## Senator Dan R. Eastman proposes the following substitute bill:

UTAH EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES ACT
AMENDMENTS
2006 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Dan R. Eastman
House Sponsor: Rebecca D. Lockhart
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill amends the Utah Emergency Medical Service System Act.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
<ul> <li>defines the term "governing body" for purposes of who is authorized to select a</li> </ul>
provider under an RFP process.
Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
None
<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
AMENDS:
<b>26-8a-405.1</b> , as last amended by Chapter 205, Laws of Utah 2005
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 26-8a-405.1 is amended to read:
26-8a-405.1. Selection of provider by political subdivision.
(1) For purposes of this section and Sections 26-8a-405.2 and 26-8a-405.3:

21	(a) "911 ambulance or paramedic services" means either 911 ambulance service, or 91
28	paramedic service, or both and:
29	(i) means a 911 call received by a designated dispatch center that receives 911 or E91
30	calls; and
31	(ii) does not mean a seven digit telephone call received directly by an ambulance
32	provider licensed under this chapter;
33	(b) "governing body" means:
34	(i) in the case of a municipality or county, the elected council, commission or other
35	legislative body that is vested with the legislative power of the municipality;
36	(ii) in the case of a special service district, local service district or county service area,
37	each elected council, commission or other legislative body that is vested with the legislative
38	power of the municipalities or counties that are members of the district or service area; and
39	(iii) in the case of a special district for fire protection or interlocal entity, the board of
40	other body vested with the power to adopt, amend, and repeal rules, bylaws, policies, and
41	procedures for the regulation of its affairs and the conduct of its business.
42	[ <del>(b)</del> ] <u>(c)</u> "political subdivision" means:
43	(i) a city or town located in a county of the first or second class as defined in Section
44	17-50-501;
45	(ii) a county of the first or second class;
46	(iii) the following districts or service areas located in a county of the first or second
47	class:
48	(A) a special service district created under Title 17A, Chapter 2, Part 13, Utah Special
49	Service District Act;
50	(B) a local district created under Title 17B, Chapter 2, Local Districts, for the purpose
51	of providing fire protection, paramedic, and emergency services; and
52	(C) a county service area created under Title 17A, Chapter 2, Part 4, County Service
53	Area Act, for the purpose of providing fire protection, paramedic, and emergency services; or
54	(iv) areas coming together as described in Subsection 26-8a-405.2(2)(b)(ii);
55	(v) municipalities and counties joining together pursuant to Title 11, Chapter 13,
56	Interlocal Cooperation Act; or
57	(vi) a special district for fire protection as defined in Section 17A-2-1304.

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- 58 (2) (a) Only an applicant approved under Section 26-8a-405 may respond to a request 59 for a proposal for 911 ambulance or paramedic services issued in accordance with Section 60 26-8a-405.2 by a political subdivision. 61 (b) A response to a request for proposal is subject to the maximum rates established by 62 the department under Section 26-8a-403. 63 (c) A political subdivision may award a contract to an applicant for the provision of 64 911 ambulance or paramedic services: 65 (i) in accordance with Section 26-8a-405.2; and 66 (ii) subject to Subsection (3). 67 (3) (a) The department shall issue a license to an applicant selected by a political 68 subdivision under Subsection (2) unless the department finds that issuing a license to that 69 applicant would jeopardize the health, safety, and welfare of the citizens of the geographic 70 service area. 71 (b) A license issued under this Subsection (3): 72 (i) is for the exclusive geographic service area approved by the department in 73 accordance with Subsection 26-8a-405.2(2); 74 (ii) is valid for four years; 75 (iii) is not subject to a request for license from another applicant under the provisions 76 of Sections 26-8a-406 through 26-8a-409 during the four-year term, unless the applicant's 77 license is revoked under Section 26-8a-504; and
- 79 26-8a-504. 80 (4) Except as provided in Subsection 26-8a-405.3(4)(a), the provisions of Sections

(iv) is subject to supervision by the department under Sections 26-8a-503 and

81 26-8a-406 through 26-8a-409 do not apply to a license issued under this section.