## Representative Margaret Dayton proposes the following substitute bill:

ADJUSTMENTS IN FUNDING FOR					
CONCURRENT ENROLLMENT					
2006 GENERAL SESSION					
STATE OF UTAH					
Chief Sponsor: Margaret Dayton					
Senate Sponsor: Howard A. Stephenson					
LONG TITLE					
General Description:					
This bill adjusts $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\mathbf{fees}]$ partial tuition $\leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ for concurrent enrollment courses and					
modifies the distribution of					
the annual appropriation for accelerated learning programs.					
Highlighted Provisions:					
This bill:					
▶ authorizes a student per credit hour $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\mathbf{fee}]$ partial tuition $\leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ for concurrent					
enrollment higher education					
courses offered in public schools; and					
► makes technical corrections.					
Monies Appropriated in this Bill:					
None					
Other Special Clauses:					
None					
<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>					
AMENDS:					
<b>53A-15-101</b> , as last amended by Chapter 221, Laws of Utah 2003					
<b>53A-17a-120</b> , as last amended by Chapter 320, Laws of Utah 2003					



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26	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:					
27	Section 1. Section <b>53A-15-101</b> is amended to read:					
28	53A-15-101. Higher education courses in the public schools Cooperation					
29	between public and higher education.					
30	(1) The State Board of Education in collaboration with the State Board of Regents shall					
31	implement:					
32	(a) a curriculum program and delivery system which allows students the option to					
33	complete high school graduation requirements and prepares them to meet college admission					
34	requirements at the conclusion of the eleventh grade, but does not preclude a student involved					
35	in accelerated learning programs from graduating at an earlier time;					
36	(b) a program of selected college credit courses in general and applied technology					
37	education which would be made available in cooperation with the State Board of Regents, as					
38	resources allow, through concurrent enrollment with one or more of the state's institutions of					
39	higher education;					
40	(c) a course of study for a student who decides to continue on through the twelfth grade					
41	that would allow the student to take courses necessary to graduate from high school, and at the					
42	student's option, to become better prepared for the world of work, or complete selected college					
43	level courses corresponding to [the first year of] course work at a university, college, or					
44	community college in the state system of higher education; and					
45	(d) a program for advanced placement which permits students to earn high school					
46	credits while qualifying to take advanced placement examinations for college credit.					
47	(2) The delivery system and curriculum program shall be designed and implemented to					
48	take full advantage of the most current available educational technology.					
49	(3) The State Board of Regents shall adopt rules to ensure the following:					
50	(a) early high school graduates who are academically prepared and meet college					
51	admission requirements may be enrolled in one of the state's institutions of higher education;					
52	(b) college credit courses are taught in high school concurrent enrollment or advanced					
53	placement programs by college or university faculty or public school educators under the					
54	following conditions:					
55	(i) public school educators in concurrent enrollment programs must first be approved					

as adjunct faculty and supervised by a state institution of higher education;

57	(ii) teaching is done through live classroom instruction or telecommunications; and				
58	(iii) course content, procedures, and teaching materials in concurrent enrollment				
59	programs are approved by the appropriate department or program at an institution of higher				
60	education in order to ensure quality and comparability with courses offered on college and				
61	university campuses; and				
62	(iv) students may only be charged fees $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow \mathbf{or\ partial\ tuition} \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ in accordance				
62a	with Subsection (6); and				
63	(c) college credits obtained under this section shall be accepted for transfer of credit				
64	purposes as if they had been obtained at any public institution of higher education within the				
65	state system.				
66	(4) College-level courses taught in the high school carry the same credit hour value as				
67	when taught on a college or university campus and apply toward graduation on the same basi				
68	as courses taught at an institution of higher education to which the credits are submitted.				
69	(5) The State Board of Education shall provide students in the public schools with the				
70	option of accelerating their educational program and graduating at the conclusion of the				
71	eleventh grade.				
72	(6) (a) The State Board of Education and State Board of Regents shall work in close				
73	cooperation in developing, implementing, and evaluating the program established under this				
74	section.				
75	(b) (i) Each high school shall receive its proportional share of concurrent enrollment				
76	monies appropriated or allocated pursuant to Section 53A-17a-120 based upon the hours of				
77	higher education course work undertaken by students at the school under Subsections (1)(b)				
78	and (1)(c) as compared to the state total.				
79	(ii) School districts shall contract with institutions of higher education to provide the				
80	higher education services required under this section.				
81	[(iii) (A)] (c) Higher education tuition and fees may not be charged for participation in				
82	this program, except that each institution within the state's higher education system may				
83	charge:				
84	(i) a one-time per student per institution admissions application fee for concurrent				
85	enrollment course credit offered by the institution[-]; and				
86	(ii) $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\underline{\mathbf{a} \text{ fee}}]$ partial tuition $\leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ of up to \$30 per credit hour for each concurrent				
86a	enrollment course for which				
87	the student will receive college credit, paid directly to the institution of higher education that				

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88	offers the $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\underline{\mathbf{course}}] \underline{\mathbf{credit}} \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ .
89	[ $(B)$ ] $(d)$ Payment of the fee under Subsection $(6)$ [ $(b)$ ( $iii$ )( $A$ )] $(c)$ ( $i$ ) satisfies the general
90	admissions application fee requirement for a full-time or part-time student at an institution so
91	that no additional admissions application fee may be charged by the institution.
92	Section 2. Section <b>53A-17a-120</b> is amended to read:
93	53A-17a-120. Appropriation for accelerated learning programs.
94	(1) Money appropriated to the State Board of Education in Section 53A-17a-104 for
95	accelerated learning programs shall be allocated to local school boards for the following
96	programs:
97	(a) programs in grades 1-12 for the gifted and talented;
98	(b) concurrent enrollment; and
99	(c) advanced placement.
100	[(2) (a) A school participating in the concurrent enrollment programs offered under
101	Section 53A-15-101 shall receive on a per student basis up to \$33.33 per quarter hour or \$50
102	per semester hour for each hour of higher education course work undertaken at the school.]
103	[(b) Each year the amounts specified in Subsection (2)(a) shall be adjusted in
104	proportion to the increase in the value of the weighted pupil unit from the prior year established
105	<del>in Subsection 53A-17a-103(1).</del> ]
106	[(3)] (2) (a) Districts shall spend monies for these programs according to rules
107	established by the State Board of Education in accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah
108	Administrative Rulemaking Act.

(b) The State Board of Education shall develop uniform and consistent policies for

school districts to follow in utilizing advanced placement and concurrent enrollment monies.

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## **State Impact**

Provisions of the bill authorize Higher Education institutions offering concurrent enrollment programs to charge an amount up to \$30 for each credit hour taken by a Public Education student. During FY 2005, a total of 177,658 credit hours were earned by high school students. At \$30 per credit hour, higher education institutions may generate approximately \$5.3 million to support concurrent enrollment.

	<b>FY 2007</b>	<b>FY 2008</b>	<b>FY 2007</b>	<u>FY 2008</u>
	Approp.	Approp.	Revenue	Revenue
Uniform School Fund	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
TOTAL	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

## **Individual and Business Impact**

High school students participating in Concurrent Enrollment may be required to pay up to \$30 for each credit hour taken through the Concurrent Enrollment program.

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst