I	REVISIONS TO DISTRIBUTION OF SALES	
2	AND USE TAX REVENUE	
3	2006 GENERAL SESSION	
4	STATE OF UTAH	
5	Chief Sponsor: Scott L Wyatt	
6	Senate Sponsor:	
7 8	LONG TITLE	
9	General Description:	
)	This bill amends the Local Sales and Use Tax Act to provide counties and	
1	municipalities options relating to the distribution of revenue from this local sales and	
2	use tax.	
3	Highlighted Provisions:	
1	This bill:	
5	<ul><li>defines terms;</li></ul>	
5	• establishes a procedure for a county, and a $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow \underline{\mathbf{two-thirds}} \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ majority of the	
a	municipalities within a	
7	county, $\hat{H} \rightarrow \underline{\text{or, for a county with less than seven municipalities within the county, all of the}$	
ì	municipalities within the county, $\leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ to agree to an alternate distribution formula for certain local	
)	option sales	
8	and use tax revenues within the incorporated and unincorporated areas of the	
9	county;	
0	<ul> <li>provides that an agreement described in the preceding paragraph must be approved</li> </ul>	
1	by a majority vote of the voters in the incorporated and unincorporated area of the	
2	county;	
3	<ul><li>provides requirements relating to an election for a vote required by this bill;</li></ul>	
1	<ul> <li>provides that if the incorporated and unincorporated areas of a county adopt an</li> </ul>	
5	alternate distribution formula described in this bill, the revenue normally paid to	
<b>(</b>	each municipality and county:	
7.7	<ul> <li>will be paid to the county: and</li> </ul>	



28	<ul> <li>will be distributed by the county in accordance with the adopted alternate</li> </ul>			
29	distribution formula;			
30				
31	• establishes requirements for an alternate distribution formula and a written agreement relating to the formula;			
32	<ul> <li>establishes requirements relating to the distribution of the local option sales and use</li> </ul>			
33	tax revenue under this bill;			
34				
35	► provides that, notwithstanding an alternate distribution formula adopted under this  bill a county or municipality to which the alternate distribution formula applies may			
36	bill, a county or municipality to which the alternate distribution formula applies may			
37	not receive less revenue than it received during the same month of the year before			
38	the alternate distribution formula was adopted;			
39	provides an exception to the preceding paragraph by requiring that if the total			
39 40	distribution to the county and municipalities to which the alternate distribution			
	formula applies is less than the total distribution received during the same month of			
41	the year before the alternate distribution formula was adopted, the distribution to the			
42	county and each municipality within the county will be proportionally reduced;			
43	• establishes a procedure for a county, and a $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow \underline{\mathbf{two-thirds}} \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ majority of the			
43a	municipalities within a			
44	county, $\hat{H} \rightarrow \underline{\text{or, for a county with less than seven municipalities within the county, all of the}$			
44a	municipalities within the county, $\leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ to reinstate the local option sales and use tax revenue			
44b	distribution formula			
45	that applies to counties and municipalities that have not adopted an alternate			
46	distribution formula under this bill; and			
47	makes technical changes.			
48	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:			
49	None			
50	Other Special Clauses:			
51	This bill takes effect on July 1, 2006.			
52	Utah Code Sections Affected:			
53	AMENDS:			
54	59-12-205 (Effective 07/01/06), as last amended by Chapter 158, Laws of Utah 2005			
55	ENACTS:			
56	<b>59-12-205.5</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953			
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Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

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Section 1. Section **59-12-205** (**Effective 07/01/06**) is amended to read:

59-12-205 (Effective 07/01/06). Ordinances to conform with statutory amendments -- Distribution of tax revenues -- Rulemaking authority -- Determination of population.

- (1) Each county, city, and town, in order to maintain in effect sales and use tax ordinances adopted pursuant to Section 59-12-204, shall, within 30 days of any amendment of any applicable provisions of Part 1, Tax Collection, adopt amendments of their respective sales and use tax ordinances to conform with the amendments to Part 1, Tax Collection, insofar as they relate to sales and use taxes.
  - (2) Except as provided in Subsection (7) and Section 59-12-205.5:
- (a) 50% of each dollar collected from the sales and use tax authorized by this part shall be paid to each county, city, and town on the basis of the percentage that the population of the county, city, or town bears to the total population of all counties, cities, and towns in the state; and
- (b) notwithstanding Sections 59-12-207.1 through 59-12-207.3, 50% of each dollar collected from the sales and use tax authorized by this part shall be paid to each county, city, and town on the basis of the location where the transaction is consummated as determined under this section.
- (3) For purposes of Subsection (2)(b), the location where a transaction is consummated is determined in accordance with Subsections (4) through (6).
- (4) (a) For a transaction that is reported to the commission on a return other than a simplified electronic return, the location where the transaction is consummated is determined in accordance with Subsections (4)(b) through (h).
- (b) (i) Except as provided in Subsections (4)(c) through (h), for a transaction described in Subsection (4)(b)(ii), the location where the transaction is consummated is the place of business of the seller.
  - (ii) Subsection (4)(b)(i) applies to a transaction other than a transaction described in:
- 86 (A) Subsection (4)(c)(ii);

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- 87 (B) Subsection (4)(d)(ii);
- 88 (C) Subsection (4)(e)(ii);
- 89 (D) Subsection (4)(f)(ii);

90	(E) Subsection $(4)(g)(11)$ ; or	
91	(F) Subsection (4)(h).	
92	(c) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(b), for a transaction described in Subsection	
93	(4)(c)(ii), the location where the transaction is consummated is determined by allocating the	
94	total revenues remitted to the commission each month that are generated by the tax imposed	
95	under this section on the transactions described in Subsection (4)(c)(ii):	
96	(A) to each local taxing jurisdiction; and	
97	(B) on the basis of the population of each local taxing jurisdiction as compared to the	
98	population of the state.	
99	(ii) Subsection (4)(c)(i) applies to a transaction:	
100	(A) made by a seller described in Subsection 59-12-107(1)(b); and	
101	(B) involving tangible personal property that is shipped from outside the state.	
102	(d) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(b), for a transaction described in Subsection	
103	(4)(d)(ii), the location where the transaction is consummated is determined by allocating the	
104	total revenues reported to the commission each month that are generated by the tax imposed	
105	under this section on the transactions described in Subsection (4)(d)(ii):	
106	(A) to local taxing jurisdictions within a county; and	
107	(B) on the basis of the proportion of total revenues generated by the transactions	
108	described in Subsection (4)(b)(ii) that are reported to the commission for that month within a	
109	local taxing jurisdiction within that county as compared to the total revenues generated by the	
110	transactions described in Subsection (4)(b)(ii) that are reported to the commission for that	
111	month within all local taxing jurisdictions within that county.	
112	(ii) Subsection (4)(d)(i) applies to a transaction:	
113	(A) made from a location in the state other than a fixed place of business in the state;	
114	or	
115	(B) (I) made by a seller described in Subsection 59-12-107(1)(a); and	
116	(II) involving tangible personal property that is shipped from outside the state.	
117	(e) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(b), for a transaction described in Subsection	
118	(4)(e)(ii), the location where the transaction is consummated is determined by allocating the	
119	total revenues reported to the commission each month that are generated by the tax imposed	
120	under this section on the transactions described in Subsection (4)(e)(ii):	

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(A) to local taxing jurisdictions; and

- (B) on the basis of the proportion of the total revenues generated by the transactions described in Subsection (4)(b)(ii) that are reported to the commission for that month within each local taxing jurisdiction as compared to the total revenues generated by the transactions described in Subsection (4)(b)(ii) that are reported to the commission for that month within the state.
  - (ii) Subsection (4)(e)(i) applies to a transaction involving tangible personal property purchased with a direct payment permit in accordance with Section 59-12-107.1.
  - (f) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(b), for a transaction described in Subsection (4)(f)(ii), the location where the transaction is consummated is each location where the good or service described in Subsection 59-12-107.2(1)(b) is used.
    - (ii) Subsection (4)(f)(i) applies to a transaction involving a good or service:
- 133 (A) described in Subsection 59-12-107.2(1)(b);
  - (B) that is concurrently available for use in more than one location; and
- 135 (C) is purchased using the form described in Section 59-12-107.2.
  - (g) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(b), for a transaction described in Subsection (4)(g)(ii), the location where the transaction is consummated is determined by allocating the total revenues reported to the commission each month that are generated by the tax imposed under this section on the transactions described in Subsection (4)(g)(ii):
    - (A) to local taxing jurisdictions; and
  - (B) on the basis of the proportion of the total revenues generated by the transactions described in Subsection (4)(b)(ii) that are reported to the commission for that month within each local taxing jurisdiction as compared to the total revenues generated by the transactions described in Subsection (4)(b)(ii) that are reported to the commission for that month within the state.
  - (ii) Subsection (4)(g)(i) applies to a transaction involving a purchase of direct mail if the purchaser of the direct mail provides to the seller the form described in Subsection 59-12-107.3(1)(a) at the time of the purchase of the direct mail.
  - (h) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(b), for a transaction involving the sale of a service described in Section 59-12-207.4, the location where the transaction is consummated is the same as the location of the transaction determined under Section 59-12-207.4.

(5) (a) For a transaction that is reported to the commission on a simplified electronic return, the location where the transaction is consummated is determined in accordance with Subsections (5)(b) through (e).

- (b) (i) Except as provided in Subsections (5)(c) through (e), the location where a transaction is consummated is determined by allocating the total revenues reported to the commission each month on the simplified electronic return:
  - (A) to local taxing jurisdictions; and

- (B) on the basis of the proportion of the total revenues generated by the transactions described in Subsection (4)(b)(ii) that are reported to the commission in accordance with Subsection (5)(b)(ii) for that month within each local taxing jurisdiction as compared to the total revenues generated by the transactions described in Subsection (4)(b)(ii) that are reported to the commission in accordance with Subsection (5)(b)(ii) for that month within the state.
- (ii) In making the allocations required by Subsection (5)(b)(i), the commission shall use the total revenues generated by the transactions described in Subsection (4)(b)(ii) reported to the commission:
  - (A) in the report required by Subsection 59-12-105(2); and
- (B) if a local taxing jurisdiction reports revenues to the commission in accordance with Subsection (5)(b)(iii), in the report made in accordance with Subsection (5)(b)(iii).
- (iii) (A) For purposes of this Subsection (5)(b), a local taxing jurisdiction may report to the commission the revenues generated by a tax imposed by this chapter within the local taxing jurisdiction if a seller:
- (I) opens an additional place of business within the local taxing jurisdiction after the seller makes an initial application for a license under Section 59-12-106; and
- (II) estimates that the additional place of business will increase by 5% or more the revenues generated by a tax imposed by this chapter within the local taxing jurisdiction.
- (B) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission may make rules providing procedures and requirements for making the report described in this Subsection (5)(b).
- (c) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (5)(b), for a transaction described in Subsection (5)(c)(ii), the location where the transaction is consummated is determined by allocating the total revenues reported to the commission each month that are generated by the tax imposed

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under this section on the transactions described in Subsection (5)(c)(ii):

- (A) to local taxing jurisdictions within a county; and
- (B) on the basis of the proportion of the total revenues generated by the transactions described in Subsection (4)(b)(ii) that are reported to the commission for that month within a local taxing jurisdiction within that county as compared to the total revenues generated by the transactions described in Subsection (4)(b)(ii) that are reported to the commission for that month within all local taxing jurisdictions within that county.
  - (ii) Subsection (5)(c)(i) applies to a transaction:
- 191 (A) made from a location in the state other than a fixed place of business in the state; 192 or
  - (B) (I) made by a seller described in Subsection 59-12-107(1)(a); and
  - (II) involving tangible personal property that is shipped from outside the state.
  - (d) Notwithstanding Subsection (5)(b), for a transaction made by a seller described in Subsection 59-12-107(1)(b), the location where the transaction is consummated is determined by allocating the total revenues remitted to the commission each month that are generated by the tax imposed under this section on the transactions made by a seller described in Subsection 59-12-107(1)(b):
    - (i) to each local taxing jurisdiction; and
  - (ii) on the basis of the population of each local taxing jurisdiction as compared to the population of the state.
  - (e) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (5)(b), for a transaction described in Subsection (5)(e)(ii), the location where the transaction is consummated is determined by allocating the total revenues reported to the commission each month that are generated by the tax imposed under this section on the transactions described in Subsection (5)(e)(ii):
    - (A) to local taxing jurisdictions; and
  - (B) on the basis of the proportion of the total revenues generated by the transactions described in Subsection (4)(b)(ii) that are reported to the commission for that month within each local taxing jurisdiction as compared to the total revenues generated by the transactions described in Subsection (4)(b)(ii) that are reported to the commission for that month within the state.
    - (ii) Subsection (5)(e)(i) applies to a transaction involving tangible personal property

214	purchased with a direct payment permit in accordance with Section 59-12-107.1.		
215	(6) For purposes of Subsections (4) and (5) and in accordance with Title 63, Chapter		
216	46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission may make rules defining what		
217	constitutes a fixed place of business in the state.		
218	(7) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), a county, city, or town may not receive a tax		
219	revenue distribution less than .75% of the taxable sales within the boundaries of the county,		
220	city, or town.		
221	(b) The commission shall proportionally reduce quarterly distributions to any county,		
222	city, or town that, but for the reduction, would receive a distribution in excess of 1% of the		
223	sales and use tax revenue collected within the boundaries of the county, city, or town.		
224	(8) (a) Population figures for purposes of this section shall be based on the most recent		
225	official census or census estimate of the United States Census Bureau.		
226	(b) If a needed population estimate is not available from the United States Census		
227	Bureau, population figures shall be derived from the estimate from the Utah Population		
228	Estimates Committee created by executive order of the governor.		
229	(9) The population of a county for purposes of this section shall be determined solely		
230	from the unincorporated area of the county.		
231	Section 2. Section <b>59-12-205.5</b> is enacted to read:		
232	59-12-205.5. Alternate distribution formula for revenue from local option sales		
233	and use tax Agreement on formula Elections Return to original distribution		
234	formula.		
235	(1) As used in this section:		
236	(a) "Alternate disbursal area" means the incorporated and unincorporated area of a		
237	county that is designated as an alternate disbursal area by the commission under Subsection (3).		
238	(b) "Alternate distribution formula" means a formula for the division and distribution,		
239	among a county and municipalities within a county, of the countywide distribution, if that		
240	formula:		
241	(i) is different than the formula required by Section 59-12-205;		
242	(ii) subject to Subsection (1)(b)(iii), divides and distributes the countywide distribution		
243	by distributing to each county and municipality within the county:		
244	(A) a percentage of the revenues on the basis of the percentage that the population of		

245	the unincorporated area of the county and the portion of each municipality that lies within the			
246	county bears to the total population of the county; and			
247	(B) notwithstanding Sections 59-12-207.1 through 59-12-207.3, a percentage of the			
248	revenues on the basis of the location where the transaction is consummated as determined			
249	under Section 59-12-205;			
250	(iii) is drafted so that the sum of the percentage described in Subsection (1)(b)(ii)(A)			
251	and the percentage described in Subsection (1)(b)(ii)(B) is equal to 100%; and			
252	(iv) is drafted so that the percentage described in Subsection (1)(b)(ii)(B) does not			
253	exceed 50%.			
254	(c) "Countywide distribution" means the revenue generated by a tax under this part,			
255	that is required under Section 59-12-205 to be paid to a county, and to each municipality within			
256	a county for the portion of the municipality that is within the county.			
257	(d) "Managing county" means the legislative body of a county that has been designated			
258	as an alternate disbursal area under Subsection (3).			
259	(e) "Municipality" is as defined in Section 10-1-104.			
260	(f) "Predesignation year" means the one-year period immediately preceding the day on			
261	which a particular alternate distribution formula is first in effect for a county.			
262	(2) Notwithstanding Subsection 59-12-205(2), if the commission designates a county			
263	as an alternate disbursal area:			
264	(a) the commission may not make the distributions required by Section 59-12-205			
265	directly to a municipality; and			
266	(b) shall pay the countywide distribution to the managing county.			
267	(3) A county shall be designated as an alternate disbursal area by the commission on			
268	the first day of the first calendar month after a 90-day period beginning on the day on which the			
269	commission receives written notice from the county that an alternate distribution formula is			
270	approved under Subsection (3)(b), if:			
271	(a) subject to Subsections (4) and (5) $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\cdot]$ :			
271a	(i) for a county with seven or more municipalities that are, in whole or in part,			
271b	within the county, $\leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ the county legislative body and a $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow \underline{\mathbf{two-thirds}} \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$			
271c	majority of the			
272	municipalities that are, in whole or in part, within that county agree, in writing, to an alternate			
273	distribution formula $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow \mathbf{; or}$			
273a	(ii) for a county with less than seven municipalities that are, in whole or in			
273b	part, within the county, the county legislative body and each municipality that is, in whole or			
273c	in part, within that county agree, in writing, to an alternate distribution formula $\leftarrow \hat{H}$ ; and			
274	(b) in accordance with Subsection (8), after the agreement described in Subsection			
275	(3)(a) is reached, the alternate distribution formula is approved by a majority vote of the legal			

276	voters residing in the incorporated and unincorporated areas of the county.	
277	(4) The legislative body of a municipality shall determine whether a municipality	
278	agrees to an alternate distribution formula.	
279	(5) The agreement described in Subsection (3)(a) shall require that the entire	
280	countywide distribution be distributed by the managing county to the county and the	
281	municipalities within the county:	
282	(a) except as provided in Subsection (7), in accordance with the alternate distribution	
283	formula described in Subsection (3)(a); and	
284	(b) within a time period, specified in the agreement, that may not exceed 30 days after	
285	the day on which the countywide distribution is paid to the managing county by the	
286	commission.	
287	(6) The managing county of an alternate disbursal area:	
288	(a) shall receive the countywide distribution from the commission;	
289	(b) except as provided in Subsection (7), shall distribute the countywide distribution to	
290	the county and each municipality within the county in accordance with the agreement described	
291	in Subsection (3)(a);	
292	(c) may not withhold any amount of the countywide distribution that is due to the	
293	county or a municipality under the agreement described in Subsection (3)(a) for any reason;	
294	<u>and</u>	
295	(d) may not pay any portion of the countywide distribution to any person other than the	
296	county or a municipality within the county.	
297	(7) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(c), if, for any month of the current year,	
298	the portion of the countywide distribution required to be distributed to a county or municipality	
299	within the county under the alternate distribution formula is less than the amount received	
300	under this part by the county, or by the municipality for the portion of the municipality that is	
301	within the county, for the same month of the predesignation year, the managing county shall	
302	increase the distribution to the county or municipality by the difference between:	
303	(i) the amount required to be paid to the county or municipality under the alternate	
304	distribution formula; and	
305	(ii) the amount received under this part by the county, or by the municipality for the	
306	portion of the municipality that is within the county, for the same month of the predesignation	

307	<u>year.</u>		
308	(b) If the distribution to a county or a municipality within the county is increased under		
309	Subsection (7)(a), the distribution to a county that is not increased under Subsection (7)(a), and		
310	each municipality within the county that is not increased under Subsection (7)(a), shall be		
311	proportionally reduced to offset the sum of the increases made under Subsection (7)(a) for each		
312	county and municipality within the county.		
313	(c) If the countywide distribution for any month of the current year is less than the		
314	countywide distribution for the same month of the predesignation year, the managing county		
315	shall distribute to the county, and each municipality within the county, the amount received by		
316	the county, or by the municipality for the portion of the municipality within the county, for the		
317	same month of the predesignation year, proportionally reduced to offset the difference between:		
318	(i) the countywide distribution for the month of the current year; and		
319	(ii) the countywide distribution for the same month of the predesignation year.		
320	(8) The election required by Subsection (3)(b):		
321	(a) may be held:		
322	(i) on the day of a regular general election, described in Section 20A-1-201; or		
323	(ii) on the day of a municipal general election, described in Section 20A-1-202;		
324	(b) shall be conducted in accordance with Title 20A, Election Code; and		
325	(c) shall be conducted with a ballot that includes:		
326	(i) a printed number and ballot title;		
327	(ii) a description of:		
328	(A) the formula that is used within the county, at the time of the election, for the		
329	division and distribution of revenue from the sales and use tax authorized by this part among		
330	the county and municipalities, or portions of municipalities, that are within the county; and		
331	(B) the alternate distribution formula that is proposed on the ballot;		
332	(iii) a question asking voters to indicate whether the proposed alternate distribution		
333	formula should be approved; and		
334	(iv) the words "YES" and "NO", each followed by a square which the voter may select		
335	or mark to indicate the voter's vote.		
336	(9) Subject to Subsection (10), the commission shall remove a county's designation as		
337	an alternate disbursal area if:		

338	(a) subject to Subsection (11) <b>Ĥ→</b> [;]:		
338a	(i) for a county with seven or more municipalities that are, in whole or in part, within		
338b	the county, $\leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ the county legislative body and a $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow \underline{\mathbf{two-thirds}} \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$		
338a	majority of the		
339	municipalities that are, in whole or in part, within that county, agree, in writing, to remove the		
340	designation as an alternate disbursal area $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow \mathbf{; or}$		
340a	(ii) for a county with less than seven municipalities that are, in whole or in		
340b	part, within the county, the county legislative body and each municipality that is, in whole or		
340c	in part, within that county agree, in writing, to remove the designation as an alternate		
340d	disbursal area ←Ĥ ; and		
341	(b) in accordance with Subsection (12), after the agreement described in Subsection		
342	(9)(a) is reached, adoption of the distribution formula described in Section 59-12-205 is		
343	approved by a majority vote of the legal voters residing in the incorporated and unincorporated		
344	areas of the county.		
345	(10) (a) The commission shall remove a county's designation as an alternate disbursal		
346	area on the first day of the first calendar month after a 90-day period beginning on the day on		
347	which the commission receives written notice from the county that the distribution formula has		
348	been approved under Subsection (9)(b).		
349	(b) Beginning on the day that the commission removes a county's designation as an		
350	alternate disbursal area under Subsection (10)(a), the commission shall distribute revenue		
351	generated by the sales and use tax authorized by this part to the county and each municipality		
352	within the county as required by Section 59-12-205.		
353	(11) The legislative body of a municipality shall determine whether a municipality		
354	agrees to removal of the designation as an alternate disbursal area under Subsection (9)(a).		
355	(12) The election, described in Subsection (9)(b):		
356	(a) may be held:		
357	(i) on the day of a regular general election, described in Section 20A-1-201; or		
358	(ii) on the day of a municipal general election, described in Section 20A-1-202;		
359	(b) shall be conducted in accordance with Title 20A, Election Code; and		
360	(c) shall be conducted with a ballot that includes:		
361	(i) a printed number and ballot title;		
362	(ii) a description of:		
363	(A) the formula that is used within the county, at the time of the election, for the		
364	division and distribution of revenue from the sales and use tax authorized by this part among		

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the county and municipalities, or portions of municipalities, that are within the county; and
 (B) the distribution formula described in Section 59-12-205;
 (iii) a question asking voters to indicate whether the distribution formula described in
 Section 59-12-205 should be approved; and

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369	(iv) the words "YES" and "NO", each followed by a square which the voter may select
370	or mark to indicate the voter's vote.
371	(13) An alternate disbursal area may change from one alternate distribution formula to
372	another alternate distribution formula by complying with the procedures in Subsection (3).
373	Section 3. Effective date.
374	This bill takes effect on July 1, 2006.

## Legislative Review Note as of 1-23-06 4:37 PM

Based on a limited legal review, this legislation has not been determined to have a high probability of being held unconstitutional.

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

Fiscal Note Bill Number HB0147	Revisions to Distribution of Sales and Use Tax Revenue	27-Jan-06 3:01 PM
State Impact		
No net fiscal impact.		
Individual and Business In	npact	
No fiscal impact.		

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst