	Senator Sheldon L. Killpack proposes the following substitute bill:		
1	COMMERCIAL DRIVER LICENSE		
2	AMENDMENTS		
3	2006 GENERAL SESSION		
4	STATE OF UTAH		
5	Chief Sponsor: Sheldon L. Killpack		
6	House Sponsor: James A. Dunnigan		
7 8	LONG TITLE		
9	General Description:		
10	This bill modifies the Uniform Driver License Act and the Utah Code of Criminal		
11	Procedure by amending provisions related to diversions and CDL disqualifications and		
12	nonresident CDL holder driver violations for convictions and pleas held in abeyance.		
13	Highlighted Provisions:		
14	This bill:		
15	 provides that a court record of conviction or plea held in abeyance that is forwarded 		
16	to the Driver License Division shall include certain information;		
17	 provides that a person who holds or is required to hold a CDL is disqualified from 		
18	driving a commercial motor vehicle for not less than one year if convicted of a first		
19	offense of failing to give aid or provide identification when involved in an accident		
20	resulting in death or personal injury;		
21	 requires the Driver License Division, upon receiving notice of a plea in abeyance 		
22	agreement to a disqualifying offense, to disqualify, suspend, cancel, or revoke a		
23	person's CDL for a conviction of that disqualifying offense, even if the charge is		
24	subsequently reduced or dismissed;		
25	 requires the division to report a plea in abeyance to the CDLIS within ten days of 		

01-17-06 8:35 AM

	taking a licensing action;			
	 provides that a plea in abeyance agreement may not be removed from a person's 			
	driving record for ten years from the date of the plea in abeyance agreement, even if			
	the charge is subsequently reduced, dismissed, or expunged;			
	 requires the division to notify the licensing state when the division receives a report 			
	of a plea in abeyance of a nonresident holder of a CDL of a violation of a state law			
	or local ordinance relating to traffic control;			
	 prohibits a magistrate from granting diversion for certain offenses; and 			
	 makes technical changes. 			
	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:			
	None			
	Other Special Clauses:			
	None			
Utah Code Sections Affected:				
	AMENDS:			
	53-3-218, as last amended by Chapter 2, Laws of Utah 2005			
	53-3-414, as last amended by Chapters 2 and 220, Laws of Utah 2005			
	53-3-419, as renumbered and amended by Chapter 234, Laws of Utah 1993			
	77-2-9, as last amended by Chapters 88 and 101, Laws of Utah 1983			
	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:			
	Section 1. Section 53-3-218 is amended to read:			
	53-3-218. Court to report convictions and may recommend suspension of license			
	Severity of speeding violation defined.			
	(1) As used in this section, "conviction" means conviction by the court of first			
impression or final administrative determination in an administrative traffic proceeding.				
(2) (a) A court having jurisdiction over offenses committed under this chapter or any				
other law of this state, or under any municipal ordinance regulating driving motor vehicles on				
	highways or driving motorboats on the water, shall forward to the division within ten days, an			
	abstract of the court record of the conviction or plea held in abeyance of any person in the court			
	for a reportable traffic or motorboating violation of any laws or ordinances, and may			

01-17-06 8:35 AM

57	recommend the suspension of the license of the person convicted.		
58	(b) When the division receives a court record of a conviction or plea in abeyance for a		
59	motorboat violation, the division may only take action against a person's driver license if the		
60	motorboat violation is for a violation of Title 41, Chapter 6a, Part 5, Driving Under the		
61	Influence and Reckless Driving.		
62	(3) The abstract shall be made in the form prescribed by the division and shall include:		
63	(a) the name, date of birth, and address of the party charged;		
64	(b) the license certificate number of [his license certificate] the party charged, if any;		
65	(c) the registration number of the motor vehicle or motorboat involved;		
66	(d) whether the motor vehicle was a commercial motor vehicle;		
67	(e) whether the motor vehicle carried hazardous materials;		
68	(f) whether the motor vehicle carried 16 or more occupants;		
69	(g) whether the driver presented a commercial driver license;		
70	[(f)] (h) the nature of the offense;		
71	(i) whether the offense involved an accident;		
72	(j) the driver's blood alcohol content, if applicable;		
73	(k) if the offense involved a speeding violation:		
74	(i) the posted speed limit;		
75	(ii) the actual speed; and		
76	(iii) whether the speeding violation occurred on a highway that is part of the interstate		
77	system as defined in Section 72-1-102;		
78	[(g)] (1) the date of the hearing;		
79	[(h)] (m) the plea;		
80	[(i)] (n) the judgment or whether bail was forfeited; and		
81	[(j)] (o) the severity of the violation, which shall be graded by the court as "minimum,"		
82	"intermediate," or "maximum" as established in accordance with Subsection 53-3-221(4).		
83	(4) When a convicted person secures a judgment of acquittal or reversal in any		
84	appellate court after conviction in the court of first impression, the division shall reinstate his		
85	license immediately upon receipt of a certified copy of the judgment of acquittal or reversal.		
86	Section 2. Section 53-3-414 is amended to read:		
87	53-3-414. CDL disqualification or suspension Grounds and duration		

88	Procedure.
89	(1) A person who holds or is required to hold a CDL is disqualified from driving a
90	commercial motor vehicle for a period of not less than one year if convicted of a first offense
91	of:
92	(a) driving a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, drugs, a controlled
93	substance, or more than one of these;
94	(b) driving a commercial motor vehicle while the concentration of alcohol in the
95	person's blood, breath, or urine is .04 grams or more;
96	(c) leaving the scene of an accident involving a motor vehicle the person was driving;
97	(d) failing to give aid or provide identification when involved in an accident resulting
98	in death or personal injury;
99	[(d)] (e) using a motor vehicle in the commission of a felony;
100	[(e)] (f) refusal to submit to a test to determine the concentration of alcohol in the
101	person's blood, breath, or urine;
102	[(f)] (g) driving a commercial motor vehicle while the person's commercial driver
103	license is disqualified, suspended, canceled, or revoked; or
104	[(g)] (h) operating a commercial motor vehicle in a negligent manner causing the death
105	of another including the offenses of automobile homicide under Section 76-5-207,
106	manslaughter under Section 76-5-205, or negligent homicide under Section 76-5-206.
107	(2) If any of the violations under Subsection (1) occur while the driver is transporting a
108	hazardous material required to be placarded, the driver is disqualified for not less than three
109	years.
110	(3) (a) Except as provided under Subsection (4), a driver of a motor vehicle who holds
111	or is required to hold a CDL is disqualified for life from driving a commercial motor vehicle if
112	convicted of two or more of any of the offenses under Subsection (1) arising from two or more
113	separate incidents.
114	(b) Subsection (3)(a) applies only to those offenses committed after July 1, 1989.
115	(4) (a) Any driver disqualified for life from driving a commercial motor vehicle under
116	this section may apply to the division for reinstatement of the driver's CDL if the driver:
117	(i) has both voluntarily enrolled in and successfully completed an appropriate
118	rehabilitation program that:

01-17-06 8:35 AM

1st Sub. (Green) S.B. 13

119	(A) meets the standards of the division; and
120	(B) complies with 49 C.F.R. Part 383.51;
121	(ii) has served a minimum disqualification period of ten years; and
122	(iii) has fully met the standards for reinstatement of commercial motor vehicle driving
123	privileges established by rule of the division.
124	(b) If a reinstated driver is subsequently convicted of another disqualifying offense
125	under this section, the driver is permanently disqualified for life and is ineligible to again apply
126	for a reduction of the lifetime disqualification.
127	(5) A driver of a motor vehicle who holds or is required to hold a CDL is disqualified
128	for life from driving a commercial motor vehicle if the driver uses a motor vehicle in the
129	commission of any felony involving the manufacturing, distributing, or dispensing of a
130	controlled substance, or possession with intent to manufacture, distribute, or dispense a
131	controlled substance.
132	(6) (a) Subject to Subsection (6)(b), a driver of a commercial motor vehicle who holds
133	or is required to hold a CDL is disqualified for not less than:
134	(i) 60 days from driving a commercial motor vehicle if the driver is convicted of two
135	serious traffic violations; and
136	(ii) 120 days if the driver is convicted of three or more serious traffic violations.
137	(b) The disqualifications under Subsection (6)(a) are effective only if the serious traffic
138	violations:
139	(i) occur within three years of each other;
140	(ii) arise from separate incidents; and
141	(iii) involve the use or operation of a commercial motor vehicle.
142	(7) A driver of a commercial motor vehicle who is convicted of violating an
143	out-of-service order while driving a commercial motor vehicle is disqualified from driving a
144	commercial motor vehicle for a period not less than:
145	(a) 90 days but not more than one year if the driver is convicted of a first violation;
146	(b) one year but not more than five years if, during any ten-year period, the driver is
147	convicted of two violations of out-of-service orders in separate incidents;
148	(c) three years but not more than five years if, during any ten-year period, the driver is
149	convicted of three or more violations of out-of-service orders in separate incidents;

01-17-06 8:35 AM

150 (d) 180 days but not more than two years if the driver is convicted of a first violation of 151 an out-of-service order while transporting hazardous materials required to be placarded or 152 while operating a motor vehicle designed to transport 16 or more passengers, including the 153 driver; or 154 (e) three years but not more than five years if, during any ten-year period, the driver is 155 convicted of two or more violations, in separate incidents, of an out-of-service order while 156 transporting hazardous materials required to be placarded or while operating a motor vehicle 157 designed to transport 16 or more passengers, including the driver. 158 (8) A driver of a commercial motor vehicle who holds or is required to hold a CDL is 159 disqualified for not less than 60 days if the division determines, in its check of the driver's 160 driver license status, application, and record prior to issuing a CDL or at any time after the 161 CDL is issued, that the driver has falsified information required to apply for a CDL in this 162 state. 163 (9) A driver of a commercial motor vehicle who is convicted of violating a 164 railroad-highway grade crossing provision under Section 41-6a-1205, while driving a 165 commercial motor vehicle is disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle for a period 166 not less than: 167 (a) 60 days if the driver is convicted of a first violation; 168 (b) 120 days if, during any three-year period, the driver is convicted of a second 169 violation in separate incidents; or 170 (c) one year if, during any three-year period, the driver is convicted of three or more 171 violations in separate incidents. 172 (10) (a) The division shall update its records and notify the CDLIS within ten days of 173 suspending, revoking, disqualifying, denying, or cancelling a CDL to reflect the action taken. 174 (b) When the division suspends, revokes, cancels, or disqualifies a nonresident CDL, 175 the division shall notify the licensing authority of the issuing state or other jurisdiction and the 176 CDLIS within ten days after the action is taken. 177 (c) When the division suspends, revokes, cancels, or disgualifies a CDL issued by this 178 state, the division shall notify the CDLIS within ten days after the action is taken. 179 (11) (a) The division may immediately suspend or disqualify the CDL of a driver 180 without a hearing or receiving a record of the driver's conviction when the division has reason

- 6 -

01-17-06 8:35 AM

181	to believe that the:			
182	(i) CDL was issued by the division through error or fraud;			
183	(ii) applicant provided incorrect or incomplete information to the division;			
184	(iii) applicant cheated on any part of a CDL examination;			
185	(iv) driver no longer meets the fitness standards required to obtain a CDL; or			
186	(v) driver poses an imminent hazard.			
187	(b) Suspension of a CDL under this Subsection (11) shall be in accordance with			
188	Section 53-3-221.			
189	(c) If a hearing is held under Section 53-3-221, the division shall then rescind the			
190	suspension order or cancel the CDL.			
191	(12) (a) Subject to Subsection (12)(b), a driver of a motor vehicle who holds or is			
192	required to hold a CDL is disqualified for not less than:			
193	(i) 60 days from driving a commercial motor vehicle if the driver is convicted of two			
194	serious traffic violations; and			
195	(ii) 120 days if the driver is convicted of three or more serious traffic violations.			
196	(b) The disqualifications under Subsection (12)(a) are effective only if the serious			
197	traffic violations:			
198	(i) occur within three years of each other;			
199	(ii) arise from separate incidents; and			
200	(iii) result in a denial, suspension, cancellation, or revocation of the non-CDL driving			
201	privilege from at least one of the violations.			
202	(13) (a) Upon receiving a notice that a person has entered into a plea of guilty or no			
203	contest to a violation of a disqualifying offense described in this section which plea is held in			
204	abeyance pursuant to a plea in abeyance agreement, the division shall disqualify, suspend,			
205	cancel, or revoke the person's CDL for the period required under this section for a conviction of			
206	that disqualifying offense, even if the charge has been subsequently reduced or dismissed in			
207	accordance with the plea in abeyance agreement.			
208	(b) The division shall report the plea in abeyance to the CDLIS within ten days of			
209	taking the action under Subsection (13)(a).			
210	(c) A plea which is held in abeyance may not be removed from a person's driving			
211	record for ten years from the date of the plea in abeyance agreement, even if the charge is:			

212	(i) reduced or dismissed in accordance with the plea in abeyance agreement; or
213	(ii) expunged under Section 77-18-11.
214	Section 3. Section 53-3-419 is amended to read:
215	53-3-419. Nonresident driver violations reported to resident state.
216	(1) When the division receives a report of the conviction $\underline{\text{or plea in abeyance}}$ of a
217	nonresident holder of a CDL for a violation of a state law or local ordinance relating to traffic
218	control, the division shall notify the driver licensing authority in the licensing state within ten
219	days of receipt of the report.
220	(2) This section does not apply to parking violations.
221	Section 4. Section 77-2-9 is amended to read:
222	77-2-9. Offenses ineligible for diversion.
223	Diversion may not be granted by a magistrate for:
224	(1) a capital felony [or];
225	(2) a felony in the first degree [or in];
226	(3) any case involving a sexual offense against a victim who is under the age of 14 [or
227	<u>for]:</u>
228	(4) any motor vehicle related offense involving alcohol or drugs[-];
229	(5) any case involving using a motor vehicle in the commission of a felony;
230	(6) driving a motor vehicle or commercial motor vehicle on a revoked or suspended
231	license; or
232	(7) any case involving operating a commercial motor vehicle in a negligent manner
233	causing the death of another including the offenses of:
234	(a) manslaughter under Section 76-5-205; or
235	(b) negligent homicide under Section 76-5-206.

Fiscal Note	Commercial Driver License Amendments	25-Jan-06
Bill Number SB0013S01		10:54 AM

State Impact

It is estimated that the Courts will require a one-time General Fund appropriation of \$4,000 in FY 2007 for computer system programming costs to implement provisions of this bill.

<u>FY 2007</u>	<u>FY 2008</u>	<u>FY 2007</u>	<u>FY 2008</u>
<u>Approp.</u>	<u>Approp.</u>	Revenue	<u>Revenue</u>
\$4,000	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$4,000	\$0	\$0	\$0
	<u>Approp.</u> \$4,000	Approp. Approp. \$4,000 \$0	Approp. Approp. Revenue \$4,000 \$0 \$0

Individual and Business Impact

No significant fiscal impact.

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst