← Approved for Filing: E.R. Brown ← **₾** 01-17-06 12:36 PM **₾** 

	PROCESS FOR APPROVAL OF WASTE
	DISPOSAL AMENDMENTS
	2006 GENERAL SESSION
	STATE OF UTAH
	Chief Sponsor: Howard A. Stephenson
	House Sponsor: J. Stuart Adams
LONG	TITLE
Genera	l Description:
ı	This bill modifies legislative and gubernatorial approval requirements for the disposal
of certa	in wastes.
Highlig	hted Provisions:
ı	This bill:
	modifies the legislative and gubernatorial approval requirements for the disposal of
certain	commercial radioactive wastes, hazardous wastes, and nonhazardous solid
wastes;	
	requires that legislative approval be provided by statute;
	provides that gubernatorial approval is given if the statute giving legislative
approva	l is not vetoed; and
	provides that gubernatorial approval is not required if the governor vetoes the
statute g	giving legislative approval and the veto is overridden.
Monies	Appropriated in this Bill:
	None
Other S	Special Clauses:
	None
Utah C	ode Sections Affected:
AMEN	DS:



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19-3-105, as last amended by Chapter 10, Laws of Utah 2005		
19-6-108, as last amended by Chapter 43, Laws of Utah 2005		
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:		
Section 1. Section 19-3-105 is amended to read:		
19-3-105. Definitions Legislative and gubernatorial approval required for		
radioactive waste license Application for new, renewed, or amended license.		
(1) As used in this section:		
(a) "Alternate feed material" has the same definition as provided in Section 59-24-102.		
(b) (i) "Class A low-level radioactive waste" means:		
(A) radioactive waste that is classified as class A waste under 10 C.F.R. 61.55; and		
(B) radium-226 up to a maximum radionuclide concentration level of 10,000		
picocuries per gram.		
(ii) "Class A low-level radioactive waste" does not include:		
(A) uranium mill tailings;		
(B) naturally occurring radioactive materials; or		
(C) the following radionuclides if classified as "special nuclear material" under the		
Atomic Energy Act of 1954, 42 U.S.C. 2014:		
(I) uranium-233; and		
(II) uranium-235 with a radionuclide concentration level greater than the concentration		
limits for specific conditions and enrichments established by an order of the Nuclear		
Regulatory Commission:		
(Aa) to ensure criticality safety for a radioactive waste facility in the state; and		
(Bb) in response to a request, submitted prior to January 1, 2004, from a radioactive		
waste facility in the state to the Nuclear Regulatory Commission to amend the facility's special		
nuclear material exemption order.		
(c) (i) "Radioactive waste facility" or "facility" means a facility that receives, transfers,		
stores, decays in storage, treats, or disposes of radioactive waste:		
(A) commercially for profit; or		
(B) generated at locations other than the radioactive waste facility.		
(ii) "Radioactive waste facility" does not include a facility that receives:		

59	(A) alternate feed material for reprocessing; or
60	(B) radioactive waste from a location in the state designated as a processing site under
61	42 U.S.C. 7912(f).
62	(d) "Radioactive waste license" or "license" means a radioactive material license issued
63	by the executive secretary under Subsection 19-3-108(2)(c)(i), to own, construct, modify, or
64	operate a radioactive waste facility.
65	(2) The provisions of this section are subject to the prohibition under Section
66	19-3-103.7.
67	(3) A person may not own, construct, modify, or operate a radioactive waste facility
68	without:
69	(a) having received a radioactive waste license for the facility;
70	(b) meeting the requirements established by rule under Section 19-3-104;
71	(c) the approval of the governing body of the municipality or county responsible for
72	local planning and zoning where the radioactive waste is or will be located; and
73	(d) subsequent to meeting the requirements of Subsections (3)(a) through (c), the
74	approval of the governor and the Legislature $\hat{S} \rightarrow [\underline{as\ provided\ in\ Subsection\ (4)}] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ .
75	(4) \$→ [(a)] ←\$ Legislative \$→ and gubernatorial ←\$ approval required by Subsection
75a	(3)(d) \$→ for a new license, license renewal, or license amendment under Subsection (5) that is
75b	received by the executive secretary on or after July 1, 2007, $\leftarrow \hat{S}$ shall be provided $\hat{S} \rightarrow as$ follows:
75c	(a) Legislative approval shall be provided ←Ŝ by statute.
76	(b) Gubernatorial approval required by Subsections (3)(d) is provided if the governor
77	does not veto the statute providing legislative approval.
78	(c) Gubernatorial approval under Subsection (3)(d) is not required if:
79	(i) the governor vetoes the statute providing legislative approval; and
80	(ii) the Legislature overrides the governor's veto by at least two-thirds majority of the
81	members elected to each house.
82	[(4)] (5) A new radioactive waste license application, or an application to renew or
83	amend an existing radioactive waste license, is subject to the requirements of Subsections
84	(3)(b) through (d) if the application, renewal, or amendment:
85	(a) specifies a different geographic site than a previously submitted application;
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	(b) would cost 50% or more of the cost of construction of the original radioactive
87	(b) would cost 50% or more of the cost of construction of the original radioactive waste facility or the modification would result in an increase in capacity or throughput of a
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approval is subsequent to January 1, 1990; or

- (c) requests approval to receive, transfer, store, decay in storage, treat, or dispose of radioactive waste having a higher radionuclide concentration limit than allowed, under an existing approved license held by the facility, for the specific type of waste to be received, transferred, stored, decayed in storage, treated, or disposed of.
- [(5)] (6) The requirements of Subsection [(4)] (5)(c) do not apply to an application to renew or amend an existing radioactive waste license if:
- (a) the radioactive waste facility requesting the renewal or amendment has received a license prior to January 1, 2004; and
- (b) the application to renew or amend its license is limited to a request to approve the receipt, transfer, storage, decay in storage, treatment, or disposal of class A low-level radioactive waste.
- [(6)] (7) A radioactive waste facility which receives a new radioactive waste license after May 3, 2004, is subject to the requirements of Subsections (3)(b) through (d) for any license application, renewal, or amendment that requests approval to receive, transfer, store, decay in storage, treat, or dispose of radioactive waste not previously approved under an existing license held by the facility.
- [(7)] (8) If the board finds that approval of additional radioactive waste license applications, renewals, or amendments will result in inadequate oversight, monitoring, or licensure compliance and enforcement of existing and any additional radioactive waste facilities, the board shall suspend acceptance of further applications for radioactive waste licenses. The board shall report the suspension to the Legislative Management Committee.
- [(8)] (9) The board shall review each proposed radioactive waste license application to determine whether the application complies with the provisions of this chapter and the rules of the board.
- [(9)] (10) (a) If the radioactive waste license application is determined to be complete, the board shall issue a notice of completeness.
- (b) If the board determines that the radioactive waste license application is incomplete, the board shall issue a notice of deficiency, listing the additional information to be provided by the applicant to complete the application.
  - Section 2. Section **19-6-108** is amended to read:

19-6-108. New nonhazardous solid or hazardous waste operation plans for facility or site -- Administrative and legislative approval required -- Exemptions from legislative and gubernatorial approval -- Time periods for review -- Information required -- Other conditions -- Revocation of approval -- Periodic review.

- (1) For purposes of this section, the following items shall be treated as submission of a new operation plan:
- (a) the submission of a revised operation plan specifying a different geographic site than a previously submitted plan;
- (b) an application for modification of a commercial hazardous waste incinerator if the construction or the modification would increase the hazardous waste incinerator capacity above the capacity specified in the operation plan as of January 1, 1990, or the capacity specified in the operation plan application as of January 1, 1990, if no operation plan approval has been issued as of January 1, 1990;
- (c) an application for modification of a commercial nonhazardous solid waste incinerator if the construction of the modification would cost 50% or more of the cost of construction of the original incinerator or the modification would result in an increase in the capacity or throughput of the incinerator of a cumulative total of 50% above the total capacity or throughput that was approved in the operation plan as of January 1, 1990, or the initial approved operation plan if the initial approval is subsequent to January 1, 1990; or
- (d) an application for modification of a commercial nonhazardous solid or hazardous waste treatment, storage, or disposal facility, other than an incinerator, if the modification would be outside the boundaries of the property owned or controlled by the applicant, as shown in the application or approved operation plan as of January 1, 1990, or the initial approved operation plan if the initial approval is subsequent to January 1, 1990.
- (2) Capacity under Subsection (1)(b) shall be calculated based on the throughput tonnage specified for the trial burn in the operation plan or the operation plan application if no operation plan approval has been issued as of January 1, 1990, and on annual operations of 7,000 hours.
- (3) (a) No person may own, construct, modify, or operate any facility or site for the purpose of disposing of nonhazardous solid waste or treating, storing, or disposing of hazardous waste without first submitting and receiving the approval of the executive secretary

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for a nonhazardous solid or hazardous waste operation plan for that facility or site	152	for a nonhazardous	s solid or hazardou	s waste operation	plan for that f	facility or site
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- (b) (i) Except for facilities that receive the following wastes solely for the purpose of recycling, reuse, or reprocessing, no person may own, construct, modify, or operate any commercial facility that accepts for treatment or disposal, with the intent to make a profit, any of the wastes listed in Subsection (3)(b)(ii) without first submitting a request to and receiving the approval of the executive secretary for an operation plan for that facility site.
  - (ii) Wastes referred to in Subsection (3)(b)(i) are:
- (A) fly ash waste, bottom ash waste, slag waste, or flue gas emission control waste generated primarily from the combustion of coal or other fossil fuels;
  - (B) wastes from the extraction, beneficiation, and processing of ores and minerals; or
- (C) cement kiln dust wastes.
  - (c) (i) No person may construct any facility listed under Subsection (3)(c)(ii) until [he] the person receives, in addition to and subsequent to local government approval and subsequent to the approval required in Subsection (3)(a), approval by the governor and the Legislature  $\$ \rightarrow [as provided in Subsection (3)(d)] \leftarrow \$$ .
    - (ii) Facilities referred to in Subsection (3)(c)(i) are:
  - (A) commercial nonhazardous solid or hazardous waste treatment or disposal facilities; and
  - (B) except for facilities that receive the following wastes solely for the purpose of recycling, reuse, or reprocessing, any commercial facility that accepts for treatment or disposal, with the intent to make a profit: fly ash waste, bottom ash waste, slag waste, or flue gas emission control waste generated primarily from the combustion of coal or other fossil fuels; wastes from the extraction, beneficiation, and processing of ores and minerals; or cement kiln dust wastes.
  - (d) \$→ [<del>(i)</del>] ←\$ Legislative \$→ and gubernatorial ←\$ approval required by Subsection (3)(c) \$→ subsequent to executive secretary approval of an operation plan under Subsection (3)(a) which is received by the executive secretary on or after July 1, 2007, ←\$ shall be provided \$→ as follows:
    - (i) Legislative approval shall be provided ←Ŝ by statute.
  - (ii) Gubernatorial approval required by Subsections (3)(c) is provided if the governor does not veto the statute providing legislative approval.
    - (iii) Gubernatorial approval under Subsection (3)(c) is not required if:
- (A) the governor vetoes the statute providing legislative approval; and
- 181 (B) the Legislature overrides the governor's veto by at least two-thirds majority of the members elected to each house.

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[(d)] (e) No person need obtain gubernatorial or legislative approval for the construction of a hazardous waste facility for which an operating plan has been approved by or submitted for approval to the executive secretary under this section before April 24, 1989, and which has been determined, on or before December 31, 1990, by the executive secretary to be complete, in accordance with state and federal requirements for operating plans for hazardous waste facilities even if a different geographic site is subsequently submitted.

- [(e)] (f) No person need obtain gubernatorial and legislative approval for the construction of a commercial nonhazardous solid waste disposal facility for which an operation plan has been approved by or submitted for approval to the executive secretary under this section on or before January 1, 1990, and which, on or before December 31, 1990, the executive secretary determines to be complete, in accordance with state and federal requirements applicable to operation plans for nonhazardous solid waste facilities.
- [(f)] (g) Any person owning or operating a facility or site on or before November 19, 1980, who has given timely notification as required by Section 3010 of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976, 42 U.S.C. Section 6921, et seq., and who has submitted a proposed hazardous waste plan under this section for that facility or site, may continue to operate that facility or site without violating this section until the plan is approved or disapproved under this section.
- [(g)] (h) (i) The executive secretary shall suspend acceptance of further applications for a commercial nonhazardous solid or hazardous waste facility upon a finding that he cannot adequately oversee existing and additional facilities for permit compliance, monitoring, and enforcement.
- (ii) The executive secretary shall report any suspension to the Natural Resources, Agriculture, and Environment Interim Committee.
- (4) The executive secretary shall review each proposed nonhazardous solid or hazardous waste operation plan to determine whether that plan complies with the provisions of this part and the applicable rules of the board.
- (5) (a) If the facility is a class I or class II facility, the executive secretary shall approve or disapprove that plan within 270 days from the date it is submitted.
- (b) Within 60 days after receipt of the plans, specifications, or other information required by this section for a class I or II facility, the executive secretary shall determine

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whether the plan is complete and contains all information necessary to process the plan for approval.

- (c) (i) If the plan for a class I or II facility is determined to be complete, the executive secretary shall issue a notice of completeness.
- (ii) If the plan is determined by the executive secretary to be incomplete, he shall issue a notice of deficiency, listing the additional information to be provided by the owner or operator to complete the plan.
- (d) The executive secretary shall review information submitted in response to a notice of deficiency within 30 days after receipt.
- (e) The following time periods may not be included in the 270 day plan review period for a class I or II facility:
- (i) time awaiting response from the owner or operator to requests for information issued by the executive secretary;
- (ii) time required for public participation and hearings for issuance of plan approvals; and
  - (iii) time for review of the permit by other federal or state government agencies.
- (6) (a) If the facility is a class III or class IV facility, the executive secretary shall approve or disapprove that plan within 365 days from the date it is submitted.
  - (b) The following time periods may not be included in the 365 day review period:
- (i) time awaiting response from the owner or operator to requests for information issued by the executive secretary;
- (ii) time required for public participation and hearings for issuance of plan approvals; and
  - (iii) time for review of the permit by other federal or state government agencies.
- (7) If, within 365 days after receipt of a modification plan or closure plan for any facility, the executive secretary determines that the proposed plan, or any part of it, will not comply with applicable rules, the executive secretary shall issue an order prohibiting any action under the proposed plan for modification or closure in whole or in part.
- (8) Any person who owns or operates a facility or site required to have an approved hazardous waste operation plan under this section and who has pending a permit application before the United States Environmental Protection Agency shall be treated as having an

approved plan until final administrative disposition of the permit application is made under this section, unless the board determines that final administrative disposition of the application has not been made because of the failure of the owner or operator to furnish any information requested, or the facility's interim status has terminated under Section 3005 (e) of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, 42 U.S.C. Section 6925 (e).

(9) No proposed nonhazardous solid or hazardous waste operation plan may be approved unless it contains the information that the board requires, including:

- (a) estimates of the composition, quantities, and concentrations of any hazardous waste identified under this part and the proposed treatment, storage, or disposal of it;
- (b) evidence that the disposal of nonhazardous solid waste or treatment, storage, or disposal of hazardous waste will not be done in a manner that may cause or significantly contribute to an increase in mortality, an increase in serious irreversible or incapacitating reversible illness, or pose a substantial present or potential hazard to human health or the environment;
- (c) consistent with the degree and duration of risks associated with the disposal of nonhazardous solid waste or treatment, storage, or disposal of specified hazardous waste, evidence of financial responsibility in whatever form and amount that the executive secretary determines is necessary to insure continuity of operation and that upon abandonment, cessation, or interruption of the operation of the facility or site, all reasonable measures consistent with the available knowledge will be taken to insure that the waste subsequent to being treated, stored, or disposed of at the site or facility will not present a hazard to the public or the environment;
- (d) evidence that the personnel employed at the facility or site have education and training for the safe and adequate handling of nonhazardous solid or hazardous waste;
- (e) plans, specifications, and other information that the executive secretary considers relevant to determine whether the proposed nonhazardous solid or hazardous waste operation plan will comply with this part and the rules of the board; and
- (f) compliance schedules, where applicable, including schedules for corrective action or other response measures for releases from any solid waste management unit at the facility, regardless of the time the waste was placed in the unit.
  - (10) The executive secretary may not approve a commercial nonhazardous solid or

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hazardous waste operation plan that meets the requirements of Subsection (9) unless it contains the information required by the board, including:

(a) evidence that the proposed commercial facility has a proven market of nonhazardous solid or hazardous waste, including:

- (i) information on the source, quantity, and price charged for treating, storing, and disposing of potential nonhazardous solid or hazardous waste in the state and regionally;
- (ii) a market analysis of the need for a commercial facility given existing and potential generation of nonhazardous solid or hazardous waste in the state and regionally; and
- (iii) a review of other existing and proposed commercial nonhazardous solid or hazardous waste facilities regionally and nationally that would compete for the treatment, storage, or disposal of the nonhazardous solid or hazardous waste;
  - (b) a description of the public benefits of the proposed facility, including:
- (i) the need in the state for the additional capacity for the management of nonhazardous solid or hazardous waste;
  - (ii) the energy and resources recoverable by the proposed facility;
- (iii) the reduction of nonhazardous solid or hazardous waste management methods, which are less suitable for the environment, that would be made possible by the proposed facility; and
- (iv) whether any other available site or method for the management of hazardous waste would be less detrimental to the public health or safety or to the quality of the environment; and
- (c) compliance history of an owner or operator of a proposed commercial nonhazardous solid or hazardous waste treatment, storage, or disposal facility, which may be applied by the executive secretary in a nonhazardous solid or hazardous waste operation plan decision, including any plan conditions.
- (11) The executive secretary may not approve a commercial nonhazardous solid or hazardous waste facility operation plan unless based on the application, and in addition to the determination required in Subsections (9) and (10), the executive secretary determines that:
- (a) the probable beneficial environmental effect of the facility to the state outweighs the probable adverse environmental effect; and
  - (b) there is a need for the facility to serve industry within the state.

(12) Approval of a nonhazardous solid or hazardous waste operation plan may be revoked, in whole or in part, if the person to whom approval of the plan has been given fails to comply with that plan.

- (13) The executive secretary shall review all approved nonhazardous solid and hazardous waste operation plans at least once every five years.
- (14) The provisions of Subsections (10) and (11) do not apply to hazardous waste facilities in existence or to applications filed or pending in the department prior to April 24, 1989, that are determined by the executive secretary on or before December 31, 1990, to be complete, in accordance with state and federal requirements applicable to operation plans for hazardous waste facilities.
- (15) The provisions of Subsections (9), (10), and (11) do not apply to a nonhazardous solid waste facility in existence or to an application filed or pending in the department prior to January 1, 1990, that is determined by the executive secretary, on or before December 31, 1990, to be complete in accordance with state and federal requirements applicable to operation plans for nonhazardous solid waste facilities.
- (16) Nonhazardous solid waste generated outside of this state that is defined as hazardous waste in the state where it is generated and which is received for disposal in this state shall not be disposed of at a nonhazardous waste disposal facility owned and operated by local government or a facility under contract with a local government solely for disposal of nonhazardous solid waste generated within the boundaries of the local government, unless disposal is approved by the executive secretary.
- (17) This section may not be construed to exempt any facility from applicable regulation under the federal Atomic Energy Act, 42 U.S.C. Sections 2014 and 2021 through 2114.

## Legislative Review Note as of 1-17-06 11:40 AM

Based on a limited legal review, this legislation has not been determined to have a high probability of being held unconstitutional.

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

Fiscal Note	Process for Approval of Waste Disposal Amendments	19-Jan-06	
Bill Number SB0070		11:21 AM	
State Impact			
Provisions of this bill can	Provisions of this bill can be enacted within existing budgets.		
Individual and Business	s Impact		
No fiscal impact.			

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst