# **Representative David N. Cox** proposes the following substitute bill:

1	SCHOOL DISTRICT BOUNDARIES
2	2006 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: David N. Cox
5	Senate Sponsor: Curtis S. Bramble
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7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill modifies procedures related to the creation of a new school district.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	<ul> <li>allows the governing body of certain cities to establish a school district with</li> </ul>
13	boundaries contiguous with city boundaries;
14	► imposes requirements for the filing and processing of a petition or request to create
15	a new school district;
16	<ul> <li>requires the county legislative body to make district boundary changes when a</li> </ul>
17	request is made by certain cities;
18	<ul> <li>provides for transfer of property and indebtedness of affected districts consistent</li> </ul>
19	with procedures for other types of school district boundary changes;
20	<ul> <li>provides for certain treatment of transferred employees of affected districts; and</li> </ul>
21	makes technical changes.
22	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
23	None
24	Other Special Clauses:
25	None



)	Utah Code Sections Affected:
7	AMENDS:
3	53A-2-104, as last amended by Chapter 294, Laws of Utah 1998
)	53A-2-105, as last amended by Chapter 105, Laws of Utah 2005
	53A-2-118, as last amended by Chapter 233, Laws of Utah 2005
	<b>53A-2-122</b> , as enacted by Chapter 234, Laws of Utah 2003
,	ENACTS:
	<b>53A-2-118.1</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section <b>53A-2-104</b> is amended to read:
	53A-2-104. Transfer of a portion of a school district Board resolution Board
	petition Elector petition Transfer election.
	(1) Part of a school district may be transferred to another district in one of the
	following ways:
	(a) presentation to the county legislative body of each of the affected counties of a
	resolution requesting the transfer, approved by at least four-fifths of the members of the local
	board of education of each affected school district;
	(b) presentation to the county legislative body of each affected county of a petition
	requesting that the electors vote on the transfer, signed by a majority of the members of the
	local school board of each affected school district; [or]
	(c) presentation to the county legislative body of each affected county of a petition
	requesting that the electors vote on the transfer, signed by 15% of the qualified electors in each
	of the affected school districts within that county[-]; or
	(d) action by a county legislative body pursuant to a city request under Section
	<u>53A-2-118.1.</u>
	(2) (a) If an annexation of property by a city would result in its residents being served
	by more than one school district, then the presidents of the affected local school boards shall
	meet within 60 days prior to the effective date of the annexation to determine whether it would
	be advisable to adjust school district boundaries to permit all residents of the expanded city to
	be served by a single school district.

- (b) Upon conclusion of the meeting, the local school board presidents shall prepare a recommendation for presentation to their respective boards as soon as reasonably possible.
- 59 (c) The boards may then initiate realignment proceedings under Subsection (1)(a) or 60 (b).
  - (d) If a local board rejects realignment under Subsection (1)(a) or (b), the other board may initiate the following procedures by majority vote within 60 days of the vote rejecting realignment:
  - (i) (A) within 30 days after a vote to initiate these procedures, each local board shall appoint one member to a boundary review committee; or
  - (B) if the local board becomes deadlocked in selecting the appointee under Subsection (d)(i)(A), the board's chair shall make the appointment or serve as the appointee to the review committee.
  - (ii) The two local board-appointed members of the committee shall meet and appoint a third member of the committee.
  - (iii) If the two local board-appointed members are unable to agree on the appointment of a third member within 30 days after both are appointed, the State Superintendent of Public Instruction shall appoint the third member.
  - (iv) The committee shall meet as necessary to prepare recommendations concerning resolution of the realignment issue, and shall submit the recommendations to the affected local boards within six months after the appointment of the third member of the committee.
  - (v) If a majority of the members of each local board accepts the recommendation of the committee, or accepts the recommendation after amendment by the boards, then the accepted recommendation shall be implemented.
  - (vi) If the committee fails to submit its recommendation within the time allotted, or if one local board rejects the recommendation, the affected boards may agree to extend the time for the committee to prepare an acceptable recommendation or either board may request the State Board of Education to resolve the question.
  - (vii) If the committee has submitted a recommendation which the state board finds to be reasonably supported by the evidence, the state board shall adopt the committee's recommendation.
    - (viii) The decision of the state board is final.

- 1st Sub. (Buff) H.B. 77 01-30-06 1:49 PM 88 (3) (a) The electors of each affected district shall vote on the transfer requested under 89 Subsection (1)(b) or (c) at an election called for that purpose, which may be the next general 90 election. 91 (b) The election shall be conducted and the returns canvassed as provided by election 92 law. 93 (c) A transfer is effected only if a majority of votes cast by the electors in both the 94 proposed transferor district and in the proposed transferee district are in favor of the transfer. 95 Section 2. Section **53A-2-105** is amended to read: 96 53A-2-105. Transfer of school property -- Indebtedness on transferred property. 97 (1) If a transfer of a portion of one school district to another school district is approved under Section 53A-2-104 or 53A-2-118.1, the state superintendent and the superintendents and 98 99 presidents of the boards of education of each of the affected school districts shall determine the basis for a transfer of all school property reasonably and fairly allocable to that portion being 100 101 transferred. 102 (2) (a) Title to property transferred vests in the transferee board of education. 103 (b) The transfer of a school building that is in operation at the time of determination 104 shall be made at the close of a fiscal year. 105 (c) The transfer of all other school property shall be made five days after approval of 106 the transfer of territory under Section 53A-2-104. 107 (3) (a) The individuals referred to in Subsection (1) shall determine the portion of bonded indebtedness and other indebtedness of the transferor board for which the transferred 108 109 property remains subject to the levy of taxes to pay a proportionate share of the outstanding 110 indebtedness of the transferor board.
- 111 (b) This is done by:

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- (i) determining the amount of the outstanding bonded indebtedness and other indebtedness of the transferor board of education:
- (ii) determining the total taxable value of the property of the transferor district and the taxable value of the property to be transferred; and
- (iii) calculating the portion of the indebtedness of the transferor board for which the transferred portion retains liability.
- (4) (a) The agreement reflecting these determinations takes effect upon being filed with

the State Board of Education.

- (b) The transferred property remains subject to the levy of taxes to pay a proportionate share of the outstanding indebtedness of the transferor school board.
- (c) The transferee school board may assume the obligation to pay the proportionate share of the transferor school board's indebtedness that has been determined under Subsection (3) to be the obligation of the transferred portion by the approval of a resolution by a majority of the qualified electors of the transferee school district at an election called and held for that purpose under Title 11, Chapter 14, Local Government Bonding Act.
- (5) If the transferee school district assumes the obligation to pay this proportionate share of the transferor school board's indebtedness, the transferee school board shall levy a tax in the whole of the transferee district, including the transferred portion, sufficient to pay the assumed indebtedness, and shall turn over the proceeds of the tax to the business administrator of the transferor board.
- (6) If the transferee school board does not assume this obligation, the transferee school board shall levy a tax on the transferred territory sufficient to pay the proportionate share of the indebtedness determined under this section, and shall turn over the proceeds of the tax to the business administrator of the transferor board.
- (7) For the purposes of school districts affected by repealed laws governing the annexation of an unincorporated area of a school district by a city which included what was formerly known as a city school district, transitions of unincorporated areas and property from the transferor district to the transferee district in progress on the effective date of this act shall revert to the boundaries and ownership prior to the initiation of annexation and may then proceed under this section and Section 53A-2-104.
  - Section 3. Section **53A-2-118** is amended to read:
- 53A-2-118. Creation of new school district by county legislative body -- Initiation of process -- Procedures to be followed.
- (1) A county legislative body may create a new school district from an existing school district within the geographical boundaries of the county.
  - (2) (a) The process may be initiated:
  - (i) through a citizens' initiative petition; [or]
- (ii) at the request of the board of the existing district or districts to be affected by the

150	creation of the new district[-]; or
151	(iii) at the request of a city within the boundaries of the school district $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow \mathbf{or}$ at the
151a	request of interlocal agreement participants, $\leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ pursuant to
152	Section 53A-2-118.1.
153	(b) (i) A petition submitted under Subsection (2)(a)(i) must be signed by qualified
154	electors residing within the geographical boundaries of the proposed new school district equal
155	in number to at least 15% of the number of electors in the area who voted for the office of
156	governor at the last regular general election.
157	(ii) A request or petition submitted under Subsection (2)(a) shall:
158	(A) be filed with the county clerk;
159	(B) indicate the typed or printed name and current residence address of each governing
160	board member making a request, or registered voter signing a petition, as the case may be:
161	(C) describe the proposed new school district; and
162	(D) designate up to five signers of the petition or request as sponsors, one of whom
163	shall be designated as the contact sponsor, with the mailing address and telephone number of
164	each.
165	(c) A signer of a petition under Subsection (2)(a)(i) may withdraw or, once withdrawn,
166	reinstate the signer's signature at any time before the filing of the petition by filing a written
167	withdrawal or reinstatement with the county clerk.
168	[(c)] (d) The process <u>under Subsection (2)(a)(i)</u> may only be initiated once during any
169	four-year period.
170	[(d)] (e) A new district may not be formed <u>pursuant to Subsection (2)(a)</u> if the student
171	population of the proposed new district is less than $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [5,000]$ $\mathbf{\hat{H}} \rightarrow [0.000]$ or the existing district's
171a	student
172	population would be less than $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [5,000]$ $\mathbf{\hat{H}}$ because of the creation of the new school
172a	district.
173	(f) Within 45 days after the filing of a request or petition under Subsection (2)(a), the
174	county clerk shall:
175	(i) determine whether the request or petition complies with Subsections (2)(a), (b), (d),
176	and (e), as applicable; and
177	(ii) (A) if the county clerk determines that the request or petition complies with the
178	applicable requirements:
179	(I) certify the request or petition and deliver the certified request or petition to the
180	county legislative body; and

181	(II) mail or deliver written notification of the certification to the contact sponsor; or
182	(B) if the county clerk determines that the request or petition fails to comply with any
183	of the applicable requirements, reject the request or petition and notify the contact sponsor in
184	writing of the rejection and reasons for the rejection.
185	(g) If the county clerk fails to certify or reject a request or petition within 45 days after
186	its filing, the petition shall be considered to be certified.
187	(h) (i) If the county clerk rejects a request or petition, the request or petition may be
188	amended to correct the deficiencies for which it was rejected and then refiled.
189	(ii) Subsection (2)(d) does not apply to a request or petition that is amended and refiled
190	after having been rejected by a county clerk.
191	[(e)] (i) If a county legislative body receives a request from a school board under
192	Subsection (2)(a)(ii) or a petition [to create a new district] under Subsection (2)(a)(i) which is
193	certified by the county clerk on or before December 1:
194	(i) the county legislative body shall appoint an ad hoc advisory committee, as provided
195	by Subsection (3), on or before January 1;
196	(ii) the ad hoc advisory committee shall submit its report and recommendations to the
197	county legislative body, as provided by Subsection (3), on or before July 1; and
198	(iii) if the county legislative body approves a proposal to create a new district, the
199	proposal shall be submitted to the county clerk to be voted on by the electors of the existing
200	district at the regular general or municipal general election held in November.
201	(3) (a) The county legislative body shall appoint an ad hoc advisory committee to
202	review and make recommendations on a request for the creation of a new school district
203	submitted under Subsection (2)(a)(i) or (ii).
204	(b) The advisory committee shall:
205	(i) seek input from:
206	(A) those requesting the creation of the new school district;
207	(B) the school board and school personnel of the existing school district;
208	(C) those citizens residing within the geographical boundaries of the existing school
209	district;
210	(D) the State Board of Education; and
211	(E) other interested parties;

212	(ii) review data and gather information on at least:
213	(A) the financial viability of the proposed new school district;
214	(B) the proposal's financial impact on the existing school district;
215	(C) the exact placement of school district boundaries; and
216	(D) the positive and negative effects of creating a new school district and whether the
217	positive effects outweigh the negative if a new school district were to be created; and
218	(iii) make a report to the county legislative body in a public meeting on the committee's
219	activities, together with a recommendation on whether to create a new school district.
220	(4) For a request or petition submitted under Subsection (2)(a)(i) or (2)(a)(ii):
221	[ <del>(4)</del> ] (a) [The] the county legislative body shall provide for a 45-day public comment
222	period on the report and recommendation to begin on the day the report is given under
223	Subsection (3)(b)(iii).
224	(b) Within 14 days after the end of the comment period, the county legislative body
225	shall vote on the creation of the proposed new school district.
226	(c) The proposal is approved if a majority of the members of the county legislative
227	body votes in favor of the proposal.
228	(d) If the proposal is approved, the county legislative body shall submit the proposal to
229	the county clerk to be voted on:
230	(i) by the electors of the existing school district;
231	(ii) in accordance with Title 20A, Election Code; and
232	(iii) at the next regular general election or municipal general election, whichever is
233	first.
234	(e) Creation of the new school district shall occur if a majority of the electors within
235	both the proposed school district and the remaining school district voting on the proposal vote
236	in favor of the creation of the new district.
237	(f) The county legislative body shall provide notice of the action as required in Section
238	53A-2-101.5.
239	(5) If a proposal submitted under Subsection (2)(a)(i) or (ii) to create a new district is
240	approved by the electors, the existing district's documented costs to study and implement the
241	proposal shall be reimbursed by the new district.
242	Section 4. Section <b>53A-2-118.1</b> is enacted to read:

243	53A-2-118.1. City option to create city school district.
244	(1) A city of the first, second, $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\underline{\mathbf{or}}] \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ third $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow \underline{\mathbf{or}}$ or fourth $\leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ class, as defined
244a	under Section 10-2-301, may,
245	by majority vote of the $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\underline{\mathbf{governing body}}]$ voters $\leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ , elect to form a school district with
245a	boundaries
246	contiguous with that city's boundaries.
246a	Ĥ→ (2) (a) By majority vote of the [legislative body] voters, a city of any class, a town,
246b	or a county may, together with one or more other cities, towns, or the county, enter into an
246c	interlocal agreement, in accordance with Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act, for
246d	the purpose of electing to form a new school district under this section.
246e	(b) Interlocal agreement participants under Subsection (2)(a) may elect to form a new
246f	school district if:
246g	(i) the combined population within new school district boundaries specified by
246h	interlocal agreement participants meets the minimum population threshold for a city of the
246i	fourth class;
246j	(ii) the new school district boundaries are contiguous;
246k	(iii) boundaries of the new school district include the entire boundaries of each
2461	participant city or town; and
46m	(iv) boundaries do not cross county lines.
246n	(c) (i) A county may only make an election under this Subsection (2) for the
246o	unincorporated areas of the county.
246p	(ii) Boundaries of a new school district created under this section may include a portion
246q	of the unincorporated area of the county, including a portion of a township. ←Ĥ
247	$\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\underline{(2)}]$ (3) $\leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ If requested by the $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\underline{\mathbf{governing}}]$ legislative $\leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ body of a city under
247a	Subsection (1) $\hat{H} \rightarrow \underline{\text{or interlocal agreement participants under Subsection (2), }} \leftarrow \hat{H}$ and
247b	subject to the
248	requirements of Section 53A-2-118, a county legislative body shall adjust the boundaries of a
249	school district to form a new school district, with boundaries contiguous to the city boundaries
249a	$\hat{H} \rightarrow \underline{or interlocal agreement participant requested boundaries, as the case may be \longleftarrow \hat{H}.$
250	$\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\underbrace{(3)}]$ (4) $\leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ (a) Transfer of school district property and indebtedness to a newly
250a	<u>created school</u>
251	district shall be handled in accordance with Sections 53A-2-120 and 53A-2-121.
252	(b) Transferred employees shall be treated in accordance with Sections 53A-2-116 and
253	53A-2-122

254	Section 5. Section <b>53A-2-122</b> is amended to read:
255	53A-2-122. Employees of a new district.
256	[An] (1) Upon the creation of a new district:
257	(a) an employee of an existing district who is employed at a school that is transferred to
258	the new district shall become an employee of the new district; and
259	(b) the school board of the new district shall:
260	(i) have discretion in the hiring of all other staff;
261	(ii) adopt the personnel policies and practices of the existing district, including salary
262	schedules and benefits; and
263	(iii) enter into agreements with employees of the new district, or their representatives,
264	that have the same terms as those in the negotiated agreements between the existing district and
265	its employees.
266	(2) (a) Subject to Subsection (2)(b), an employee of a school district from which a new
267	district is created who becomes an employee of the new district shall [receive the same
268	considerations as are provided to transferred employees by Section 53A-2-116 and shall] retain
269	the same status as a career or provisional employee with accrued seniority <u>and accrued benefits</u> .
270	(b) Subsection (2)(a) applies to:
271	(i) employees of an existing district who are transferred to a new district pursuant to
272	Subsection (1)(a); and
273	(ii) employees of a school district from which a new district is created who are hired by

274	the new district within one year of the date of the creation of the new district.
275	(3) An employee who is transferred to a new district pursuant to Subsection (1)(a) and
276	is rehired by the existing district within one year of the date of the creation of the new district
277	shall, when rehired by the existing district, retain the same status as a career or provisional
278	employee with accrued seniority and accrued benefits.

## Fiscal Note Bill Number HB0077S01

#### **School District Boundaries**

08-Feb-06

 $11:08\,AM$ 

### State Impact

State revenue to school districts is largely distributed on a per student basis. Provisions of this bill may result in the redistribution of state revenue among school districts. It is anticipated that any costs associated with the creation of a new school district, pursuant to the provisions of this bill, would be accommodated through current state or local revenue allocated for these functions.

### **Individual and Business Impact**

No fiscal impact.

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst