Enrolled Copy	S.B. 234

1	SERVICING OF HEATING OR COOLING
2	DUCT SYSTEMS
3	2006 GENERAL SESSION
4	STATE OF UTAH
5	Chief Sponsor: Parley G. Hellewell
6	House Sponsor: David Clark
7 8	LONG TITLE
9	General Description:
10	This bill modifies provisions of the Utah Construction Trades Licensing Act related to
11	the installation, repair, maintenance, cleaning, or replacement of a residential or
12	commercial gas appliance or combustion system.
13	Highlighted Provisions:
14	This bill:
15	<ul> <li>modifies the definition of a combustion system to specifically include air ducts; and</li> </ul>
16	<ul> <li>modifies provisions related to the work and scope of practice in the installation,</li> </ul>
17	repair, maintenance, cleaning, or replacement of a residential or commercial
18	combustion system by requiring certification for maintenance and cleaning in
19	addition to the current certification required for installation, repair, or replacement
20	of a combustion system.
21	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
22	None
23	Other Special Clauses:
24	None
25	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
26	AMENDS:
27	<b>58-55-102</b> , as last amended by Chapter 206, Laws of Utah 2005
28	<b>58-55-308</b> , as last amended by Chapter 39, Laws of Utah 2004
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30	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
31	Section 1. Section <b>58-55-102</b> is amended to read:
32	58-55-102. Definitions.
33	In addition to the definitions in Section 58-1-102, as used in this chapter:
34	(1) (a) "Alarm business or company" means a person engaged in the sale, installation,
35	maintenance, alteration, repair, replacement, servicing, or monitoring of an alarm system,
36	except as provided in Subsection (1)(b).
37	(b) "Alarm business or company" does not include:
38	(i) a person engaged in the manufacture and sale of alarm systems when that person is
39	not engaged in the installation, maintenance, alteration, repair, replacement, servicing, or
40	monitoring of alarm systems, and the manufacture or sale occurs only at a place of business
41	established by the person engaged in the manufacture or sale and does not involve site visits at
42	the place or intended place of installation of an alarm system; or
43	(ii) an owner of an alarm system, or an employee of the owner of an alarm system who
44	is engaged in installation, maintenance, alteration, repair, replacement, servicing, or monitoring
45	of the alarm system owned by that owner.
46	(2) "Alarm company agent" means any individual employed within this state by a
47	person engaged in the alarm business.
48	(3) "Alarm system" means equipment and devices assembled for the purpose of:
49	(a) detecting and signaling unauthorized intrusion or entry into or onto certain
50	premises; or
51	(b) signaling a robbery or attempted robbery on protected premises.
52	(4) "Apprentice electrician" means a person licensed under this chapter as an
53	apprentice electrician who is learning the electrical trade under approved supervision of a
54	master electrician, residential master electrician, a journeyman electrician, or a residential
55	journeyman electrician.
56	(5) "Apprentice plumber" means a person licensed under this chapter as an apprentice
57	plumber who is learning the plumbing trade under approved supervision of a journeyman

58 plumber.

(6) "Approved supervision" means the immediate supervision of apprentices by qualified licensed electricians or plumbers as a part of a planned program of training.

- (7) "Board" means the Electrician Licensing Board, Alarm System Security and Licensing Board, or Plumbers Licensing Board created in Section 58-55-201.
  - (8) "Combustion system" means an assembly consisting of:
- (a) piping and components with a means for conveying, either continuously or intermittently, natural gas from the outlet of the natural gas provider's meter to the burner of the appliance;
- (b) the electric control and combustion air supply and venting systems, including air ducts; and
  - (c) components intended to achieve control of quantity, flow, and pressure.
- 70 (9) "Commission" means the Construction Services Commission created under Section 58-55-103.
  - (10) "Construction trade" means any trade or occupation involving:
  - (a) (i) construction, alteration, remodeling, repairing, wrecking or demolition, addition to, or improvement of any building, highway, road, railroad, dam, bridge, structure, excavation or other project, development, or improvement to other than personal property; and
  - (ii) constructing, remodeling, or repairing a manufactured home or mobile home as defined in Section 58-56-3; or
  - (b) installation or repair of a residential or commercial natural gas appliance or combustion system.
  - (11) "Construction trades instructor" means a person licensed under this chapter to teach one or more construction trades in both a classroom and project environment, where a project is intended for sale to or use by the public and is completed under the direction of the instructor, who has no economic interest in the project.
  - (12) (a) "Contractor" means any person who for compensation other than wages as an employee undertakes any work in the construction, plumbing, or electrical trade for which

licensure is required under this chapter and includes:

(i) a person who builds any structure on his own property for the purpose of sale or

who builds any structure intended for public use on his own property;

- (ii) any person who represents himself to be a contractor by advertising or any other means;
- (iii) any person engaged as a maintenance person, other than an employee, who regularly engages in activities set forth under the definition of "construction trade";
- (iv) any person engaged in any construction trade for which licensure is required under this chapter; or
  - (v) a construction manager who performs management and counseling services on a construction project for a fee.
    - (b) "Contractor" does not include an alarm company or alarm company agent.
- (13) (a) "Electrical trade" means the performance of any electrical work involved in the installation, construction, alteration, change, repair, removal, or maintenance of facilities, buildings, or appendages or appurtenances.
- (b) "Electrical trade" does not include:

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- (i) transporting or handling electrical materials;
- (ii) preparing clearance for raceways for wiring; or
- 104 (iii) work commonly done by unskilled labor on any installations under the exclusive control of electrical utilities.
  - (c) For purposes of Subsection (13)(b):
  - (i) no more than one unlicensed person may be so employed unless more than five licensed electricians are employed by the shop; and
  - (ii) a shop may not employ unlicensed persons in excess of the five-to-one ratio permitted by this Subsection (13)(c).
  - (14) "Employee" means an individual as defined by the division by rule giving consideration to the definition adopted by the Internal Revenue Service and the Department of Workforce Services.

(15) "Engage in a construction trade" means to:

(a) engage in, represent oneself to be engaged in, or advertise oneself as being engaged in a construction trade; or

- (b) use the name "contractor" or "builder" or in any other way lead a reasonable person to believe one is or will act as a contractor.
- (16) (a) "Financial responsibility" means a demonstration of a current and expected future condition of financial solvency evidencing a reasonable expectation to the division and the board that an applicant or licensee can successfully engage in business as a contractor without jeopardy to the public health, safety, and welfare.
- (b) Financial responsibility may be determined by an evaluation of the total history concerning the licensee or applicant including past, present, and expected condition and record of financial solvency and business conduct.
- (17) "Gas appliance" means any device that uses natural gas to produce light, heat, power, steam, hot water, refrigeration, or air conditioning.
- (18) (a) "General building contractor" means a person licensed under this chapter as a general building contractor qualified by education, training, experience, and knowledge to perform or superintend construction of structures for the support, shelter, and enclosure of persons, animals, chattels, or movable property of any kind or any of the components of that construction except plumbing, electrical work, mechanical work, and manufactured housing installation, for which the general building contractor shall employ the services of a contractor licensed in the particular specialty, except that a general building contractor engaged in the construction of single-family and multifamily residences up to four units may perform the mechanical work and hire a licensed plumber or electrician as an employee.
- (b) The division may by rule exclude general building contractors from engaging in the performance of other construction specialties in which there is represented a substantial risk to the public health, safety, and welfare, and for which a license is required unless that general building contractor holds a valid license in that specialty classification.
  - (19) (a) "General engineering contractor" means a person licensed under this chapter as

a general engineering contractor qualified by education, training, experience, and knowledge to perform construction of fixed works in any of the following: irrigation, drainage, water, power, water supply, flood control, inland waterways, harbors, railroads, highways, tunnels, airports and runways, sewers and bridges, refineries, pipelines, chemical and industrial plants requiring specialized engineering knowledge and skill, piers, and foundations, or any of the components of those works.

- (b) A general engineering contractor may not perform construction of structures built primarily for the support, shelter, and enclosure of persons, animals, and chattels.
- (20) "Immediate supervision" means reasonable direction, oversight, inspection, and evaluation of the work of a person, in or out of the immediate presence of the supervising person, so as to ensure that the end result complies with applicable standards.
  - (21) "Individual" means a natural person.

- (22) "Journeyman electrician" means a person licensed under this chapter as a journeyman electrician having the qualifications, training, experience, and knowledge to wire, install, and repair electrical apparatus and equipment for light, heat, power, and other purposes.
- (23) "Journeyman plumber" means a person licensed under this chapter as a journeyman plumber having the qualifications, training, experience, and technical knowledge to engage in the plumbing trade.
- (24) "Master electrician" means a person licensed under this chapter as a master electrician having the qualifications, training, experience, and knowledge to properly plan, layout, and supervise the wiring, installation, and repair of electrical apparatus and equipment for light, heat, power, and other purposes.
- (25) "Person" means a natural person, sole proprietorship, joint venture, corporation, limited liability company, association, or organization of any type.
- (26) (a) "Plumbing trade" means the performance of any mechanical work pertaining to the installation, alteration, change, repair, removal, maintenance, or use in buildings, or within three feet beyond the outside walls of buildings of pipes, fixtures, and fittings for:
  - (i) delivery of the water supply;

(ii) discharge of liquid and water carried waste; or

- (iii) the building drainage system within the walls of the building.
- (b) "Plumbing trade" includes work pertaining to the water supply, distribution pipes, fixtures and fixture traps, soil, waste and vent pipes, and the building drain and roof drains together with their devices, appurtenances, and connections where installed within the outside walls of the building.
- (27) (a) "Ratio of apprentices" means, for the purpose of determining compliance with the requirements for planned programs of training and electrician apprentice licensing applications, the shop ratio of apprentice electricians to journeyman or master electricians shall be one journeyman or master electrician to one apprentice on industrial and commercial work, and one journeyman or master electrician to three apprentices on residential work.
- (b) On-the-job training shall be under circumstances in which the ratio of apprentices to supervisors is in accordance with a ratio of one-to-one on nonresidential work and up to three apprentices to one supervisor on residential projects.
- (28) "Residential and small commercial contractor" means a person licensed under this chapter as a residential and small commercial contractor qualified by education, training, experience, and knowledge to perform or superintend the construction of single-family residences, multifamily residences up to four units, and commercial construction of not more than three stories above ground and not more than 20,000 square feet, or any of the components of that construction except plumbing, electrical work, mechanical work, and manufactured housing installation, for which the residential and small commercial contractor shall employ the services of a contractor licensed in the particular specialty, except that a residential and small commercial contractor engaged in the construction of single-family and multifamily residences up to four units may perform the mechanical work and hire a licensed plumber or electrician as an employee.
- (29) "Residential apprentice plumber" means a person licensed under this chapter as a residential apprentice plumber who is learning the residential plumbing trade while working on residential buildings under the approved supervision of a residential journeyman plumber or a

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(30) "Residential building," as it relates to the license classification of residential apprentice plumber and residential journeyman plumber, means a single or multiple family dwelling of up to four units.

- (31) "Residential journeyman electrician" means a person licensed under this chapter as a residential journeyman electrician having the qualifications, training, experience, and knowledge to wire, install, and repair electrical apparatus and equipment for light, heat, power, and other purposes on buildings using primarily nonmetallic sheath cable.
- (32) "Residential journeyman plumber" means a person licensed under this chapter as a residential journeyman plumber having the qualifications, training, experience, and knowledge to engage in the plumbing trade as limited to the plumbing of residential buildings.
- (33) "Residential master electrician" means a person licensed under this chapter as a residential master electrician having the qualifications, training, experience, and knowledge to properly plan, layout, and supervise the wiring, installation, and repair of electrical apparatus and equipment for light, heat, power, and other purposes on residential projects.
- (34) "Residential project," as it relates to an electrician or electrical contractor, means buildings primarily wired with nonmetallic sheathed cable, in accordance with standard rules and regulations governing this work, including the National Electrical Code, and in which the voltage does not exceed 250 volts line to line and 125 volts to ground.
- (35) "Specialty contractor" means a person licensed under this chapter under a specialty contractor classification established by rule, who is qualified by education, training, experience, and knowledge to perform those construction trades and crafts requiring specialized skill, the regulation of which are determined by the division to be in the best interest of the public health, safety, and welfare. A specialty contractor may perform work in crafts or trades other than those in which he is licensed if they are incidental to the performance of his licensed craft or trade.
  - (36) "Unlawful conduct" is as defined in Sections 58-1-501 and 58-55-501.
- 225 (37) "Unprofessional conduct" is as defined in Sections 58-1-501 and 58-55-502 and as

226 may be further defined by rule. 227 (38) "Wages" means amounts due to an employee for labor or services whether the 228 amount is fixed or ascertained on a time, task, piece, commission, or other basis for calculating 229 the amount. 230 Section 2. Section **58-55-308** is amended to read: 58-55-308. Scope of practice -- Installation, repair, or replacement of gas 231 appliance or combustion system -- Rules. 232 233 (1) (a) The commission, with the concurrence of the director, may adopt reasonable 234 rules pursuant to Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to define and 235 limit the scope of practice and operating standards of the classifications and subclassifications 236 licensed under this chapter in a manner consistent with established practice in the relevant 237 industry. 238 (b) The commission and the director may limit the field and scope of operations of a 239 licensee under this chapter in accordance with the rules and the public health, safety, and 240 welfare, based on the licensee's education, training, experience, knowledge, and financial 241 responsibility. (2) (a) The work and scope of practice covered by this Subsection (2) is the 242 installation, repair, maintenance, cleaning, or replacement of a residential or commercial gas 243 244 appliance or combustion system. 245 (b) The provisions of this Subsection (2) apply to any: (i) licensee under this chapter whose license authorizes the licensee to perform the 246 work described in Subsection (2)(a); and 247 (ii) person exempt from licensure under Subsection 58-55-305(1)(h). 248 249 (c) Any person described in Subsection (2)(b) that performs work described in Subsection (2)(a): 250 251 (i) must first receive training and certification as specified in rules adopted by the

(ii) shall ensure that any employee authorized under other provisions of this chapter to

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division; and

perform work described in Subsection (2)(a) has first received training and certification as specified in rules adopted by the division.

- (d) The division may exempt from the training requirements adopted under Subsection (2)(c) a person that has adequate experience, as determined by the division.
- (3) The division may exempt the following individuals from the certification requirements adopted under Subsection (2)(c):
- (a) a person who has passed a test equivalent to the level of testing required by the division for certification, or has completed an apprenticeship program that teaches the installation of gas line appliances and is approved by the Federal Bureau of Apprenticeship Training; and
- (b) a person working under the immediate one-to-one supervision of a certified natural gas technician or a person exempt from certification.
- (4) This section does not prohibit a licensed specialty contractor from accepting and entering into a contract involving the use of two or more crafts or trades if the performance of the work in the crafts or trades, other than that in which the contractor is licensed, is incidental and supplemental to the work for which the contractor is licensed.