	TRESPASS LAW AMENDMENTS
	2006 GENERAL SESSION
	STATE OF UTAH
	Chief Sponsor: Kerry W. Gibson
	Senate Sponsor: Darin G. Peterson
ONG T	
General	Description:
T	his bill modifies the Criminal Code regarding criminal trespass.
lighligh	ted Provisions:
T	his bill:
•	includes as the offense of criminal trespass the act of entering property with the
ntent to o	commit a theft or felony; and
►	increases the penalties for each of two specified types of criminal trespass to one
igher lev	vel of misdemeanor.
Ionies A	Appropriated in this Bill:
N	one
)ther Sp	pecial Clauses:
N	one
tah Co	de Sections Affected:
MEND	S:
70	6-6-206, as last amended by Chapter 225, Laws of Utah 2001
	cted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	ection 1. Section 76-6-206 is amended to read:
70	6-6-206. Criminal trespass.
) [For purposes of] As used in this section, "enter" means intrusion of the entire



H.B. 223

01-10-06 7:59 AM

28	body.
29	(2) A person is guilty of criminal trespass if, under circumstances not amounting to
30	burglary as defined in Section 76-6-202, 76-6-203, or 76-6-204 or a violation of Section
31	76-10-2402 regarding commercial terrorism:
32	(a) he enters or remains unlawfully on property and:
33	(i) intends to cause annoyance or injury to any person or damage to any property,
34	including the use of graffiti as defined in Section 76-6-107;
35	(ii) intends to commit any crime, other than theft or a felony; or
36	(iii) is reckless as to whether his presence will cause fear for the safety of another;
37	(b) knowing his entry or presence is unlawful, he enters or remains on property as to
38	which notice against entering is given by:
39	(i) personal communication to the actor by the owner or someone with apparent
40	authority to act for the owner;
41	(ii) fencing or other enclosure obviously designed to exclude intruders; or
42	(iii) posting of signs reasonably likely to come to the attention of intruders; or
43	(c) he enters a condominium unit in violation of Subsection 57-8-7(7).
44	(3) (a) A violation of Subsection (2)(a) <u>or (b)</u> is a class [C] <u>B</u> misdemeanor unless it
45	was committed in a dwelling, in which event it is a class $[\mathbf{B}] \underline{A}$ misdemeanor.
46	(b) A violation of Subsection (2)[(b)](c) is an infraction.
47	(4) It is a defense to prosecution under this section that [the]:
48	(a) the property was open to the public when the actor entered or remained; and
49	(b) the actor's conduct did not substantially interfere with the owner's use of the
50	property.

Legislative Review Note as of 12-28-05 2:06 PM

Based on a limited legal review, this legislation has not been determined to have a high probability of being held unconstitutional.

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

State Impact

No fiscal impact.

Individual and Business Impact

May have a positive fiscal impact on businesses.

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst