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1	PROVISIONAL BALLOT AMENDMENTS
2	2006 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Parley G. Hellewell
5	House Sponsor: Douglas C. Aagard
6	
7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill amends the provisional ballot requirements under the Election Code.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	 provides that a voter whose identity or right to vote is challenged shall be issued a
13	provisional ballot and be permitted to vote;
14	removes the procedure requiring an affidavit to be signed in order to obtain a ballot
15	when a voter's identity or right to vote is challenged;
16	 removes criminal penalties associated with the affidavit requirement;
17	 provides a criminal penalty for knowingly providing false information when voting
18	using a provisional ballot; and
19	makes technical changes.
20	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
21	None
22	Other Special Clauses:
23	None
24	Utah Code Sections Affected:
25	AMENDS:
26	20A-3-104.5, as last amended by Chapter 159, Laws of Utah 2003
27	20A-3-105.5, as last amended by Chapters 34, 117 and 131, Laws of Utah 2003



20A-3-202, as last amended by Chapter 105, Laws of Utah 2005				
20A-6-105, as last amended by Chapter 219, Laws of Utah 2004				
ENACTS:				
20A-3-506 , Utah Code Annotated 1953				
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:				
Section 1. Section 20A-3-104.5 is amended to read:				
20A-3-104.5. Voting Regular primary election.				
(1) (a) Any registered voter desiring to vote at the regular primary election shall give				
his name, the name of the registered political party whose ballot the voter wishes to vote, and,				
if requested, his residence, to one of the election judges.				
(b) If an election judge does not know the [person] voter requesting a ballot and has				
reason to doubt that [person's] voter's identity, the judge shall:				
(i) request that the voter present identification; or				
(ii) have the voter identified by a known registered voter of the district.				
(c) [If the voter is challenged as provided in Section 20A-3-202, the] The election				
judge shall [provide a ballot to the voter if the voter takes an oath that the grounds of the				
challenge are false.] follow the procedures and requirements of Section 20A-3-105.5 if:				
(i) the election judge is not satisfied that the voter has been properly identified; or				
(ii) the voter's right to vote is challenged under Section 20A-3-202.				
(2) (a) (i) [When] If the voter is properly identified, the election judge in charge of the				
official register shall check the official register to determine:				
(A) whether or not the person is registered to vote; and				
(B) whether or not the person's party affiliation designation in the official register				
allows the voter to vote the ballot that the voter requested.				
(ii) If the official register does not affirmatively identify the voter as being affiliated				
with a registered political party or if the official register identifies the voter as being				
"unaffiliated," the voter shall be considered to be "unaffiliated."				
(b) (i) [H] Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b)(ii), if the voter's name is not found				
on the official register [and, if], the judge shall follow the procedures and requirements of				
Section 20A-3-105.5.				

(ii) (A) If it is not unduly disruptive of the election process, the election judge shall attempt to contact the county clerk's office to request oral verification of the voter's registration.

- [(ii)] (B) If oral verification is received from the county clerk's office, the judge shall:
- (I) record the verification on the official register[;]:

- (II) determine the voter's party affiliation and the ballot that the voter is qualified to vote[-;]; and
 - (III) perform the other administrative steps required by Subsection (3).
- (c) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(c)(ii), if the voter's political party affiliation listed in the official register does not allow the voter to vote the ballot that the voter requested, the election judge shall inform the voter of that fact and inform the voter of the ballot or ballots that the voter's party affiliation does allow the voter to vote.
- (ii) (A) If the voter is listed in the official register as "unaffiliated," or if the official register does not affirmatively identify the voter as either "unaffiliated" or affiliated with a registered political party, and the voter, as an "unaffiliated" voter, is not authorized to vote the ballot that the voter requests, the election judge shall ask the voter if the voter wishes to vote another registered political party ballot that the voter, as "unaffiliated," is authorized to vote, or remain "unaffiliated."
- (B) If the voter wishes to vote another registered political party ballot that the unaffiliated voter is authorized to vote, the election judge shall proceed as required by Subsection (3).
- (C) If the voter wishes to remain unaffiliated and does not wish to vote another ballot that unaffiliated voters are authorized to vote, the election judge shall instruct the voter that the voter may not vote.
 - (iii) For the primary elections held in 2004, 2006, and 2008 only:
- (A) If the voter is listed in the official register as "unaffiliated," or if the official register does not affirmatively identify the voter as either "unaffiliated" or "affiliated" with a registered political party, the election judge shall ask the voter if the voter wishes to affiliate with a registered political party, or remain "unaffiliated."
- (B) If the voter wishes to affiliate with the registered political party whose ballot the voter requested, the election judge shall direct the voter to complete the change of party affiliation form and proceed as required by Subsection (3).

90 (C) If the voter wishes to remain unaffiliated and wishes to vote another registered 91 political party ballot that the unaffiliated voter is authorized to vote, the election judge shall 92 proceed as required by Subsection (3). 93 (D) If the voter wishes to remain unaffiliated and does not wish to vote another ballot 94 that unaffiliated voters are authorized to vote, the election judge shall instruct the voter that the 95 voter may not vote. 96 (3) If the election judge determines that the voter is registered and eligible, under 97 Subsection (2), to vote the ballot that the voter requested: 98 (a) the election judge in charge of the official register shall: 99 (i) write the ballot number and the name of the registered political party whose ballot 100 the voter voted opposite the name of the voter in the official register; and 101 (ii) direct the voter to sign his name in the election column in the official register; 102 (b) another judge shall list the ballot number and voter's name in the pollbook; and 103 (c) the election judge having charge of the ballots shall: 104 (i) endorse his initials on the stub; 105 (ii) check the name of the voter on the pollbook list with the number of the stub; 106 (iii) hand the voter the ballot for the registered political party that the voter requested 107 and for which the voter is authorized to vote; and 108 (iv) allow the voter to enter the voting booth. 109 (4) Whenever the election officer is required to furnish more than one kind of official 110 ballot to the voting precinct, the election judges of that voting precinct shall give the registered 111 voter the kind of ballot that the voter is qualified to vote. 112 Section 2. Section **20A-3-105.5** is amended to read: 113 20A-3-105.5. Manner of voting -- Provisional ballot. 114 (1) The election judges shall follow the procedures and requirements of this section 115 when: 116 (a) the person's right to vote is challenged as provided in Section 20A-3-202; [or] 117 (b) the person's name is not found on the official register[-]; or 118 (c) the election judge is not satisfied that the voter has been properly identified. 119 (2) When faced with one of the circumstances outlined in Subsection (1)(a) or (1)(b), 120 the election judge shall:

121	(a) request that the person provide proof of identity and proof of residence; and			
122	(b) review the proof of identity and proof of residence provided by the person.			
123	(3) If the election judge is satisfied that the person has established the person's identity			
124	and residence in the voting precinct:			
125	(a) the election judge in charge of the official register shall:			
126	(i) record in the official register the type of source documents that established the			
127	person's proof of identity and proof of residence;			
128	(ii) write the provisional ballot envelope number opposite the name of the voter in the			
129	official register; and			
130	(iii) direct the voter to sign his name in the election column in the official register;			
131	(b) another judge shall list the ballot number and voter's name in the pollbook; and			
132	(c) the election judge having charge of the ballots shall:			
133	(i) endorse his initials on the stub;			
134	(ii) check the name of the voter on the pollbook list with the number of the stub;			
135	(iii) give the voter a ballot and a provisional ballot envelope; and			
136	(iv) allow the voter to enter the voting booth.			
137	(4) If the election judge is not satisfied that the voter has provided sufficient proof of			
138	identity and proof of residence:			
139	(a) the election judge in charge of the official register shall:			
140	(i) record in the official register that the voter did not provide adequate proof of			
141	identity and proof of residence;			
142	(ii) write the provisional ballot envelope number opposite the name of the voter in the			
143	official register; and			
144	(iii) direct the voter to sign his name in the election column in the official register;			
145	(b) another judge shall list the ballot number and voter's name in the pollbook; and			
146	(c) the election judge having charge of the ballots shall:			
147	(i) endorse his initials on the stub;			
148	(ii) check the name of the voter on the pollbook list with the number of the stub;			
149	(iii) give the voter a ballot and a provisional ballot envelope; and			
150	(iv) allow the voter to enter the voting booth.			
151	(5) Whenever the election officer is required to furnish more than one kind of official			

152 ballot to a voting precinct, the election judges of that voting precinct shall give the registered 153 voter the kind of ballot that the voter is qualified to vote. 154 Section 3. Section **20A-3-202** is amended to read: 155 20A-3-202. Challenges -- Recorded in official register and in pollbook. 156 (1) (a) When any person applies for a ballot or when a person offers a ballot for deposit 157 in the ballot box, the person's right to vote in that voting precinct and in that election may be 158 orally challenged by an election judge or any challenger orally stating the challenged voter's 159 name and the basis for the challenge. 160 (b) A person may challenge another person's right to vote by alleging that: 161 (i) the voter is not the person whose name appears in the official register and under 162 which name the right to vote is claimed: 163 (ii) the voter is not a resident of Utah; 164 (iii) the voter is not a citizen of the United States; 165 (iv) the voter has not or will not have resided in Utah for 30 days immediately before 166 the date of the election; 167 (v) the voter does not live in the voting precinct; 168 (vi) the voter does not live within the geographic boundaries of the entity holding the 169 election; 170 (vii) the voter's principal place of residence is not in the voting precinct; 171 (viii) the voter's principal place of residence is not in the geographic boundaries of the 172 election area; 173 (ix) the voter has voted before in the election; 174 (x) the voter is not at least 18 years old; 175 (xi) the voter is involuntarily confined or incarcerated in jail or prison and was not a 176 resident of the entity holding the election before the voter was confined or incarcerated; 177 (xii) the voter is a convicted felon and is incarcerated for the commission of a felony; 178 or 179 (xiii) in a regular primary election, the voter does not meet the political party affiliation 180 criteria established by the political party whose ballot the voter seeks to vote. 181 [(2) (a) The election judges shall give the voter a ballot and allow the voter to vote if:]

(i) the person challenged signs a written affidavit certifying that he meets all the

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183	requirements for voting; and]
184	[(ii) the election judge determines that the person challenged is registered to vote and,
185	in a regular primary election, meets the political party affiliation criteria established by the
186	political party whose ballot the voter seeks to vote.]
187	[(b) The election judges may not give the voter a ballot or allow the voter to vote if:]
188	[(i) the person challenged refuses to sign the written affidavit; or]
189	[(ii) in a regular primary election, the election judge determines that the person
190	challenged does not meet the political party affiliation criteria established by the political party
191	whose ballot the voter seeks to vote and is unwilling or unable to take the steps authorized by
192	law to comply with those criteria.]
193	[(c) (i) It is unlawful for any person to sign an affidavit certifying that he meets all the
194	requirements for voting when that person knows he does not meet at least one of those
195	requirements.]
196	[(ii) Any person who violates this Subsection (2)(c) is guilty of a class B
197	misdemeanor.]
198	[(3)] (2) (a) Any person may challenge the right to vote of any person whose name
199	appears on the posting list by filing a written signed statement identifying the challenged
200	voter's name and the basis for the challenge with the county clerk on the Friday before the
201	election during regular business hours.
202	(b) The person challenging a person's right to vote shall allege one or more of the
203	grounds established in Subsection (1)(b) as the basis for the challenge.
204	(c) The county clerk shall:
205	(i) carefully preserve the written challenges;
206	(ii) write in the appropriate official register opposite the name of any person for whom
207	the county clerk received a written challenge, the words "To be challenged"; and
208	(iii) transmit the written challenges to election judges of that voting precinct.
209	(d) [On election day, the] The election judges shall raise the written challenge with the
210	voter [before giving the voter a ballot] when the voter requests a ballot.
211	[(e) If the person challenged takes an oath before any of the election judges that the
212	grounds of the challenge are false, the judges shall allow the person to vote.]
213	[(f) If the person applying to vote does not meet the legal requirements to vote, or

214	refuses to take the oath, the election judges may not deliver a ballot to him.]				
215	$\left[\frac{4}{3}\right]$ The election judges shall record all challenges in the official register and on				
216	the challenge sheets in the pollbook.				
217	[(5) If the person challenged under Subsection (3) voted an absentee ballot, the count				
218	clerk shall submit the name of the voter and the challenge to the voter to the county attorney,				
219	the district attorney in counties with a prosecution district, for investigation and prosecution for				
220	voter fraud.]				
221	(4) If a person's right to vote is challenged under this section, the election judge shall				
222	follow the procedures and requirements of Section 20A-3-105.5.				
223	Section 4. Section 20A-3-506 is enacted to read:				
224	20A-3-506. False information on provisional ballot envelope.				
225	(1) A person may not wilfully falsify information on a provisional ballot envelope.				
226	(2) A person who violates this section is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.				
227	Section 5. Section 20A-6-105 is amended to read:				
228	20A-6-105. Provisional ballot envelopes.				
229	(1) Each election officer shall ensure that provisional ballot envelopes are printed in				
230	substantially the following form:				
231	"AFFIRMATION				
232	Are you a citizen of the United States of America? Yes No				
233	Will you be 18 years old on or before election day? Yes No				
234	If you checked "no" in response to either of the two above questions, do not complete this				
235	form.				
236	Name of Voter				
237	First Middle Last				
238	Driver License or Identification Card Number				
239	State of Issuance of Driver License or Identification Card Number				
240	Date of Birth				
241	Street Address of Principal Place of Residence				
242					
243	City County State Zip Code				
244	Telephone Number (optional)				

Last four	r digits of Soc	eial Security Number			
Last form	Last former address at which I was registered to vote (if known)				
	City	County	State	Zip Code	
	Precinct (if kn	,			
		ıll name)	do sole	emnly swear or	
affirm:					
1. that I	am currently	registered to vote in		, County, Utah;	
that I have not n	noved out of t	he county since the date of	the original registrati	ion; that I have	
not voted in this	election in a	ny other precinct; and that l	I request that I be peri	mitted to vote in	
this election in t	his precinct;				
2. that c	n or about	(Date	e), I completed a vote	r registration	
application at		(ple	ase indicate the office	e at which you	
completed the v	oter registrati	on application, for example	e, Human Services, D	river License,	
etc., or, if you fi	lled out a mai	ll-in registration form, plea	se indicate.);		
3. that I	have previou	sly registered to vote in	,	County, Utah; that	
I have not reside	ed outside of t	hat county since completing	g that registration; an	nd that I am	
entitled to vote	today; and				
4. subje	ct to penalty of	of law for false statements,	that the information of	contained in this	
form is true, and	l that I am a c	itizen of the United States	and a resident of Utal	n, residing at the	
above address; a	and that I am	at least 18 years old and ha	ve resided in Utah for	r the 30 days	
immediately bef	fore this electi	on.			
Signed					
Dated					
In accordance with Section 20A-3-506, wilfully providing false information above is a			nation above is a		
class B misdemeanor under Utah law and is punishable by imprisonment and by fine".			by fine".		
"CITIZE	ENSHIP AFFI	DAVIT			
Name:					
Name at	birth, if diffe	rent:			
Place of	birth:				

2/6	Date of birth:
277	Date and place of naturalization (if applicable):
278	I hereby swear and affirm, under penalties for voting fraud set forth below, that I am a
279	citizen and that to the best of my knowledge and belief the information above is true and
280	correct.
281	
282	Signature of Applicant
283	In accordance with Section 20A-2-401, the penalty for willfully causing, procuring, or
284	allowing yourself to be registered to vote if you know you are not entitled to register to vote is
285	up to one year in jail and a fine of up to \$2,500."
286	(2) The provisional ballot envelope shall include:
287	(a) a unique number;
288	(b) a detachable part that includes the unique number; and
289	(c) a telephone number, internet address, or other indicator of a means, in accordance
290	with Section 20A-6-105.5, where the voter can find out if the provisional ballot was counted.

Legislative Review Note as of 10-19-05 11:46 AM

Based on a limited legal review, this legislation has not been determined to have a high probability of being held unconstitutional.

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

Interim Committee Note as of 12-21-05 1:47 PM

The Government Operations Interim Committee recommended this bill.