FARMERS MARKET EXEMPTIONS	
2007 GENERAL SESSION	
STATE OF UTAH	
Chief Sponsor: Ronda Rudd Menlove	
Senate Sponsor: Darin G. Peterson	
LONG TITLE	
General Description:	
This bill exempts farmers markets from certain regulation and permits local	
governments to operate farmers markets.	
Highlighted Provisions:	
This bill:	
<ul><li>defines terms;</li></ul>	
<ul><li>exempts farmers markets from the definition of food establishment;</li></ul>	
<ul><li>exempts farmers markets from the definition of food handler; and</li></ul>	
allows counties and municipalities to:	
<ul> <li>operate farmers markets; and</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>indemnify farmers market participants.</li> </ul>	
Monies Appropriated in this Bill:	
None	
Other Special Clauses:	
None	
<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>	
AMENDS:	
4-5-2, as last amended by Chapter 358, Laws of Utah 2004	
26-15-1, as last amended by Chapter 112, Laws of Utah 1991	
ENACTS:	
	2007 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH Chief Sponsor: Ronda Rudd Menlove Senate Sponsor: Darin G. Peterson  LONG TITLE General Description: This bill exempts farmers markets from certain regulation and permits local governments to operate farmers markets.  Highlighted Provisions: This bill:



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<b>10-8-85.8</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
<b>17-50-323</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section <b>4-5-2</b> is amended to read:
4-5-2. Definitions.
As used in this chapter:
(1) "Advertisement" means a representation, other than by labeling, made to induce the
purchase of food.
(2) (a) "Color additive" means a dye, pigment, or other substance not exempted under
the federal act that, when added or applied to a food, is capable of imparting color. "Color"
includes black, white, and intermediate grays.
(b) "Color additive" does not include a pesticide chemical, soil or plant nutrient, or
other agricultural chemical which imparts color solely because of its effect, before or after
harvest, in aiding, retarding, or otherwise affecting, directly or indirectly, the growth or other
natural physiological process of any plant life.
(3) (a) "Consumer commodity" means a food, as defined by this act, or by the federal
act.
(b) "Consumer commodity" does not include:
(i) a commodity subject to packaging or labeling requirements imposed under the
Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, 7 U.S.C. Sec. 136 et seq.;
(ii) a commodity subject to Title 4, Chapter 16, Utah Seed Act;
(iii) a meat or meat product subject to the Federal Meat Inspection Act, 21 U.S.C. Sec.
601 et seq.;
(iv) a poultry or poultry product subject to the Poultry Inspection Act, 21 U.S.C. Sec.
451 et seq.;
(v) a tobacco or tobacco product; or
(vi) a beverage subject to or complying with packaging or labeling requirements
imposed under the Federal Alcohol Administration Act, 27 U.S.C. Sec. 201, et seq.
(4) "Contaminated" means not securely protected from dust, dirt, or foreign or
injurious agents.

59	(5) "Farmers market" means a \$→ [public] ←\$ market where producers of food products
59a	<u>sell</u>
60	only fresh, raw, whole, unprocessed, and unprepared food items directly to the \$→ [public] final
60a	<u>consumer</u> ←Ŝ <u>.</u>
61	[(5)] (6) "Federal act" means the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, 21 U.S.C.
62	Sec. 301 et seq.
63	[ <del>(6)</del> ] <u>(7)</u> "Food" means:
64	(a) an article used for food or drink for human or animal consumption or the
65	components of the article;
66	(b) chewing gum or its components; or
67	(c) a food supplement for special dietary use which is necessitated because of a
68	physical, physiological, pathological, or other condition.
69	[(7)] (8) (a) "Food additive" means a substance, the intended use of which results in the
70	substance becoming a component, or otherwise affecting the characteristics, of a food. "Food
71	additive" includes a substance or source of radiation intended for use in producing,
72	manufacturing, packing, processing, preparing, treating, packaging, transporting, or holding
73	food.
74	(b) "Food additive" does not include:
75	(i) a pesticide chemical in or on a raw agricultural commodity;
76	(ii) a pesticide chemical that is intended for use or is used in the production, storage, or
77	transportation of a raw agricultural commodity; or
78	(iii) a substance used in accordance with a sanction or approval granted pursuant to the
79	Poultry Products Inspection Act, 21 U.S.C. Sec. 451 et seq. or the Federal Meat Inspection Act,
80	21 U.S.C. Sec. 601 et seq.
81	[(8)] (9) (a) "Food establishment" means a grocery store, bakery, candy factory, food
82	processor, bottling plant, sugar factory, cannery, rabbit processor, meat processor, flour mill,
83	cold or dry warehouse storage, or other facility where food products are manufactured, canned,
84	processed, packaged, stored, transported, prepared, sold, or offered for sale.
85	(b) "Food establishment" does not include:
86	(i) a dairy farm, a dairy plant, or a meat establishment, which is subject to the Poultry
87	Products Inspection Act, 21 U.S.C. Sec. 451 et seq., or the Federal Meat Inspection Act, 21
88	U.S.C. Sec. 601 et seq.; or
89	(ii) a farmers market.

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90	[(9)] (10) "Label" means a written, printed, or graphic display on the immediate
91	container of an article of food. The department may require that a label contain specific written
92	printed, or graphic information which is:
93	(a) displayed on the outside container or wrapper of a retail package of an article; or
94	(b) easily legible through the outside container or wrapper.
95	[(10)] (11) "Labeling" means a label and other written, printed, or graphic display:
96	(a) on an article of food or its containers or wrappers; or
97	(b) accompanying the article of food.
98	[(11)] (12) "Official compendium" means the official documents or supplements to the
99	(a) United States Pharmacopoeia;
100	(b) National Formulary; or
101	(c) Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the United States.
102	[(12)] (13) (a) "Package" means a container or wrapping in which a consumer
103	commodity is enclosed for use in the delivery or display of the consumer commodity to retail
104	purchasers.
105	(b) "Package" does not include:
106	(i) package liners;
107	(ii) shipping containers or wrapping used solely for the transportation of consumer
108	commodities in bulk or in quantity to manufacturers, packers, processors, or wholesale or retail
109	distributors; or
110	(iii) shipping containers or outer wrappings used by retailers to ship or deliver a
111	consumer commodity to retail customers, if the containers and wrappings bear no printed
112	information relating to the consumer commodity.
113	[(13)] (14) (a) "Pesticide" means a substance intended:
114	(i) to prevent, destroy, repel, or mitigate a pest, as defined under Subsection
115	4-14-2(20); or
116	(ii) for use as a plant regulator, defoliant, or desicant.
117	(b) "Pesticide" does not include:
118	(i) a new animal drug, as defined by 21 U.S.C. Sec. 321, that has been determined by
119	the United States Secretary of Health and Human Services not to be a new animal drug by
120	federal regulation establishing conditions of use of the drug; or

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121	(ii) animal feed, as defined by 21 U.S.C. Sec. 321, bearing or containing a new animal
122	drug.
123	[(14)] (15) "Principal display panel" means that part of a label that is most likely to be
124	displayed, presented, shown, or examined under normal and customary conditions of display
125	for retail sale.
126	[(15)] (16) "Raw agricultural commodity" means a food in its raw or natural state,
127	including all fruits that are washed, colored, or otherwise treated in their unpeeled, natural form
128	prior to marketing.
129	[(16)] (17) "Registration" means the issuance of a certificate by the commissioner to a
130	qualified food establishment.
131	Section 2. Section 10-8-85.8 is enacted to read:
132	10-8-85.8. Indemnification of farmers markets.
133	A municipality may:
134	(1) operate a farmers market, as defined in Section 4-5-2, on municipality-owned
135	property in order to promote economic development;
136	(2) indemnify a food producer participating in the farmers market; and
137	(3) define the scope of the indemnification in an agreement with the food producer.
138	Section 3. Section 17-50-323 is enacted to read:
139	17-50-323. Indemnification of farmers markets.
140	A county may:
141	(1) operate a farmers market, as defined in Section 4-5-2, on county-owned property in
142	order to promote economic development;
143	(2) indemnify a food producer participating in the farmers market; and
144	(3) define the scope of the indemnification in an agreement with the food producer.
145	Section 4. Section <b>26-15-1</b> is amended to read:
146	26-15-1. Definitions.
147	As used in this chapter:
148	(1) (a) "Food handler" means any person working part-time or full-time in a food
149	service establishment who moves food or food containers, prepares, stores, or serves food;
150	comes in contact with any food, utensil, tableware or equipment; or washes the same. The term
151	also includes owners, supervisors, and management persons, and any other person working in a

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food-service establishment. The term also includes any operator or person employed by one who handles food dispensed through vending machines; or who comes into contact with food contact surfaces or containers, equipment, utensils, or packaging materials used in connection with vending machine operations; or who otherwise services or maintains one or more vending machines.

- (b) "Food handler" does not include a producer of food products selling food at a farmers market as defined in Subsection 4-5-2(5).
- (2) "Pest" means a noxious, destructive, or troublesome organism whether plant or animal, when found in and around places of human occupancy, habitation, or use which threatens the public health or well being of the people within the state.
- (3) "Vector" means any organism, such as insects or rodents, that transmits a pathogen that can affect public health.

Legislative Review Note as of 1-24-07 6:45 AM

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Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

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# **Fiscal Note**

## 2007 General Session State of Utah

### **State Impact**

Enactment of this bill will not require additional appropriations.

### Individual, Business and/or Local Impact

Enactment of this bill likely will not result in direct, measurable costs and/or benefits for individuals, businesses, or local governments.

1/29/2007, 11:37:54 AM, Lead Analyst: Djambov, I.

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst