€ 01-12-06 1:30 PM €

LOBBYIST GIFT LIMITS AND DISCLOSURE
2006 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Jeff Alexander
Senate Sponsor: Thomas V. Hatch
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill modifies the Lobbyist Disclosure and Regulation Act and a reporting section
of the Election Code.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
<ul><li>provides and modifies definitions;</li></ul>
<ul> <li>requires political action committees to file a yearly organizational statement;</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>removes reporting exemptions from certain travel, lodging, and meal expenses;</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>provides that public officials, elected officials of local governments, and certain</li> </ul>
state employees are subject to lobbyist disclosure regulations;
<ul> <li>requires that financial expenditure reports be filed quarterly;</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>requires that certain details be reported on expenditures over \$5;</li> </ul>
<ul><li>provides that single expenses in the amount of \$5 or less are not required to be</li></ul>
reported unless they are combined with other expenses;
<ul> <li>establishes conflict of interest standards for lobbyists; and</li> </ul>
<ul><li>makes technical changes.</li></ul>
Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
None



1	Utah Code Sections Affected:
4	AMENDS:
	<b>20A-11-601</b> , as enacted by Chapter 1, Laws of Utah 1995
	<b>36-11-102</b> , as last amended by Chapter 13, Laws of Utah 1998
	<b>36-11-201</b> , as last amended by Chapter 27, Laws of Utah 2003
]	ENACTS:
	<b>36-11-306</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
i	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section 20A-11-601 is amended to read:
	20A-11-601. Political action committees Registration.
	(1) (a) Each political action committee shall file a statement of organization with the
]	lieutenant governor's office on January 10 of each year, unless the political action committee
1	has filed a notice of dissolution under Subsection (3).
	(b) If a political action committee is organized after the January 10 filing date, the
1	political action committee shall file an initial statement of organization no later than seven
(	calendar days after:
	[(a)] (i) receiving contributions totaling at least \$750 [in any calendar year]; or
	[(b)] (ii) distributing expenditures for political purposes totaling at least \$750 [in any
(	<del>calendar year</del> ].
	(c) If January 10 falls on a weekend or holiday, the statement of organization shall be
(	due on the following business day.
	(2) The statement of organization shall include:
	(a) the name and address of the political action committee;
	(b) the name, address, occupation, and title of each officer;
	(c) the name and address of the organization, individual corporation, association, unit
(	of government, or union that the political action committee represents, if any;
	(d) the name and address of all affiliated or connected organizations and their
1	relationships to the political action committee;
	(e) the name, address, business address, occupation, and phone number of the
(	committee's treasurer or chief financial officer; and

59	(f) the name, address, and occupation of each member of the governing board, if any.
60	(3) (a) Any registered political action committee that intends to permanently cease
61	operations shall file a notice of dissolution with the lieutenant governor's office.
62	(b) Any notice of dissolution filed by a political action committee does not exempt that
63	political action committee from complying with the financial reporting requirements of this
64	chapter.
65	Section 2. Section <b>36-11-102</b> is amended to read:
66	<b>36-11-102.</b> Definitions.
67	As used in this chapter:
68	(1) "Aggregate daily expenditures" means the total expenditures made within a 24-hour
69	period.
70	(2) "Executive action" means:
71	(a) nominations and appointments by the governor;
72	(b) the proposal, drafting, amendment, enactment, or defeat by a state agency of any
73	rule made in accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act; and
74	(c) agency ratemaking proceedings.
75	(3) (a) "Expenditure" means any of the items listed in this subsection when given to or
76	for the benefit of a public official or his immediate family:
77	(i) a purchase, payment, distribution, loan, gift, advance, deposit, subscription,
78	forbearance, services, or goods, unless consideration of equal or greater value is received; and
79	(ii) a contract, promise, or agreement, whether or not legally enforceable, to provide
80	any of the items listed in Subsection (3)(a)(i).
81	(b) "Expenditure" does not mean:
82	(i) a commercially reasonable loan made in the ordinary course of business;
83	(ii) a campaign contribution reported in accordance with Title 20A, Chapter 11,
84	[Corrupt Practices in Elections] Campaign and Financial Reporting Requirements;
85	(iii) printed informational material;
86	(iv) a devise or inheritance;
87	(v) any item listed in Subsection (3)(a) if given by a relative;
88	(vi) a modest item of food or refreshment such as a beverage or pastry offered other
20	than as part of a meal, the value of which does not exceed \$5:

90	(vii) a greeting card or other item of little intrinsic value that is intended solely for
91	presentation; or
92	(viii) plaques, commendations, or awards[; or].
93	[(ix) reimbursement of reasonable expenses for or providing travel, lodging, or meals
94	to a public official when:
95	[(A) those expenses are directly related to the public official's attendance and
96	participation in a regularly scheduled meeting of an organization, association, or group; and]
97	[(B) that organization, association, or group pays or provides those expenses.]
98	(4) (a) "Government officer" means:
99	(i) an individual elected to a position in state or local government, when acting within
100	his official capacity; or
101	(ii) an individual appointed to or employed in a full-time position by state or local
102	government, when acting within the scope of his employment.
103	(b) "Government officer" does not mean a member of the legislative branch of state
104	government.
105	(5) "Immediate family" means a spouse, a child residing in the household, or an
106	individual claimed as a dependent for tax purposes.
107	(6) "Interested person" means an individual defined in Subsections (9)(b)(ii) and
108	[ <del>(viii)</del> ] <u>(vii)</u> .
109	(7) "Legislative action" means:
110	(a) bills, resolutions, amendments, nominations, and other matters pending or proposed
111	in either house of the Legislature or its committees or requested by a legislator; and
112	(b) the action of the governor in approving or vetoing legislation.
113	(8) "Lobbying" means communicating with a public official for the purpose of
114	influencing the passage, defeat, amendment, or postponement of legislative or executive action.
115	(9) (a) "Lobbyist" means:
116	(i) an individual who is employed by a principal; or
117	(ii) an individual who contracts for economic consideration, other than reimbursement
118	for reasonable travel expenses, with a principal to lobby a public official.
119	(b) "Lobbyist" does not include:
120	[(i) a public official while acting in his official capacity on matters pertaining to his

121	office or a state employee while acting within the scope of his employment;]
122	(i) a member or employee of the legislative branch of government;
123	(ii) any person appearing at, or providing written comments to, a hearing conducted in
124	accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act or Title 63,
125	Chapter 46b, Administrative Procedures Act;
126	(iii) any person participating on or appearing before an advisory or study task force,
127	commission, board, or committee, constituted by the Legislature or any agency or department
128	of state government, except legislative standing, appropriation, or interim committees;
129	(iv) a representative of a political party;
130	(v) an individual representing a bona fide church solely for the purpose of protecting
131	the right to practice the religious doctrines of the church unless the individual or church makes
132	an expenditure that confers a benefit on a public official;
133	(vi) a newspaper, television station or network, radio station or network, periodical of
134	general circulation, or book publisher for the purpose of publishing news items, editorials,
135	other comments, or paid advertisements that directly or indirectly urge legislative or executive
136	action; or
137	[(vii) an elected official of a local government while acting within the scope of his
138	official capacity on matters pertaining to his office or an employee of a local government while
139	acting within the scope of his employment; or]
140	[(viii)] (vii) an individual who appears on his own behalf before a committee of the
141	Legislature or an executive branch agency solely for the purpose of testifying in support of or
142	in opposition to legislative or executive action.
143	(10) "Person" includes individuals, bodies politic and corporate, partnerships,
144	associations, and companies.
145	(11) "Principal" means a person who employs [a lobbyist] an individual to perform
146	lobbying either as an employee or as an independent contractor.
147	(12) "Public official" means:
148	(a) a member of the Legislature;
149	(b) an individual elected to a position in the executive branch; or
150	(c) an individual appointed to or employed in the executive or legislative branch if that
151	individual:

152	(i) occupies a policymaking position or makes purchasing or contracting decisions;
153	(ii) drafts legislation or makes rules;
154	(iii) determines rates or fees; or
155	(iv) makes adjudicative decisions.
156	(13) "Quarterly reporting period" means the three-month period covered by each
157	financial report required under Subsection 36-11-201(2)(a)(i).
158	[(13)] (14) "Related person" means any person, or agent or employee of a person, who
159	knowingly and intentionally assists a lobbyist, principal, or government officer in lobbying.
160	[(14)] (15) "Relative" means a spouse, child, parent, grandparent, grandchild, brother,
161	sister, parent-in-law, brother-in-law, sister-in-law, nephew, niece, aunt, uncle, first cousin, or
162	spouse of any of these individuals.
163	Section 3. Section <b>36-11-201</b> is amended to read:
164	36-11-201. Lobbyist, principal, and government officer financial reporting
165	requirements Prohibition for related person to make expenditures.
166	(1) As used in this section, "public official type" means a notation to identify whether
167	the public official is:
168	(a) a member of the legislature;
169	(b) an individual elected to a position in the executive branch;
170	(c) an individual appointed to or employed in a position in the legislative branch who
171	meets the definition of public official in Section 36-11-102; or
172	(d) an individual appointed to or employed in a position in the executive branch who
173	meets the definition of public official in Section 36-11-102.
174	(2) (a) (i) Each lobbyist, principal, and government officer that makes an expenditure
175	during any of the following quarterly reporting periods shall file [an annual] a quarterly
176	financial report with the lieutenant governor on [January 10 of each year or] the following
177	<u>dates:</u>
178	(A) April 10, for the period of November 1 through March 31;
179	(B) July 10, for the period of April 1 through June 30;
180	(C) October 10, for the period of July 1 through September 30; and
181	(D) January 10, for the period of October 1 through December 31 of the previous year.
182	(ii) If the due date for a financial report falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday.

183	the report shall be considered to be due on the next succeeding business day [if January 10 falls
184	on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday].
185	(iii) The report shall be considered timely filed if postmarked on its due date.
186	[(ii)] (iv) The report shall disclose expenditures made to benefit public officials or
187	members of their immediate families as provided in this section.
188	[(iii) If] (v) (A) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(a)(i), a lobbyist shall file a quarterly
189	financial report whether or not the lobbyist has made [no expenditures since the last
190	expenditure reported on the last report filed,] an expenditure during the quarterly reporting
191	period.
192	(B) If the lobbyist has made no expenditures during the quarterly reporting period, the
193	lobbyist shall file a quarterly financial report listing the amount of expenditures as "none."
194	(C) The report shall be filed in accordance with the dates specified under Subsections
195	(2)(a)(i) and (ii).
196	(b) The [ <del>January 10</del> ] <u>quarterly financial</u> report shall contain:
197	(i) (A) the total amount of expenditures made to benefit public officials during the last
198	[calendar year] quarterly reporting period; and
199	(B) the total amount of expenditures made to benefit public officials by public official
200	type during the last [ealendar year] quarterly reporting period;
201	(ii) (A) the total travel expenditures that the lobbyist, principal, or government officer
202	made to benefit public officials and their immediate families during the [last calendar year]
203	quarterly reporting period; and
204	(B) the total travel expenditures that the lobbyist, principal, or government officer
205	made to benefit public officials and their immediate families, by public official type, during the
206	last [calendar year] quarterly reporting period; and
207	(C) a travel expenditure statement that:
208	(I) describes the destination of each trip and its purpose;
209	(II) identifies the total amount of expenditures made to benefit each public official and
210	members of the public official's immediate family for each trip;
211	(III) names all individuals that took each trip;
212	(IV) identifies the public official type to which each public official belongs;
213	(V) provides the name and address of the organization that sponsored each trip; and

214	(VI) identifies specific expenditures for food, lodging, gifts, and sidetrips;
215	(iii) except as specified under Subsection (2)(b)(iv) regarding expenditures for food or
216	beverage, for each aggregate daily [expenditures] expenditure made during the quarterly
217	reporting period to benefit a public [officials or members of their] official or a member of the
218	<u>public official's</u> immediate [families] family in an amount exceeding \$5 per person, that [are] is
219	not <u>otherwise</u> reportable under Subsection (2)(b)( <u>ii</u> ):
220	[(A) when the amount does not exceed \$50 per person:]
221	[(I) the date of the expenditure;]
222	[(II) the purpose of the expenditure;]
223	[(III) the public official type to which each public official belongs; and]
224	[(IV) the total monetary worth of the benefit conferred on the public officials or
225	members of their immediate families;]
226	[(B) when the amount exceeds \$50 per person:]
227	[(1)] (A) the date, location, and purpose of the event, activity, or expenditure;
228	[(H)] (B) the name of the public official or member of the public official's immediate
229	family who attended the event or activity or received the benefit of the expenditure;
230	[(HH)] (C) the public official type to which each public official belongs; and
231	[(IV)] (D) the total monetary worth of the benefit conferred on the public official or
232	member of the public official's immediate family by the lobbyist, principal, or government
233	officer filing the financial report;
234	(iv) (A) for each aggregate daily expenditure for food or beverage made during the
235	quarterly reporting period to benefit a public official or a member of a public official's
236	immediate family in an amount exceeding \$5 per person, but not exceeding \$50 per person:
237	(I) the date of the expenditure;
238	(II) the purpose of the expenditure;
239	(III) the public official type to which each public official belongs; and
240	(IV) the total monetary worth of the benefit conferred on the public official or member
241	of the public official's immediate family; and
242	(B) each aggregate daily expenditure for food or beverage that exceeds \$50 per person
243	shall be reported under Subsection (2)(b)(iii);
244	[(iv)] (v) a list of each public official who was employed by the lobbyist, principal, or

government officer or who performed work as an independent contractor for the lobbyist, principal, or government officer during the last year that details the nature of the employment or contract;

- [(v)] (vi) each bill or resolution by number and short title on behalf of which the lobbyist, principal, or government officer made an expenditure to a public official for which a report is required by this section, if any;
- [(vi)] (vii) a description of each executive action on behalf of which the lobbyist, principal, or government officer made an expenditure to a public official for which a report is required by this section, if any; and
- [(viii)] (viii) the general purposes, interests, and nature of the organization or organizations that the lobbyist, principal, or government officer filing the report represents.
- (c) In reporting expenditures under this section for events to which all legislators are invited, each lobbyist, principal, and government officer:
- (i) may not divide the cost of the event by the number of legislators who actually attend the event and report that cost as an expenditure made to those legislators;
- (ii) shall divide the total cost by the total number of Utah legislators and others invited to the event and report that quotient as the amount expended for each legislator who actually attended the event; and
- (iii) may not report any expenditure as made to a legislator who did not attend the event.
  - (3) (a) As used in this Subsection (3):

- (i) "Lobbyist group" means two or more lobbyists, principals, government officers, [and] or any combination of lobbyists, principals, and government officers who each contribute a portion of an expenditure made to benefit a public official or member of his immediate family.
- (ii) "Multiclient lobbyist" means a single lobbyist, principal, or government officer who represents two or more clients and divides the aggregate daily expenditure made to benefit a public official or member of his immediate family between two or more of those clients.
- (b) When a lobbyist group combines to make aggregate daily expenditures to benefit public officials or members of their immediate families, and the total aggregate daily expenditure of the lobbyist group exceeds [\$50] \$5 per person, each member of the lobbyist

group shall disclose on the reports required by this section:

- (i) the date, location, and purpose of the event, activity, or expenditure;
- (ii) the name of the public official or member of the public official's immediate family who attended the event or activity or received the benefit of the expenditure;
  - (iii) the public official type to which each public official belongs;
- (iv) the total monetary worth of the benefit conferred on the public official or member of the public official's immediate family by the lobbyist group [and];
- (v) the total monetary worth of the benefit conferred upon the public official or member of the public official's immediate family by the lobbyist, principal, or government officer filing the financial report;
- [(v)] (vi) each bill or resolution by number and short title on behalf of which the lobbyist, principal, or government officer made an expenditure to a public official for which a report is required by this section, if any;
- [(vi)] (vii) a description of each executive action on behalf of which the lobbyist, principal, or government officer made an expenditure to a public official for which a report is required by this section, if any; and
- [(viii)] (viii) the general purposes, interests, and nature of the organization or organizations that the lobbyist, principal, or government officer filing the report represents.
- (c) When a multiclient lobbyist makes aggregate daily expenditures to benefit public officials or members of their immediate families, and the sum of the total aggregate daily expenditure for all of the lobbyist's clients exceeds [\$50] \$5 for a public official or family member, the multiclient lobbyist shall, for each client, disclose on the reports required by this section:
  - (i) the date, location, and purpose of the event, activity, or expenditure;
- (ii) the name of the public official or member of the public official's immediate family who attended the event or activity or received the benefit of the expenditure;
  - (iii) the public official type to which each public official belongs;
- (iv) the total monetary worth of the benefit conferred on the public official or member of the public official's immediate family by all clients [and];
- (v) the total monetary worth of the benefit conferred on the public official or member of the public official's immediate family by the client upon whose behalf the report is filed;

307	[(v)] (vi) each bill or resolution by number and short title on behalf of which the
308	lobbyist, principal, or government officer made an expenditure to a public official for which a
309	report is required by this section, if any;
310	[(vi)] (vii) a description of each executive action on behalf of which the lobbyist,
311	principal, or government officer made an expenditure to a public official for which a report is
312	required by this section, if any; and
313	[(viii)] (viii) the general purposes, interests, and nature of the organization or
314	organizations that the lobbyist, principal, or government officer filing the report represents.
315	(4) A related person may not, while assisting a lobbyist, principal, or government
316	officer in lobbying, make an expenditure that benefits a public official or member of the public
317	official's immediate family under circumstances which would otherwise fall within the
318	disclosure requirements of this chapter if the expenditure was made by the lobbyist, principal,
319	or government officer.
320	[(5) (a) Each lobbyist, principal, and government officer who makes expenditures
321	totaling \$50 or more to benefit public officials or members of their immediate families since
322	the date of the last financial report filed shall file a financial report with the lieutenant governor
323	on:]
324	[(i) the date ten days after the last day of each annual general session;]
325	[(ii) the date seven days before a regular general election; and]
326	[(iii) the date seven days after the end of a special session or veto override session.]
327	[(b) (i) If any date specified in this Subsection (5) falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal
328	holiday, the report is due on the next business day or on the next succeeding business day, if
329	the due date falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday.]
330	[(ii) The report shall be considered timely filed if it is postmarked on its due date.]
331	[(c) Each report shall contain a listing of all expenditures made since the last
332	expenditure reported on the last report filed in the form specified in Subsection (2)(b) and,
333	when applicable, Subsection (3).
334	[(d) In preparing each financial report, all expenditures shall be reported as of five days
335	before the required filing date of the report.
336	[(6)] (5) Each quarterly financial report filed by a lobbyist shall contain a certification
337	that the information provided in the report is true, accurate, and complete to the lobbyist's best

338	knowledge and belief.
339	[ <del>(7)</del> ] <u>(6)</u> The lieutenant governor shall:
340	(a) develop preprinted suggested forms for all statements required by this section; and
341	(b) make copies of the forms available to each person who requests them.
342	[(8)] (7) Each lobbyist and principal shall continue to file the quarterly financial reports
343	required by this section [until the lobbyist or principal has filed the report due on the first
344	January 10 that is more than] for a period of 12 months after the date that the lobbyist
345	surrenders, fails to renew, or otherwise ceases to be licensed.
346	Section 4. Section <b>36-11-306</b> is enacted to read:
347	36-11-306. Conflicts of interest.
348	(1) As used in this section, "conflict of interest" means a circumstance where:
349	(a) the representation of one principal or client will be directly adverse to another
350	principal or client; or
351	(b) there is a significant risk that the representation of one or more principals or clients
352	will be materially limited by the lobbyist's responsibilities to:
353	(i) another principal or client;
354	(ii) a former principal or client;
355	(iii) a third person; or
356	(iv) a personal interest of the lobbyist.
357	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (3), a lobbyist may not represent a principal or
358	client if the representation involves a conflict of interest.
359	(3) Notwithstanding the existence of a conflict of interest, a lobbyist may represent a
360	principal or client if:
361	(a) the lobbyist reasonably believes that the lobbyist will be able to provide competent
362	and diligent representation to each principal or client;
363	(b) the representation is not otherwise prohibited by law;
364	(c) the representation does not require the lobbyist to assert a position on behalf of one
365	principal or client that is opposed to the position of another principal or client represented by
366	the lobbyist involving the same legislative issue; and
367	(d) each affected principal or client gives informed consent to the conflict of interest in
368	writing.

## Legislative Review Note as of 1-10-06 10:23 AM

Based on a limited legal review, this legislation has not been determined to have a high probability of being held unconstitutional.

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel