# STUDENT CLUB AMENDMENTS 

2006 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: D. Chris Buttars
House Sponsor: $\qquad$

## LONG TITLE

## General Description:

This bill modifies the State System of Public Education Code's regulation of curricular and noncurricular clubs.

## Highlighted Provisions:

This bill:

- provides definitions;
- modifies legislative findings;
- provides requirements and procedures for the authorization of curricular and noncurricular clubs;
- regulates the use of school buildings by authorized clubs;
- provides for faculty oversight of authorized clubs;
- provides requirements for club membership, including parental consent;
- requires the investigation of complaints, provides school options for violations, and establishes appeals procedures;
- allows additional rulemaking by the State Board of Education and provides additional rulemaking authority for local school governing boards;
- provides severability; and
- makes technical corrections.


## Monies Appropriated in this Bill:

None

## Other Special Clauses:

None

## Utah Code Sections Affected:

ENACTS:
53A-11-1201, Utah Code Annotated 1953
53A-11-1202, Utah Code Annotated 1953
53A-11-1203, Utah Code Annotated 1953
53A-11-1204, Utah Code Annotated 1953
53A-11-1205, Utah Code Annotated 1953
53A-11-1206, Utah Code Annotated 1953
53A-11-1207, Utah Code Annotated 1953
53A-11-1208, Utah Code Annotated 1953
53A-11-1209, Utah Code Annotated 1953
53A-11-1210, Utah Code Annotated 1953
53A-11-1211, Utah Code Annotated 1953
53A-11-1212, Utah Code Annotated 1953
53A-11-1213, Utah Code Annotated 1953
53A-11-1214, Utah Code Annotated 1953
REPEALS:
53A-3-419, as enacted by Chapter 10, Laws of Utah 1996, Second Special Session

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 53A-11-1201 is enacted to read:

## Part 12. Student Clubs Act

## 53A-11-1201. Title.

This part is known as the "Student Clubs Act."
Section 2. Section 53A-11-1202 is enacted to read:
53A-11-1202. Findings and purpose.
(1) The Legislature finds that certain activities, programs, and conduct are detrimental to the:
(a) physical, emotional, psychological, and moral well-being of students and faculty;
(b) maintenance of order and discipline on school premises;
(c) orderly conduct of a school's educational activities;
(d) protection of the rights of parents or guardians and students;
(e) maintenance of the boundaries of socially appropriate behavior; and
(f) compliance with all applicable laws, rules, regulations, and policies.
(2) The purpose of this part is to provide guidance to local school boards, charter school boards, and schools as they have the authority and responsibility to limit or deny authorization or school building use to any student club whose program or activities would materially and substantially:
(a) encourage criminal or delinquent conduct;
(b) promote bigotry;
(c) involve human sexuality; or
(d) otherwise violate the provisions of this part.

Section 3. Section 53A-11-1203 is enacted to read:

## 53A-11-1203. Definitions.

As used in this part:
(1) "Bigotry" means action or advocacy of imminent action involving:
(a) the harassment or denigration of persons or entities, including harassment or denigration based upon race, religion, national origin, gender, disability, or sexual orientation; or
(b) any intent to cause a person not to freely enjoy or exercise any right secured by the constitution or laws of the United States or the state, except that an evaluation or prohibition may not be made of the truth or falsity of any religious belief or expression of conscience unless the means of expression or conduct arising therefrom violates the standards of conduct outlined in this section, Section 53A-13-101.3, or 20 U.S.C. Section 4071(f).
(2) "Club" means any student organization that meets during noninstructional time.
(3) "Conscience" means a standard based upon learned experiences, a personal philosophy or system of belief, religious teachings or doctrine, an absolute or external sense of right and wrong which is felt on an individual basis, a belief in an external absolute, or any combination of the foregoing.
(4) "Curricular club" means a club that is school sponsored and that may receive
leadership, direction, and support from the school or school district beyond providing a meeting place during noninstructional time. An elementary school curricular club means a club that is organized and directed by school sponsors at the elementary school. A secondary school curricular club means a club:
(a) whose subject matter is taught or will soon be taught in a regular course;
(b) whose subject matter concerns the body of courses as a whole;
(c) in which participation is required for a particular course; or
(d) in which participation results in academic credit.
(5) (a) "Discretionary time" means school-related time for students that is not instructional time.
(b) "Discretionary time" includes free time before and after school, during lunch and between classes or on buses, and private time before athletic and other events or activities.
(6) (a) "Encourage criminal or delinquent conduct" means action or advocacy of imminent action that violates any law or administrative rule.
(b) "Encourage criminal or delinquent conduct" does not include discussions in compliance with concerning changing of laws or rules, or actions taken through lawfully established channels to effectuate such change.
(7) (a) "Instructional time" means time during which a school is responsible for a student and the student is required or expected to be actively engaged in a learning activity.
(b) "Instructional time" includes instructional activities in the classroom or study hall during regularly scheduled hours, required activities outside the classroom, and counseling, private conferences, or tutoring provided by school employees or volunteers acting in their official capacities during or outside of regular school hours.
(8) "Involve human sexuality" means:
(a) presenting information in violation of laws governing sex education;
(b) promoting or encouraging self-labeling by students in terms of sexual orientation;
(c) disclosing attitudes or personal conduct of students or members of their families regarding sexual orientation, attitudes, or belief;
(d) advocating, approving, or engaging in sexual activity outside of marriage; or
(e) presenting or discussing information relating to the use of contraceptive devices or substances, regardless of whether the use is for purposes of contraception or personal health.
(9) "Limited open forum" means a forum created by a district for student expression within the constraints of Subsection 53A-13-101.3(2)(b) and within the terms defined in 20 U.S.C. Section 4071(b), including allowing curricular and noncurricular clubs in accordance with the provisions of this part.
(10) "Noncurricular club" is a student initiated group that may be authorized and allowed school building use during noninstructional time in secondary schools by a school and school governing board in accordance with the provisions of this part. A noncurricular club's meetings, ideas, and activities are not sponsored or endorsed in any way by a school governing board, the school, or by school or school district employees.
(11) "Noninstructional time" means time set aside by a school before instructional time begins or after instructional time ends, including discretionary time.
(12) "School" means a public school, including a charter school.
(13) "School building use" means access to a school facility or premises, including access to a limited open forum.
(14) "School governing board" means a local school board or charter school board.

Section 4. Section 53A-11-1204 is enacted to read:
53A-11-1204. Student clubs -- Limited open forum -- Authorization.
(1) (a) A school may establish and maintain a limited open forum for student clubs pursuant to the provisions of this part, State Board of Education rules, and school governing board policies.
(b) Notwithstanding the provisions under Subsection (1)(a), a school retains the right to create a closed forum at any time by allowing curricular clubs only.
(2) (a) A school shall review applications for authorization of clubs on a case-by-case basis.
(b) Before granting an authorization, the school shall find:
(i) that the proposed club meets this part's respective requirements of a curricular club or a noncurricular club; and
(ii) that the proposed club's purpose and activities comply with this part.
(c) Before granting an authorization, a school may request additional information from the faculty sponsor, from students proposing the club, or from its school governing board, if desired.
(3) A school shall grant authorization and school building use to curricular and noncurricular clubs whose applications are found to meet the requirements of this part, rules of the State Board of Education, and policies of the school governing board and shall limit or deny authorization or school building use to proposed clubs that do not meet the requirements of this part, rules of the State Board of Education, and policies of the school governing board.

Section 5. Section 53A-11-1205 is enacted to read:

## 53A-11-1205. Curricular clubs -- Authorization.

(1) Faculty members or students proposing a curricular club shall submit written application for authorization on a form approved by the school governing board no later than October 15 of the year of the club's inception.
(2) A school governing board may exempt a club whose membership is determined by student body election or a club that is governed by an association that regulates interscholastic activities from the authorization requirements under this section.
(3) An application for authorization of a curricular club shall include:
(a) the recommended club name;
(b) a statement of the club's purpose, goals, and activities;
(c) the recommended meeting times, dates, and places; and
(d) the proposed club charter, constitution, or bylaws which shall include at least:
(i) the rules of organization;
(ii) the election of officers;
(iii) objective membership criteria;
(iv) meeting rules of order;
(v) procedures for amending the rules; and
(vi) a statement that the club will comply with the provisions of this part and all other applicable laws, rules, or policies.
(4) A school shall approve the name of a curricular club consistent with the club's purposes and its school sponsorship.
(5) (a) A school shall determine curriculum relatedness by strictly applying this part's definition of curricular club to the club application.
(b) If the school finds that the proposed club is a curricular club, the school shall continue to review the application as an application for authorization of a curricular club.
(c) If the school finds that the proposed club is a noncurricular club, the school may:
(i) return the application to the faculty member or students proposing the club for amendment; or
(ii) review the application as an application for authorization of a noncurricular club.
(6) (a) Only curricular clubs may be authorized for elementary schools.
(b) A school governing body may limit, or permit a secondary school to limit, the authorization of clubs at the secondary school to only curricular clubs.

Section 6. Section 53A-11-1206 is enacted to read:
53A-11-1206. Noncurricular clubs -- Annual authorization.
(1) A school governing board may establish a minimum number of members for noncurricular clubs, provided that all noncurricular clubs shall be treated equally.
(2) Students proposing a noncurricular club shall submit a written application for authorization on a form approved by the school governing board no later than October 15 of each year.
(3) An application for authorization of a curricular club shall include:
(a) the recommended club name;
(b) a statement of the club's purpose, goals, and activities;
(c) the recommended meeting times, dates, and places; and
(d) the proposed club charter, constitution, or bylaws, which shall include at least:
(i) the rules of organization;
(ii) the election of officers;
(iii) objective membership criteria;
(iv) meeting rules of order;
(v) procedures for amending the rules; and
(vi) a statement that the club will comply with the provisions of this part and all other applicable laws, rules, or policies.
(4) (a) A school governing board may provide for approval of a noncurricular club name in an action separate from that relating to authorization of the club itself.
(b) A school governing board may require:
(i) that a noncurricular club name shall reasonably reflect the club's purpose, goals, and activities; and
(ii) that the noncurricular club name shall be a name that would not result in or imply a violation of this part.

Section 7. Section 53A-11-1207 is enacted to read:
53A-11-1207. Clubs -- Limitations and denials.
(1) A school shall limit or deny authorization or school building use to a club or require changes prior to granting authorization or school building use:
(a) as the school determines it to be necessary to:
(i) protect the physical, emotional, psychological, or moral well-being of students and faculty;
(ii) maintain order and discipline on school premises;
(iii) prevent a material and substantial interference with the orderly conduct of a school's educational activities;
(iv) protect the rights of parents or guardians and students;
(v) maintain the boundaries of socially appropriate behavior; or
(vi) ensure compliance with all applicable laws, rules, regulations, and policies; or
(b) whose proposed charter and proposed activities indicate students or advisors in club related activities would as a substantial, material, or significant part of their conduct or means of expression:
(i) encourage criminal or delinquent conduct;
(ii) promote bigotry;
(iii) involve human sexuality; or
(iv) involve any effort to engage in or conduct mental health therapy, counseling, or psychological services for which a license would be required under state law.
(2) A school governing board has the authority to determine whether any club meets the criteria of Subsection (1).
(3) A student's spontaneous expression of sentiments or opinions otherwise identified in Subsection 53A-13-302(1) is not prohibited.

Section 8. Section 53A-11-1208 is enacted to read:
53A-11-1208. Faculty oversight of authorized clubs.
(1) A school shall make faculty assignments for each authorized curricular and noncurricular club to provide oversight consistent with this part and the needs of the school to
ensure that the speech, methods of expression, religious practices, or other conduct of the students or advisors involved do not:
(a) unreasonably interfere with the ability of school officials to maintain order and discipline;
(b) unreasonably endanger or threaten the well-being of persons or property;
(c) violate concepts of civility or propriety appropriate to a school setting; or
(d) have as an intended effect the revealing of information identified in Subsection

53A-13-302(1).
(2) (a) A school shall annually assign faculty members as sponsors of curricular clubs.
(b) Faculty sponsors shall organize and direct the purpose and activities of a curricular club.
(3) A school shall determine whether a noncurricular club is a religious club.
(4) (a) A school shall assign faculty members to serve as supervisors for noncurricular, nonreligious clubs.
(b) A faculty supervisor shall provide oversight to ensure compliance with the approved club charter, constitution, or bylaws and with the provisions of this part and other applicable laws, rules, and policies.
(c) The assignment of a faculty supervisor does not constitute school sponsorship of the club.
(5) (a) A school shall assign faculty members to serve as monitors for religious clubs.
(b) A faculty monitor shall provide oversight to ensure compliance with the approved club charter, constitution, or bylaws, and with the provisions of this part and other applicable laws, rules, and policies.
(c) The assignment of a faculty monitor does not constitute school sponsorship of the club.
(d) A faculty monitor or other school employee may not participate in religious clubs in any other capacity.
(e) A faculty member or other school employee may not be required to attend any religious club meeting if the content of the speech at the meeting is contrary to the beliefs of the employee.

Section 9. Section 53A-11-1209 is enacted to read:

53A-11-1209. Use of school facilities by clubs.
(1) A school shall determine and assign school building use for curricular and noncurricular clubs consistent with the needs of the school.
(2) The following rules apply to curricular clubs:
(a) in assigning school building use, the administrator may give priority to curricular clubs over noncurricular clubs; and
(b) the school may provide financial or other support to curricular clubs.
(3) The following rules apply to noncurricular clubs:
(a) a preference or priority may not be given among noncurricular clubs;
(b) (i) a school shall only provide the space for noncurricular club meetings; and
(ii) a school may not spend public funds for noncurricular clubs;
(c) a school shall establish the noninstructional times during which noncurricular clubs may meet;
(d) a school may establish the places that noncurricular clubs may meet; and
(e) a school may set the number of hours noncurricular clubs may meet per month, provided that all noncurricular clubs shall be treated equally.

Section 10. Section 53A-11-1210 is enacted to read:
53A-11-1210. Club membership -- Parental consent.
(1) A school shall require written parental or guardian consent for student participation in all curricular and noncurricular clubs at the school.
(2) Membership in curricular clubs is governed by the following rules:
(a) student membership in a curricular club is voluntary;
(b) (i) membership may be limited to students who are currently attending the sponsoring school or school district; and
(ii) members who attend a school other than the sponsoring school shall have, in addition to the consent required under Subsection (1), specific parental or guardian permission for membership in a curricular club at another school;
(c) (i) clubs may require that prospective members try out based on objective criteria outlined in the application materials; and
(ii) try-outs may not require activities that violate the provisions of this part and other applicable laws, rules, and policies;
(d) membership may not be limited on the basis of race, gender, ethnicity, national origin, or disability; and
(e) other rules as determined by the State Board of Education, school district, or school.
(3) Membership in noncurricular clubs is governed by the following rules:
(a) student membership in a noncurricular club is voluntary;
(b) membership shall be limited to students who are currently attending the school;
(c) (i) clubs may require that prospective members try out based on objective criteria outlined in the application materials; and
(ii) try-outs may not require activities that violate the provisions of this part and other applicable laws, rules, and policies;
(d) membership may not be limited on the basis of race, gender, ethnicity, national origin, or disability;
(e) (i) attendance or participation in club meetings or activities is limited to members, except that nonschool persons may attend on occasion to make presentations if approved in advance by the school; and
(ii) nonschool persons may not direct, conduct, control, or regularly attend meetings or activities of clubs; and
(f) other rules as determined by the State Board of Education, school district, or school.

Section 11. Section 53A-11-1211 is enacted to read:

## 53A-11-1211. Violations -- Investigations -- School responses.

(1) A school shall investigate any report or allegation that an authorized curricular or noncurricular club is:
(a) participating in activities beyond the scope of its charter, constitution, or bylaws; or
(b) in violation of a provision of this part or another applicable law, rule, regulation, or policy.
(2) After meeting with the faculty sponsor, faculty supervisor, or faculty monitor and the students involved, the school may do any of the following:
(a) allow the club's original charter, constitution, or bylaws to be modified to include the activities if they are in compliance with the provisions of this part and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, or policies;
(b) instruct the sponsor, supervisor, or monitor not to allow similar violations in the future;
(c) limit or suspend the club's authorization or school building use pending further corrective action as determined by the school; or
(d) terminate the club's authorization and dissolve the club.
(3) Any limitation on expression, practice, or conduct of any student, advisor, or guest in a meeting of a curricular or noncurricular club, or limitation on school building use, shall be by the least restrictive means necessary to satisfy the school's interests as identified in this part.
(4) A club that has been terminated in accordance with Subsection (2)(d) may not reapply for authorization until the following school year.

Section 12. Section 53A-11-1212 is enacted to read:

## 53A-11-1212. Appeals -- Procedures.

(1) A student directly affected by a decision made in accordance with the provisions of this part may appeal the decision by writing to a person designated by the school governing board.
(2) (a) Each completed application or complaint shall be approved, denied, or investigated within five school days.
(b) If an application or complaint is denied, written reasons for the denial or results of the investigation shall be stated and, if appropriate, suggested corrections shall be made to remedy the deficiency.
(3) Each student who is denied participation in a club or school building use shall be informed at the time of the denial of the factual or legal basis for the denial, and, if appropriate, how the basis for the denial could be corrected.
(4) (a) If denied, suspended, or terminated, a club, student desirous of participating or speaking, or a complaining parent or guardian, has ten school days from the date of the action to file a written appeal from the denial, suspension, or termination to a designee authorized by the school governing board.
(b) The designee shall issue a determination within five school days from receipt of the appeal, which decision is final and constitutes satisfaction of all administrative remedies unless the time for evaluation is extended by agreement of all parties.

Section 13. Section 53A-11-1213 is enacted to read:

53A-11-1213. Rulemaking -- State Board of Education -- School governing boards.

The State Board of Education may adopt additional rules and school governing boards may adopt additional rules or policies governing clubs that do not conflict with the provisions of this part.

Section 14. Section 53A-11-1214 is enacted to read:
53A-11-1214. Severability.
If any provision of this part or the application of any provision to any person or circumstance, is held invalid, the remainder of this part shall be given effect without the invalid provision or application.

Section 15. Repealer.
This bill repeals:
Section 53A-3-419, Limitations regarding access for student clubs and organizations.

## Legislative Review Note

as of 1-31-06 12:44 PM
Based on a limited legal review, this legislation has not been determined to have a high probability of being held unconstitutional.

| Fiscal Note | Student Club Amendments | $06-\mathrm{Feb}-06$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Bill Number SB0097 |  | $8: 24 \mathrm{AM}$ |

## State Impact

No fiscal impact.

Individual and Business Impact
No fiscal Impact

