Representative Sheryl L. Allen proposes the following substitute bill:

1	EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICE PROVIDER
2	TORT REFORM
3	2006 GENERAL SESSION
4	STATE OF UTAH
5	Chief Sponsor: Sheryl L. Allen
6	Senate Sponsor: Thomas V. Hatch
7	Cosponsor: Bradley G. Last
8	
9	LONG TITLE
0	General Description:
1	This bill amends the Utah Health Care Malpractice Act to establish a clear and
2	convincing standard of evidence for fault in emergency medical care.
3	Highlighted Provisions:
4	This bill:
5	 defines emergency medical care in the Utah Health Care Malpractice Act; and
6	 establishes a clear and convincing standard for malpractice actions against health
7	care providers arising from emergency medical care.
8	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
9	None
0	Other Special Clauses:
21	None
22	Utah Code Sections Affected:
23	ENACTS:
24	58-13-2.5, Utah Code Annotated 1953
25	

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26	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
27	Section 1. Section 58-13-2.5 is enacted to read:
28	58-13-2.5. Standard of proof for emergency care when immunity does not apply.
29	(1) A person licensed under Title 58, Occupations and Professions, who is a health care
30	provider as defined in Section 78-14-3 who provides emergency care in good faith, but is not
31	immune from suit because of an expectation of payment, a legal duty to respond, or other
32	reason under Section 58-13-2, may only be liable for civil damages if fault, as defined in
33	Section 78-27-37, is established by clear and convincing evidence.
34	(2) For purposes of Subsection (1), "emergency care" means the treatment of an
35	emergency medical condition, as defined in Section 31A-22-627, from the time that the person
36	is transported to the emergency department of a general acute hospital, as defined in Section
37	26-12-2, and including any subsequent transfer to another hospital, until the condition has been
38	stabilized and the patient is either discharged from the emergency department or admitted to
39	another department of the hospital.
40	(3) Nothing in this section may be construed as:
41	(a) altering the applicable standard of care for determining fault; or
42	(b) applying the standard of proof of clear and convincing evidence to care outside of
43	emergency care and the mandatory legal duty to treat.

State Impact

No fiscal impact.

Individual and Business Impact

Individual and business impacts will vary according to individual circumstances.

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst