

Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
This bill takes effect on January 1, 2008.
Utah Code Sections Affected:
AMENDS:
31A-8-101, as last amended by Chapter 308, Laws of Utah 2002
Ĥ→ 31A-8-105, as last amended by Chapter 329, Laws of Utah 1998 ←Ĥ
31A-22-617, as last amended by Chapter 3, Laws of Utah 2005, First Special Session
31A-27-311.5, as last amended by Chapter 252, Laws of Utah 2003
REPEALS:
31A-8-408, as last amended by Chapter 308, Laws of Utah 2002
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 31A-8-101 is amended to read:
31A-8-101. Definitions.
For purposes of this chapter:
(1) "Basic health care services" means:
(a) emergency care;
(b) inpatient hospital and physician care;
(c) outpatient medical services; and
(d) out-of-area coverage.
(2) "Director of health" means:
(a) the executive director of the Department of Health; or
(b) the authorized representative of the executive director of the Department of Health.
(3) "Enrollee" means an individual:
(a) who has entered into a contract with an organization for health care; or
(b) in whose behalf an arrangement for health care has been made.
(4) "Health care" is as defined in Section 31A-1-301.
(5) "Health maintenance organization" means any person:
(a) other than:
(i) an insurer licensed under Chapter 7, Nonprofit Health Service Insurance

57	Corporations; or
58	(ii) an individual who contracts to render professional or personal services that the
59	individual directly performs; and
60	(b) that:
61	(i) furnishes at a minimum, either directly or through arrangements with others, basic
62	health care services to an enrollee in return for prepaid periodic payments agreed to in amount
63	prior to the time during which the health care may be furnished; and
64	(ii) is obligated to the enrollee to arrange for or to directly provide available and
65	accessible health care.
66	(6) (a) "Limited health plan" means, except as limited under Subsection (6)(b), any
67	person who furnishes, either directly or through arrangements with others, services:
68	(i) of:
69	(A) dentists;
70	(B) optometrists;
71	(C) physical therapists;
72	(D) podiatrists;
73	(E) psychologists;
74	(F) physicians;
75	(G) chiropractic physicians;
76	(H) naturopathic physicians;
77	(I) osteopathic physicians;
78	(J) social workers;
79	(K) family counselors;
80	(L) other health care providers; or
81	(M) reasonable combinations of the services described in this Subsection (6)(a)(i);
82	(ii) to an enrollee;
83	(iii) in return for prepaid periodic payments agreed to in amount prior to the time
84	during which the services may be furnished; and
85	(iv) for which the person is obligated to the enrollee to arrange for or directly provide
86	the available and accessible services described in this Subsection (6)(a).
87	(b) "Limited health plan" does not include:

88	(i) a health maintenance organization;
89	(ii) an insurer licensed under Chapter 7, Nonprofit Health Service Insurance
90	Corporations; or
91	(iii) an individual who contracts to render professional or personal services that the
92	individual performs.
93	(7) (a) "Nonprofit organization" or "nonprofit corporation" means an organization no
94	part of the income of which is distributable to its members, trustees, or officers, or a nonprofit
95	cooperative association, except in a manner allowed under Section 31A-8-406.
96	(b) "Nonprofit health maintenance organization" and "nonprofit limited health plan"
97	are used when referring specifically to one of the types of organizations with "nonprofit" status.
98	(8) "Organization" means a health maintenance organization and limited health plan,
99	unless used in the context of:
100	(a) "organization permit," which is described in Sections 31A-8-204 and 31A-8-206; or
101	(b) "organization expenses," which is described in Section 31A-8-208.
102	(9) "Participating provider" means a provider as defined in Subsection (10) who, under
103	a contract with the health maintenance organization, agrees to provide health care services to
104	enrollees with an expectation of receiving payment, directly or indirectly, from the health
105	maintenance organization, other than copayment.
106	(10) "Provider" means any person who:
107	(a) furnishes health care directly to the enrollee; and
108	(b) is licensed or otherwise authorized to furnish the health care in this state.
109	[(11) "Uncovered expenditures" means the costs of health care services that are
110	covered by an organization for which an enrollee is liable in the event of the organization's
111	insolvency.]
112	$\hat{H} \rightarrow [f] [(12)] [(11)] "Unusual or infrequently used health services" means those health$
112a	services that
113	are projected to involve fewer than 10% of the organization's enrollees' encounters with
114	providers, measured on an annual basis over the organization's entire enrollment. []
114a	Section 2. Section 31A-8-105 is amended to read:
114b	31A-8-105. General powers of organizations.
114c	Organizations may:
114d	(1) buy, sell, lease, encumber, construct, renovate, operate, or maintain hospitals, health care
114e	clinics, other health care facilities, and other real and personal property incidental to and reasonably
114f	necessary for the transaction of the business and for the accomplishment of the purposes of the
114g	organization;

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114h	(2) furnish health care through providers which are under contract with the organization;
114i	(3) contract with insurance companies licensed in this state or with health service corporations
114j	authorized to do business in this state for insurance, indemnity, or reimbursement for the cost of
114k	health care furnished by the organization;
1141	(4) offer to its enrollees, in addition to health care, insured indemnity benefits, but only for
114m	emergency care, out-of-area coverage, unusual or infrequently used health services as defined in
114n	Section 31A-8-101, and adoption benefits as provided in Section 31A-22-610.1;
114o	(5) receive from governmental or private agencies payments covering all or part of the cost of
114p	the health care furnished by the organization;
114q	(6) lend money to a medical group under contract with it or with a corporation under its
114r	control to acquire or construct health care facilities or for other uses to further its program of
114s	providing health care services to its enrollees;
114t	(7) be owned jointly by health care professionals and persons not professionally licensed
114u	without violating Utah law; [and]
114v	(8) offer to its enrollees a product that permits members the option of obtaining
114w	services from a noncontracted provider, which is a point of service or point of sale product;
114x	<u>and</u>
114y	[(8)] (9) do all other things necessary for the accomplishment of the purposes of the
114z	organization. ←Ĥ
115	Section 2. Section 31A-22-617 is amended to read:
116	31A-22-617. Preferred provider contract provisions.
117	(1) For purposes of this section, "class of health care provider" means all health care
118	providers licensed and certified by the state within the same professional, trade, occupational,

119	or facility licensure and certification category established pursuant to Titles 26, Utah Health
120	Code and 58, Occupations and Professions.
121	(2) Health insurance policies may provide for insureds to receive services or
122	reimbursement under the policies in accordance with preferred health care provider contracts
123	[as follows:] subject to the provisions of this section.
124	[(1) Subject to restrictions under this section, any]
125	(3) An insurer or third party administrator may enter into contracts with health care
126	providers as defined in Section 78-14-3 under which the health care providers agree to supply
127	services, at prices specified in the contracts, to persons insured by an insurer.
128	[(a) (i) A] (4) An insurer using a health care provider contract [may] permitted by this
129	section shall:
130	(a) in accordance with Subsection (10), pay for the services of health care providers not
131	under contract with the insurer, unless the illnesses or injuries treated by the health care
132	provider are not within the scope of the insurance contract;
133	(b) before the insured consents to the insurance contract, fully disclose to the insured
134	that the insurer has entered into preferred health care provider contracts, and provide sufficient
135	detail on the preferred health care provider contracts to permit the insured to agree to the terms
136	of the insurance contract;
137	(c) provide the insured with at least the following information:
138	(i) a list of the health care providers under contract and if requested, their business
139	locations and specialties;
140	(ii) a description of the insured benefits, including any deductibles, coinsurance, or
141	other copayments;
142	(iii) a description of the quality assurance program required under Subsection (4)(c);
143	<u>and</u>
144	(iv) a description of the adverse benefit determination procedures required under
145	Subsection (4)(e);
146	(d) maintain a quality assurance program for assuring that the care provided by the
147	health care providers under contract meets prevailing standards in the state;
148	(e) in accordance with Subsection (7), provide a reasonable procedure for resolving
149	complaints and adverse benefit determinations; and

150	(f) if an insurer permits another entity with which it does not share common ownership
151	or control to use or otherwise lease one or more of the organization's networks of participating
152	providers, ensure, at a minimum, that the entity pays participating providers in accordance with
153	the same fee schedule and general payment policies as the organization would for that network.
154	(5) An insurer using a health care provider contract permitted by this section may:
155	(a) require the health care provider to accept the specified payment as payment in full,
156	relinquishing the right to collect additional amounts from the insured person[-];
157	(b) make direct payment to an insured when reimbursing for services of health care
158	providers not under contract;
159	(c) impose a deductible on coverage of health care providers not under contract; and
160	(d) reward the insured for selection of preferred health care providers by:
161	(i) reducing premium rates;
162	(ii) reducing deductibles;
163	(iii) reducing coinsurance;
164	(iv) reducing other copayments; or
165	(v) any other reasonable manner.
166	(6) An insurer using a health care provider contract permitted by this section may not:
167	(a) penalize a provider solely for pursuing a claims dispute under the provisions of this
168	section, or otherwise demanding payment for sums believed owing; and
169	(b) contract with a health care provider for treatment of illness or injury unless the
170	health care provider is licensed to perform that treatment.
171	[(ii)] (7) (a) In any dispute involving a provider's claim for reimbursement, the same
172	shall be determined in accordance with applicable law, the provider contract, the subscriber
173	contract, and the insurer's written payment policies in effect at the time services were rendered.
174	[(iii)] (b) (i) If the parties are unable to resolve their dispute, the matter shall be subject
175	to binding arbitration by a jointly selected arbitrator. Each party is to bear its own expense
176	except the cost of the jointly selected arbitrator shall be equally shared.
177	(ii) [This] Subsection [(1)(a)(iii)] (7)(b)(i) does not apply to the claim of a general
178	acute hospital to the extent it is inconsistent with the hospital's provider agreement.
179	[(iv) An organization may not penalize a provider solely for pursuing a claims dispute
180	or otherwise demanding payment for a sum believed owing.]

181	[(v) If an insurer permits another entity with which it does not share common
182	ownership or control to use or otherwise lease one or more of the organization's networks of
183	participating providers, the organization shall ensure, at a minimum, that the entity pays
184	participating providers in accordance with the same fee schedule and general payment policies
185	as the organization would for that network.]
186	[(b) The insurance contract may reward the insured for selection of preferred health
187	care providers by:]
188	[(i) reducing premium rates;]
189	[(ii) reducing deductibles;]
190	[(iii) coinsurance;]
191	[(iv) other copayments; or]
192	[(v) any other reasonable manner.]
193	[(c) If the insurer is a managed care organization, as defined in Subsection
194	31A-27-311.5(1)(f):]
195	(8) In the event the managed care organization becomes insolvent:
196	[(i)] (a) the insurance contract and the health care provider contract shall provide that
197	[in the event the managed care organization becomes insolvent,] the rehabilitator or liquidator
198	may:
199	[(A)] (i) require the health care provider to continue to provide health care services
200	under the contract until the earlier of:
201	[(1)] (A) 90 days after the date of the filing of a petition for rehabilitation or the petition
202	for liquidation; or
203	[(H)] (B) the date the term of the contract ends; and
204	[(B)] (ii) subject to Subsection $[(1)(c)(v)]$ (8)(d)(i), reduce the fees the provider is
205	otherwise entitled to receive from the managed care organization during the time period
206	described in Subsection $[\frac{(1)(e)(i)(A)}{(8)(a)(i)};$
207	[(ii)] <u>(b)</u> the provider:
208	(i) is required to:
209	(A) accept the reduced payment under Subsection [(1)(c)(i)(B)] (8)(a)(ii) as payment in
210	full; and
211	(B) relinquish the right to collect additional amounts from the insolvent managed care

212	organization's enrollee, as defined in Subsection 31A-2/-311.5(1)(b); and
213	[(iii)] (ii) may not, if the contract between the health care provider and the managed
214	care organization has not been reduced to writing, or the contract fails to contain the language
215	required by Subsection [(1)(c)(i)] (8)(a), the provider may not collect or attempt to collect from
216	the enrollee:
217	(A) sums owed by the insolvent managed care organization; or
218	(B) the amount of the regular fee reduction authorized under Subsection $[(1)(c)(i)(B)]$
219	<u>(8)(a)(ii);</u>
220	[(iv)] (c) the following may not bill or maintain any action at law against an enrollee to
221	collect sums owed by the insolvent managed care organization or the amount of the regular fee
222	reduction authorized under Subsection [(1)(c)(i)(B)] (8)(a)(ii):
223	[(A)] <u>(i)</u> a provider;
224	[(B)] <u>(ii)</u> an agent;
225	[(C)] (iii) a trustee; or
226	[(D)] (iv) an assignee of a person described in Subsections [$(1)(c)(iv)(A)$ through (C) ;]
227	(8)(c)(i) through (iv) ; and
228	[(v)] (d) notwithstanding Subsection $[(1)(c)(i)]$ (8)(a):
229	[(A)] (i) a rehabilitator or liquidator may not reduce a fee by less than 75% of the
230	provider's regular fee set forth in the contract; and
231	[(B)] (ii) the enrollee shall continue to pay the copayments, deductibles, and other
232	payments for services received from the provider that the enrollee was required to pay before
233	the filing of:
234	[(H)] (A) a petition for rehabilitation; or
235	$[\overline{\text{(H)}}]$ (B) a petition for liquidation.
236	[(2) (a) Subject to Subsections (2)(b) through (2)(f), an insurer using preferred health
237	care provider contracts shall pay for the services of health care providers not under the contract
238	unless the illnesses or injuries treated by the health care provider are not within the scope of the
239	insurance contract. As used in this section, "class of health care providers" means all health
240	care providers licensed or licensed and certified by the state within the same professional,
241	trade, occupational, or facility licensure or licensure and certification category established
242	pursuant to Titles 26, Utah Health Code and 58, Occupations and Professions.]

243	[(b) When the insured receives services from a health care provider not under contract,
244	the insurer shall reimburse the insured for at least 75% of the average amount paid by the
245	insurer for comparable services of preferred health care providers who are members of the
246	same class of health care providers. The commissioner may adopt a rule dealing with the
247	determination of what constitutes 75% of the average amount paid by the insurer for
248	comparable services of preferred health care providers who are members of the same class of
249	health care providers.]
250	[(c) When reimbursing for services of health care providers not under contract, the
251	insurer may make direct payment to the insured.]
252	[(d) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(b), an insurer using preferred health care provider
253	contracts may impose a deductible on coverage of health care providers not under contract.]
254	[(e) When selecting health care providers with whom to contract under Subsection (1),
255	an insurer may not unfairly discriminate between classes of health care providers, but may
256	discriminate within a class of health care providers, subject to Subsection (7).
257	[(f) For purposes of this section, unfair discrimination between classes of health care
258	providers shall include:
259	[(i) refusal to contract with class members in reasonable proportion to the number of
260	insureds covered by the insurer and the expected demand for services from class members;
261	and]
262	[(ii) refusal to cover procedures for one class of providers that are:]
263	[(A) commonly utilized by members of the class of health care providers for the
264	treatment of illnesses, injuries, or conditions;]
265	[(B) otherwise covered by the insurer; and]
266	[(C) within the scope of practice of the class of health care providers.]
267	[(3) Before the insured consents to the insurance contract, the insurer shall fully
268	disclose to the insured that it has entered into preferred health care provider contracts. The
269	insurer shall provide sufficient detail on the preferred health care provider contracts to permit
270	the insured to agree to the terms of the insurance contract. The insurer shall provide at least the
271	following information:
272	[(a) a list of the health care providers under contract and if requested their business
273	locations and specialties;]

2/4	[(b)] a description of the insured benefits, including any deductibles, comsurance, or
275	other copayments;]
276	[(c) a description of the quality assurance program required under Subsection (4); and]
277	[(d) a description of the adverse benefit determination procedures required under
278	Subsection (5).
279	[(4) (a) An insurer using preferred health care provider contracts shall maintain a
280	quality assurance program for assuring that the care provided by the health care providers under
281	contract meets prevailing standards in the state.]
282	[(b) The commissioner in consultation with the executive director of the Department of
283	Health may designate qualified persons to perform an audit of the quality assurance program.
284	The auditors shall have full access to all records of the organization and its health care
285	providers, including medical records of individual patients.]
286	[(c) The information contained in the medical records of individual patients shall
287	remain confidential. All information, interviews, reports, statements, memoranda, or other data
288	furnished for purposes of the audit and any findings or conclusions of the auditors are
289	privileged. The information is not subject to discovery, use, or receipt in evidence in any legal
290	proceeding except hearings before the commissioner concerning alleged violations of this
291	section.]
292	[(5) An insurer using preferred health care provider contracts shall provide a
293	reasonable procedure for resolving complaints and adverse benefit determinations initiated by
294	the insureds and health care providers.]
295	[(6) An insurer may not contract with a health care provider for treatment of illness or
296	injury unless the health care provider is licensed to perform that treatment.]
297	[(7) (a) A health care provider or insurer may not discriminate against a preferred
298	health care provider for agreeing to a contract under Subsection (1).]
299	[(b)] (9) (a) Any health care provider licensed to treat any illness or injury within the
300	scope of the health care provider's practice, who is willing and able to meet the terms and
301	conditions established by the insurer <u>under Section 31A-22-617.1</u> for designation as a preferred
302	health care provider, shall be able to apply for and receive the designation as a preferred health
303	care provider. [Contract terms and conditions may include reasonable limitations on the
304	number of designated preferred health care providers based upon substantial objective and

305	economic grounds, or expected use of particular services based upon prior provider-patient
306	profiles.]
307	[(8)] (b) Upon the written request of a provider excluded from a provider contract, the
308	commissioner may hold a hearing to determine if the insurer's exclusion of the provider is
309	based on the criteria set forth in Subsection $[(7)(b)]$ $(9)(a)$.
310	(10) (a) An insurer using preferred health care provider contracts shall offer the
311	coverage for services of health care providers not under contract that is required by this section.
312	(b) An insurer shall offer at least one policy that provides:
313	(i) when the insured receives services from a health care provider not under contract.
314	the insurer shall reimburse the insured for at least 75% of the average amount paid by the
315	insurer for comparable services of preferred health care providers who are members of the
316	same class of health care providers;
317	(ii) when reimbursing for the services of a health care provider not under contract with
318	the insurer, the insurer may:
319	(A) make payments directly to the insured; and
320	(B) impose a deductible on coverage of health care providers not under contract; and
321	(iii) notwithstanding the provisions of Section 31A-22-618, when selecting health care
322	providers with whom to contract with, an insurer may discriminate within and between a class
323	of health care providers subject to Subsection (9).
324	(c) An insurer may offer policies that provide that when an insured receives services
325	from a health care provider not under contract, the insurer:
326	(i) will reimburse the insured in an amount or percentage specified in the contract,
327	however, that percentage may not be less than 50% of the average amount paid by the insurer
328	for comparable services of preferred health care providers who are members of the same class
329	of health care providers;
330	(ii) may impose deductibles, copayments, coinsurance, or other out-of-pocket expenses
331	as specified in the contract;
332	(iii) when reimbursing for services, will make payment to the insured or the health care
333	provider as specified in the contract; and
334	(iv) may select providers in accordance with Subsection (10)(b)(iii).
335	(11) (a) The commissioner in consultation with the executive director of the

336	Department of Health may designate qualified persons to perform an audit of the quality
337	assurance program of an insurer under this part. The auditors shall have full access to all
338	records of the organization and its health care providers, including medical records of
339	individual patients.
340	(b) The information contained in the medical records of individual patients shall
341	remain confidential. All information, interviews, reports, statements, memoranda, or other data
342	furnished for purposes of the audit and any findings or conclusions of the auditors are
343	privileged. The information is not subject to discovery, use, or receipt in evidence in any legal
344	proceeding except hearings before the commissioner concerning alleged violations of this
345	section.
346	[(9)] (12) Insurers are subject to the provisions of [Sections]:
347	(a) Section 31A-22-613.5[- ;];
348	(b) Section 31A-22-614.5[- -]; and
349	(c) except as provided in Subsection (10), Section 31A-22-618.
350	[(10) Nothing in this section is to be construed as to require an insurer to offer a certain
351	benefit or service as part of a health benefit plan.]
352	[(11) This section does not apply to catastrophic mental health coverage provided in
353	accordance with Section 31A-22-625.]
354	Section 3. Section 31A-27-311.5 is amended to read:
355	31A-27-311.5. Continuance of coverage Health maintenance organizations.
356	(1) As used in this section:
357	(a) "basic health care services" is as defined in Section 31A-8-101;
358	(b) "enrollee" is as defined in Section 31A-8-101;
359	(c) "health care" is as defined in Section 31A-1-301;
360	(d) "health maintenance organization" is as defined in Section 31A-8-101;
361	(e) "limited health plan" is as defined in Section 31A-8-101;
362	(f) (i) "managed care organization" means any entity licensed by, or holding a
363	certificate of authority from, the department to furnish health care services or health insurance;
364	(ii) "managed care organization" includes:
365	(A) a limited health plan;
366	(B) a health maintenance organization;

367	(C) a preferred provider organization;
368	(D) a fraternal benefit society; or
369	(E) any entity similar to an entity described in Subsections (1)(f)(ii)(A) through (D);
370	(iii) "managed care organization" does not include:
371	(A) an insurer or other person that is eligible for membership in a guaranty association
372	under Chapter 28, Guaranty Associations;
373	(B) a mandatory state pooling plan;
374	(C) a mutual assessment company or any entity that operates on an assessment basis; or
375	(D) any entity similar to an entity described in Subsections (1)(f)(iii)(A) through (C);
376	(g) "participating provider" means a provider who, under a contract with a managed
377	care organization authorized under Section 31A-8-407, agrees to provide health care services to
378	enrollees with an expectation of receiving payment, directly or indirectly, from the managed
379	care organization, other than copayment;
380	(h) "participating provider contract" means the agreement between a participating
381	provider and a managed care organization authorized under Section 31A-8-407;
382	(i) "preferred provider" means a provider who agrees to provide health care services
383	under an agreement authorized under Subsection 31A-22-617[(1)](3);
384	(j) "preferred provider contract" means the written agreement between a preferred
385	provider and a managed care organization authorized under Subsection 31A-22-617[(1)](3);
386	(k) (i) except as provided in Subsection (1)(k)(ii), "preferred provider organization"
387	means any person that:
388	(A) furnishes at a minimum, through preferred providers, basic health care services to
389	an enrollee in return for prepaid periodic payments in an amount agreed to prior to the time
390	during which the health care may be furnished;
391	(B) is obligated to the enrollee to arrange for the services described in Subsection
392	(1)(k)(i)(A); and
393	(C) permits the enrollee to obtain health care services from providers who are not
394	preferred providers; and
395	(ii) "preferred provider organization" does not include:
396	(A) an insurer licensed under Chapter 7, Nonprofit Health Service Insurance
397	Corporations: or

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or preferred provider contract.

398 (B) an individual who contracts to render professional or personal services that the 399 individual performs; 400 (l) "provider" is as defined in Section 31A-8-101; and 401 (m) "uncovered expenditure" means the costs of health care services that are covered 402 by an organization for which an enrollee is liable in the event of the managed care 403 organization's insolvency. 404 (2) The rehabilitator or liquidator may take one or more of the actions described in 405 Subsections (2)(a) through (f) to assure continuation of health care coverage for enrollees of an 406 insolvent managed care organization. 407 (a) (i) Subject to Subsection (2)(a)(ii), a rehabilitator or liquidator may require a 408 participating provider and preferred provider of health care services to continue to provide the 409 health care services the provider is required to provide under the provider's participating 410 provider contract or preferred provider contract until the earlier of: 411 (A) 90 days after the date of the filing of: 412 (I) a petition for rehabilitation; or 413 (II) a petition for liquidation; or 414 (B) the date the term of the contract ends. 415 (ii) A requirement by the rehabilitator or liquidator under Subsection (2)(a)(i) that a 416 participating provider or preferred provider continue to provide health care services under a 417 provider's participating provider contract or preferred providers contract expires when health 418 care coverage for all enrollees of the insolvent managed care organization is obtained from 419 another managed care organization or insurer. 420 (b) (i) Subject to Subsection (2)(b)(ii), a rehabilitator or liquidator may reduce the fees 421 a participating provider or preferred provider is otherwise entitled to receive from the managed 422 care organization under its participating provider contract or preferred provider contract during 423 the time period in Subsection (2)(a)(i). 424 (ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(b)(i) a rehabilitator or liquidator may not reduce a 425 fee to less than 75% of the regular fee set forth in the respective participating provider contract

(iii) An enrollee shall continue to pay the same copayments, deductibles, and other

payments for services received from the participating provider or preferred provider that the

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429	enrollee was required to pay before the date of filing of:
430	(A) the petition for rehabilitation; or
431	(B) the petition for liquidation.
432	(c) (i) A participating provider or preferred provider shall:
433	(A) accept the amounts specified in Subsection (2)(b) as payment in full; and
434	(B) relinquish the right to collect additional amounts from the insolvent managed care
435	organization's enrollee.
436	(ii) Subsections (2)(b) and (2)(c)(i) shall apply to the fees paid to a provider who agrees
437	to provide health care services to an enrollee but is not a preferred or participating provider.
438	(d) If the managed care organization is a health maintenance organization, Subsections
439	(2)(d)(i) through (vi) apply.
440	(i) Subject to Subsections (2)(d)(ii), (iii), and (v), upon notification from and subject to
441	the direction of the rehabilitator or liquidator of a health maintenance organization licensed
442	under Chapter 8, Health Maintenance Organizations and Limited Health Plans, a solvent health
443	maintenance organization licensed under Chapter 8, Health Maintenance Organizations and
444	Limited Health Plans, and operating within a portion of the insolvent health maintenance
445	organization's service area shall extend to the enrollees all rights, privileges, and obligations of
446	being an enrollee in the accepting health maintenance organization.
447	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(d)(i), the accepting health maintenance
448	organization shall give credit to an enrollee for any waiting period already satisfied under the
449	provisions of the enrollee's contract with the insolvent health maintenance organization.
450	(iii) A health maintenance organization accepting an enrollee of an insolvent health
451	maintenance organization under Subsection (2)(d)(i) shall charge the enrollee the premiums
452	applicable to the existing business of the accepting health maintenance organization.
453	(iv) A health maintenance organization's obligation to accept an enrollee under
454	Subsection (2)(d)(i) is limited in number to the accepting health maintenance organization's pro
455	rata share of all health maintenance organization enrollees in this state, as determined after

(v) (A) The rehabilitator or liquidator of an insolvent health maintenance organization shall take those measures that are possible to ensure that no health maintenance organization is required to accept more than its pro rata share of the adverse risk represented by the enrollees

excluding the enrollees of the insolvent insurer.

of the insolvent health maintenance organization.

- (B) If the methodology used by the rehabilitator or liquidator to assign an enrollee is one that can be expected to produce a reasonably equitable distribution of adverse risk, that methodology and its results are acceptable under this Subsection (2)(d)(v).
- (vi) (A) Notwithstanding Section 31A-27-311, the rehabilitator or liquidator may require all solvent health maintenance organizations to pay for the covered claims incurred by the enrollees of the insolvent health maintenance organization.
- (B) As determined by the rehabilitator or liquidator, payments required under this Subsection (2)(d)(vi) may:
- (I) begin as of the filing of the petition for rehabilitation or the petition for liquidation; and
- (II) continue for a maximum period through the time all enrollees are assigned pursuant to this section.
 - (C) If the rehabilitator or liquidator makes an assessment under this Subsection (2)(d)(vi), the rehabilitator or liquidator shall assess each solvent health maintenance organization its pro rata share of the total assessment based upon its premiums from the previous calendar year.
 - (D) (I) A solvent health maintenance organization required to pay for covered claims under this Subsection (2)(d)(vi) shall be entitled to file a claim against the estate of the insolvent health maintenance organization.
 - (II) Any claim described in Subsection (2)(d)(vi)(D)(I), if allowed by the rehabilitator or liquidator, shall share in any distributions from the estate of the insolvent health maintenance organization as a Class 3 claim.
 - (e) (i) A rehabilitator or liquidator may transfer, through sale, or otherwise, the group and individual health care obligations of the insolvent managed care organization to other managed care organizations or other insurers, if those other managed care organizations and other insurers are licensed or have a certificate of authority to provide the same health care services in this state that is held by the insolvent managed care organization.
 - (ii) The rehabilitator or liquidator may combine group and individual health care obligations of the insolvent managed care organization in any manner the rehabilitator or liquidator considers best to provide for continuous health care coverage for the maximum

Section 5. Effective date.

This bill takes effect on January 1, 2008.

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491	number of enrollees of the insolvent managed care organization.
492	(iii) If the terms of a proposed transfer of the same combination of group and
493	individual policy obligations to more than one other managed care organization or insurer are
494	otherwise equal, the rehabilitator or liquidator shall give preference to the transfer of the group
495	and individual policy obligations of an insolvent managed care organization as follows:
496	(A) from one category of managed care organization to another managed care
497	organization of the same category, as follows:
498	(I) [from] a limited health plan to a limited health plan;
499	(II) [from] a health maintenance organization to a health maintenance organization;
500	(III) [from] a preferred provider organization to a preferred provider organization;
501	(IV) [from] a fraternal benefit society to a fraternal benefit society; and
502	(V) [from] any entity similar to any of the above to a category that is similar;
503	(B) from one category of managed care organization to another managed care
504	organization, regardless of the category of the transferee managed care organization; and
505	(C) from a managed care organization to a nonmanaged care provider of health care
506	coverage, including insurers.
507	(f) If an insolvent managed care organization has required surplus, a rehabilitator or
508	liquidator may use the insolvent managed care organization's required surplus to continue to
509	provide coverage for the insolvent managed care organization's enrollees, including paying
510	uncovered expenditures.
511	Section 4. Repealer.
512	This bill repeals:
513	Section 31A-8-408, Organizations offering point of service or point of sales
514	products.

H.B. 163 1st Sub. (Buff) - Options for Health Care

Fiscal Note

2007 General Session State of Utah

State Impact

Enactment of this bill will not require additional appropriations.

Individual, Business and/or Local Impact

Enactment of this bill likely will not result in direct, measurable costs and/or benefits for individuals, businesses, or local governments.

2/12/2007, 4:05:15 PM, Lead Analyst: Eckersley, S.

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst