1	ALCOHOL BEVERAGE CONTROL AMENDMENTS
2	2006 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	<b>Chief Sponsor: Peter C. Knudson</b>
5	House Sponsor: Fred R. Hunsaker
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill modifies the Alcoholic Beverage Control Act and related provisions.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	<ul> <li>modifies powers and duties of the commission;</li> </ul>
13	<ul> <li>addresses adjudicative proceedings including:</li> </ul>
14	<ul> <li>defining "disciplinary proceeding";</li> </ul>
15	<ul> <li>addressing how proceedings are to be conducted;</li> </ul>
16	• clarifying the relationship of proceedings to the Administrative Procedures Act;
17	• allowing the commission to have the director prepare, issue, and cause to be
18	served final written orders; and
19	• addressing holders of a certificate of approval;
20	<ul> <li>amends the number of certain licenses that may be issued by the commission in</li> </ul>
21	relationship to the state's population;
22	<ul> <li>addresses factors the commission shall consider before granting certain permits;</li> </ul>
23	<ul> <li>modifies provision prohibiting operating without a license or permit;</li> </ul>
24	<ul> <li>modifies the Administrative Procedures Act to clarify that certain applications filed</li> </ul>
25	under the Alcoholic Beverage Control Act are not requests for agency action;
26	<ul> <li>removes out-of-date language; and</li> </ul>
27	<ul> <li>makes technical changes.</li> </ul>
28	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
29	None

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30	Other Special Clauses:
31	None
32	Utah Code Sections Affected:
33	AMENDS:
34	32A-1-107, as last amended by Chapter 268, Laws of Utah 2004
35	32A-1-119, as last amended by Chapter 314, Laws of Utah 2003
36	32A-4-101, as last amended by Chapters 292 and 314, Laws of Utah 2003
37	<b>32A-4-302</b> , as enacted by Chapter 314, Laws of Utah 2003
38	32A-5-101, as last amended by Chapters 292 and 314, Laws of Utah 2003
39	32A-7-104, as last amended by Chapter 314, Laws of Utah 2003
40	32A-10-201, as last amended by Chapters 292 and 314, Laws of Utah 2003
41	32A-10-304, as enacted by Chapter 314, Laws of Utah 2003
42	32A-12-301, as last amended by Chapter 152, Laws of Utah 2005
43	63-46b-3, as last amended by Chapter 138, Laws of Utah 2001
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44 45	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
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45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54	<ul> <li>Section 1. Section 32A-1-107 is amended to read:</li> <li>32A-1-107. Powers and duties of the commission. <ol> <li>The commission shall:</li> <li>act as a general policymaking body on the subject of alcoholic product control;</li> <li>adopt and issue policies, directives, rules, and procedures;</li> <li>set policy by written rules that establish criteria and procedures for:</li> <li>granting, denying, suspending, or revoking permits, licenses, <u>certificates of</u></li> </ol> </li> <li>approval, and package agencies;</li> <li>controlling liquor merchandise inventory including:</li> </ul>

58	(D) turnover requirements for regularly coded products to be continued; and
59	(E) the disposition of discontinued, distressed, or unsaleable merchandise; and
60	(iii) determining the location of state stores, package agencies, and outlets;
61	(d) decide within the limits and under the conditions imposed by this title, the number
62	and location of state stores, package agencies, and outlets established in the state;
63	(e) issue, grant, deny, suspend, revoke, or not renew the following permits, licenses,
64	certificates of approval, and package agencies for the purchase, sale, storage, service,
65	manufacture, distribution, and consumption of alcoholic products:
66	(i) package agencies;
67	(ii) restaurant licenses;
68	(iii) airport lounge licenses;
69	(iv) limited restaurant licenses;
70	(v) [beginning on July 1, 2003 and ending June 30, 2005,] on-premise banquet
71	licenses;
72	(vi) private club licenses;
73	(vii) on-premise beer retailer licenses;
74	(viii) temporary special event beer permits;
75	(ix) special use permits;
76	(x) single event permits;
77	(xi) manufacturing licenses;
78	(xii) liquor warehousing licenses; [and]
79	(xiii) beer wholesaling licenses; and
80	(xiv) out-of-state brewer certificates of approval;
81	(f) fix prices at which liquors are sold that are the same at all state stores, package
82	agencies, and outlets;
83	(g) issue and distribute price lists showing the price to be paid by purchasers for each
84	class, variety, or brand of liquor kept for sale by the department;
85	(h) (i) require the director to follow sound management principles; and

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86	(ii) require periodic reporting from the director to ensure that:
87	(A) sound management principles are being followed; and
88	(B) policies established by the commission are being observed;
89	(i) (i) receive, consider, and act in a timely manner upon all reports, recommendations,
90	and matters submitted by the director to the commission[ <del>,</del> ]; and
91	(ii) do all things necessary to support the department in properly performing the
92	department's duties and responsibilities;
93	(j) obtain temporarily and for special purposes the services of experts and persons
94	engaged in the practice of a profession or who possess any needed skills, talents, or abilities if:
95	(i) considered expedient; and
96	(ii) approved by the governor;
97	(k) prescribe the duties of departmental officials authorized to [issue] assist the
98	commission in issuing permits [and], licenses, certificates of approval, and package agencies
99	under this title;
100	(1) prescribe, consistent with this title, the fees payable for:
101	(i) permits, licenses, certificates of approval, and package agencies issued under this
102	title[ <del>,]</del> ; or [ <del>for</del> ]
103	(ii) anything done or permitted to be done under this title;
104	(m) prescribe the conduct, management, and equipment of any premises upon which
105	alcoholic beverages may be sold, consumed, served, or stored;
106	(n) make rules governing the credit terms of beer sales to retailers within the state;
107	[and]
108	(o) require that each [state store, package agency, licensee, and permittee] of the
109	following, where required in this title, display in a prominent place a sign in large letters
110	stating: "Warning: Driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs is a serious crime that is
111	prosecuted aggressively in Utah.":
112	(i) a state store;

113 <u>(ii) a permittee:</u>

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114	(iii) a licensee; and
115	(iv) a package agency; and
116	(p) subject to Subsection (4) and as provided in this title, impose fines against:
117	(i) a permittee, licensee, certificate holder, or package agent described in Subsection
118	<u>(1)(e); or</u>
119	(ii) any officer, employee, or agent of a permittee, licensee, certificate holder, or
120	package agent described in Subsection (1)(p)(i).
121	(2) The power of the commission to <u>do the following is plenary, except as otherwise</u>
122	provided by this title, and not subject to review:
123	(a) establish state stores[ <del>, to</del> ];
124	(b) create package agencies [and]:
125	(c) grant authority to operate package agencies[;]; and [to]
126	(d) grant or deny [licenses and permits is plenary, except as otherwise provided by this
127	title, and is not subject to review] permits, licenses, and certificates of approvals.
128	(3) The commission may appoint qualified hearing [officers] examiners to conduct any
129	suspension or revocation hearings required by law.
130	(4) (a) In any case where the commission is given the power to suspend any <u>permit</u> ,
131	license [or permit], certificate of approval, or package agency the commission may impose a
132	fine in addition to or in lieu of suspension.
133	(b) Fines imposed may not exceed \$25,000 in the aggregate for:
134	(i) any single Notice of Agency Action[.]; or
135	(ii) a single action against a package agency.
136	(c) The commission shall promulgate, by rule, a schedule setting forth a range of fines
137	for each violation.
138	Section 2. Section <b>32A-1-119</b> is amended to read:
139	<b>32A-1-119.</b> Adjudicative proceedings Procedure.
140	(1) (a) As used in this section and Section 32A-1-120, "disciplinary proceeding" means
141	an adjudicative proceeding permitted under this title:

142	(i) against:
143	(A) a permittee;
144	(B) a licensee:
145	(C) a manufacturer:
146	(D) a supplier;
147	(E) an importer;
148	(F) an out-of-state brewer holding a certificate of approval under Section 32A-8-101;
149	<u>or</u>
150	(G) an officer, employee, or agent of a person listed in Subsections (1)(a)(i)(A) through
151	<u>(F); and</u>
152	(ii) that is brought on the basis of a violation of this title.
153	(b) As used in Subsection (4), "final adjudication" means an adjudication for which a
154	final unappealable judgment or order has been issued.
155	[(1)] (2) (a) The [commission, director, and department] following may conduct
156	adjudicative proceedings to inquire into any matter necessary and proper for the administration
157	of this title and rules adopted under this title[-]:
158	(i) the commission;
159	(ii) a hearing examiner appointed by the commission for the purposes provided in
160	<u>Subsection 32A-1-107(3);</u>
161	(iii) the director; and
162	(iv) the department.
163	(b) [The commission, director, and department] Except as provided in this section or
164	Section 32A-3-106, the following shall comply with the procedures and requirements of Title
165	63, Chapter 46b, Administrative Procedures Act, in [their] adjudicative proceedings[-]:
166	(i) the commission;
167	(ii) a hearing examiner appointed by the commission;
168	(iii) the director; and
169	(iv) the department.

170	(c) Except where otherwise provided by law, all adjudicative proceedings before the
171	commission or its appointed hearing examiner shall be:
172	(i) video or audio recorded; and
173	(ii) subject to Subsection (5)(e), conducted in accordance with Title 52, Chapter 4,
174	Open and Public Meetings.
175	(d) All adjudicative proceedings concerning departmental personnel shall be conducted
176	in accordance with Title 67, Chapter 19, Utah State Personnel Management Act.
177	(e) All hearings that are informational, fact gathering, and nonadversarial in nature
178	shall be conducted in accordance with rules, policies, and procedures promulgated by the
179	commission, director, or department.
180	[(2)] (3) (a) [Disciplinary proceedings] A disciplinary proceeding shall be conducted
181	under the authority of the commission, which is responsible for rendering a final decision and
182	order on any disciplinary matter.
183	(b) (i) Nothing in this section precludes the commission from appointing necessary
184	officers, including hearing examiners, from within or without the department, to administer the
185	disciplinary [hearing] proceeding process.
186	(ii) [Officers and examiners] A hearing examiner appointed by the commission:
187	(A) may conduct [hearings] a disciplinary proceeding hearing on behalf of the
188	commission; and
189	(B) shall submit to the commission a report including:
190	(I) findings of fact[;];
191	(II) conclusions of law[;]; and
192	(III) recommendations [to the commission].
193	(c) Nothing in this section precludes the commission, after it has rendered its final
194	decision and order, from having the director prepare, issue, and cause to be served on the
195	parties the final written order on behalf of the commission.
196	[(3)] (4) (a) The department may initiate a <u>disciplinary</u> proceeding described in
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197 Subsection [(3)] (4)(b) when the department receives:

198	(i) a report from any government agency, peace officer, examiner, or investigator
199	alleging that [a permittee or licensee or any officer, employee, or agent of a permittee or
200	licensee] any person listed in Subsections (1)(a)(i)(A) through (G) has violated this title or the
201	rules of the commission;
202	(ii) a final adjudication of criminal liability against [a permittee or licensee or any
203	officer, employee, or agent of a permittee or licensee] any person listed in Subsections
204	(1)(a)(i)(A) through (G) based on an alleged violation of this title; or
205	(iii) a final adjudication of civil liability under Chapter 14a, Alcoholic Beverage
206	Liability, against [a permittee or licensee or any officer, employee, or agent of a permittee or
207	licensee] any person listed in Subsections (1)(a)(i)(A) through (G) based on an alleged
208	violation of this title.
209	(b) The department may initiate <u>a</u> disciplinary [proceedings] proceeding if the
210	department receives an item listed in Subsection $[(3)]$ (4)(a) to determine:
211	(i) whether [the permittee or licensee or any officer, employee, or agent of the
212	permittee or licensee] any person listed in Subsections (1)(a)(i)(A) through (G) violated this
213	title or rules of the commission; and
214	(ii) if a violation is found, the appropriate sanction to be imposed.
215	[(c) For purposes of this Subsection (3), "final adjudication" means an adjudication for
216	which a final unappealable judgment or order has been issued.]
217	[(4)] (5) (a) Unless waived by the respondent, [an adjudicative] a disciplinary
218	proceeding shall be held:
219	(i) if required by law;
220	(ii) before revoking or suspending any permit [or], license, or certificate of approval
221	issued under this title; or
222	(iii) before imposing a fine against [:] any person listed in Subsections (1)(a)(i)(A)
223	through (G).
224	[ <del>(A) a permittee;</del> ]
225	[ <del>(B) a licensee; or</del> ]

226	[(C) any officer, employee, or agent of a permittee or licensee.]
227	(b) Inexcusable failure of a respondent to appear at a scheduled [evidentiary hearing]
228	disciplinary proceeding hearing after receiving proper notice is an admission of the charged
229	violation.
230	(c) The validity of [any hearing] a disciplinary proceeding is not affected by the failure
231	of any person to attend or remain in attendance.
232	(d) All [evidentiary] disciplinary proceeding hearings shall be presided over by the
233	commission or an appointed hearing examiner.
234	(e) A <u>disciplinary proceeding</u> hearing may be closed only after the commission or
235	hearing examiner makes a written finding that the public interest in an open hearing is clearly
236	outweighed by factors enumerated in the closure order.
237	(f) (i) The commission or its hearing examiner as part of a disciplinary proceeding
238	<u>hearing</u> may:
239	(A) administer oaths or affirmations[ <del>,</del> ]:
240	(B) take evidence[;];
241	(C) take depositions within or without this state[ <del>,</del> ]; and
242	(D) require by subpoena from any place within this state:
243	(I) the testimony of any person at a hearing[,]; and
244	(II) the production of any books, records, papers, contracts, agreements, documents, or
245	other evidence considered relevant to the inquiry.
246	[(i) Persons] (ii) A person subpoenaed in accordance with this Subsection (5)(f) shall
247	testify and produce any books, papers, documents, or tangible things as required in the
248	subpoena.
249	[(iii)] (iii) Any witness subpoenaed or called to testify or produce evidence who claims
250	a privilege against self-incrimination may not be compelled to testify, but the commission or
251	the hearing examiner shall file a written report with the county attorney or district attorney in
252	the jurisdiction where the privilege was claimed or where the witness resides setting forth the
253	circumstance of the claimed privilege.

254	[(iii)] (iv) (A) A person is not excused from obeying a subpoena without just cause.
255	(B) Any district court within the judicial district in which a person alleged to be guilty
256	of willful contempt of court or refusal to obey a subpoena is found or resides, upon application
257	by the party issuing the subpoena, may issue an order requiring the person to:
258	(I) appear before the issuing party[;]; and [to]
259	(II) (Aa) produce documentary evidence if so ordered[;]; or [to]
260	(Bb) give evidence regarding the matter in question.
261	(C) Failure to obey an order of the court may be punished by the court as contempt.
262	(g) (i) In all [cases] disciplinary proceeding hearings heard by a hearing examiner, the
263	hearing examiner shall prepare a report required by Subsection (3)(b)(ii) to the commission.
264	(ii) The report required by Subsection (3)(b)(ii) and this Subsection (5)(g) may not
265	recommend a penalty more severe than that initially sought by the department in the notice of
266	[violation] agency action.
267	(iii) A copy of the report required by Subsection (3)(b)(ii) and this Subsection (5)(g)
268	shall be served upon the respective parties[, and the].
269	(iv) The respondent shall be given reasonable opportunity to file any written objections
270	to the report required by Subsection (3)(b)(ii) and this Subsection (5)(g) before final
271	commission action.
272	(h) In all cases heard by the commission, it shall issue its final decision and order $in$
273	accordance with Subsection (3).
274	$\left[\frac{(5)}{(6)}\right]$ (a) The commission shall:
275	(i) render a final decision and [issue a written] order on any disciplinary action[;]; and
276	[serve a copy]
277	(ii) cause its final order to be prepared in writing, issued, and served on all parties.
278	(b) Any order of the commission is considered final on the date the order becomes
279	effective.
280	(c) If the commission is satisfied that a [permittee, licensee, or any officer, employee,
281	or agent of a permittee or licensee] person listed in Subsections (1)(a)(i)(A) through (G) has

282 committed a violation of this title or the commission's rules, in accordance with Title 63, 283 Chapter 46b, Administrative Procedures Act, the commission may: 284 (i) suspend or revoke the permit [or the], license, or certificate of approval; 285 (ii) impose a fine against [:] a person listed in Subsections (1)(a)(i)(A) through (G); 286 [(A) the permittee;] 287 [(B) the licensee; or] 288 [(C) any officer, employee, or agent of a permittee or licensee;] 289 (iii) assess the administrative costs of any hearing to the permittee [or], the licensee, or 290 certificate holder; or 291 (iv) any combination of Subsections  $\left[\frac{(5)}{(5)}\right]$  (6)(c)(i) through (iii). 292 (d) [(i)] A fine imposed in accordance with this Subsection [(5)] may not exceed 293 \$25,000 in the aggregate for any single notice of agency action] (6) is subject to Subsections 294 32A-1-107(1)(p) and (4). 295 (ii) The commission shall, by rule, establish a schedule of fines specifying the range of 296 fines for each violation of this title or commission rules.] 297 (e) (i) If a permit or license is suspended under this Subsection  $\left[\frac{(5)}{(5)}\right]$  (6), a sign 298 provided by the department shall be prominently posted: 299 (A) during the suspension; 300 (B) by the permittee or licensee: and 301 (C) at the entrance of the premises of the permittee or licensee. 302 (ii) The sign required by this Subsection  $\left[\frac{(5)}{(5)}\right]$  (6)(e) shall: 303 (A) read "The Utah Alcoholic Beverage Control Commission has suspended the 304 alcoholic beverage license or permit of this establishment. Alcoholic beverages may not be 305 sold, served, furnished, or consumed on these premises during the period of suspension."; and 306 (B) include the dates of the suspension period. 307 (iii) A permittee or licensee may not remove, alter, obscure, or destroy a sign required 308 to be posted under this Subsection  $\left[\frac{(5)}{(5)}\right]$  (6)(e) during the suspension period. 309 (f) If [the] a permit or license is revoked, the commission may order the revocation of

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310 any compliance bond posted by the permittee or licensee.

311 (g) Any permittee or licensee whose permit or license is revoked may not reapply for a
312 permit or license under this title for three years from the date <u>on which</u> the permit or license
313 [was] is revoked.

(h) All costs assessed by the commission shall be transferred into the General Fund inaccordance with Section 32A-1-113.

316 [(6)] (7) (a) In addition to any action taken against a permittee [or], licensee, or
 317 certificate holder under this section, the department may initiate disciplinary action against an
 318 officer, employee, or agent of a permittee [or], licensee, or certificate holder.

(b) If any officer, employee, or agent is found to have violated this title, the
commission may prohibit the officer, employee, or agent from serving, selling, distributing,
manufacturing, wholesaling, warehousing, or handling alcoholic beverages in the course of
employment with any permittee [or], licensee, or certificate holder under this title for a period
determined by the commission.

324 [(7)] (8) (a) The department may initiate a disciplinary [action] proceeding for an
 325 alleged violation of this title or the rules of the commission against:

326 (i) a manufacturer, supplier, or importer of alcoholic beverages; or

327 (ii) an officer, employee, agent, or representative of a person listed in Subsection [<del>(7)</del>]
328 <u>(8)(a)(i)</u>.

(b) (i) If the commission makes the finding described in Subsection [(7)] (8)(b)(ii), the
 commission may, in addition to other penalties prescribed by this title, order:

331 (A) the removal of the manufacturer's, supplier's, or importer's products from the332 department's sales list; and

333 (B) a suspension of the department's purchase of the products described in Subsection
334 [(7)] (8)(b)(i)(A) for a period determined by the commission.

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(ii) The commission may take the action described in Subsection [(7)] (8)(b)(i) if:

(A) any manufacturer, supplier, or importer of liquor, wine, or heavy beer or its <u>officer</u>,
employee, agent, or representative violates any provision of this title; and

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338	(B) the manufacturer, supplier, or importer:
339	(I) directly committed the violation; or
340	(II) solicited, requested, commanded, encouraged, or intentionally aided another to
341	engage in the violation.
342	(9) (a) The department may initiate a disciplinary proceeding against a brewer holding
343	a certificate of approval under Section 32A-8-101 for an alleged violation of this title or the
344	rules of the commission.
345	(b) If the commission makes a finding that the brewer holding a certificate of approval
346	violates this title or rules of the commission, the commission may take any action against the
347	brewer holding a certificate of approval that the commission could take against a licensee
348	including:
349	(i) suspension or revocation of the certificate of approval; and
350	(ii) imposition of a fine.
351	Section 3. Section <b>32A-4-101</b> is amended to read:
352	32A-4-101. Commission's power to grant licenses Limitations.
352 353	<ul><li>32A-4-101. Commission's power to grant licenses Limitations.</li><li>(1) Before a restaurant may sell or allow the consumption of liquor on its premises, it</li></ul>
353	(1) Before a restaurant may sell or allow the consumption of liquor on its premises, it
353 354	(1) Before a restaurant may sell or allow the consumption of liquor on its premises, it shall first obtain a license from the commission as provided in this part.
353 354 355	<ul> <li>(1) Before a restaurant may sell or allow the consumption of liquor on its premises, it shall first obtain a license from the commission as provided in this part.</li> <li>(2) The commission may issue restaurant liquor licenses for the purpose of establishing</li> </ul>
353 354 355 356	<ul> <li>(1) Before a restaurant may sell or allow the consumption of liquor on its premises, it shall first obtain a license from the commission as provided in this part.</li> <li>(2) The commission may issue restaurant liquor licenses for the purpose of establishing restaurant liquor outlets at places and in numbers it considers proper for the storage, sale, and</li> </ul>
353 354 355 356 357	<ul> <li>(1) Before a restaurant may sell or allow the consumption of liquor on its premises, it shall first obtain a license from the commission as provided in this part.</li> <li>(2) The commission may issue restaurant liquor licenses for the purpose of establishing restaurant liquor outlets at places and in numbers it considers proper for the storage, sale, and consumption of liquor on premises operated as public restaurants.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>353</li> <li>354</li> <li>355</li> <li>356</li> <li>357</li> <li>358</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(1) Before a restaurant may sell or allow the consumption of liquor on its premises, it shall first obtain a license from the commission as provided in this part.</li> <li>(2) The commission may issue restaurant liquor licenses for the purpose of establishing restaurant liquor outlets at places and in numbers it considers proper for the storage, sale, and consumption of liquor on premises operated as public restaurants.</li> <li>(3) (a) [<del>(i)</del>] Subject to <u>the other provisions of</u> this Subsection (3), the total number of</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>353</li> <li>354</li> <li>355</li> <li>356</li> <li>357</li> <li>358</li> <li>359</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(1) Before a restaurant may sell or allow the consumption of liquor on its premises, it shall first obtain a license from the commission as provided in this part.</li> <li>(2) The commission may issue restaurant liquor licenses for the purpose of establishing restaurant liquor outlets at places and in numbers it considers proper for the storage, sale, and consumption of liquor on premises operated as public restaurants.</li> <li>(3) (a) [<del>(i)</del>] Subject to <u>the other provisions of</u> this Subsection (3), the total number of restaurant liquor licenses may not at any time aggregate more than that number determined [<del>as</del></li> </ul>
<ul> <li>353</li> <li>354</li> <li>355</li> <li>356</li> <li>357</li> <li>358</li> <li>359</li> <li>360</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(1) Before a restaurant may sell or allow the consumption of liquor on its premises, it shall first obtain a license from the commission as provided in this part.</li> <li>(2) The commission may issue restaurant liquor licenses for the purpose of establishing restaurant liquor outlets at places and in numbers it considers proper for the storage, sale, and consumption of liquor on premises operated as public restaurants.</li> <li>(3) (a) [<del>(i)</del>] Subject to <u>the other provisions of</u> this Subsection (3), the total number of restaurant liquor licenses may not at any time aggregate more than that number determined [<del>as follows:</del>] by dividing the population of the state by 5,200.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>353</li> <li>354</li> <li>355</li> <li>356</li> <li>357</li> <li>358</li> <li>359</li> <li>360</li> <li>361</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(1) Before a restaurant may sell or allow the consumption of liquor on its premises, it shall first obtain a license from the commission as provided in this part.</li> <li>(2) The commission may issue restaurant liquor licenses for the purpose of establishing restaurant liquor outlets at places and in numbers it considers proper for the storage, sale, and consumption of liquor on premises operated as public restaurants.</li> <li>(3) (a) [<del>(i)</del>] Subject to <u>the other provisions of</u> this Subsection (3), the total number of restaurant liquor licenses may not at any time aggregate more than that number determined [<del>as follows:</del>] <u>by dividing the population of the state by 5,200.</u></li> <li>[<del>(A) until October 31, 2003, by dividing the population of the state by 4,500; and</del>]</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>353</li> <li>354</li> <li>355</li> <li>356</li> <li>357</li> <li>358</li> <li>359</li> <li>360</li> <li>361</li> <li>362</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(1) Before a restaurant may sell or allow the consumption of liquor on its premises, it shall first obtain a license from the commission as provided in this part.</li> <li>(2) The commission may issue restaurant liquor licenses for the purpose of establishing restaurant liquor outlets at places and in numbers it considers proper for the storage, sale, and consumption of liquor on premises operated as public restaurants.</li> <li>(3) (a) [<del>(i)</del>] Subject to <u>the other provisions of</u> this Subsection (3), the total number of restaurant liquor licenses may not at any time aggregate more than that number determined [<del>as follows:</del>] by dividing the population of the state by 5,200.</li> <li>[<del>(A) until October 31, 2003, by dividing the population of the state by 4,500; and</del>]</li> <li>[<del>(B) on or after November 1, 2003, by dividing the population of the state by 5,000.</del>]</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>353</li> <li>354</li> <li>355</li> <li>356</li> <li>357</li> <li>358</li> <li>359</li> <li>360</li> <li>361</li> <li>362</li> <li>363</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(1) Before a restaurant may sell or allow the consumption of liquor on its premises, it shall first obtain a license from the commission as provided in this part.</li> <li>(2) The commission may issue restaurant liquor licenses for the purpose of establishing restaurant liquor outlets at places and in numbers it considers proper for the storage, sale, and consumption of liquor on premises operated as public restaurants.</li> <li>(3) (a) [<del>(i)</del>] Subject to <u>the other provisions of</u> this Subsection (3), the total number of restaurant liquor licenses may not at any time aggregate more than that number determined [<del>as follows:</del>] <u>by dividing the population of the state by 5,200.</u></li> <li>[<del>(A) until October 31, 2003, by dividing the population of the state by 4,500; and</del>]</li> <li>[<del>(B) on or after November 1, 2003, by dividing the population of the state by 5,000.</del>]</li> <li>[<del>(ii)</del> If the total number of restaurant liquor licenses in effect on October 31, 2003,</li> </ul>

366	[(I) is not invalidated by Subsection (3)(a)(i); and]
367	[(II) may be renewed in accordance with this chapter; and]
368	[(B) the commission may not grant a new restaurant liquor license until such time as
369	the total number of restaurant liquor licenses granted under this chapter is less than the
370	limitation of Subsection (3)(a)(i).]
371	(b) For purposes of this Subsection (3), population shall be determined by:
372	(i) the most recent United States decennial or special census; or
373	(ii) any other population determination made by the United States or state
374	governments.
375	(c) (i) The commission may issue seasonal restaurant liquor licenses established in
376	areas the commission considers necessary.
377	(ii) A seasonal restaurant liquor license shall be for a period of six consecutive months.
378	(iii) A restaurant liquor license issued for operation during a summer time period is
379	known as a "Seasonal A" restaurant liquor license. The period of operation for a "Seasonal A"
380	restaurant liquor license shall:
381	(A) begin on May 1; and
382	(B) end on October 31.
383	(iv) A restaurant liquor license issued for operation during a winter time period is
384	known as a "Seasonal B" restaurant liquor license. The period of operation for a "Seasonal B"
385	restaurant liquor license shall:
386	(A) begin on November 1; and
387	(B) end on April 30.
388	(v) In determining the number of restaurant liquor licenses that the commission may
389	issue under this section:
390	(A) a seasonal license is counted as 1/2 of one restaurant liquor license; and
391	(B) each "Seasonal A" license shall be paired with a "Seasonal B" license.
392	(d) (i) If the location, design, and construction of a hotel may require more than one
393	restaurant liquor sales location within the hotel to serve the public convenience, the

394 commission may authorize the sale of liquor at as many as three restaurant locations within the

- 395 hotel under one license if:
- 396 (A) the hotel has a minimum of 150 guest rooms; and [if]
- 397 (B) all locations under the license are:
- 398 (I) within the same hotel facility; and
- 399 (II) on premises that are managed or operated and owned or leased by the licensee.

400 (ii) Facilities other than hotels shall have a separate restaurant liquor license for each
401 restaurant where liquor is sold.

402 (4) (a) The premises of a restaurant liquor license may not be established within 600
403 feet of any public or private school, church, public library, public playground, or park, as
404 measured by the method in Subsection (5).

- (b) The premises of a restaurant liquor license may not be established within 200 feet
  of any public or private school, church, public library, public playground, or park, measured in
  a straight line from the nearest entrance of the proposed outlet to the nearest property boundary
  of the public or private school, church, public library, public playground, or park.
- 409 (c) The restrictions contained in Subsections (4)(a) and (b) govern unless one of the410 following exemptions applies:
- (i) with respect to the establishment of a restaurant liquor license in any location, the
  commission may authorize a variance to reduce the proximity requirements of Subsection
  (4)(a) or (b) if:

414 (A) the local governing authority has granted its written consent to the variance;
415 (B) alternative locations for establishing a restaurant liquor license in the community
416 are limited;

417 (C) a public hearing has been held in the city, town, or county, and where practical in418 the neighborhood concerned; and

419 (D) after giving full consideration to all of the attending circumstances and the policies
420 stated in Subsections 32A-1-104(3) and (4), the commission determines that establishing the
421 license would not be detrimental to the public health, peace, safety, and welfare of the

422	community; or
423	(ii) with respect to the premises of a restaurant liquor license issued by the commission
424	that undergoes a change of ownership, the commission may waive or vary the proximity
425	requirements of Subsection (4)(a) or (b) in considering whether to grant a restaurant liquor
426	license to the new owner of the premises if:
427	(A) the premises previously received a variance reducing the proximity requirements of
428	Subsection (4)(a) or (b); or
429	(B) a variance from proximity or distance requirements was otherwise allowed under
430	this title.
431	(5) With respect to any public or private school, church, public library, public
432	playground, or park, the 600 foot limitation is measured from the nearest entrance of the outlet
433	by following the shortest route of ordinary pedestrian travel to the property boundary of the
434	public or private school, church, public library, public playground, school playground, or park.
435	(6) (a) Nothing in this section prevents the commission from considering the proximity
436	of any educational, religious, and recreational facility, or any other relevant factor in reaching a
437	decision on a proposed location.
438	(b) For purposes of this Subsection (6), "educational facility" includes:
439	(i) a nursery school;
440	(ii) an infant day care center; and
441	(iii) a trade and technical school.
442	Section 4. Section <b>32A-4-302</b> is amended to read:
443	32A-4-302. Commission's power to grant licenses Limitations.
444	(1) A restaurant wanting to sell and allow the consumption of only wine, heavy beer,
445	and beer on its premises, but not spirituous liquor, [must] shall obtain a limited restaurant
446	license from the commission as provided in this part before selling or allowing the
447	consumption of wine, heavy beer, or beer on its premises.
448	(2) (a) Subject to the other provisions of this section, the commission may issue limited
449	restaurant licenses for the purpose of establishing limited restaurant outlets at places and in

450	numbers the commission considers proper for the storage, sale, and consumption of wine,
451	heavy beer, and beer on premises operated as public restaurants.
452	(b) The total number of limited restaurant licenses issued under this part may not at any
453	time aggregate more than that number determined by dividing the population of the state by
454	[ <del>13,000</del> ] <u>11,000</u> .
455	(c) For purposes of this Subsection (2), population shall be determined by:
456	(i) the most recent United States decennial or special census; or
457	(ii) any other population determination made by the United States or state
458	governments.
459	(3) (a) (i) The commission may issue seasonal limited restaurant licenses established in
460	areas the commission considers necessary.
461	(ii) A seasonal limited restaurant license shall be for a period of six consecutive
462	months.
463	(b) (i) A limited restaurant license issued for operation during a summer time period is
464	known as a "Seasonal A" limited restaurant license. The period of operation for a "Seasonal A"
465	limited restaurant license shall:
466	(A) begin on May 1; and
467	(B) end on October 31.
468	(ii) A limited restaurant license issued for operation during a winter time period is
469	known as a "Seasonal B" limited restaurant license. The period of operation for a "Seasonal B"
470	limited restaurant license shall:
471	(A) begin on November 1; and
472	(B) end on April 30.
473	(iii) In determining the number of limited restaurant licenses that the commission may
474	issue under this section:
475	(A) a seasonal limited restaurant license is counted as 1/2 of one limited restaurant
476	license; and
477	(B) each "Seasonal A" limited restaurant license shall be paired with a "Seasonal B"

478 limited restaurant license. 479 (c) If the location, design, and construction of a hotel may require more than one 480 limited restaurant sales location within the hotel to serve the public convenience, the 481 commission may authorize the sale of wine, heavy beer, and beer at as many as three limited 482 restaurant locations within the hotel under one license if: 483 (i) the hotel has a minimum of 150 guest rooms; and 484 (ii) all locations under the license are: 485 (A) within the same hotel facility; and 486 (B) on premises that are: 487 (I) managed or operated by the licensee; and 488 (II) owned or leased by the licensee. 489 (d) Facilities other than hotels shall have a separate limited restaurant license for each 490 restaurant where wine, heavy beer, and beer are sold. 491 (4) (a) The premises of a limited restaurant license may not be established within 600 492 feet of any public or private school, church, public library, public playground, or park, as 493 measured by the method in Subsection (5). 494 (b) The premises of a limited restaurant license may not be established within 200 feet of any public or private school, church, public library, public playground, or park, measured in 495 496 a straight line from the nearest entrance of the proposed outlet to the nearest property boundary 497 of the public or private school, church, public library, public playground, or park. 498 (c) The restrictions contained in Subsections (4)(a) and (b) govern unless one of the 499 following exemptions applies: 500 (i) with respect to the establishment of a limited restaurant license in any location, the 501 commission may authorize a variance to reduce the proximity requirements of Subsection 502 (4)(a) or (b) if: 503 (A) the local governing authority has granted its written consent to the variance; 504 (B) alternative locations for establishing a limited restaurant license in the community 505 are limited;

506 (C) a public hearing has been held in the city, town, or county, and where practical in 507 the neighborhood concerned; and 508 (D) after giving full consideration to all of the attending circumstances and the policies 509 stated in Subsections 32A-1-104(3) and (4), the commission determines that establishing the 510 license would not be detrimental to the public health, peace, safety, and welfare of the 511 community; or 512 (ii) with respect to the premises of any limited restaurant license issued by the 513 commission that undergoes a change of ownership, the commission may waive or vary the 514 proximity requirements of Subsections (4)(a) and (b) in considering whether to grant a limited 515 restaurant license to the new owner of the premises if: 516 (A) the premises previously received a variance reducing the proximity requirements of 517 Subsection (4)(a) or (b); or 518 (B) a variance from proximity or distance requirement was otherwise allowed under 519 this title. 520 (5) With respect to any public or private school, church, public library, public 521 playground, or park, the 600 foot limitation is measured from the nearest entrance of the outlet 522 by following the shortest route of ordinary pedestrian travel to the property boundary of the public or private school, church, public library, public playground, school playground, or park. 523 524 (6) (a) Nothing in this section prevents the commission from considering the proximity 525 of any educational, religious, and recreational facility, or any other relevant factor in reaching a 526 decision on a proposed location. 527 (b) For purposes of this Subsection (6), "educational facility" includes: 528 (i) a nursery school; 529 (ii) an infant day care center; and 530 (iii) a trade and technical school. 531 Section 5. Section 32A-5-101 is amended to read: 532 32A-5-101. Commission's power to license private clubs -- Limitations. 533 (1) Before a private club may sell or allow the consumption of alcoholic beverages on

534	its premises, the private club shall first obtain a license from the commission as provided in
535	this chapter.
536	(2) The commission may grant private club licenses to social clubs, recreational,
537	athletic, or kindred associations that desire to maintain premises upon which alcoholic
538	beverages may be stored, sold, served, and consumed.
539	(3) At the time the commission grants a private club license the commission shall
540	designate whether the private club license qualifies as a class A, B, C, or D license as defined
541	in Subsections (3)(a) through (d).
542	(a) A "class A licensee" is a private club licensee that:
543	(i) meets the requirements of this chapter;
544	(ii) owns, maintains, or operates a substantial recreational facility in conjunction with a
545	club house such as:
546	(A) a golf course; or
547	(B) a tennis facility;
548	(iii) has at least 50% of the total membership having:
549	(A) full voting rights; and
550	(B) an equal share of the equity of the club; and
551	(iv) if there is more than one class of membership, has at least one class of membership
552	that entitles each member in that class to:
553	(A) full voting rights; and
554	(B) an equal share of the equity of the club.
555	(b) A "class B licensee" is a private club licensee that:
556	(i) meets the requirements of this chapter;
557	(ii) has no capital stock;
558	(iii) exists solely for:
559	(A) the benefit of its members and their beneficiaries; and
560	(B) any lawful social, intellectual, educational, charitable, benevolent, moral, fraternal,
561	patriotic, or religious purpose for the benefit of its members or the public, carried on through

562	voluntary activity of its members in their local lodges;
563	(iv) has a representative form of government; and
564	(v) has a lodge system in which:
565	(A) there is a supreme governing body;
566	(B) subordinate to the supreme governing body are local lodges, however designated,
567	into which individuals are admitted as members in accordance with the laws of the fraternal;
568	(C) the local lodges are required by the laws of the fraternal to hold regular meetings at
569	least monthly; and
570	(D) the local lodges regularly engage in programs involving member participation to
571	implement the purposes of Subsection (3)(b)(iii).
572	(c) A "class C licensee" is a private club licensee that:
573	(i) meets the requirements of this chapter;
574	(ii) is a dining club, as determined by the commission in accordance with Subsection
575	(4)[(b)]; and
576	(iii) maintains at least 50% of its total private club business from the sale of food, not
577	including:
578	(A) mix for alcoholic beverages; or
579	(B) service charges.
580	(d) A "class D licensee" is a private club licensee that:
581	(i) meets the requirements of this chapter; and
582	(ii) (A) does not meet the requirements of a class A, B, or C license; or
583	(B) seeks to qualify as a class D licensee.
584	[(4) (a) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (3), for a private club license in effect on May
585	5, 2003, the commission shall designate whether that license qualifies as a class A, B, C, or D
586	license as defined in Subsection (3) at the time the license is renewed.]
587	[(ii) Until the class of license is designated under Subsection (4)(a)(i), the private club
588	licensee holding a license described in Subsection (4)(a)(i) shall operate under the restrictions
589	of the part applicable to the class of license for which the private club licensee qualifies.]

S.B. 124 590 [(b)] (4) In determining whether an applicant is a dining club under Subsection (3)(c), 591 the commission: 592  $\left[\frac{1}{10}\right]$  (a) shall determine whether the applicant maintains at least 50% of its total private 593 club business from the sale of food, not including: 594 [(A)] (i) mix for alcoholic beverages; 595 [(B)] (ii) service charges; or 596 [(C)] (iii) membership and visitor card fees; and 597 [(iii)] (b) may consider: 598  $\left[\frac{A}{A}\right]$  (i) the square footage and seating capacity of the applicant; 599 [(B)] (ii) what portion of the square footage and seating capacity will be used for a 600 dining area in comparison to the portion that will be used as a bar area; 601 [(C)] (iii) whether full meals including appetizers, main courses, and desserts are 602 served: 603  $\left[\frac{(D)}{(D)}\right]$  (iv) whether the applicant will maintain adequate on-premise culinary facilities to 604 prepare full meals, except an applicant that is located on the premise of a hotel or resort facility 605 may use the culinary facilities of the hotel or resort facility; 606 [(E)] (v) whether the entertainment provided at the club is suitable for minors; and 607 [(F)] (vi) the club management's ability to manage and operate a dining club including: 608 [<del>(])</del>] (A) management experience; 609 [(III)] (B) past dining club or restaurant management experience; and 610 [(III)] (C) the type of management scheme employed by the private club. 611 (5) (a) A private club or any officer, director, managing agent, or employee of a private 612 club may not store, sell, serve, or permit consumption of alcoholic beverages upon the premises 613 of the club, under a permit issued by local authority or otherwise, unless a private club license 614 has been first issued by the commission. 615 (b) Violation of this Subsection (5) is a class B misdemeanor. 616 (6) (a) Subject to the other provisions of this Subsection (6), the commission may issue 617 private club licenses at places and in numbers as it considers necessary.

618	(b) The total number of private club licenses may not at any time aggregate more than
619	that number determined by dividing the population of the state by $[7,000]$ 7,300.
620	(c) For purposes of this Subsection (6), population shall be determined by:
621	(i) the most recent United States decennial or special census; or
622	(ii) any other population determination made by the United States or state
623	governments.
624	(d) (i) The commission may issue seasonal private club licenses to be established in
625	areas the commission considers necessary.
626	(ii) A seasonal private club license shall be for a period of six consecutive months.
627	(iii) A private club license issued for operation during a summer time period is known
628	as a "Seasonal A" private club license. The period of operation for a "Seasonal A" club license
629	shall:
630	(A) begin on May 1; and
631	(B) end on October 31.
632	(iv) A private club license issued for operation during a winter time period is known as
633	a "Seasonal B" private club license. The period of operation for a "Seasonal B" club license
634	shall:
635	(A) begin on November 1; and
636	(B) end on April 30.
637	(v) In determining the number of private club licenses that the commission may issue
638	under this section:
639	(A) a seasonal private club license is counted as 1/2 of one private club license; and
640	(B) each "Seasonal A" license shall be paired with a "Seasonal B" license.
641	(e) (i) If the location, design, and construction of a hotel may require more than one
642	private club location within the hotel to serve the public convenience, the commission may
643	authorize as many as three private club locations within the hotel under one license if:
644	(A) the hotel has a minimum of 150 guest rooms; and [if]
645	(B) all locations under the license are:

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646 (I) within the same hotel facility; and

647 (II) on premises which are managed or operated and owned or leased by the licensee.

648 (ii) Facilities other than hotels may not have more than one private club location under649 a single private club license.

(7) (a) The premises of a private club license may not be established within 600 feet of
any public or private school, church, public library, public playground, or park, as measured by
the method in Subsection (8).

(b) The premises of a private club license may not be established within 200 feet of any
public or private school, church, public library, public playground, or park, measured in a
straight line from the nearest entrance of the proposed outlet to the nearest property boundary
of the public or private school, church, public library, public playground, or park.

657 (c) The restrictions contained in Subsections (7)(a) and (b) govern unless one of the658 following exemptions applies:

(i) with respect to the establishment of a private club license within a city of the third,
fourth, or fifth class, a town, or the unincorporated area of a county, the commission may
authorize a variance to reduce the proximity requirements of Subsection (7)(a) or (b) if:

(A) the local governing authority has granted its written consent to the variance;

(B) alternative locations for establishing a private club license in the community arelimited;

665 (C) a public hearing has been held in the city, town, or county, and where practical in 666 the neighborhood concerned; and

667 (D) after giving full consideration to all of the attending circumstances and the policies 668 stated in Subsections 32A-1-104(3) and (4), the commission determines that establishing the 669 license would not be detrimental to the public health, peace, safety, and welfare of the 670 community;

(ii) with respect to the establishment of a private club license in any location, the
commission may authorize a variance to reduce the proximity requirements of Subsection
(7)(a) or (b) in relation to a church:

674 (A) if the local governing body of the church in question gives its written consent to 675 the variance; 676 (B) following a public hearing in the city, town, or county and where practical in the 677 neighborhood concerned; and 678 (C) after giving full consideration to all of the attending circumstances and the policies 679 stated in Subsections 32A-1-104(3) and (4); or 680 (iii) with respect to the premises of a private club license issued by the commission that 681 undergoes a change of ownership, the commission may waive or vary the proximity 682 requirements of Subsection (7)(a) or (b) in considering whether to grant a private club license 683 to the new owner of the premises if: 684 (A) the premises previously received a variance reducing the proximity requirements of 685 Subsection (7)(a) or (b); or 686 (B) a variance from proximity or distance requirements was otherwise allowed under 687 this title. 688 (8) With respect to any public or private school, church, public library, public 689 playground, or park, the 600 foot limitation is measured from the nearest entrance of the outlet 690 by following the shortest route of ordinary pedestrian travel to the property boundary of the public or private school, church, public library, public playground, or park. 691 692 (9) (a) Nothing in this section prevents the commission from considering the proximity 693 of any educational, religious, and recreational facility, or any other relevant factor in reaching a 694 decision on whether to issue a private club license. 695 (b) For purposes of this Subsection (9), "educational facility" includes: 696 (i) a nursery school; 697 (ii) infant day care center; and 698 (iii) a trade and technical school. 699 (10) If requested by a private club licensee, the commission may approve a change in 700 the class of private club license in accordance with rules made by the commission. 701 Section 6. Section **32A-7-104** is amended to read:

702	32A-7-104. Commission and department duties before granting permits.
703	(1) (a) Before any single event permit may be granted by the commission, the
704	department shall:
705	(i) conduct an investigation[,];
706	(ii) gather information[;]; and
707	(iii) make recommendations to the commission as to whether or not a permit should be
708	granted.
709	(b) The department shall forward the information [shall be forwarded] and
710	recommendations described in Subsection (1)(a) to the commission to aid in [its] the
711	commission's determination.
712	(2) Before [issuing] granting any single event permit, the commission shall:
713	(a) determine that the applicant has complied with all basic qualifications and
714	requirements as provided by Sections 32A-7-102 and 32A-7-103;
715	(b) determine that the application is complete;
716	(c) consider the purpose of the organization or its local lodge, chapter, or other local
717	unit;
718	(d) consider the times, dates, location, estimated attendance, nature, and purpose of the
719	event;
720	(e) to minimize the risk of minors being sold or furnished alcohol or adults being
721	overserved alcohol at the event, assess the adequacy of control measures for:
722	(i) a large-scale public event where the estimated attendance is in excess of 1,000
723	people; or
724	(ii) for an outdoor public event; and
725	(f) consider any other factors or circumstances the commission considers necessary.
726	(3) (a) The commission shall determine the maximum amount that may be charged by
727	a permittee for an alcoholic beverage, including any set-up fee or other charge.
728	(b) The maximum amount that may be charged shall be set forth in the permit.
729	(4) Upon commission approval of any application and upon [issuance] the granting of a

730	single event permit, the department shall send copies of the approved application and the
731	permit to state and local law enforcement authorities before the scheduled event.
732	Section 7. Section <b>32A-10-201</b> is amended to read:
733	32A-10-201. Commission's power to grant licenses Limitations.
734	(1) Before any establishment may sell beer at retail for on-premise consumption, it
735	shall first obtain:
736	(a) an on-premise beer retailer license from the commission as provided in this part;
737	and
738	(b) (i) a license issued by the local authority, as provided in Section 32A-10-101, to
739	sell beer at retail for on-premise consumption; or
740	(ii) other written consent of the local authority to sell beer at retail for on-premise
741	consumption.
742	(2) (a) [The] Subject to the requirements of this section, the commission may issue
743	on-premise beer retailer licenses for the purpose of establishing on-premise beer retailer outlets
744	at places and in numbers as it considers proper for the storage, sale, and consumption of beer
745	on premises operated as on-premise beer retailer outlets.
746	(b) $[(i)]$ Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(a), the total number of on-premise beer
747	retailer licenses that are taverns may not at any time aggregate more than that number
748	determined by dividing the population of the state by $[22,500]$ 25,000.
749	[(ii) If the total number of on-premise beer retailer licenses in effect on May 5, 2003,
750	that are taverns equals or exceeds the limitation of Subsection (2)(b)(i):]
751	[(A) a license for a tavern that is in effect on May 5, 2003:]
752	[(I) is not invalidated by Subsection (2)(b)(i); and]
753	[(II) may be renewed in accordance with this chapter; and]
754	[(B) the commission may not grant a new on-premise beer retailer license to a tavern
755	until such time as the total number of licenses granted to a tavern under this chapter is less than
756	the limitation of Subsection (2)(b)(i).]
757	[(iii)] (c) For purposes of this Subsection (2), the population of the state shall be

758	determined by:
759	[(A)] (i) the most recent United States decennial special census; or
760	[(B)] (ii) any other population determination made by the United States or state
761	governments.
762	[(c)] (d) (i) The commission may issue seasonal licenses for taverns established in
763	areas the commission considers necessary.
764	(ii) A seasonal license for taverns shall be for a period of six consecutive months.
765	(iii) An on-premise beer retailer license for a tavern issued for operation during a
766	summer time period is known as a "Seasonal A" on-premise beer retailer license for a tavern.
767	The period of operation for a "Seasonal A" on-premise beer retailer license for a tavern shall:
768	(A) begin on May 1; and
769	(B) end on October 31.
770	(iv) An on-premise beer retailer license for a tavern issued for operation during a
771	winter time period is known as a "Seasonal B" on-premise beer retailer license for a tavern.
772	The period of operation for a "Seasonal B" on-premise beer retailer license for a tavern shall:
773	(A) begin on November 1; and
774	(B) end on April 30.
775	(v) In determining the number of tavern licenses that the commission may issue under
776	this section:
777	(A) a seasonal on-premise beer retailer license for a tavern is counted as 1/2 of one
778	on-premise beer retailer license for a tavern; and
779	(B) each "Seasonal A" on-premise beer retailer license for a tavern shall be paired with
780	a "Seasonal B" on-premise beer retailer license for a tavern.
781	(3) (a) The premises of an on-premise beer retailer license may not be established
782	within 600 feet of any public or private school, church, public library, public playground, or
783	park, as measured by the method in Subsection (4).
784	(b) The premises of an on-premise beer retailer license may not be established within
785	200 feet of any public or private school, church, public library, public playground, or park,

measured in a straight line from the nearest entrance of the proposed outlet to the nearest

property boundary of the public or private school, church, public library, public playground, orpark.

(c) The restrictions of Subsections (3)(a) and (b) govern unless one of the following
exemptions applies:

(i) with respect to the establishment of an on-premise beer retailer license that operates
as a tavern within a city of the third, fourth, or fifth class, a town, or the unincorporated area of
a county, the commission may authorize a variance to reduce the proximity requirements of
Subsection (3)(a) or (b) if:

(A) the local governing authority has granted its written consent to the variance;

(B) alternative locations for establishing an on-premise beer retailer tavern license inthe community are limited;

(C) a public hearing has been held in the city, town, or county, and where practical inthe neighborhood concerned; and

800 (D) after giving full consideration to all of the attending circumstances and the policies 801 stated in Subsections 32A-1-104(3) and (4), the commission determines that establishing the 802 license would not be detrimental to the public health, peace, safety, and welfare of the 803 community;

(ii) with respect to the establishment of an on-premise beer retailer license that operates
as a tavern in any location, the commission may authorize a variance to reduce the proximity
requirements of Subsection (3)(a) or (b) in relation to a church:

807 (A) if the local governing body of the church in question gives its written consent to808 the variance;

809 (B) following a public hearing in the city, town, or county and where practical in the 810 neighborhood concerned; and

811 (C) after giving full consideration to all of the attending circumstances and the policies
812 stated in Subsections 32A-1-104(3) and (4);

813

(iii) with respect to the establishment of an on-premise beer retailer license that does

not operate as a tavern in any location, the commission may authorize a variance that reduces
the proximity requirements of Subsection (3)(a) or (b) if:

816 (A) the local governing authority has granted its written consent to the variance;

817 (B) alternative locations for establishing an on-premise beer retailer license that does818 not operate as a tavern in the community are limited;

819 (C) a public hearing has been held in the city, town, or county, and where practical in820 the neighborhood concerned; and

(D) after giving full consideration to all of the attending circumstances and the policies
stated in Subsections 32A-1-104(3) and (4), the commission determines that establishing a
license would not be detrimental to the public health, peace, safety, and welfare of the
community;

(iv) with respect to any on-premise beer retailer license issued by the commission
before July 1, 1991, to an establishment that undergoes a change in ownership after that date,
the commission may waive or vary the proximity requirements of this Subsection (3) in
considering whether to grant an on-premise retailer beer license to the new owner; and

(v) with respect to the premises of an on-premise beer retailer license issued by the
commission that undergoes a change of ownership, the commission may waive or vary the
proximity requirements of Subsection (3)(a) or (b) in considering whether to grant an
on-premise beer retailer license to the new owner of the premises if:

(A) the premises previously received a variance from the proximity requirements ofSubsection (3)(a) or (b); or

(B) a variance from proximity or distance requirements was otherwise allowed underthis title.

(4) With respect to any public or private school, church, public library, public
playground, or park, the 600 foot limitation is measured from the nearest entrance of the outlet
by following the shortest route of ordinary pedestrian travel to the property boundary of the
public or private school, church, public library, public playground, school playground or park.
(5) (a) Nothing in this section prevents the commission from considering the proximity

- 842 of any educational, religious, and recreational facility, or any other relevant factor in reaching a
- 843 decision on a proposed location.
- (b) For purposes of this Subsection (5), "educational facility" includes:
- (i) a nursery school;
- 846 (ii) an infant day care center; and
- 847 (iii) a trade and technical school.
- 848 Section 8. Section **32A-10-304** is amended to read:

849 **32A-10-304.** Commission and department duties before granting permits.

- 850 (1) (a) Before any temporary special event beer permit may be granted by the
- 851 commission, the department shall:
- 852 (i) conduct an investigation[;]:
- 853 (ii) gather information[<del>,</del>]; and
- 854 (iii) make recommendations to the commission as to whether or not a permit should be 855 granted.
- 655 granted.
- (b) The department shall forward the information and recommendations described in
- 857 Subsection (1)(a) to the commission to aid in the commission's determination.
- 858 (2) Before [issuing] granting any temporary special event beer permit, the commission859 shall:
- 860 (a) determine that the applicant has complied with all basic qualifications and
- requirements as provided by Sections 32A-10-302 and 32A-10-303;
- (b) determine that the application is complete;
- 863 (c) consider the times, dates, location, estimated attendance, <u>nature</u>, and purpose of the
  864 temporary special event;
- 865 (d) to minimize the risk of minors being sold or furnished alcohol or adults being
  866 overserved alcohol at the temporary special event, assess the adequacy of control measures for:
- 867 (i) a large-scale public event where the estimated attendance is in excess of 1,000868 people; or
- 869 (ii) an outdoor public event; and

870	(e) consider any other factors or circumstances the commission considers necessary.
871	(3) Upon commission approval of any application and upon [issuance] the granting of a
872	temporary special event beer permit, the department shall send copies of the approved
873	application and the permit to state and local law enforcement authorities before the scheduled
874	event.
875	Section 9. Section <b>32A-12-301</b> is amended to read:
876	32A-12-301. Operating without a license or permit.
877	(1) Except as provided by this title or the rules of the commission, a person may not
878	operate the following if that establishment allows patrons, customers, members, guests,
879	visitors, or other persons to purchase or consume alcoholic beverages on the premises:
880	$\left[\frac{(1)}{(a)}\right]$ a restaurant;
881	[(2)] (b) an airport lounge;
882	$\left[\frac{(3)}{(c)}\right]$ a private club;
883	[(4)] (d) an on-premise beer retailer outlet;
884	[(5)] (e) on-premise banquet premises; or
885	[(6)] (f) an establishment similar to one listed in Subsections (1)(a) through $[(5)]$ (e).
886	(2) A person conducting an event or function that is open to the general public may not
887	directly or indirectly sell, offer to sell, or otherwise furnish alcoholic beverages to persons
888	attending the event or function without first obtaining a permit under this title.
889	(3) A person conducting a privately hosted event or private social function may not
890	directly or indirectly sell or offer to sell alcoholic beverages to persons attending the privately
891	hosted event or private social function without first obtaining a permit under this title.
892	Section 10. Section <b>63-46b-3</b> is amended to read:
893	63-46b-3. Commencement of adjudicative proceedings.
894	(1) Except as otherwise permitted by Section 63-46b-20, all adjudicative proceedings
895	shall be commenced by either:
896	(a) a notice of agency action, if proceedings are commenced by the agency; or
897	(b) a request for agency action, if proceedings are commenced by persons other than

898 the agency.
899 (2) A notice of agency action shall be filed and served according to the following

900 requirements:

901 (a) The notice of agency action shall be in writing, signed by a presiding officer, and902 shall include:

(i) the names and mailing addresses of all persons to whom notice is being given by the
presiding officer, and the name, title, and mailing address of any attorney or employee who has
been designated to appear for the agency;

- 906 (ii) the agency's file number or other reference number;
- 907 (iii) the name of the adjudicative proceeding;
- 908 (iv) the date that the notice of agency action was mailed;

(v) a statement of whether the adjudicative proceeding is to be conducted informally
according to the provisions of rules adopted under Sections 63-46b-4 and 63-46b-5, or formally
according to the provisions of Sections 63-46b-6 to 63-46b-11;

- (vi) if the adjudicative proceeding is to be formal, a statement that each respondentmust file a written response within 30 days of the mailing date of the notice of agency action;
- (vii) if the adjudicative proceeding is to be formal, or if a hearing is required by statute
  or rule, a statement of the time and place of any scheduled hearing, a statement of the purpose
  for which the hearing is to be held, and a statement that a party who fails to attend or
  participate in the hearing may be held in default;

(viii) if the adjudicative proceeding is to be informal and a hearing is required by
statute or rule, or if a hearing is permitted by rule and may be requested by a party within the
time prescribed by rule, a statement that the parties may request a hearing within the time
provided by the agency's rules;

922 (ix) a statement of the legal authority and jurisdiction under which the adjudicative923 proceeding is to be maintained;

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(x) the name, title, mailing address, and telephone number of the presiding officer; and(xi) a statement of the purpose of the adjudicative proceeding and, to the extent known

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926 by the presiding officer, the questions to be decided. 927 (b) When adjudicative proceedings are commenced by the agency, the agency shall: 928 (i) mail the notice of agency action to each party; 929 (ii) publish the notice of agency action, if required by statute; and 930 (iii) mail the notice of agency action to any other person who has a right to notice 931 under statute or rule. 932 (3) (a) Where the law applicable to the agency permits persons other than the agency to 933 initiate adjudicative proceedings, that person's request for agency action shall be in writing and 934 signed by the person invoking the jurisdiction of the agency, or by that person's representative, 935 and shall include: 936 (i) the names and addresses of all persons to whom a copy of the request for agency 937 action is being sent; 938 (ii) the agency's file number or other reference number, if known; 939 (iii) the date that the request for agency action was mailed; 940 (iv) a statement of the legal authority and jurisdiction under which agency action is 941 requested; 942 (v) a statement of the relief or action sought from the agency; and 943 (vi) a statement of the facts and reasons forming the basis for relief or agency action. 944 (b) The person requesting agency action shall file the request with the agency and shall 945 mail a copy to each person known to have a direct interest in the requested agency action. 946 (c) An agency may, by rule, prescribe one or more forms eliciting the information 947 required by Subsection (3)(a) to serve as the request for agency action when completed and 948 filed by the person requesting agency action. 949 (d) The presiding officer shall promptly review a request for agency action and shall: 950 (i) notify the requesting party in writing that the request is granted and that the 951 adjudicative proceeding is completed; 952 (ii) notify the requesting party in writing that the request is denied and, if the 953 proceeding is a formal adjudicative proceeding, that the party may request a hearing before the

agency to challenge the denial; or

955 (iii) notify the requesting party that further proceedings are required to determine the956 agency's response to the request.

(e) (i) Any notice required by Subsection (3)(d)(ii) shall contain the information
required by Subsection 63-46b-5(1)(i) in addition to disclosure required by Subsection
(3)(d)(ii).

(ii) The agency shall mail any notice required by Subsection (3)(d) to all parties, except
that any notice required by Subsection (3)(d)(iii) may be published when publication is
required by statute.

963 (iii) The notice required by Subsection (3)(d)(iii) shall:

964 (A) give the agency's file number or other reference number;

965 (B) give the name of the proceeding;

966 (C) designate whether the proceeding is one of a category to be conducted informally
967 according to the provisions of rules enacted under Sections 63-46b-4 and 63-46b-5, with
968 citation to the applicable rule authorizing that designation, or formally according to Sections
969 63-46b-6 to 63-46b-11;

970 (D) in the case of a formal adjudicative proceeding, and where respondent parties are
971 known, state that a written response must be filed within 30 days of the date of the agency's
972 notice if mailed, or within 30 days of the last publication date of the agency's notice, if
973 published;

(E) if the adjudicative proceeding is to be formal, or if a hearing is to be held in an
informal adjudicative proceeding, state the time and place of any scheduled hearing, the
purpose for which the hearing is to be held, and that a party who fails to attend or participate in
a scheduled and noticed hearing may be held in default;

978 (F) if the adjudicative proceeding is to be informal, and a hearing is required by statute 979 or rule, or if a hearing is permitted by rule and may be requested by a party within the time 980 prescribed by rule, state the parties' right to request a hearing and the time within which a 981 hearing may be requested under the agency's rules; and

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982 (G) give the name, title, mailing address, and telephone number of the presiding 983 officer. 984 (4) When initial agency determinations or actions are not governed by this chapter, but 985 agency and judicial review of those initial determinations or actions are subject to the provisions of this chapter, the request for agency action seeking review must be filed with the 986 987 agency within the time prescribed by the agency's rules. 988 (5) For designated classes of adjudicative proceedings, an agency may, by rule, provide 989 for a longer response time than allowed by this section, and may provide for a shorter response 990 time if required or permitted by applicable federal law. 991 (6) Unless the agency provides otherwise by rule or order, [applications] an application 992 for [licenses] a package agency, license, permit, or certificate of approval filed under authority 993 of Title 32A, [Chapters 3, Packaging Agencies, 4, Public Liquor License, and 5, Private Club 994 Liquor License are] Alcoholic Beverage Control Act, is not considered to be a request for 995 agency action under this chapter.

(7) If the purpose of the adjudicative proceeding is to award a license or other privilege
as to which there are multiple competing applicants, the agency may, by rule or order, conduct
a single adjudicative proceeding to determine the award of that license or privilege.

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