Representative David Litvack proposes the following substitute bill:

1	CRIMINAL PENALTY AMENDMENTS
2	2006 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: David Litvack
5	Senate Sponsor:
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill modifies the Criminal Code regarding crimes motivated by bias, by providing
0	that courts and the Board of Pardons and Parole consider if the offender's act against a
1	victim includes specified aggravating factors that pose harm to the community.
2	Highlighted Provisions:
3	This bill:
4	 defines "aggravating factor" as an offender's selection of a victim based on the
5	victim's membership or perceived membership in a group, and that this selection
5	results in public harm;
7	 provides that sentencing courts and the Board of Pardons and Parole shall consider
8	these aggravating factors; and
9	 provides that the courts and the Board of Pardons and Parole shall also consider if
0	the current law already increases the penalty for the offense if defendant selects a
1	member of a group, such as assault offenses against law enforcement officers or
2	school employees.
3	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
1	None
5	Other Special Clauses:



26	None
27	Utah Code Sections Affected:
28	ENACTS:
29	76-3-203.4 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
30	
31	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
32	Section 1. Section 76-3-203.4 is enacted to read:
33	76-3-203.4. Crimes motivated by bias Aggravating factors.
34	(1) The sentencing judge or the Board of Pardons and Parole shall consider as an
35	aggravating factor that the defendant, in committing the offense, selected the victim or property
36	primarily because the victim or the owner or holder of the property was actually or was
37	perceived by the defendant to be a member of a group.
38	(2) In determining the weight to be given to the aggravating factor in Subsection (1),
39	the judge or the board shall consider:
40	(a) the public harm resulting from the selection of a victim from that group, including
41	the degree to which:
42	(i) the selection is likely to:
43	(A) cause emotional or other harm to the victim or other members of the group; or
44	(B) incite community unrest; or
45	(ii) the group is or has been the target of animus, discrimination, legal disabilities, or
46	hate-based crimes; and
47	(b) whether the penalty for the defendant's selection of a member of the group as a
48	victim is already increased by other existing provisions of law.