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1	EMERGENCY ADMINISTRATION OF
2	<b>EPINEPHRINE</b>
3	2007 GENERAL SESSION
4	STATE OF UTAH
5	Chief Sponsor: Todd E. Kiser
6	Senate Sponsor: Margaret Dayton
7	
8	LONG TITLE
9	General Description:
10	This bill amends the Emergency Injection for Anaphylactic Reaction Act to authorize
11	the administration of epinephrine auto-injectors in an emergency by a person designated
12	to receive training by the Department of Health.
13	Highlighted Provisions:
14	This bill:
15	<ul><li>amends definitions;</li></ul>
16	<ul> <li>requires the Department of Health to approve training programs for the use and</li> </ul>
17	storage of epinephrine auto-injectors in an emergency;
18	<ul> <li>authorizes the Department of Health, as funding is available, to conduct educational</li> </ul>
19	programs to train people in the use and storage of epinephrine auto-injectors;
20	<ul><li>establishes a standard for when a person has a need for training in the use of</li></ul>
21	epinephrine auto-injectors;
22	<ul> <li>authorizes a person trained in the use and storage of epinephrine auto-injectors to</li> </ul>
23	obtain a prescription for the epinephrine auto-injector from a physician, pharmacist,
24	or other person authorized to prescribe or sell drugs; and
25	<ul> <li>authorizes the Department of Health to adopt administrative rules.</li> </ul>
26	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
27	None
28	Other Special Clauses:
29	None

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30	Utah Code Sections Affected:
31	AMENDS:
32	<b>26-41-102</b> , as enacted by Chapter 17, Laws of Utah 1998
33	<b>26-41-103</b> , as enacted by Chapter 17, Laws of Utah 1998
34	26-41-104, as enacted by Chapter 17, Laws of Utah 1998
35	<b>26-41-105</b> , as enacted by Chapter 17, Laws of Utah 1998
<ul><li>36</li><li>37</li></ul>	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
38	Section 1. Section 26-41-102 is amended to read:
39	26-41-102. Definitions.
40	As used in this chapter:
41	(1) "Anaphylaxis" means a potentially life-threatening hypersensitivity to a substance.
42	(a) Symptoms of anaphylaxis may include shortness of breath, wheezing, difficulty
43	breathing, difficulty talking or swallowing, hives, itching, swelling, shock, or asthma.
44	(b) Causes of anaphylaxis may include insect sting, food allergy, drug reaction, and
45	exercise.
46	(2) "Designated person" means a person:
47	(a) 18 years of age or older; and
48	(b) who has successfully completed the training program established in Section
49	<u>26-41-104.</u>
50	[(2)] (3) "Epinephrine auto-injector" means a disposable drug delivery system with a
51	spring-activated concealed needle that is designed for emergency administration of epinephrine
52	to provide rapid, convenient first-aid for persons suffering a potentially fatal anaphylactic
53	reaction.
54	Section 2. Section 26-41-103 is amended to read:
55	26-41-103. Voluntary participation.
56	(1) (a) This chapter does not create a duty or standard of care for a person to be trained
57	in the use and storage of epinephrine auto-injectors. A decision to successfully complete a

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58 training program under Section 26-41-104 and to make emergency epinephrine auto-injectors available under the provisions of this chapter is voluntary. 59 60 [(1)] (b) Each primary and secondary school in the state, both public and private, may 61 voluntarily determine whether or not to make emergency epinephrine auto-injectors and trained 62 personnel available at school. 63 (2) In making a determination under Subsection (1), a school may evaluate the 64 emergency medical response time to the school and determine whether initiating emergency medical services is an acceptable alternative to epinephrine auto-injectors and trained 65 66 personnel. 67 Section 3. Section **26-41-104** is amended to read: 26-41-104. Training in use of epinephrine auto-injector. 68 69 (1) Each primary and secondary school in the state, both public and private, may 70 designate one or more school personnel who volunteers to receive initial and annual refresher 71 training from the school nurse or other qualified person designated by the school district 72 physician, the medical director of the local health department, or the local emergency medical 73 services director regarding the storage and emergency use of an epinephrine auto-injector. 74 (2) A person who provides training under Subsection (1) or (6) shall include in the training: 75 76 (a) techniques for recognizing symptoms of anaphylaxis; 77 (b) standards and procedures for the storage and emergency use of epinephrine 78 auto-injectors; 79 (c) emergency follow-up procedures, including calling the emergency 911 number and 80 contacting, if possible, the student's parent and physician; and 81 (d) written materials covering the information required under this Subsection (2). (3) A [school] designated person shall retain for reference the written materials 82 83 prepared in accordance with Subsection (2)(d). 84 (4) A public school shall permit a student to possess an epinephrine auto-injector or

possess and self-administer an epinephrine auto-injector if:

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86	(a) the student's parent or guardian signs a statement:
87	(i) authorizing the student to possess or possess and self-administer an epinephrine
88	auto-injector; and
89	(ii) acknowledging that the student is responsible for, and capable of, possessing or
90	possessing and self-administering an epinephrine auto-injector; and
91	(b) the student's health care provider provides a written statement that states that it is
92	medically appropriate for the student to possess or possess and self-administer an epinephrine
93	auto-injector and the student should be in possession of the epinephrine auto-injector at all
94	times.
95	(5) The Utah Department of Health, in cooperation with the state superintendent of
96	public instruction, shall design forms to be used by public schools for the parental and health
97	care providers statements described in Subsection (6).
98	(6) (a) The department:
99	(i) shall approve educational programs conducted by other persons, to train people
100	under Subsection (6)(b) of this section, regarding the use and storage of emergency epinephrine
101	auto-injectors; and
102	(ii) may, as funding is available, conduct educational programs to train people
103	regarding the use of and storage of emergency epinephrine auto-injectors.
104	(b) A person designated to receive training to administer an epinephrine auto-injector
105	under the provisions of this Subsection (6) must demonstrate a need for the training to the
106	department, which may be based upon occupational, volunteer, or family circumstances, and
107	shall include:
108	(i) camp counselors;
109	(ii) scout leaders;
110	(iii) forest rangers;
111	(iv) tour guides; and
112	(v) other persons who have or reasonably expect to have responsibility for at least one
113	other person as a result of the person's occupational or volunteer status.

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114	(7) The department shall adopt rules in accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah
115	Administrative Rulemaking Act, to:
116	(a) establish and approve training programs in accordance with this section; and
117	(b) establish a procedure for determining the need for training under Subsection
118	<u>(6)(b)(v).</u>
119	Section 4. Section <b>26-41-105</b> is amended to read:
120	26-41-105. Authority to obtain and use an epinephrine auto-injector.
121	(1) A person who [has received training under Section 26-41-104: (1)] is designated by
122	a public or private primary or secondary school in the state to receive training under Subsection
123	26-41-104(1), or a school nurse, may obtain from the school district physician, the medical
124	director of the local health department, or the local emergency medical services director a
125	prescription for epinephrine auto-injectors[;].
126	(2) A person permitted to administer epinephrine auto-injectors under the provisions of
127	Subsection 26-41-104(6) may obtain from a physician, pharmacist, or any other person or
128	entity authorized to prescribe or sell prescribed medicines or drugs, a prescription for an
129	epinephrine auto-injector.
130	(3) A person authorized to administer an epinephrine auto-injector under the provisions
131	of this chapter may:
132	[(2) may] (a) immediately administer an epinephrine auto-injector to a person
133	exhibiting potentially life-threatening symptoms of anaphylaxis [at school or a school activity]
134	when a physician is not immediately available; and
135	[(3)] (b) shall initiate emergency medical services or other appropriate medical
136	follow-up in accordance with the training materials retained under Section 26-41-104 after
137	administering an epinephrine auto-injector.