or
827	(D) sports or recreational equipment; or
828	(iii) amounts paid to or amounts charged by a school for admission to a school-related
829	event or school-related activity if the amounts paid or charged are passed through to a person:
830	(A) other than a:
831	(I) school;

832	(II) nonprofit organization authorized by a school board or a governing body of a
833	private school to organize and direct a competitive secondary school activity; or
834	(III) nonprofit association authorized by a school board or a governing body of a
835	private school to organize and direct a competitive secondary school activity; and
836	(B) that is required to collect sales and use taxes under this chapter.
837	(c) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
838	commission may make rules defining the term "passed through."
839	(71) For purposes of this section and Section 59-12-104, "school" means:
840	(a) an elementary school or a secondary school that:
841	(i) is a:
842	(A) public school; or
843	(B) private school; and
844	(ii) provides instruction for one or more grades kindergarten through 12; or
845	(b) a public school district.
846	(72) "Seller" means a person that makes a sale, lease, or rental of:
847	(a) tangible personal property; or
848	(b) a service.
849	(73) (a) "Semiconductor fabricating or processing materials" means tangible personal
850	property:
851	(i) used primarily in the process of:
852	(A) (I) manufacturing a semiconductor; or
853	(II) fabricating a semiconductor; or
854	(B) maintaining an environment suitable for a semiconductor; or
855	(ii) consumed primarily in the process of:
856	(A) (I) manufacturing a semiconductor; or
857	(II) fabricating a semiconductor; or
858	(B) maintaining an environment suitable for a semiconductor.
859	(b) "Semiconductor fabricating or processing materials" includes:
860	(i) parts used in the repairs or renovations of tangible personal property described in
861	Subsection (73)(a); or
862	(ii) a chemical, catalyst, or other material used to:

863	(A) produce or induce in a semiconductor a:
864	(I) chemical change; or
865	(II) physical change;
866	(B) remove impurities from a semiconductor; or
867	(C) improve the marketable condition of a semiconductor.
868	(74) "Senior citizen center" means a facility having the primary purpose of providing
869	services to the aged as defined in Section 62A-3-101.
870	(75) "Simplified electronic return" means the electronic return:
871	(a) described in Section 318(C) of the agreement; and
872	(b) approved by the governing board of the agreement.
873	(76) "Solar energy" means the sun used as the sole source of energy for producing
874	electricity.
875	(77) (a) "Sports or recreational equipment" means an item:
876	(i) designed for human use; and
877	(ii) that is:
878	(A) worn in conjunction with:
879	(I) an athletic activity; or
880	(II) a recreational activity; and
881	(B) not suitable for general use.
882	(b) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
883	commission shall make rules:
884	(i) listing the items that constitute "sports or recreational equipment"; and
885	(ii) that are consistent with the list of items that constitute "sports or recreational
886	equipment" under the agreement.
887	(78) "State" means the state of Utah, its departments, and agencies.
888	(79) "Storage" means any keeping or retention of tangible personal property or any
889	other taxable transaction under Subsection 59-12-103(1), in this state for any purpose except
890	sale in the regular course of business.
891	(80) (a) "Tangible personal property" means personal property that:
892	(i) may be:
893	(A) seen;

894	(B) weighed;
895	(C) measured;
896	(D) felt; or
897	(E) touched; or
898	(ii) is in any manner perceptible to the senses.
899	(b) "Tangible personal property" includes:
900	(i) electricity;
901	(ii) water;
902	(iii) gas;
903	(iv) steam; or
904	(v) prewritten computer software.
905	(81) (a) "Telephone service" means a two-way transmission:
906	(i) by:
907	(A) wire;
908	(B) radio;
909	(C) lightwave; or
910	(D) other electromagnetic means; and
911	(ii) of one or more of the following:
912	(A) a sign;
913	(B) a signal;
914	(C) writing;
915	(D) an image;
916	(E) sound;
917	(F) a message;
918	(G) data; or
919	(H) other information of any nature.
920	(b) "Telephone service" includes:
921	(i) mobile telecommunications service;
922	(ii) private communications service; or
923	(iii) automated digital telephone answering service.
924	(c) "Telephone service" does not include a service or a transaction that a state or a

- 925 political subdivision of a state is prohibited from taxing as of July 1, 2001, under the Internet 926 Tax Freedom Act, Pub. L. No. 105-277. 927 (82) Notwithstanding where a call is billed or paid, "telephone service address" means: 928 (a) if the location described in this Subsection (82)(a) is known, the location of the 929 telephone service equipment: 930 (i) to which a call is charged; and 931 (ii) from which the call originates or terminates; 932 (b) if the location described in Subsection (82)(a) is not known but the location 933 described in this Subsection (82)(b) is known, the location of the origination point of the signal 934 of the telephone service first identified by: 935 (i) the telecommunications system of the seller; or 936 (ii) if the system used to transport the signal is not that of the seller, information 937 received by the seller from its service provider; or 938 (c) if the locations described in Subsection (82)(a) or (b) are not known, the location of 939 a purchaser's primary place of use. 940 (83) (a) "Telephone service provider" means a person that: 941 (i) owns, controls, operates, or manages a telephone service; and 942 (ii) engages in an activity described in Subsection (83)(a)(i) for the shared use with or 943 resale to any person of the telephone service. 944 (b) A person described in Subsection (83)(a) is a telephone service provider whether or 945 not the Public Service Commission of Utah regulates: 946 (i) that person; or 947 (ii) the telephone service that the person owns, controls, operates, or manages. 948 (84) "Tobacco" means: 949 (a) a cigarette; 950 (b) a cigar; 951 (c) chewing tobacco; 952 (d) pipe tobacco; or 953 (e) any other item that contains tobacco. 954 (85) (a) "Use" means the exercise of any right or power over tangible personal property
- under Subsection 59-12-103(1), incident to the ownership or the leasing of that property, item,

956	or service.
957	(b) "Use" does not include the sale, display, demonstration, or trial of that property in
958	the regular course of business and held for resale.
959	(86) (a) Subject to Subsection (86)(b), "vehicle" means the following that are required
960	to be titled, registered, or titled and registered:
961	(i) an aircraft as defined in Section 72-10-102;
962	(ii) a vehicle as defined in Section 41-1a-102;
963	(iii) an off-highway vehicle as defined in Section 41-22-2; or
964	(iv) a vessel as defined in Section 41-1a-102.
965	(b) For purposes of Subsection 59-12-104(35) only, "vehicle" includes:
966	(i) a vehicle described in Subsection (86)(a); or
967	(ii) (A) a locomotive;
968	(B) a freight car;
969	(C) railroad work equipment; or
970	(D) other railroad rolling stock.
971	(87) "Vehicle dealer" means a person engaged in the business of buying, selling, or
972	exchanging a vehicle as defined in Subsection (86).
973	(88) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (88)(b), "waste energy facility" means a
974	facility that generates electricity:
975	(i) using as the primary source of energy waste materials that would be placed in a
976	landfill or refuse pit if it were not used to generate electricity, including:
977	(A) tires;
978	(B) waste coal; or
979	(C) oil shale; and
980	(ii) in amounts greater than actually required for the operation of the facility.
981	(b) "Waste energy facility" does not include a facility that incinerates:
982	(i) municipal solid waste;
983	(ii) hospital waste as defined in 40 C.F.R. 60.51c; or
984	(iii) medical/infectious waste as defined in 40 C.F.R. 60.51c.
985	(89) "Watercraft" means a vessel as defined in Section 73-18-2.
986	(90) "Wind energy" means wind used as the sole source of energy to produce

987	electricity.
988	(91) "ZIP Code" means a Zoning Improvement Plan Code assigned to a geographic
989	location by the United States Postal Service.
990	Section 5. Section 59-12-207.1 is amended to read:
991	59-12-207.1. Definitions Location of certain transactions Reports to
992	commission Direct payment provision for a seller making certain purchases
993	Exceptions Rulemaking authority.
994	(1) As used in this section:
995	(a) (i) "Receive" and "receipt" mean:
996	(A) taking possession of tangible personal property;
997	(B) making first use of services; or
998	(C) for a digital good, the earlier of:
999	(I) taking possession of tangible personal property; or
1000	(II) making first use of services.
1001	(ii) "Receive" and "receipt" do not include possession by a shipping company on behalf
1002	of a purchaser.
1003	(b) "Transportation equipment" means:
1004	(i) a locomotive or railcar that is utilized for the carriage of persons or property in
1005	interstate commerce;
1006	(ii) a truck or truck-tractor with a gross vehicle weight rating of 10,001 pounds or more
1007	that is:
1008	(A) registered under Section 41-1a-301; and
1009	(B) operated under the authority of a carrier authorized and certificated:
1010	(I) by the United States Department of Transportation or another federal authority; and
1011	(II) to engage in the carriage of persons or property in interstate commerce;
1012	(iii) a trailer, semitrailer, or passenger bus that is:
1013	(A) registered under Section 41-1a-301; and
1014	(B) operated under the authority of a carrier authorized and certificated:
1015	(I) by the United States Department of Transportation or another federal authority; and
1016	(II) to engage in the carriage of persons or property in interstate commerce;
1017	(iv) an aircraft that is operated by an air carrier authorized and certificated:

1018	(A) by the United States Department of Transportation or another federal or foreign
1019	authority; and
1020	(B) to engage in the carriage of persons or property in interstate commerce; or
1021	(v) a container designed for use on, or a component part attached or secured on an item
1022	listed in Subsections (1)(b)(i) through (iv).
1023	(2) Except as provided in Subsections (8) and (14), if tangible personal property or a
1024	service that is subject to taxation under this chapter is received by a purchaser at a business
1025	location of a seller, the location of the transaction is the business location of the seller.
1026	(3) Subject to Subsection (10), and except as provided in Subsections (7), (8), (9), (11),
1027	and (14), if tangible personal property or a service that is subject to taxation under this chapter
1028	is not received by a purchaser at a business location of a seller, the location of the transaction is
1029	the location where the purchaser takes receipt of the tangible personal property or services.
1030	(4) Subject to Subsection (10), and except as provided in Subsections (7), (8), (9), (11),
1031	and (14), if Subsection (2) or (3) does not apply, the location of the transaction is the location
1032	indicated by an address for or other information on the purchaser if:
1033	(a) the address or other information is available from the seller's business records; and
1034	(b) use of the address or other information from the seller's records does not constitute
1035	bad faith.
1036	(5) (a) Subject to Subsection (10), and except as provided in Subsections (7), (8), (9),
1037	(11), and (14), if Subsection (2), (3), or (4) does not apply, the location of the transaction is the
1038	location indicated by an address for the purchaser if:
1039	(i) the address was obtained during the consummation of the transaction; and
1040	(ii) use of the address described in Subsection (5)(a)(i) does not constitute bad faith.
1041	(b) An address used under Subsection (5)(a) may include the address of a purchaser's
1042	payment instrument if no other address is available.
1043	(6) Subject to Subsection (10), and except as provided in Subsections (7), (8), (9), (11),
1044	and (14), if Subsection (2), (3), (4), or (5) does not apply or if a seller does not have sufficient
1045	information to apply Subsection (2), (3), (4), or (5), the location of the transaction is the
1046	location indicated by the address from which:
1047	(a) except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), for tangible personal property that is
1048	subject to taxation under this chapter, the tangible personal property was shipped;

1049	(b) notwithstanding Subsection (6)(a), for computer software delivered electronically
1050	or a digital good that is subject to taxation under this chapter, the computer software delivered
1051	electronically or digital good was first available for transmission by the seller; or
1052	(c) for a service that is subject to taxation under this chapter, the service was provided.
1053	(7) (a) As used in this Subsection (7), "shared ZIP Code" means:
1054	(i) a nine-digit ZIP Code that is located within two or more local taxing jurisdictions;
1055	or
1056	(ii) a five-digit ZIP Code that is located within two or more local taxing jurisdictions if:
1057	(A) a nine-digit ZIP Code is not available for a location; or
1058	(B) after exercising due diligence, a seller is unable to determine a nine-digit ZIP Code
1059	for a location.
1060	(b) Notwithstanding Subsections (3) through (6) and except as provided in Subsection
1061	(7)(d)(ii), if the location of a transaction determined under Subsections (3) through (6) is in a
1062	shared ZIP Code, the location of the transaction is:
1063	(i) if there is only one local taxing jurisdiction that imposes the lowest agreement
1064	combined tax rate for the shared ZIP Code, the local taxing jurisdiction that imposes the lowest
1065	agreement combined tax rate; or
1066	(ii) if two or more local taxing jurisdictions impose the lowest agreement combined tax
1067	rate for the shared ZIP Code, the local taxing jurisdiction that:
1068	(A) imposes the lowest agreement combined tax rate for the shared ZIP Code; and
1069	(B) has located within the local taxing jurisdiction the largest number of street
1070	addresses within the shared ZIP Code.
1071	(c) A seller shall collect a tax imposed under this chapter at the lowest agreement
1072	combined tax rate imposed within the local taxing jurisdiction in which the transaction is
1073	located under Subsection (7)(b) notwithstanding the following:
1074	(i) Section 59-12-204;
1075	(ii) Section 59-12-401;
1076	(iii) Section 59-12-402;
1077	(iv) Section 59-12-501;
1078	(v) Section 59-12-501.5;
1079	[(v)] <u>(vi)</u> Section 59-12-502;

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1080 (vii) Section 59-12-502.5; 1081 [(vi)] (viii) Section 59-12-703; 1082 [(vii)] (ix) Section 59-12-802; 1083 [(viii)](x) Section 59-12-804; 1084 [(ix)] (xi) Section 59-12-1001; 1085 [(x)] (xii) Section 59-12-1102; 1086 [(xi)] (xiii) Section 59-12-1302; 1087 [(xii)] (xiv) Section 59-12-1402; and 1088 [(xiii)] (xv) Section 59-12-1503. 1089 (d) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the 1090 commission may make rules: 1091 (i) providing for the circumstances under which a seller has exercised due diligence in 1092 determining the nine-digit ZIP Code for an address; or 1093 (ii) notwithstanding Subsection (7)(b), for determining the local taxing jurisdiction 1094 within which a transaction is located if a seller is unable to determine the local taxing 1095 jurisdiction within which the transaction is located under Subsection (7)(b). 1096 (8) Notwithstanding Subsections (2) through (6), the location of a transaction made 1097 with a direct payment permit described in Section 59-12-107.1 is: 1098 (a) for a tax imposed under Section 59-12-204, the location determined under Section 1099 59-12-205; or 1100 (b) for a tax imposed under this chapter other than under Section 59-12-204, the 1101 location at which the tangible personal property or service purchased using the direct payment 1102 permit is used. 1103 (9) Notwithstanding Subsections (3) through (5), the location of a purchase of direct 1104 mail is the location described in Subsection (6), if the purchaser of the direct mail: 1105 (a) has not been issued a direct payment permit under Section 59-12-107.1; and 1106 (b) does not provide the seller the form or information described in Subsection 1107 59-12-107.3(1). 1108 (10) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (10)(b), the location of a transaction 1109 determined under Subsections (3) through (6), (8), and (9), is the local taxing jurisdiction 1110 within which:

1111	(i) the nine-digit ZIP Code assigned to the location determined under Subsections (3)
1112	through (6), (8), and (9) is located; or
1113	(ii) the five-digit ZIP Code assigned to the location determined under Subsections (3)
1114	through (6), (8), and (9) is located if:
1115	(A) a nine-digit ZIP Code is not available for the location determined under
1116	Subsections (3) through (6), (8), and (9); or
1117	(B) after exercising due diligence, a seller is unable to determine a nine-digit ZIP Code
1118	for the location determined under Subsections (3) through (6), (8), and (9).
1119	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (10)(a), in accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah
1120	Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission may make rules for determining the local
1121	taxing jurisdiction within which a transaction is located if a seller is unable to determine the
1122	local taxing jurisdiction within which the transaction is located under Subsection (10)(a).
1123	(11) (a) As used in this Subsection (11), "florist delivery transaction" means a
1124	transaction commenced by a florist that transmits an order:
1125	(i) by:
1126	(A) telegraph;
1127	(B) telephone; or
1128	(C) a means of communication similar to Subsection (11)(a)(i)(A) or (B); and
1129	(ii) for delivery to another place:
1130	(A) in this state; or
1131	(B) outside this state.
1132	(b) Notwithstanding Subsections (3) through (6), beginning on July 1, 2004, through
1133	December 31, 2005, the location of a florist delivery transaction is the business location of the
1134	florist that commences the florist delivery transaction.
1135	(c) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
1136	commission may by rule:
1137	(i) define the terms:
1138	(A) "business location"; and
1139	(B) "florist";
1140	(ii) define what constitutes a means of communication similar to Subsection
1141	(11)(a)(i)(A) or (B): and

1141 (11)(a)(i)(A) or (B); and

1142	(iii) provide procedures for determining when a transaction is commenced.
1143	(12) If a purchaser knows at the time that the purchaser purchases a service, prewritten
1144	computer software delivered electronically, or a digital good that the service, prewritten
1145	computer software delivered electronically, or digital good will be concurrently available for
1146	use in more than one location, the purchaser shall:
1147	(a) determine the location of the transaction under this section for each location in
1148	which the service, prewritten computer software delivered electronically, or digital good will
1149	be concurrently available for use; and
1150	(b) apportion the purchase price of the service, prewritten computer software delivered
1151	electronically, or digital good:
1152	(i) among each location determined under Subsection (12)(a); and
1153	(ii) in accordance with Section 59-12-107.2.
1154	(13) (a) A tax collected under this chapter shall be reported to the commission on a
1155	form that identifies the location of each transaction that occurred during the return filing
1156	period.
1157	(b) The form described in Subsection (13)(a) shall be filed with the commission as
1158	required under this chapter.
1159	(14) This section does not apply to:
1160	(a) amounts charged by a seller for:
1161	(i) telephone service;
1162	(ii) the retail sale or transfer of:
1163	(A) a motor vehicle other than a motor vehicle that is transportation equipment;
1164	(B) an aircraft other than an aircraft that is transportation equipment;
1165	(C) a watercraft;
1166	(D) a modular home;
1167	(E) a manufactured home; or
1168	(F) a mobile home; or
1169	(iii) except as provided in Section 59-12-207.3, the lease or rental of tangible personal
1170	property other than tangible personal property that is transportation equipment; or
1171	(b) a tax paid under this chapter:
1172	(i) by a seller; and

1173	(ii) for the seller's purchases.
1174	Section 6. Section 59-12-501 is amended to read:
1175	59-12-501. Public transit tax Base Rate Voter approval.
1176	(1) (a) (i) Except as provided in Subsections (1)(a)(ii) and 59-12-207.1(7)(c), in
1177	addition to other sales and use taxes, any county, city, or town within a transit district
1178	organized under Title 17A, Chapter 2, Part 10, Utah Public Transit District Act, may impose a
1179	sales and use tax of [up to] .25% on the transactions described in Subsection 59-12-103(1)
1180	located within the county, city, or town, to fund a public transportation system.
1181	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a)(i), a county, city, or town may not impose a tax
1182	under this section on the sales and uses described in Section 59-12-104 to the extent the sales
1183	and uses are exempt from taxation under Section 59-12-104.
1184	(b) For purposes of this Subsection (1), the location of a transaction shall be
1185	determined in accordance with Sections 59-12-207.1 through 59-12-207.4.
1186	(c) (i) A county, city, or town may impose a tax under this section only if the governing
1187	body of the county, city, or town, by resolution, submits the proposal to all the qualified voters
1188	within the county, city, or town for approval at a general or special election conducted in the
1189	manner provided by statute.
1190	(ii) An election under Subsection 17B-2-512(3)(a)(ii) approving the annexation of an
1191	area to a public transit district or local district and approving for that annexed area the sales and
1192	use tax authorized by this section satisfies the election requirement of Subsection (1)(c)(i) for
1193	the area to be annexed to the public transit district or local district.
1194	(2) (a) If only a portion of a county is included within a public transit district, the
1195	proposal may be submitted only to the qualified voters residing within the boundaries of the
1196	proposed or existing public transit district.
1197	(b) Notice of any such election shall be given by the county, city, or town governing
1198	body 15 days in advance in the manner prescribed by statute.
1199	(c) If a majority of the voters voting in such election approve the proposal, it shall
1200	become effective on the date provided by the county, city, or town governing body.
1201	(3) This section may not be construed to require an election in jurisdictions where
1202	voters have previously approved a public transit sales or use tax.
1203	Section 7. Section 59-12-501.5 is enacted to read:

1204	59-12-501.5. Countywide public transit tax Base Rate Voter Approval.
1205	(1) As used in this section, "public transit district" means a public transit district
1206	organized under Title 17A, Chapter 2, Part 10, Utah Public Transit District Act, that has more
1207	than 200,000 people residing within the district boundaries.
1208	(2) (a) Subject to the other provisions of this part, if a single public transit district has
1209	60% or more of the population of a county residing within the public transit district boundaries,
1210	beginning on or after July 1, 2005, the county legislative body may impose a sales and use tax
1211	<u>of .25%:</u>
1212	(i) except as provided in Subsections (2)(b) and 59-12-207.1(7)(c), on the transactions:
1213	(A) described in Subsection 59-12-103(1);
1214	(B) within the county, including the cities and towns within the county;
1215	(ii) for the purpose of funding public transportation system operations, costs, and
1216	improvements.
1217	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(a)(i), a county legislative body may not impose a
1218	tax under this section on the sales and uses described in Section 59-12-104 to the extent the
1219	sales and uses are exempt from taxation under Section 59-12-104.
1220	(c) For purposes of this Subsection (2), the location of a transaction shall be
1221	determined in accordance with Sections 59-12-207.1 through 59-12-207.4.
1222	(d) (i) Population figures for purposes of this section shall be based on the most recent
1223	official census or census estimate of the United States Census Bureau.
1224	(ii) If a needed population estimate is not available from the United States Census
1225	Bureau, population figures shall be derived from the estimate from the Utah Population
1226	Estimates Committee created by executive order of the governor.
1227	(3) (a) Before imposing a tax under this section, a county legislative body shall:
1228	(i) adopt a resolution to impose a tax under this section; and
1229	(ii) submit an opinion question to the county's registered voters voting on the
1230	imposition of the tax so that each registered voter has the opportunity to express the registered
1231	voter's opinion on whether a tax should be imposed under this section.
1232	(b) The election required by this Subsection (3) shall be held:
1233	(i) (A) at a regular general election; and
1234	(B) in accordance with the procedures and requirements of Title 20A, Election Code,

1235	governing regular general elections; or
1236	(ii) (A) at a special election called by the county legislative body;
1237	(B) only on the date of a municipal general election provided in Subsection
1238	<u>20A-1-202(1); and</u>
1239	(C) in accordance with the procedures and requirements of Title 20A, Election Code,
1240	for holding municipal general elections.
1241	(c) The ballot question for the opinion question submitted under Subsection (3)(a) shall
1242	read:
1243	"Shall the county be a part of a public transit district?
1244	If a majority of the county's registered voters voting in the election approve becoming a
1245	part of a public transit district, the county shall be annexed into the public transit district and a
1246	sales and use tax of .25% shall be imposed countywide to fund public transportation
1247	operations, costs, and improvements of the transit district. The .25% sales and use tax shall
1248	supersede the existing sales and use taxes imposed by the county or a city or town within the
1249	county that are used to fund public transportation."
1250	(4) If the majority of the county's registered voters voting in the election on the
1251	proposal under Subsection (3), vote in favor of the proposal described in Subsection (3):
1252	(a) the county shall be annexed into the public transit district;
1253	(b) the county legislative body shall provide notice to the commission of the imposition
1254	of a tax under this section within 30 days after the canvass of the election described in
1255	Subsection (3);
1256	(c) the tax under this section shall take effect on the first day of the calendar quarter
1257	after the 90-day period described in Subsection 59-12-504(2);
1258	(d) subject to Subsections (4)(e) and (f), if a city or town located within the county
1259	imposes a tax under Section 59-12-501 or the county imposes a tax under Section 59-12-501
1260	the tax shall be repealed:
1261	(i) on the day on which a tax under this section takes effect in accordance with
1262	Subsection (4)(c); and
1263	(ii) in accordance with Section 59-12-504;
1264	(e) (i) if, on the day on which a tax under this section takes effect as provided in

1265 <u>Subsection (4)(c), any revenues generated by a tax imposed by a city or town under Section</u>

1266	59-12-501 are used as a source of repayment for debt service on any bonded indebtedness or
1267	other obligations:
1268	(A) the county legislative body shall distribute to the city or town an amount of
1269	revenues generated by a tax under this section equal to the amount necessary to pay the debt
1270	service on the bonded indebtedness or other obligations; and
1271	(B) the city or town shall expend the amount described in Subsection $(4)(e)(i)(A)$ to
1272	repay the bonded indebtedness;
1273	(ii) the city or town may through an interlocal agreement, authorize the distribution
1274	directly to the public transit district or other entity to pay the debt or other obligation;
1275	(f) if, on the day on which a tax under this section takes effect as provided in
1276	Subsection (4)(c), any revenues generated by a tax imposed by a county under Section
1277	59-12-501 are used as a source of repayment for debt service on any bonded indebtedness or
1278	other obligations, the county legislative body shall use the revenues generated by a tax under
1279	this section to repay the bonded indebtedness; and
1280	(g) if a county has adopted a resolution under Subsection (3)(a), a transit district may
1281	not incur any new debt or obligation using revenue under Section 59-12-501 for a county that
1282	has expressed its intent to hold an election under this section until after the election results
1283	have been certified.
1284	(5) If a county legislative body imposes a tax under this section and a majority of the
1285	county's registered voters voting in an election under Subsection (3) vote in favor of the
1286	imposition of a tax under this section, beginning on the date the tax under this section is
1287	imposed:
1288	(a) the county legislative body may not impose a sales and use tax under Section
1289	<u>59-12-501; and</u>
1290	(b) a city or town within the county may not impose a sales and use tax under Section
1291	<u>59-12-501 or 59-12-502.</u>
1292	Section 8. Section 59-12-502 is amended to read:
1293	59-12-502. Additional public transit tax for expanded system and fixed guideway
1294	and interstate improvements Base Rate Voter approval.
1295	(1) (a) (i) Except as provided in Subsections (1)(a)(ii) and 59-12-207.1(7)(c), and in
1296	addition to other sales and use taxes, including the public transit district tax authorized by

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1007	Section 50, 12, 501, a country site, on town within a town it distaint and and Till 17.4
1297	Section 59-12-501, a county, city, or town within a transit district organized under Title 17A,
1298	Chapter 2, Part 10, Utah Public Transit District Act, may impose a sales and use tax of .25% on
1299	the transactions described in Subsection 59-12-103(1) located within the county, city, or town,
1300	to fund a fixed guideway and expanded public transportation system.
1301	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a)(i), a county, city, or town may not impose a tax
1302	under this section on the sales and uses described in Section 59-12-104 to the extent the sales
1303	and uses are exempt from taxation under Section 59-12-104.
1304	(b) For purposes of this Subsection (1), the location of a transaction shall be
1305	determined in accordance with Sections 59-12-207.1 through 59-12-207.4.
1306	(c) (i) A county, city, or town may impose the tax under this section only if the
1307	governing body of the county, city, or town submits, by resolution, the proposal to all the
1308	qualified voters within the county, city, or town for approval at a general or special election
1309	conducted in the manner provided by statute.
1310	(ii) Notice of the election under Subsection $(1)(c)(i)$ shall be given by the county, city,
1311	or town governing body 15 days in advance in the manner prescribed by statute.
1312	(2) If the majority of the voters voting in this election approve the proposal, it shall
1313	become effective on the date provided by the county, city, or town governing body.
1314	(3) (a) This section may not be construed to require an election in jurisdictions where
1315	voters have previously approved a public transit sales or use tax.
1316	(b) This section shall be construed to require an election to impose the sales and use
1317	tax authorized by this section, including jurisdictions where the voters have previously
1318	approved the sales and use tax authorized by Section 59-12-501, but this section may not be
1319	construed to affect the sales and use tax authorized by Section 59-12-501.
1320	(4) No public funds shall be spent to promote the required election.
1321	(5) Notwithstanding the designated use of revenues in Subsection (1), of the revenues
1322	generated by the tax imposed under this section by any county of the first class:
1323	(a) 75% shall be allocated to fund a fixed guideway and expanded public transportation
1324	system; and
1325	(b) 25% shall be allocated to fund new construction, major renovations, and
1326	improvements to Interstate 15 and state highways within the county and to pay any debt service
1327	and bond issuance costs related to those projects.

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1328	(6) (a) Notwithstanding the designated use of revenues in Subsection (1), a county not
1329	covered under Subsection (5) may reallocate 25% of the revenues generated by the tax imposed
1330	under this section to fund new construction, major renovations, and improvements to Interstate
1331	15 and state highways within the county and to pay any debt service and bond issuance costs
1332	related to those projects.
1333	(b) Before reallocating 25% of the tax revenues under Subsection (6)(a), a county
1334	legislative body shall:
1335	(i) adopt a resolution to reallocate 25% of the revenues generated by the tax imposed
1336	under this section; and
1337	(ii) submit an opinion question to the county's registered voters voting on the
1338	reallocation of the tax revenues so that each registered voter has the opportunity to express the
1339	registered voter's opinion on whether a portion of the taxes should be reallocated under this
1340	Subsection (6).
1341	(c) The election required under this Subsection (6) shall be held:
1342	(i) (A) at a regular general election; and
1343	(B) in accordance with the procedures and requirements of Title 20A, Election Code,
1344	governing regular general elections; or
1345	(ii) (A) at a special election called by the county legislative body;
1346	(B) only on the date of a municipal general election provided in Subsection
1347	20A-1-202(1); and
1348	(C) in accordance with the procedures and requirements of Title 20A, Election Code,
1349	for holding municipal general elections.
1350	(d) If the majority of the county's registered voters voting in the election on the
1351	proposal under this Subsection (6), vote in favor of the proposal described in this Subsection
1352	<u>(6):</u>
1353	(i) the county legislative body shall provide notice to the commission of the
1354	reallocation of the tax revenues generated by the tax under this section within 30 days after the
1355	canvass of the election described in Subsection (6)(b)(ii);
1356	(ii) subject to Subsection (6)(d)(iii), the reallocation of the taxes under this Subsection
1357	(6) shall take effect on the first day of the calendar quarter after the 90-day period described in
1358	Subsection 59-12-504(2); and
1550	$\frac{500500001}{57} \frac{57}{12} \frac{500}{50} \frac{12}{50} \frac{12}{50} \frac{100}{50} \frac{100}$

1359	(iii) if, on the day on which a portion of the revenues generated by a tax under this
1360	section are reallocated as provided in Subsection (6)(d)(ii), that portion of the revenues
1361	generated by a tax under this section are used as a source of repayment for debt service on any
1362	bonded indebtedness or other obligations, the county legislative body shall use the reallocated
1363	portion of the revenues under this Subsection (6) to repay the bonded indebtedness.
1364	[(6)] (7) A county [of the first class] that allocates revenues under Subsections (5)(b)
1365	and (6) may, through an interlocal agreement, authorize the deposit or transfer of the portion of
1366	the revenues described in [Subsection] Subsections (5)(b) and (6) to the Public Transportation
1367	System Tax Highway Fund created in Section 72-2-121.
1368	Section 9. Section 59-12-502.5 is enacted to read:
1369	59-12-502.5. Countywide public transit tax for public transportation costs and
1370	improvements - Base Equalized rate Voter approval.
1371	(1) As used in this section, "public transit district" means a public transit district
1372	organized under Title 17A, Chapter 2, Part 10, Utah Public Transit District Act, that has more
1373	than 200,000 people residing within the district boundaries.
1374	(2) (a) Subject to the other provisions of this part, if a single public transit district has
1375	60% or more of the population of a county residing within the public transit district boundaries.
1376	beginning on or after July 1, 2005, the county legislative body may impose a sales and use tax
1377	<u>of .50%:</u>
1378	(i) except as provided in Subsections (2)(b) and 59-12-207.1(7)(c), on the transactions:
1379	(A) described in Subsection 59-12-103(1); and
1380	(B) within the county, including the cities and towns within the county; and
1381	(ii) for the purpose of funding public transportation system operations, costs, and
1382	improvements.
1383	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(a)(i), a county legislative body may not impose a
1384	tax under this section on the sales and uses described in Section 59-12-104 to the extent the
1385	sales and uses are exempt from taxation under Section 59-12-104.
1386	(c) For purposes of this Subsection (2), the location of a transaction shall be
1387	determined in accordance with Sections 59-12-207.1 through 59-12-207.4.
1388	(d) (i) Population figures for purposes of this section shall be based on the most recent
1389	official census or census estimate of the United States Census Bureau.

1390	(ii) If a needed population estimate is not available from the United States Census
1391	Bureau, population figures shall be derived from the estimate from the Utah Population
1392	Estimates Committee created by executive order of the governor.
1393	(3) (a) Before imposing a tax under this section, a county legislative body shall:
1394	(i) adopt a resolution to impose a tax under this section; and
1395	(ii) submit an opinion question to the county's registered voters voting on the
1396	imposition of the tax so that each registered voter has the opportunity to express the registered
1397	voter's opinion on whether a tax should be imposed under this section.
1398	(b) The election required by this Subsection (3) shall be held:
1399	(i) (A) at a regular general election; and
1400	(B) in accordance with the procedures and requirements of Title 20A, Election Code,
1401	governing regular general elections; or
1402	(ii) (A) at a special election called by the county legislative body;
1403	(B) only on the date of a municipal general election provided in Subsection
1404	<u>20A-1-202(1); and</u>
1405	(C) in accordance with the procedures and requirements of Title 20A, Election Code,
1406	for holding municipal general elections.
1407	(c) The ballot question for the proposal submitted under Subsection (3)(a) shall read:
1408	"Shall the county be a part of the public transit district?
1409	If a majority of the county's registered voters voting in the election approve becoming a
1410	part of that public transit district, the county shall be annexed into the public transit district and
1411	a sales and use tax of .50% shall be imposed countywide to fund public transportation
1412	operations, costs, and improvements of the transit district. The .50% sales and use tax shall
1413	supersede the existing sales and use taxes imposed by the county or a city or town within the
1414	county that are used to fund public transportation."
1415	(4) If a majority of the county's registered voters voting in the election on the proposal
1416	under Subsection (3), vote in favor of the proposal described in Subsection (3):
1417	(a) the county shall be annexed into the public transit district;
1418	(b) the county legislative body shall provide notice to the commission of the imposition
1419	of a tax under this section within 30 days after the canvass of the election described in
1420	Subsection (3);

1421	(c) the tax under this section shall take effect on the first day of the first calendar
1422	quarter after the 90-day period described in Subsection 59-12-504(2);
1423	(d) subject to Subsections (4)(e) and (f), if a city or town located within the county
1424	imposes a tax under Section 59-12-501 or 59-12-502 or the county imposes a tax under Section
1425	59-12-501, 59-12-501.5, or 59-12-502 the tax shall be repealed:
1426	(i) on the day on which a tax under this section takes effect in accordance with
1427	Subsection (4)(c); and
1428	(ii) in accordance with Section 59-12-504;
1429	(e) (i) if, on the day on which a tax under this section takes effect as provided in
1430	Subsection (4)(c), any revenues generated by a tax imposed by a city or town under Section
1431	59-12-501 or 59-12-502 are used as a source of repayment for debt service on any bonded
1432	indebtedness or other obligations:
1433	(A) the county legislative body shall distribute to the city or town an amount of
1434	revenues generated by a tax under this section equal to the amount necessary to pay the debt
1435	service on the bonded indebtedness or other obligations; and
1436	(B) the city or town shall expend the amount described in Subsection $(4)(e)(i)(A)$ to
1437	repay the bonded indebtedness;
1438	(ii) the city or town may through an interlocal agreement, authorize the distribution
1439	directly to the public transit district or other entity to pay the debt or other obligation;
1440	(f) if, on the day on which a tax under this section takes effect as provided in
1441	Subsection (4)(c), any revenues generated by a tax imposed by a county under Section
1442	59-12-501, 59-12-501.5, or 59-12-502 are used as a source of repayment for debt service on
1443	any bonded indebtedness or other obligations, the county legislative body shall use the
1444	revenues generated by a tax under this section to repay the bonded indebtedness; and
1445	(g) if a county has adopted a resolution under Subsection (3)(a), a transit district may
1446	not incur any new debt or obligation using revenue under Section 59-12-501, 59-12-501.5, or
1447	59-12-502 for a county that has expressed its intent to hold an election under this section until
1448	after the election results have been certified.
1449	(5) If a county legislative body imposes a tax under this section and a majority of the
1450	county's registered voters voting in an election under Subsection (3) vote in favor of the
1451	imposition of a tax under this section, beginning on the date the tax under this section is

1452	imposed:
1453	(a) the county legislative body may not impose a sales and use tax under Sections
1454	59-12-501, 59-12-501.5, and 59-12-502; and
1455	(b) a city or town within the county may not impose a sales and use tax under Section
1456	<u>59-12-501 or 59-12-502.</u>
1457	(6) (a) Notwithstanding the designated use of revenues under Subsection (1)(a)(ii), a
1458	county legislative body may allocate 1/16% to fund new construction, major renovations, and
1459	improvements to Interstate 15 and state highways within the county and to pay any debt service
1460	and bond issuance costs related to those projects.
1461	(b) Before allocating 1/16% of the tax revenues under Subsection (6)(a), a county
1462	legislative body shall:
1463	(i) in a resolution adopted Subsection (3)(a)(i), specify that 1/16% of the revenues
1464	generated by the tax imposed under this section shall be used to fund new construction, major
1465	renovations, and improvements to Interstate 15 and state highways within the county and to pay
1466	any debt service and bond issuance costs related to those projects; and
1467	(ii) submit, as part of an opinion question under Subsection (3)(a)(ii), the proposal to
1468	allocate 1/16% of the tax revenues to be used for the purposes described in Subsection (6)(a) so
1469	that each registered voter has the opportunity to express the registered voter's opinion on
1470	whether a portion of the taxes should be allocated to be used for the purposes under Subsection
1471	<u>(6)(a).</u>
1472	(c) A county that allocates revenues under this Subsection (6) may, through an
1473	interlocal agreement, authorize the deposit or transfer of the portion of the revenues described
1474	in Subsections (6)(a) to the Public Transportation System Tax Highway Fund created in
1475	Section 72-2-121.
1476	Section 10. Section 59-12-503 is amended to read:
1477	59-12-503. Public transit taxes Local option direct transfer.
1478	A county or municipality may elect, in writing, to have the portion of the monthly funds
1479	transfer that is collected as a public transit sales and use tax under Sections 59-12-501 [and],
1480	59-12-501.5, 59-12-502, and 59-12-502.5 to be transferred directly to a designated public
1481	transit district, subject to the same charge as described under Section 59-12-206.
1482	Section 11. Section 59-12-504 is amended to read:

1483	59-12-504. Enactment or repeal of tax Effective date Notice requirements
1484	Administration, collection, and enforcement of tax.
1485	(1) For purposes of this section:
1486	(a) "Annexation" means an annexation to:
1487	(i) a county under Title 17, Chapter 2, Annexation to County; or
1488	(ii) a city or town under Title 10, Chapter 2, Part 4, Annexation.
1489	(b) "Annexing area" means an area that is annexed into a county, city, or town.
1490	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(c) or (d), if, on or after July 1, 2004, a
1491	county, city, or town enacts or repeals a tax under this part, the enactment or repeal shall take
1492	effect:
1493	(i) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
1494	(ii) after a 90-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice meeting
1495	the requirements of Subsection (2)(b) from the county, city, or town.
1496	(b) The notice described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii) shall state:
1497	(i) that the county, city, or town will enact or repeal a tax under this part;
1498	(ii) the statutory authority for the tax described in Subsection (2)(b)(i);
1499	(iii) the effective date of the tax described in Subsection (2)(b)(i); and
1500	(iv) if the county, city, or town enacts the tax described in Subsection (2)(b)(i), the rate
1501	of the tax.
1502	(c) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(a), for a transaction described in Subsection
1503	(2)(c)(iii), the enactment of a tax shall take effect on the first day of the first billing period:
1504	(A) that begins after the effective date of the enactment of the tax; and
1505	(B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the
1506	enactment of the tax under:
1507	(I) Section 59-12-501; [or]
1508	(II) Section 59-12-501.5;
1509	[(II)] <u>(III)</u> Section 59-12-502[;]; or
1510	(IV) Section 59-12-502.5.
1511	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(a), for a transaction described in Subsection
1512	(2)(c)(iii), the repeal of a tax shall take effect on the first day of the last billing period:
1513	(A) that began before the effective date of the repeal of the tax; and

1514	(B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the repeal
1515	of the tax imposed under:
1516	(I) Section 59-12-501; [or]
1517	<u>(II) Section 59-12-501.5;</u>
1518	[(III)] <u>(III</u>) Section 59-12-502[.]; or
1519	(IV) Section 59-12-502.5.
1520	(iii) Subsections (2)(c)(i) and (ii) apply to transactions subject to a tax under:
1521	(A) Subsection 59-12-103(1)(b);
1522	(B) Subsection 59-12-103(1)(c);
1523	(C) Subsection 59-12-103(1)(d);
1524	(D) Subsection 59-12-103(1)(e);
1525	(E) Subsection 59-12-103(1)(f);
1526	(F) Subsection 59-12-103(1)(g);
1527	(G) Subsection 59-12-103(1)(h);
1528	(H) Subsection 59-12-103(1)(i);
1529	(I) Subsection 59-12-103(1)(j); or
1530	(J) Subsection $59-12-103(1)(k)$.
1531	(d) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(a), if a tax due under this chapter on a catalogue
1532	sale is computed on the basis of sales and use tax rates published in the catalogue, an
1533	enactment or repeal of a tax described in Subsection (2)(a) takes effect:
1534	(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
1535	(B) beginning 60 days after the effective date of the enactment or repeal under
1536	Subsection (2)(a).
1537	(ii) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
1538	the commission may by rule define the term "catalogue sale."
1539	(3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(c) or (d), if, for an annexation that occurs
1540	on or after July 1, 2004, the annexation will result in the enactment or repeal of a tax under this
1541	part for an annexing area, the enactment or repeal shall take effect:
1542	(i) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
1543	(ii) after a 90-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice meeting
1544	the requirements of Subsection (3)(b) from the county, city, or town that annexes the annexing

1545	area.
1546	(b) The notice described in Subsection (3)(a)(ii) shall state:
1547	(i) that the annexation described in Subsection (3)(a) will result in an enactment or
1548	repeal of a tax under this part for the annexing area;
1549	(ii) the statutory authority for the tax described in Subsection (3)(b)(i);
1550	(iii) the effective date of the tax described in Subsection (3)(b)(i); and
1551	(iv) the rate of the tax described in Subsection (3)(b)(i).
1552	(c) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), for a transaction described in Subsection
1553	(3)(c)(iii), the enactment of a tax shall take effect on the first day of the first billing period:
1554	(A) that begins after the effective date of the enactment of the tax; and
1555	(B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the
1556	enactment of the tax under:
1557	(I) Section 59-12-501; [or]
1558	(II) Section 59-12-501.5;
1559	[(III)] <u>(III</u>) Section 59-12-502[.]; or
1560	(IV) Section 59-12-502.5.
1561	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), for a transaction described in Subsection
1562	(3)(c)(iii), the repeal of a tax shall take effect on the first day of the last billing period:
1563	(A) that began before the effective date of the repeal of the tax; and
1564	(B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the repeal
1565	of the tax imposed under:
1566	(I) Section 59-12-501; [or]
1567	(II) Section 59-12-501.5;
1568	[(III)] <u>(III</u>) Section 59-12-502[.]; or
1569	(IV) Section 59-12-502.5.
1570	(iii) Subsections (3)(c)(i) and (ii) apply to transactions subject to a tax under:
1571	(A) Subsection 59-12-103(1)(b);
1572	(B) Subsection 59-12-103(1)(c);
1573	(C) Subsection 59-12-103(1)(d);
1574	(D) Subsection 59-12-103(1)(e);
1575	(E) Subsection 59-12-103(1)(f);

1576	(F) Subsection 59-12-103(1)(g);
1577	(G) Subsection 59-12-103(1)(h);
1578	(H) Subsection 59-12-103(1)(i);
1579	(I) Subsection 59-12-103(1)(j); or
1580	(J) Subsection 59-12-103(1)(k).
1581	(d) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), if a tax due under this chapter on a catalogue
1582	sale is computed on the basis of sales and use tax rates published in the catalogue, an
1583	enactment or repeal of a tax described in Subsection (3)(a) takes effect:
1584	(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
1585	(B) beginning 60 days after the effective date of the enactment or repeal under
1586	Subsection (3)(a).
1587	(ii) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
1588	the commission may by rule define the term "catalogue sale."
1589	(4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), a tax authorized under this part shall be
1590	administered, collected, and enforced in accordance with:
1591	(i) the same procedures used to administer, collect, and enforce the tax under:
1592	(A) Part 1, Tax Collection; or
1593	(B) Part 2, Local Sales and Use Tax Act; and
1594	(ii) Chapter 1, General Taxation Policies.
1595	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(a), a tax under this part is not subject to
1596	Subsections 59-12-205(2) through (9).
1597	(c) (i) The commission may retain an amount of tax collected under this part of not to
1598	exceed the lesser of:
1599	<u>(A) 1.5%; or</u>
1600	(B) an amount equal to the cost to the commission of administering this part.
1601	(ii) Any amount the commission retains under Subsection (4)(c)(i) shall be:
1602	(A) placed in the Sales and Use Tax Administrative Fees Account; and
1603	(B) used as provided in Subsection 59-12-206(2).
1604	Section 12. Section 59-12-1001 is amended to read:
1605	59-12-1001. Authority to impose tax for highways or to fund a system for public
1606	transit Ordinance requirements Voter approval requirements Election

1607	requirements Notice of election requirements Exceptions to voter approval
1608	requirements Enactment or repeal of tax Effective date Notice requirements.
1609	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsections (1)(b) and 59-12-207.1(7)(c), a city or town
1610	in which the transactions described in Subsection 59-12-103(1) are not subject to a sales and
1611	use tax under Section 59-12-501, 59-12-501.5, or 59-12-502.5 may as provided in this part
1612	impose a sales and use tax of .25% on the transactions described in Subsection 59-12-103(1)
1613	located within the city or town.
1614	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), a city or town may not impose a tax under this
1615	section on the sales and uses described in Section 59-12-104 to the extent the sales and uses are
1616	exempt from taxation under Section 59-12-104.
1617	(c) For purposes of this Subsection (1), the location of a transaction shall be
1618	determined in accordance with Sections 59-12-207.1 through 59-12-207.4.
1619	(2) (a) A city or town imposing a tax under this part may use the revenues generated by
1620	the tax:
1621	(i) for the construction and maintenance of highways under the jurisdiction of the city
1622	or town imposing the tax;
1623	(ii) subject to Subsection (2)(b), to fund a system for public transit; or
1624	(iii) for a combination of the purposes described in Subsections (2)(a)(i) and (ii).
1625	(b) (i) For purposes of Subsection (2)(a)(ii) and except as provided in Subsection
1626	(2)(b)(ii), "public transit" is as defined in Section 17A-2-1004.
1627	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(b)(i), "public transit" does not include a fixed
1628	guideway system.
1629	(3) To impose a tax under this part, the governing body of the city or town shall:
1630	(a) pass an ordinance approving the tax; and
1631	(b) except as provided in Subsection (7), obtain voter approval for the tax as provided
1632	in Subsection (4).
1633	(4) To obtain voter approval for a tax under Subsection (3)(b), a city or town shall:
1634	(a) hold an election during:
1635	(i) a regular general election; or
1636	(ii) a municipal general election; and
1637	(b) publish notice of the election:

1638	(i) 15 days or more before the day on which the election is held; and
1639	(ii) in a newspaper of general circulation in the city or town.
1640	(5) An ordinance approving a tax under this part shall provide an effective date for the
1641	tax as provided in Subsection (6).
1642	(6) (a) For purposes of this Subsection (6):
1643	(i) "Annexation" means an annexation to a city or town under Title 10, Chapter 2, Part
1644	4, Annexation.
1645	(ii) "Annexing area" means an area that is annexed into a city or town.
1646	(b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(c) or (d), if, on or after July 1, 2004, a city
1647	or town enacts or repeals a tax under this part, the enactment or repeal shall take effect:
1648	(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
1649	(B) after a 90-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice meeting
1650	the requirements of Subsection (6)(b)(ii) from the city or town.
1651	(ii) The notice described in Subsection (6)(b)(i)(B) shall state:
1652	(A) that the city or town will enact or repeal a tax under this part;
1653	(B) the statutory authority for the tax described in Subsection (6)(b)(ii)(A);
1654	(C) the effective date of the tax described in Subsection (6)(b)(ii)(A); and
1655	(D) if the city or town enacts the tax described in Subsection (6)(b)(ii)(A), the rate of
1656	the tax.
1657	(c) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (6)(b)(i), for a transaction described in Subsection
1658	(6)(c)(iii), the enactment of a tax shall take effect on the first day of the first billing period:
1659	(A) that begins after the effective date of the enactment of the tax; and
1660	(B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the
1661	enactment of the tax under Subsection (1).
1662	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (6)(b)(i), for a transaction described in Subsection
1663	(6)(c)(iii), the repeal of a tax shall take effect on the first day of the last billing period:
1664	(A) that began before the effective date of the repeal of the tax; and
1665	(B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the repeal
1666	of the tax imposed under Subsection (1).
1667	(iii) Subsections (6)(c)(i) and (ii) apply to transactions subject to a tax under:
1668	(A) Subsection 59-12-103(1)(b);

1669	(B) Subsection 59-12-103(1)(c);
1670	(C) Subsection 59-12-103(1)(d);
1671	(D) Subsection 59-12-103(1)(e);
1672	(E) Subsection 59-12-103(1)(f);
1673	(F) Subsection 59-12-103(1)(g);
1674	(G) Subsection 59-12-103(1)(h);
1675	(H) Subsection 59-12-103(1)(i);
1676	(I) Subsection 59-12-103(1)(j); or
1677	(J) Subsection 59-12-103(1)(k).
1678	(d) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (6)(b)(i), if a tax due under this chapter on a
1679	catalogue sale is computed on the basis of sales and use tax rates published in the catalogue, an
1680	enactment or repeal of a tax described in Subsection (6)(b)(i) takes effect:
1681	(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
1682	(B) beginning 60 days after the effective date of the enactment or repeal under
1683	Subsection (6)(b)(i).
1684	(ii) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
1685	the commission may by rule define the term "catalogue sale."
1686	(e) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(f) or (g), if, for an annexation that occurs
1687	on or after July 1, 2004, the annexation will result in the enactment or repeal of a tax under this
1688	part for an annexing area, the enactment or repeal shall take effect:
1689	(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
1690	(B) after a 90-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice meeting
1691	the requirements of Subsection (6)(e)(ii) from the city or town that annexes the annexing area.
1692	(ii) The notice described in Subsection (6)(e)(i)(B) shall state:
1693	(A) that the annexation described in Subsection (6)(e)(i) will result in an enactment or
1694	repeal of a tax under this part for the annexing area;
1695	(B) the statutory authority for the tax described in Subsection (6)(e)(ii)(A);
1696	(C) the effective date of the tax described in Subsection (6)(e)(ii)(A); and
1697	(D) the rate of the tax described in Subsection (6)(e)(ii)(A).
1698	(f) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (6)(e)(i), for a transaction described in Subsection
1699	(6)(f)(iii), the enactment of a tax shall take effect on the first day of the first billing period:

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1700 (A) that begins after the effective date of the enactment of the tax; and 1701 (B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the 1702 enactment of the tax under Subsection (1). 1703 (ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (6)(e)(i), for a transaction described in Subsection 1704 (6)(f)(iii), the repeal of a tax shall take effect on the first day of the last billing period: 1705 (A) that began before the effective date of the repeal of the tax; and 1706 (B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the repeal 1707 of the tax imposed under Subsection (1). 1708 (iii) Subsections (6)(f)(i) and (ii) apply to transactions subject to a tax under: 1709 (A) Subsection 59-12-103(1)(b); 1710 (B) Subsection 59-12-103(1)(c); 1711 (C) Subsection 59-12-103(1)(d); (D) Subsection 59-12-103(1)(e); 1712 1713 (E) Subsection 59-12-103(1)(f); 1714 (F) Subsection 59-12-103(1)(g); 1715 (G) Subsection 59-12-103(1)(h); 1716 (H) Subsection 59-12-103(1)(i); 1717 (I) Subsection 59-12-103(1)(j); or 1718 (J) Subsection 59-12-103(1)(k). 1719 (g) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (6)(e)(i), if a tax due under this chapter on a 1720 catalogue sale is computed on the basis of sales and use tax rates published in the catalogue, an 1721 enactment or repeal of a tax described in Subsection (6)(e)(i) takes effect: 1722 (A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and 1723 (B) beginning 60 days after the effective date of the enactment or repeal under 1724 Subsection (6)(e)(i). 1725 (ii) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, 1726 the commission may by rule define the term "catalogue sale." 1727 (7) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(b), a city or town is not subject to the 1728 voter approval requirements of Subsection (3)(b) if: 1729 (i) on or before January 1, 1996, the city or town imposed a license fee or tax on 1730 businesses based on gross receipts pursuant to Section 10-1-203; or

1731	(ii) the city or town:
1732	(A) on or before June 30, 2002, obtained voter approval in accordance with Subsection
1733	(3)(b) to impose a tax under this part for a purpose described in Subsection (2)(a)(i); and
1734	(B) on or after July 1, 2002, uses the revenues generated by a tax under this part for a
1735	purpose described in Subsection (2)(a).
1736	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (7)(a), the exception from the voter approval
1737	requirements in Subsection (7)(a)(i) does not apply to a city or town that, on or before January
1738	1, 1996, imposed a license fee or tax on only one class of businesses based on gross receipts
1739	pursuant to Section 10-1-203.
1740	Section 13. Section 59-12-1502 is amended to read:
1741	59-12-1502. Definitions.
1742	As used in this part:
1743	(1) "Annexation" means an annexation to a county under Title 17, Chapter 2,
1744	Annexation to County.
1745	(2) "Annexing area" means an area that is annexed into a county.
1746	(3) "Qualifying county" means a county in which:
1747	(a) a sales and use tax authorized by Section 59-12-502 is not imposed by:
1748	$\left[\frac{(a)}{(a)}\right]$ (i) the county;
1749	[(b)] (ii) a city within the county; or
1750	[(c)] (iii) a town within the county[-]; or
1751	(b) a sales and use tax authorized by Section 59-12-502.5 is not imposed by the county.
1752	(4) "State highway" means a highway designated as a state highway under Title 72,
1753	Chapter 4, Designation of State Highways Act.
1754	(5) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b), "public transit" is as defined in Section
1755	17A-2-1004.
1756	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (5)(a), "public transit" does not include a fixed
1757	guideway system.
1758	Section 14. Section 72-2-121 is amended to read:
1759	72-2-121. Public Transportation System Tax Highway Fund.
1760	(1) There is created a special revenue fund entitled the Public Transportation System
1761	Tax Highway Fund.

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1762	(2) The fund consists of monies generated from the following revenue sources:
1763	(a) any voluntary contributions received for new construction, major renovations, and
1764	improvements to Interstate 15 and state highways within a county of the first class; and
1765	(b) the portion of the sales and use tax described in [Subsection] Subsections
1766	59-12-502(5)(b) and (6) and 59-12-502.5(6) deposited in or transferred to the fund through an
1767	interlocal agreement.
1768	(3) (a) The fund shall earn interest.
1769	(b) All interest earned on fund monies shall be deposited into the fund.
1770	(4) The executive director may use fund monies, as prioritized by the Transportation
1771	Commission, only for new construction, major renovations, and improvements to Interstate 15
1772	and state highways within [a] the county [of the first class] that has designated that portion of
1773	the sales and use tax under Subsection 59-12-502(5)(b) or (6) or 59-12-502.5(6) and to pay any
1774	debt service and bond issuance costs related to those projects.
1775	Section 15. Effective date.
1776	This hill takes effect on July 1, 2005

1776 <u>This bill takes effect on July 1, 2005.</u>