1	ILLEGAL DRUG SITES CONTAMINATION
2	AMENDMENTS
3	2007 GENERAL SESSION
4	STATE OF UTAH
5	Chief Sponsor: David Litvack
6	Senate Sponsor: Gene Davis
7	1
8	LONG TITLE
9	General Description:
10	This bill modifies the Illegal Drug Site Reporting and Decontamination Act regarding
11	reporting of contaminated sites and the disclosure of contamination in property
12	transactions.
13	Highlighted Provisions:
14	This bill:
15	 provides that if a report of contamination is made to a local health department by
16	any party other than a law enforcement agency, the party must provide confirmation
17	of the contamination by a certified decontamination specialist $\hat{H} \rightarrow \underline{and must cover the costs of the}$
17a	contamination testing and report $\leftarrow \hat{H}$; and
18	 requires law enforcement agencies to report evidence of contamination, in addition
19	to the current requirement to report parapheralia of clandestine drug labs.
20	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
21	None
22	Other Special Clauses:
23	None
24	Utah Code Sections Affected:
25	AMENDS:
26	19-6-903, as enacted by Chapter 249, Laws of Utah 2004
27	



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28	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
29	Section 1. Section 19-6-903 is amended to read:
30	19-6-903. Contaminated sites Reporting and records Removal from list.
31	(1) (a) When any state or local law enforcement agency in the course of its official
32	duties observes any evidence of contamination, or paraphernalia of a clandestine drug
33	laboratory operation, including chemicals or equipment used in the manufacture of unlawful
34	drugs, the agency shall report the location where the items were observed to the local health
35	department.
36	(b) (i) The law enforcement officer shall make the report under Subsection (1)(a) at the
37	location where the observation occurred, if making the report at that time will not compromise
38	an ongoing investigation.
39	(ii) If the report cannot be made at the location, the report shall be made as soon
40	afterward as is practical.
41	(c) The report under Subsection (1)(a) shall include:
42	(i) the date of the observation;
43	(ii) the name of the reporting agency and the case number of the case that involves the
44	location of the observation;
45	(iii) the contact information of the officer involved, including name and telephone
46	number;
47	(iv) the address of the location and descriptions of the property that may be
48	contaminated; and
49	(v) a brief description of the evidence at the location that led to the belief the property
50	at the location may be contaminated.
51	(2) The law enforcement agency shall forward to the local health department copies of
52	the reports made under Subsection (1).
53	(3) When the local health department receives a complaint or report of contamination
54	from a source other than a law enforcement agency, the local health department shall require
55	that the complaint or report be confirmed by a written chemical analysis of the site conducted
56	by a certified decontamination specialist. $\hat{H} \rightarrow$ The chemical analysis and report shall be paid for
56a	by the person submitting the complaint or report under this Subsection (3). $\leftarrow \hat{H}$
57	[(3)] (4) (a) Upon receipt of a complaint or a report from law enforcement regarding
58	possibly contaminated property, the local health officer or his designee shall determine if

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59	reasonable evidence exists that the property is contaminated.
60	(b) [The] If the local health department [shall place] determines that the property
61	[considered to be] is contaminated, the local health department shall place the property on a
62	contamination list.
63	[(4)] (5) The local health departments shall maintain searchable records of the
64	properties on their contamination lists and shall:
65	(a) make the records reasonably available to the public;
66	(b) provide written notification to persons requesting access to the records that the
67	records are only advisory in determining if specific property has been contaminated by
68	clandestine drug lab activity; and
69	(c) remove the contaminated property from the list when the following conditions have
70	been met:
71	(i) the local health department has monitored the decontamination process and, after
72	documenting that the test results meet decontamination standards, has authorized the removal
73	of or purging of the contamination information from the department's records; or
74	(ii) a certified decontamination specialist submits a report to the local health
75	department stating that the property is decontaminated.

Legislative Review Note as of 1-31-07 8:30 AM

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

H.B. 162 - Illegal Drug Sites Contamination Amendments

Fiscal Note

2007 General Session

State of Utah

State Impact

Enactment of this bill will not require additional appropriations.

Individual, Business and/or Local Impact

Enactment of this bill likely will not result in direct, measurable costs and/or benefits for local governments. However, it is unclear who will pay for testing. Individuals and businesses may be required to pay the cost of testing for suspected contamination on their property, if a complaint is filed with the local health department from a source other than a law enforcement agency.

2/8/2007, 7:45:23 AM, Lead Analyst: Ricks, G.

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst