1	UTAH UNIFORM BUILDING STANDARDS ACT					
2	AMENDMENTS					
3	2007 GENERAL SESSION					
4	STATE OF UTAH					
5	Chief Sponsor: Larry B. Wiley					
6 7	Senate Sponsor: Scott D. McCoy					
7 8	LONG TITLE					
9	General Description:					
10	This bill modifies provisions of the Utah Uniform Building Standards Act related to					
11	unlawful and unprofessional conduct by building inspectors and factory built housing					
12	dealers and provides penalties for that conduct, to include the issuing of citations to					
13	violators by the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing.					
14	Highlighted Provisions:					
15	This bill:					
16	 defines unlawful and unprofessional conduct for purposes of the Utah Uniform 					
17	Building Standards Act, specifically as related to building inspectors and factory					
18	built housing set-up contractors;					
19	 provides the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing with authority to 					
20	issue citations to persons who violate the unlawful conduct provisions of the Utah					
21	Uniform Building Standards Act;					
22	 provides grounds for the immediate suspension of a licensee's license by the 					
23	division to include the issuance of a citation for violations of unlawful conduct;					
24	 provides that the division may issue cease and desist orders and assess fines for 					
25	violating the unlawful conduct provisions of the Utah Uniform Building Standards					
26	Act; and					
27	 provides a procedure for the collection of unpaid fines. 					

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28	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:					
29	None					
30	Other Special Clauses:					
31	None					
32	Utah Code Sections Affected:					
33	AMENDS:					
34	58-56-3, as last amended by Chapter 75, Laws of Utah 2004					
35	ENACTS:					
36	58-56-9.1, Utah Code Annotated 1953					
37	58-56-9.3, Utah Code Annotated 1953					
38	58-56-9.5, Utah Code Annotated 1953					
39						
40	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:					
41	Section 1. Section 58-56-3 is amended to read:					
42	58-56-3. Definitions.					
43	In addition to the definitions in Section 58-1-102, as used in this chapter:					
44	(1) "Building" means a structure used or intended for supporting or sheltering any use					
45	or occupancy and any improvements attached to it.					
46	(2) "Code(s)" means the following codes, including the standards and specifications					
47	contained in them:					
48	(a) codes adopted by the commission under Subsection 58-56-4(2); and					
49	(b) codes approved by the commission under Subsection 58-56-4(4)(a).					
50	(3) "Commission" means the Uniform Building Code Commission created under this					
51	chapter.					
52	(4) "Compliance agency" means Ŝ→:					
52a	(a) $\leftarrow \hat{S}$ an agency of the state or any of its political					
53	subdivisions which issues permits for construction regulated under the codes $\hat{S} \rightarrow [, \text{ or }]$:					
53a	(b) ←Ŝ any other					
54	agency of the state or its political subdivisions specifically empowered to enforce compliance					
55	with the codes $\hat{S} \rightarrow \underline{;or}$					
55a	(c) any other state agency which chooses to enforce codes adpoted under this chapter by					
55b	authority given the agency under a title other than Title 58, Occupations and Professions (\clubsuit).					
56	(5) "Factory built housing" means manufactured homes or mobile homes.					
57	(6) (a) "Factory built housing set-up contractor" means an individual licensed by the					
58	division to set up or install factory built housing on a temporary or permanent basis.					

59 (b) The scope of the work included under the license includes the placement [and] or 60 securing, or both placement and securing, of the factory built housing on a permanent or temporary foundation, securing the units together if required, and connection of the utilities to 61 62 the factory built housing unit, but does not include site preparation, construction of a 63 permanent foundation, and construction of utility services to the near proximity of the factory 64 built housing unit. 65 (c) If a dealer is not licensed as a factory built housing set-up contractor, that individual 66 must subcontract the connection services to individuals who are licensed by the division to 67 perform those specific functions under Title 58, Chapter 55, Utah Construction Trades 68 Licensing Act. 69 (7) "HUD code" means the National Manufactured Housing Construction and Safety 70 Standards Act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 5401 et seq. 71 (8) "Local regulator" means each political subdivision of the state which is empowered 72 to engage in the regulation of construction, alteration, remodeling, building, repair, and other 73 activities subject to the codes. 74 (9) (a) "Manufactured home" means a transportable factory built housing unit 75 constructed on or after June 15, 1976, according to the HUD Code, in one or more sections, 76 which[,]: 77 (i) in the traveling mode, is eight body feet or more in width or 40 body feet or more in 78 length, or when erected on site, is 400 or more square feet[-]; and [which] 79 (ii) is built on a permanent chassis and designed to be used as a dwelling with or 80 without a permanent foundation when connected to the required utilities, and includes the 81 plumbing, heating, air-conditioning, and electrical systems. 82 (b) Manufactured homes constructed on or after June 15, 1976, shall be identifiable by 83 the manufacturer's data plate bearing the date the unit was manufactured and a HUD label attached to the exterior of the home certifying the home was manufactured to HUD standards. 84 85 (10) "Mobile home" means a transportable factory built housing unit built prior to June 86 15, 1976, in accordance with a state mobile home code which existed prior to the HUD Code. 87 (11) "Modular unit" means a structure built from sections which are manufactured in 88 accordance with the construction standards adopted pursuant to Section 58-56-4 and 89 transported to a building site, the purpose of which is for human habitation, occupancy, or use.

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90	(12) "Opinion" means a written, nonbinding, and advisory statement issued by the					
91	commission concerning an interpretation of the meaning of the codes or the application of the					
92	codes in a specific circumstance issued in response to a specific request by a party to the issue.					
93	(13) "State regulator" means an agency of the state which is empowered to engage in					
94	the regulation of construction, alteration, remodeling, building, repair, and other activities					
95	subject to the codes adopted pursuant to this chapter.					
96	[(14) "Unlawful conduct" is as defined in Subsection 58-1-501(1) and includes:]					
97	[(a) engaging in the sale of factory built housing without being registered with the					
98	division as a dealer, unless the sale is exempt under Section 58-56-16; and]					
99	[(b) selling factory built housing within the state as a dealer without collecting and					
100	remitting to the division the fee required by Section 58-56-17.]					
101	[(15) "Unprofessional conduct" is as defined in Subsection 58-1-501(2) and includes:]					
102	[(a) any nondelivery of goods or services by a registered dealer which constitutes a					
103	breach of contract by the dealer;]					
104	[(b) the failure of a registered dealer to pay a subcontractor or supplier any amounts to					
105	which that subcontractor or supplier is legally entitled; and]					
106	[(c) any other activity which is defined as unprofessional conduct by division rule in					
107	accordance with the provisions of Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking					
108	Act.]					
109	Section 2. Section 58-56-9.1 is enacted to read:					
110	58-56-9.1. Unlawful conduct.					
111	Unlawful conduct is as defined in Subsection 58-1-501(1) and includes:					
112	(1) engaging in the sale of factory built housing without being registered with the					
113	division as a dealer, unless the sale is exempt under Section 58-56-16;					
114	(2) selling factory built housing within the state as a dealer without collecting and					
115	remitting to the division the fee required by Section 58-56-17;					
116	(3) acting as a building inspector or representing oneself to be acting as a building					
117	inspector, unless licensed or exempted from licensure under this chapter or using the title					
118	building inspector or any other description, words, letters, or abbreviation indicating that the					
119	person is a building inspector if the person has not been licensed under this chapter;					
100						

120 (4) acting as a building inspector beyond the scope of the license held under this

121	chapter; and					
122	(5) hiring or employing in any manner an unlicensed person as a building inspector,					
123	unless exempted from licensure under this chapter.					
124	Section 3. Section 58-56-9.3 is enacted to read:					
125	58-56-9.3. Unprofessional conduct.					
126	Unprofessional conduct is as defined in Subsection 58-1-501(2) and includes:					
127	(1) knowingly failing to inspect or issue correction notices for code violations which					
128	when left uncorrected would constitute a hazard to the public health and safety and knowingly					
129	failing to require that correction notices are complied with as a building inspector;					
130	(2) the use of alcohol or the illegal use of drugs while performing duties as a building					
131	inspector or at any time to the extent that the inspector is physically or mentally impaired and					
132	unable to effectively perform the duties of an inspector;					
133	(3) gross negligence in the performance of official duties as a building inspector;					
134	(4) the personal use of information or knowingly revealing information to unauthorized					
135	persons when that information has been obtained by a building inspector as a result of the					
136	inspector's employment, work, or position as an inspector;					
137	(5) unlawful acts or practices which are clearly unethical under generally recognized					
138	standards of conduct of a building inspector;					
139	(6) engaging in fraud or knowingly misrepresenting a fact relating to the performance					
140	of duties and responsibilities as a building inspector;					
141	(7) a building inspector knowingly failing to require that all plans, specifications,					
142	drawings, documents, and reports be stamped by architects, professional engineers, or both as					
143	established by law;					
144	(8) a building inspector knowingly failing to report to the division an act or omission of					
145	a licensee under Title 58, Chapter 55, Utah Construction Trades Licensing Act, which when					
146	left uncorrected constitutes a hazard to public health and safety;					
147	(9) a building inspector knowingly failing to report to the division unlicensed practice					
148	persons who are required to be licensed under Title 58, Chapter 55, Utah Construction Trades					
149	Licensing Act;					
150	(10) a building inspector's approval of work which materially varies from approved					

151 documents that have been stamped by an architect, professional engineer, or both unless

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152	authorized by the licensed architect, professional engineer, or both;					
153	(11) a building inspector failing to produce verification of current licensure and current					
154	certifications for the codes adopted under rules of the division upon request of the division, a					
155	compliance agency, or a contractor or property owner whose work is being inspected;					
156	(12) nondelivery of goods or services by a registered dealer which constitutes a breach					
157	of contract by the dealer;					
158	(13) the failure of a registered dealer to pay a subcontractor or supplier any amounts to					
159	which that subcontractor or supplier is legally entitled; and					
160	(14) any other activity which is defined as unprofessional conduct by division rule in					
161	accordance with the provisions of Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.					
162	Section 4. Section 58-56-9.5 is enacted to read:					
163	58-56-9.5. Penalty for unlawful conduct Citations.					
164	(1) A person who violates a provision of Section 58-56-9.1 or who fails to comply with					
165	a citation issued under this section after it is final is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.					
166	(2) Grounds for immediate suspension of a licensee's license by the division under this					
167	chapter include:					
168	(a) the issuance of a citation for violation of a provision of Section 58-56-9.1; and					
169	(b) failure by a licensee to make application to, report to, or notify the division with					
170	respect to a matter for which application, notification, or reporting is required under this					
171	chapter or rules made under this chapter by the division.					
172	(3) (a) If upon inspection or investigation, the division concludes that a person has					
173	violated a provision of Section 58-56-9.1, or a rule or order issued with respect to that section,					
174	and that disciplinary action is appropriate, the director or the director's designee from within					
175	the division shall:					
176	(i) promptly issue a citation to the person according to this chapter and any pertinent					
177	<u>rules;</u>					
178	(ii) attempt to negotiate a stipulated settlement; or					
179	(iii) notify the person to appear before an adjudicative proceeding conducted under					
180	Title 63, Chapter 46b, Administrative Procedures Act.					
181	(b) (i) A person who violates a provision of Section 58-56-9.1, as evidenced by an					

182 <u>uncontested citation, a stipulated settlement, or by a finding of violation in an adjudicative</u>

183	proceeding, may be assessed a fine under this Subsection (3)(b) and may, in addition to or					
184	instead of the fine, be ordered by the division to cease from violating the provision.					
185	(ii) Except as otherwise provided in Subsection (2)(a), the division may not assess					
186	licensure sanctions referred to in Subsection 58-56-9(1)(c) through a citation.					
187	(c) (i) Each citation shall be in writing and describe with particularity the nature of the					
188	violation, including a reference to the provision of the chapter, rule, or order alleged to have					
189	been violated.					
190	(ii) the citation shall clearly state that the recipient must notify the division in writing					
191	within 20 calendar days of service of the citation if the recipient wishes to contest the citation					
192	at a hearing conducted under Title 63, Chapter 46b, Administrative Procedures Act.					
193	(iii) The citation shall clearly explain the consequences of failure to timely contest the					
194	citation or to make payment of any fines assessed by the citation within the time specified in					
195	the citation.					
196	(d) Each citation issued under this section, or a copy of each citation, may be served					
197	upon any person upon whom a summons may be served:					
198	(i) in accordance with the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure;					
199	(ii) personally or upon the person's agent by a division investigator or by any person					
200	specially designated by the director; or					
201	(iii) by mail.					
202	(e) (i) If within 20 calendar days from the service of a citation, the person to whom the					
203	citation was issued fails to request a hearing to contest the citation, the citation becomes the					
204	final order of the division and is not subject to further agency review.					
205	(ii) The period to contest a citation may be extended by the division for cause.					
206	(f) The division may refuse to issue or renew, suspend, revoke, or place on probation					
207	the license of a licensee who fails to comply with a citation after it becomes final.					
208	(g) The failure of an applicant for licensure to comply with a citation after it becomes					
209	final is a ground for denial of a license.					
210	(h) No citation may be issued under this section after the expiration of six months					
211	following the occurrence of the violation.					
212	(i) The director or the director's designee may assess fines for violations of Section					
010	50.50.0.1 . 6.11					

213 <u>58-56-9.1 as follows:</u>

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214	(i) for a first offense determined under this Subsection (3), a fine of up to \$1,000;					
215	(ii) for a second offense, a fine of up to \$2,000; and					
216	(iii) for any subsequent offense, a fine of up to \$2,000 for each day of continued					
217	offense.					
218	(j) For the purposes of issuing a final order under this section and assessing a fine					
219	under Subsection (3)(i), an offense constitutes a second or subsequent offense if:					
220	(i) the division previously issued a final order determining that a person committed a					
221	first or second offense in violation of a provision of Section 58-56-9.1; or					
222	(ii) (A) the division initiated an action for a first or second offense;					
223	(B) no final order has been issued by the division in the action initiated under					
224	Subsection (3)(j)(ii)(A);					
225	(C) the division determines during an investigation that occurred after the initiation of					
226	the action under Subsection (3)(j)(ii)(A) that the person committed a second or subsequent					
227	violation of a provision of Section 58-56-9.1; and					
228	(D) after determining that the person committed a second or subsequent offense under					
229	Subsection (3)(j)(ii)(C), the division issues a final order on the action initiated under					
230	Subsection (3)(j)(ii)(A).					
231	(k) In issuing a final order for a second or subsequent offense under Subsection (3)(j),					
232	the division shall comply with the requirements of this section.					
233	(4) (a) Proceeds from a fine imposed under Subsection (3)(i) shall be deposited in the					
234	Commerce Service Fund.					
235	(b) The director may collect an unpaid fine by:					
236	(i) referring the matter to a collection agency; or					
237	(ii) bringing an action in the district court of the county in which the person resides or					
238	in the county where the director's office is located.					
239	(c) (i) The state's attorney general or a county attorney shall provide legal assistance					
240	and advice to the director in an action brought under Subsection (4)(b).					
241	(ii) Reasonable attorney's fees and costs shall be awarded in an action brought to					
242	enforce the provisions of this section.					

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Legislative Review Note as of 1-8-07 3:57 PM

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

H.B. 135 - Utah Uniform Building Standards Act Amendments

Fiscal Note

2007 General Session

State of Utah

State Impact

Enactment of this bill will not require additional appropriations. Enactment may generate an estimated \$5,000 in fine revenues to the Commerce Service Fund the first year, with a lower, but indeterminate amount in following years. Revenue to the Commerce Service Fund could affect revenue available to the General Fund.

	FY 2007 <u>Approp.</u>	FY 2008 <u>Approp.</u>	FY 2009 <u>Approp.</u>		F I 2000	L'V 7HHU
				Revenue	Revenue	Revenue
Commerce Service Fund	\$ 0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$5,000	\$0
Total	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$5,000	\$0

Individual, Business and/or Local Impact

Enactment of this bill likely will not result in direct, measurable costs and/or benefits for individuals, businesses, or local governments.

1/24/2007, 10:32:34 AM, Lead Analyst: Eckersley, S.

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst