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	GOVERNMENTAL IMMUNITY LIMITS				
	2006 GENERAL SESSION				
	STATE OF UTAH Chief Sponsor: Howard A. Stephenson				
	House Sponsor:				
	LONG TITLE				
	General Description:				
	This bill raises the limitations on judgments awarded under the Governmental				
	Immunity Act of Utah.				
	Highlighted Provisions:				
	This bill:				
	 raises the limitation on damages awardable against a governmental entity for 				
	persons receiving a judgment for injury or death;				
	 raises the limitation on damages awardable against a governmental entity for 				
	property damage and in relation to indemnification of employees;				
	Ŝ→ [→ permits unlimited aggregate damages to be awarded in a single event; and] ←Ŝ				
	▶ provides that the limitations on damages should be adjusted after the year 2006 $\$$				
	<u>and</u>				
	 enacts uncodified language directing the legislature to consider the issue of creating 				
	a pool or fund to provide additional funds to persons whose judgment for damages has been				
	<u>limited under the Governmental Immunity Act of Utah.</u> ←Ŝ				
	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:				
	None				
	Other Special Clauses:				
	\$→ [None] This bill provides an effective date. ←\$				
	Utah Code Sections Affected:				
	AMENDS:				
	63-30d-604 , as enacted by Chapter 267, Laws of Utah 2004				
	<u>\$→ Uncodified Material Affected:</u>				
	ENACTS UNCODIFIED MATERIAL ←Ŝ				



Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

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28	Section 1. Section 63-30d-604 is amended to read:				
29	63-30d-604. Limitation of judgments against governmental entity or employee				
30	Process for adjustment of limits.				
31	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsections (2) and (3), if a judgment for damages for				
32	personal injury against a governmental entity, or an employee whom a governmental entity has				
33	a duty to indemnify, exceeds [$\$553,500$] $\$1,000,000$ for one person in any one occurrence $\$ \rightarrow [5,1]$				
33a	not to exceed an aggregate amount of \$10,000,000, for individual awards that may be				
33b	awarded in relation to a single occurrence, ←Ŝ [or				
34	\$1,107,000 for two or more persons in any one occurrence,] the court shall reduce the judgment				
35	to that amount.				
36	(b) A court may not award judgment of more than [\$553,500] \$1,000,000 for injury or				
37	death to one person regardless of whether or not the function giving rise to the injury is				
38	characterized as governmental.				
39	(c) Except as provided in Subsection (2), if a judgment for property damage against a				
40	governmental entity, or an employee whom a governmental entity has a duty to indemnify,				
41	exceeds [\$221,400] \$1,000,000 in any one occurrence, the court shall reduce the judgment to				
42	that amount, regardless of whether or not the function giving rise to the damage is				
43	characterized as governmental.				
44	\$→ [(d) There is no limit to the aggregate amount of individual awards that may be awarded				
45	<u>in relation to a single occurrence.</u>] $\leftarrow \hat{S}$				
46	(2) The damage limits established in this section do not apply to damages awarded as				
47	compensation when a governmental entity has taken or damaged private property for public use				
48	without just compensation.				
49	(3) The limitations of judgments established in Subsection (1) shall be adjusted				
50	according to the methodology set forth in Subsection (4).				
51	(4) (a) Each year, the risk manager shall:				
52	(i) calculate the consumer price index as provided in Sections 1(f)(4) and 1(f)(5),				
53	Internal Revenue Code;				
54	(ii) calculate the increase or decrease in the limitation of judgment amounts established				
55	in this section as a percentage equal to the percentage difference between the consumer price				
56	index for the preceding calendar year and the consumer price index for calendar year [2003]				
57	<u>2005</u> ; and				
58	(iii) after making an increase or decrease under Subsection (4)(a)(ii), round up the				

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59 limitation of judgment amounts established in Subsection (1) to the nearest \$100.

(b) Each even-numbered year after [2004] 2006, the risk manager shall make rules, which become effective no later than July 1, that establish the new limitation of judgment amounts.

- (c) Adjustments made by the risk manager to the limitation of judgment amounts established by this section have prospective effect only from the date the rules establishing the new limitation of judgment take effect and those adjusted limitations of judgment apply only to claims for injuries or losses that occur after the effective date of the rules that establish those new limitations of judgment.
- \$→ Section 2. Direction to refer to interim committee.

An appropriate legislative interim committee, as designated by the Legislative Management Committee, shall consider the issue of creating a catastrophic disaster fund or pool for the purpose of providing additional funds to persons whose recovery of damages has been capped or limited under the Governmental Immunity Act of Utah. Consideration of the issue may include adopting a supplementary pool or fund, establishing procedures, and creating a governing body or board to administer the fund.

Section 2. Effective Date

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This bill takes effect on July 1, 2007. ←Ŝ

Legislative Review Note as of 9-15-05 9:41 AM

Based on a limited legal review, this legislation has not been determined to have a high probability of being held unconstitutional.

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

State Impact

Increasing damage limitations against governmental entities and removing the aggregate damage cap would result in increased litigation costs and liability premiums. The Attorney General's Office would require an appropriation of \$122,000 to manage increased litigation. Actuarial estimates are that this bill would cause a 20 percent increase in liability premiums paid by state agencies and institutions, or approximately \$3,000,000 across all funding sources statewide. These premiums would be adjusted by the Division of Risk Management through the rate-setting process and take effect in FY 2008.

	FY 2007	FY 2008	FY 2007	FY 2008
	Approp.	Approp.	Revenue	Revenue
General Fund	\$122,000	\$122,000	\$0	\$0
TOTAL	\$122,000	\$122,000	\$0	\$0

Individual and Business Impact

Individuals taking action against the state may benefit by higher damage limitations.

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst