1	UTAH UNIFORM BUILDING STANDARDS ACT
2	AMENDMENTS
3	2007 GENERAL SESSION
4	STATE OF UTAH
5	Chief Sponsor: Larry B. Wiley
6	Senate Sponsor: Scott D. McCoy
7	
8	LONG TITLE
9	General Description:
10	This bill modifies provisions of the Utah Uniform Building Standards Act related to
11	unlawful and unprofessional conduct by building inspectors and factory built housing
12	dealers and provides penalties for that conduct, to include the issuing of citations to
13	violators by the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing.
14	Highlighted Provisions:
15	This bill:
16	 defines unlawful and unprofessional conduct for purposes of the Utah Uniform
17	Building Standards Act, specifically as related to building inspectors and factory
18	built housing set-up contractors;
19	 provides the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing with authority to
20	issue citations to persons who violate the unlawful conduct provisions of the Utah
21	Uniform Building Standards Act;
22	 provides grounds for the immediate suspension of a licensee's license by the
23	division to include the issuance of a citation for violations of unlawful conduct;
24	 provides that the division may issue cease and desist orders and assess fines for
25	violating the unlawful conduct provisions of the Utah Uniform Building Standards
26	Act; and
27	 provides a procedure for the collection of unpaid fines.
28	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
29	None

30	Other Special Clauses:
31	None
32	Utah Code Sections Affected:
33	AMENDS:
34	58-56-3, as last amended by Chapter 75, Laws of Utah 2004
35	ENACTS:
36	58-56-9.1 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
37	58-56-9.3 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
38	58-56-9.5 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
39	Do it and stad by the Levislature of the state of Utah.
40	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
41	Section 1. Section 58-56-3 is amended to read:
42	58-56-3. Definitions.
43	In addition to the definitions in Section 58-1-102, as used in this chapter:
44	(1) "Building" means a structure used or intended for supporting or sheltering any use
45	or occupancy and any improvements attached to it.
46	(2) "Code(s)" means the following codes, including the standards and specifications
47	contained in them:
48	(a) codes adopted by the commission under Subsection 58-56-4(2); and
49	(b) codes approved by the commission under Subsection 58-56-4(4)(a).
50	(3) "Commission" means the Uniform Building Code Commission created under this
51	chapter.
52	(4) "Compliance agency" means:
53	(a) an agency of the state or any of its political subdivisions which issues permits for
54	construction regulated under the codes[, or];
55	(b) any other agency of the state or its political subdivisions specifically empowered to
56	enforce compliance with the codes[-]; or
57	(c) any other state agency which chooses to enforce codes adopted under this chapter

58 by authority given the agency under a title other than Title 58, Occupations and Professions. 59 (5) "Factory built housing" means manufactured homes or mobile homes. 60 (6) (a) "Factory built housing set-up contractor" means an individual licensed by the 61 division to set up or install factory built housing on a temporary or permanent basis. 62 (b) The scope of the work included under the license includes the placement [and] or 63 securing, or both placement and securing, of the factory built housing on a permanent or 64 temporary foundation, securing the units together if required, and connection of the utilities to the factory built housing unit, but does not include site preparation, construction of a 65 66 permanent foundation, and construction of utility services to the near proximity of the factory 67 built housing unit. 68 (c) If a dealer is not licensed as a factory built housing set_up contractor, that individual 69 must subcontract the connection services to individuals who are licensed by the division to 70 perform those specific functions under Title 58, Chapter 55, Utah Construction Trades 71 Licensing Act. 72 (7) "HUD code" means the National Manufactured Housing Construction and Safety 73 Standards Act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 5401 et seq. 74 (8) "Local regulator" means each political subdivision of the state which is empowered to engage in the regulation of construction, alteration, remodeling, building, repair, and other 75 76 activities subject to the codes. 77 (9) (a) "Manufactured home" means a transportable factory built housing unit constructed on or after June 15, 1976, according to the HUD Code, in one or more sections, 78 79 which[,]: 80 (i) in the traveling mode, is eight body feet or more in width or 40 body feet or more in 81 length, or when erected on site, is 400 or more square feet[-]; and [which] 82 (ii) is built on a permanent chassis and designed to be used as a dwelling with or 83 without a permanent foundation when connected to the required utilities, and includes the 84 plumbing, heating, air-conditioning, and electrical systems.

(b) Manufactured homes constructed on or after June 15, 1976, shall be identifiable by

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80	the manufacturer's data plate bearing the date the unit was manufactured and a HOD label
87	attached to the exterior of the home certifying the home was manufactured to HUD standards.
88	(10) "Mobile home" means a transportable factory built housing unit built prior to June
89	15, 1976, in accordance with a state mobile home code which existed prior to the HUD Code.
90	(11) "Modular unit" means a structure built from sections which are manufactured in
91	accordance with the construction standards adopted pursuant to Section 58-56-4 and
92	transported to a building site, the purpose of which is for human habitation, occupancy, or use.
93	(12) "Opinion" means a written, nonbinding, and advisory statement issued by the
94	commission concerning an interpretation of the meaning of the codes or the application of the
95	codes in a specific circumstance issued in response to a specific request by a party to the issue.
96	(13) "State regulator" means an agency of the state which is empowered to engage in
97	the regulation of construction, alteration, remodeling, building, repair, and other activities
98	subject to the codes adopted pursuant to this chapter.
99	[(14) "Unlawful conduct" is as defined in Subsection 58-1-501(1) and includes:]
100	[(a) engaging in the sale of factory built housing without being registered with the
101	division as a dealer, unless the sale is exempt under Section 58-56-16; and]
102	[(b) selling factory built housing within the state as a dealer without collecting and
103	remitting to the division the fee required by Section 58-56-17.]
104	[(15) "Unprofessional conduct" is as defined in Subsection 58-1-501(2) and includes:]
105	[(a) any nondelivery of goods or services by a registered dealer which constitutes a
106	breach of contract by the dealer;]
107	[(b) the failure of a registered dealer to pay a subcontractor or supplier any amounts to
108	which that subcontractor or supplier is legally entitled; and]
109	[(c) any other activity which is defined as unprofessional conduct by division rule in
110	accordance with the provisions of Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
111	Act.]
112	Section 2. Section 58-56-9.1 is enacted to read:
113	<u>58-56-9.1.</u> Unlawful conduct.

114	Unlawful conduct is as defined in Subsection 58-1-501(1) and includes:
115	(1) engaging in the sale of factory built housing without being registered with the
116	division as a dealer, unless the sale is exempt under Section 58-56-16;
117	(2) selling factory built housing within the state as a dealer without collecting and
118	remitting to the division the fee required by Section 58-56-17;
119	(3) acting as a building inspector or representing oneself to be acting as a building
120	inspector, unless licensed or exempted from licensure under this chapter or using the title
121	building inspector or any other description, words, letters, or abbreviation indicating that the
122	person is a building inspector if the person has not been licensed under this chapter;
123	(4) acting as a building inspector beyond the scope of the license held under this
124	chapter; and
125	(5) hiring or employing in any manner an unlicensed person as a building inspector,
126	unless exempted from licensure under this chapter.
127	Section 3. Section 58-56-9.3 is enacted to read:
128	58-56-9.3. Unprofessional conduct.
	<u>58-56-9.3.</u> Unprofessional conduct. Unprofessional conduct is as defined in Subsection 58-1-501(2) and includes:
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128 129	Unprofessional conduct is as defined in Subsection 58-1-501(2) and includes:
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128 129 130 131	Unprofessional conduct is as defined in Subsection 58-1-501(2) and includes: (1) knowingly failing to inspect or issue correction notices for code violations which when left uncorrected would constitute a hazard to the public health and safety and knowingly
128 129 130 131 132	Unprofessional conduct is as defined in Subsection 58-1-501(2) and includes: (1) knowingly failing to inspect or issue correction notices for code violations which when left uncorrected would constitute a hazard to the public health and safety and knowingly failing to require that correction notices are complied with as a building inspector;
128 129 130 131 132 133	Unprofessional conduct is as defined in Subsection 58-1-501(2) and includes: (1) knowingly failing to inspect or issue correction notices for code violations which when left uncorrected would constitute a hazard to the public health and safety and knowingly failing to require that correction notices are complied with as a building inspector; (2) the use of alcohol or the illegal use of drugs while performing duties as a building
128 129 130 131 132 133 134	Unprofessional conduct is as defined in Subsection 58-1-501(2) and includes: (1) knowingly failing to inspect or issue correction notices for code violations which when left uncorrected would constitute a hazard to the public health and safety and knowingly failing to require that correction notices are complied with as a building inspector; (2) the use of alcohol or the illegal use of drugs while performing duties as a building inspector or at any time to the extent that the inspector is physically or mentally impaired and
128 129 130 131 132 133 134 135	Unprofessional conduct is as defined in Subsection 58-1-501(2) and includes: (1) knowingly failing to inspect or issue correction notices for code violations which when left uncorrected would constitute a hazard to the public health and safety and knowingly failing to require that correction notices are complied with as a building inspector; (2) the use of alcohol or the illegal use of drugs while performing duties as a building inspector or at any time to the extent that the inspector is physically or mentally impaired and unable to effectively perform the duties of an inspector;
128 129 130 131 132 133 134 135 136	Unprofessional conduct is as defined in Subsection 58-1-501(2) and includes: (1) knowingly failing to inspect or issue correction notices for code violations which when left uncorrected would constitute a hazard to the public health and safety and knowingly failing to require that correction notices are complied with as a building inspector; (2) the use of alcohol or the illegal use of drugs while performing duties as a building inspector or at any time to the extent that the inspector is physically or mentally impaired and unable to effectively perform the duties of an inspector; (3) gross negligence in the performance of official duties as a building inspector;
128 129 130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137	Unprofessional conduct is as defined in Subsection 58-1-501(2) and includes: (1) knowingly failing to inspect or issue correction notices for code violations which when left uncorrected would constitute a hazard to the public health and safety and knowingly failing to require that correction notices are complied with as a building inspector; (2) the use of alcohol or the illegal use of drugs while performing duties as a building inspector or at any time to the extent that the inspector is physically or mentally impaired and unable to effectively perform the duties of an inspector; (3) gross negligence in the performance of official duties as a building inspector; (4) the personal use of information or knowingly revealing information to unauthorized
128 129 130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137	Unprofessional conduct is as defined in Subsection 58-1-501(2) and includes: (1) knowingly failing to inspect or issue correction notices for code violations which when left uncorrected would constitute a hazard to the public health and safety and knowingly failing to require that correction notices are complied with as a building inspector; (2) the use of alcohol or the illegal use of drugs while performing duties as a building inspector or at any time to the extent that the inspector is physically or mentally impaired and unable to effectively perform the duties of an inspector; (3) gross negligence in the performance of official duties as a building inspector; (4) the personal use of information or knowingly revealing information to unauthorized persons when that information has been obtained by a building inspector as a result of the

142	(6) engaging in fraud or knowingly misrepresenting a fact relating to the performance
143	of duties and responsibilities as a building inspector;
144	(7) a building inspector knowingly failing to require that all plans, specifications,
145	drawings, documents, and reports be stamped by architects, professional engineers, or both as
146	established by law;
147	(8) a building inspector knowingly failing to report to the division an act or omission of
148	a licensee under Title 58, Chapter 55, Utah Construction Trades Licensing Act, which when
149	left uncorrected constitutes a hazard to public health and safety;
150	(9) a building inspector knowingly failing to report to the division unlicensed practice
151	persons who are required to be licensed under Title 58, Chapter 55, Utah Construction Trades
152	Licensing Act:
153	(10) a building inspector's approval of work which materially varies from approved
154	documents that have been stamped by an architect, professional engineer, or both unless
155	authorized by the licensed architect, professional engineer, or both;
156	(11) a building inspector failing to produce verification of current licensure and current
157	certifications for the codes adopted under rules of the division upon request of the division, a
158	compliance agency, or a contractor or property owner whose work is being inspected;
159	(12) nondelivery of goods or services by a registered dealer which constitutes a breach
160	of contract by the dealer;
161	(13) the failure of a registered dealer to pay a subcontractor or supplier any amounts to
162	which that subcontractor or supplier is legally entitled; and
163	(14) any other activity which is defined as unprofessional conduct by division rule in
164	accordance with the provisions of Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
165	Section 4. Section 58-56-9.5 is enacted to read:
166	58-56-9.5. Penalty for unlawful conduct Citations.
167	(1) A person who violates a provision of Section 58-56-9.1 or who fails to comply with
168	a citation issued under this section after it is final is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.
169	(2) Grounds for immediate suspension of a licensee's license by the division under this

170	chapter include:
171	(a) the issuance of a citation for violation of a provision of Section 58-56-9.1; and
172	(b) failure by a licensee to make application to, report to, or notify the division with
173	respect to a matter for which application, notification, or reporting is required under this
174	chapter or rules made under this chapter by the division.
175	(3) (a) If upon inspection or investigation, the division concludes that a person has
176	violated a provision of Section 58-56-9.1, or a rule or order issued with respect to that section
177	and that disciplinary action is appropriate, the director or the director's designee from within
178	the division shall:
179	(i) promptly issue a citation to the person according to this chapter and any pertinent
180	rules;
181	(ii) attempt to negotiate a stipulated settlement; or
182	(iii) notify the person to appear before an adjudicative proceeding conducted under
183	Title 63, Chapter 46b, Administrative Procedures Act.
184	(b) (i) A person who violates a provision of Section 58-56-9.1, as evidenced by an
185	uncontested citation, a stipulated settlement, or by a finding of violation in an adjudicative
186	proceeding, may be assessed a fine under this Subsection (3)(b) and may, in addition to or
187	instead of the fine, be ordered by the division to cease from violating the provision.
188	(ii) Except as otherwise provided in Subsection (2)(a), the division may not assess
189	licensure sanctions referred to in Subsection 58-56-9(1)(c) through a citation.
190	(c) (i) Each citation shall be in writing and describe with particularity the nature of the
191	violation, including a reference to the provision of the chapter, rule, or order alleged to have
192	been violated.
193	(ii) The citation shall clearly state that the recipient must notify the division in writing
194	within 20 calendar days of service of the citation if the recipient wishes to contest the citation
195	at a hearing conducted under Title 63, Chapter 46b, Administrative Procedures Act.
196	(iii) The citation shall clearly explain the consequences of failure to timely contest the
197	citation or to make payment of any fines assessed by the citation within the time specified in

198	the citation.
199	(d) Each citation issued under this section, or a copy of each citation, may be served
200	upon any person upon whom a summons may be served:
201	(i) in accordance with the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure;
202	(ii) personally or upon the person's agent by a division investigator or by any person
203	specially designated by the director; or
204	(iii) by mail.
205	(e) (i) If within 20 calendar days from the service of a citation, the person to whom the
206	citation was issued fails to request a hearing to contest the citation, the citation becomes the
207	final order of the division and is not subject to further agency review.
208	(ii) The period to contest a citation may be extended by the division for cause.
209	(f) The division may refuse to issue or renew, suspend, revoke, or place on probation
210	the license of a licensee who fails to comply with a citation after it becomes final.
211	(g) The failure of an applicant for licensure to comply with a citation after it becomes
212	final is a ground for denial of a license.
213	(h) No citation may be issued under this section after the expiration of six months
214	following the occurrence of the violation.
215	(i) The director or the director's designee may assess fines for violations of Section
216	<u>58-56-9.1 as follows:</u>
217	(i) for a first offense determined under this Subsection (3), a fine of up to \$1,000;
218	(ii) for a second offense, a fine of up to \$2,000; and
219	(iii) for any subsequent offense, a fine of up to \$2,000 for each day of continued
220	offense.
221	(j) For the purposes of issuing a final order under this section and assessing a fine
222	under Subsection (3)(i), an offense constitutes a second or subsequent offense if:
223	(i) the division previously issued a final order determining that a person committed a
224	first or second offense in violation of a provision of Section 58-56-9.1; or
225	(ii) (A) the division initiated an action for a first or second offense;

226	(B) no final order has been issued by the division in the action initiated under
227	Subsection (3)(j)(ii)(A);
228	(C) the division determines during an investigation that occurred after the initiation of
229	the action under Subsection (3)(j)(ii)(A) that the person committed a second or subsequent
230	violation of a provision of Section 58-56-9.1; and
231	(D) after determining that the person committed a second or subsequent offense under
232	Subsection (3)(j)(ii)(C), the division issues a final order on the action initiated under
233	Subsection (3)(j)(ii)(A).
234	(k) In issuing a final order for a second or subsequent offense under Subsection (3)(j),
235	the division shall comply with the requirements of this section.
236	(4) (a) Proceeds from a fine imposed under Subsection (3)(i) shall be deposited in the
237	Commerce Service Fund.
238	(b) The director may collect an unpaid fine by:
239	(i) referring the matter to a collection agency; or
240	(ii) bringing an action in the district court of the county in which the person resides or
241	in the county where the director's office is located.
242	(c) (i) The state's attorney general or a county attorney shall provide legal assistance
243	and advice to the director in an action brought under Subsection (4)(b).
244	(ii) Reasonable attorney's fees and costs shall be awarded in an action brought to
245	enforce the provisions of this section.