1	CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES PENALTY
2	AMENDMENTS
3	2007 GENERAL SESSION
4	STATE OF UTAH
5	Chief Sponsor: Wayne A. Harper
6	Senate Sponsor: Michael G. Waddoups
7	
8	LONG TITLE
9	General Description:
10	This bill modifies the Utah Controlled Substances Act regarding violations of
11	controlled substance laws in the presence of children, and regarding committing
12	offenses in specified locations, including modifying the scope of the area surrounding
13	the locations and modifying the list of locations.
14	Highlighted Provisions:
15	This bill:
16	 amends the current crime of committing drug offenses in the "immediate presence"
17	of persons younger than 18 to remove the word "immediate";
18	 amends the increased penalty for committing drug offenses in specified locations to
19	address areas within 1,000 feet of the locations; and
20	 adds libraries to the list of areas.
21	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
22	None
23	Other Special Clauses:
24	None
25	Utah Code Sections Affected:
26	AMENDS:
27	58-37-8, as last amended by Chapters 8 and 30, Laws of Utah 2006
28	
29	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

H.B. 231

30	Section 1. Section 58-37-8 is amended to read:
31	58-37-8. Prohibited acts Penalties.
32	(1) Prohibited acts A Penalties:
33	(a) Except as authorized by this chapter, it is unlawful for any person to knowingly and
34	intentionally:
35	(i) produce, manufacture, or dispense, or to possess with intent to produce,
36	manufacture, or dispense, a controlled or counterfeit substance;
37	(ii) distribute a controlled or counterfeit substance, or to agree, consent, offer, or
38	arrange to distribute a controlled or counterfeit substance;
39	(iii) possess a controlled or counterfeit substance with intent to distribute; or
40	(iv) engage in a continuing criminal enterprise where:
41	(A) the person participates, directs, or engages in conduct which results in any
42	violation of any provision of Title 58, Chapters 37, 37a, 37b, 37c, or 37d that is a felony; and
43	(B) the violation is a part of a continuing series of two or more violations of Title 58,
44	Chapters 37, 37a, 37b, 37c, or 37d on separate occasions that are undertaken in concert with
45	five or more persons with respect to whom the person occupies a position of organizer,
46	supervisor, or any other position of management.
47	(b) Any person convicted of violating Subsection (1)(a) with respect to:
48	(i) a substance classified in Schedule I or II, a controlled substance analog, or
49	gammahydroxybutyric acid as listed in Schedule III is guilty of a second degree felony and
50	upon a second or subsequent conviction is guilty of a first degree felony;
51	(ii) a substance classified in Schedule III or IV, or marijuana, is guilty of a third degree
52	felony, and upon a second or subsequent conviction is guilty of a second degree felony; or
53	(iii) a substance classified in Schedule V is guilty of a class A misdemeanor and upon a
54	second or subsequent conviction is guilty of a third degree felony.
55	(c) Any person who has been convicted of a violation of Subsection (1)(a)(ii) or (iii)
56	may be sentenced to imprisonment for an indeterminate term as provided by law, but if the trier
57	of fact finds a firearm as defined in Section 76-10-501 was used, carried, or possessed on his

58 person or in his immediate possession during the commission or in furtherance of the offense,

59 the court shall additionally sentence the person convicted for a term of one year to run

60 consecutively and not concurrently; and the court may additionally sentence the person

61 convicted for an indeterminate term not to exceed five years to run consecutively and not

62 concurrently.

(d) Any person convicted of violating Subsection (1)(a)(iv) is guilty of a first degree
felony punishable by imprisonment for an indeterminate term of not less than seven years and
which may be for life. Imposition or execution of the sentence may not be suspended, and the
person is not eligible for probation.

67 (2) Prohibited acts B -- Penalties:

68 (a) It is unlawful:

(i) for any person knowingly and intentionally to possess or use a controlled substance
analog or a controlled substance, unless it was obtained under a valid prescription or order,
directly from a practitioner while acting in the course of his professional practice, or as

72 otherwise authorized by this chapter;

(ii) for any owner, tenant, licensee, or person in control of any building, room,
tenement, vehicle, boat, aircraft, or other place knowingly and intentionally to permit them to
be occupied by persons unlawfully possessing, using, or distributing controlled substances in
any of those locations; or

(iii) for any person knowingly and intentionally to possess an altered or forgedprescription or written order for a controlled substance.

79

(b) Any person convicted of violating Subsection (2)(a)(i) with respect to:

80 (i) marijuana, if the amount is 100 pounds or more, is guilty of a second degree felony;

(ii) a substance classified in Schedule I or II, marijuana, if the amount is more than 16
ounces, but less than 100 pounds, or a controlled substance analog, is guilty of a third degree
felony; or

84 (iii) marijuana, if the marijuana is not in the form of an extracted resin from any part of 85 the plant, and the amount is more than one ounce but less than 16 ounces, is guilty of a class A

Enrolled Copy

86 misdemeanor. 87 (c) Upon a person's conviction of a violation of this Subsection (2) subsequent to a 88 conviction under Subsection (1)(a), that person shall be sentenced to a one degree greater 89 penalty than provided in this Subsection (2). 90 (d) Any person who violates Subsection (2)(a)(i) with respect to all other controlled 91 substances not included in Subsection (2)(b)(i), (ii), or (iii), including less than one ounce of 92 marijuana, is guilty of a class B misdemeanor. Upon a second conviction the person is guilty 93 of a class A misdemeanor, and upon a third or subsequent conviction the person is guilty of a 94 third degree felony. 95 (e) Any person convicted of violating Subsection (2)(a)(i) while inside the exterior 96 boundaries of property occupied by any correctional facility as defined in Section 64-13-1 or 97 any public jail or other place of confinement shall be sentenced to a penalty one degree greater 98 than provided in Subsection (2)(b), and if the conviction is with respect to controlled 99 substances as listed in: 100 (i) Subsection (2)(b), the person may be sentenced to imprisonment for an 101 indeterminate term as provided by law, and: 102 (A) the court shall additionally sentence the person convicted to a term of one year to 103 run consecutively and not concurrently; and 104 (B) the court may additionally sentence the person convicted for an indeterminate term 105 not to exceed five years to run consecutively and not concurrently; and 106 (ii) Subsection (2)(d), the person may be sentenced to imprisonment for an 107 indeterminate term as provided by law, and the court shall additionally sentence the person 108 convicted to a term of six months to run consecutively and not concurrently. 109 (f) Any person convicted of violating Subsection (2)(a)(ii) or (2)(a)(iii) is: 110 (i) on a first conviction, guilty of a class B misdemeanor; 111 (ii) on a second conviction, guilty of a class A misdemeanor; and 112 (iii) on a third or subsequent conviction, guilty of a third degree felony. 113 (g) A person is subject to the penalties under Subsection (2)(h) who, in an offense not

- 4 -

H.B. 231

114	amounting to a violation of Section 76-5-207:
115	(i) violates Subsection (2)(a)(i) by knowingly and intentionally having in his body any
116	measurable amount of a controlled substance; and
117	(ii) operates a motor vehicle as defined in Section 76-5-207 in a negligent manner,
118	causing serious bodily injury as defined in Section 76-1-601 or the death of another.
119	(h) A person who violates Subsection (2)(g) by having in his body:
120	(i) a controlled substance classified under Schedule I, other than those described in
121	Subsection (2)(h)(ii), or a controlled substance classified under Schedule II is guilty of a second
122	degree felony;
123	(ii) marijuana, tetrahydrocannabinols, or equivalents described in Subsection
124	58-37-4(2)(a)(iii)(S) or (AA) is guilty of a third degree felony; or
125	(iii) any controlled substance classified under Schedules III, IV, or V is guilty of a class
126	A misdemeanor.
127	(3) Prohibited acts C Penalties:
128	(a) It is unlawful for any person knowingly and intentionally:
129	(i) to use in the course of the manufacture or distribution of a controlled substance a
130	license number which is fictitious, revoked, suspended, or issued to another person or, for the
131	purpose of obtaining a controlled substance, to assume the title of, or represent himself to be, a
132	manufacturer, wholesaler, apothecary, physician, dentist, veterinarian, or other authorized
133	person;
134	(ii) to acquire or obtain possession of, to procure or attempt to procure the
135	administration of, to obtain a prescription for, to prescribe or dispense to any person known to
136	be attempting to acquire or obtain possession of, or to procure the administration of any
137	controlled substance by misrepresentation or failure by the person to disclose his receiving any
138	controlled substance from another source, fraud, forgery, deception, subterfuge, alteration of a
139	prescription or written order for a controlled substance, or the use of a false name or address;
140	(iii) to make any false or forged prescription or written order for a controlled substance,
141	or to utter the same, or to alter any prescription or written order issued or written under the

Enrolled Copy

142 terms of this chapter; or

(iv) to make, distribute, or possess any punch, die, plate, stone, or other thing designed
to print, imprint, or reproduce the trademark, trade name, or other identifying mark, imprint, or
device of another or any likeness of any of the foregoing upon any drug or container or labeling
so as to render any drug a counterfeit controlled substance.

147 (b) Any person convicted of violating Subsection (3)(a) is guilty of a third degree

148 felony.

149 (4) Prohibited acts D -- Penalties:

(a) Notwithstanding other provisions of this section, a person not authorized under this
chapter who commits any act declared to be unlawful under this section, Title 58, Chapter 37a,
Utah Drug Paraphernalia Act, or under Title 58, Chapter 37b, Imitation Controlled Substances
Act, is upon conviction subject to the penalties and classifications under this Subsection (4) if
the trier of fact finds the act is committed:

(i) in a public or private elementary or secondary school or on the grounds of any ofthose schools;

(ii) in a public or private vocational school or postsecondary institution or on thegrounds of any of those schools or institutions;

(iii) in those portions of any building, park, stadium, or other structure or grounds
which are, at the time of the act, being used for an activity sponsored by or through a school or
institution under Subsections (4)(a)(i) and (ii);

162 (iv) in or on the grounds of a preschool or child-care facility;

163 (v) in a public park, amusement park, arcade, or recreation center;

164 (vi) in or on the grounds of a house of worship as defined in Section 76-10-501;

165 (vii) in a shopping mall, sports facility, stadium, arena, theater, movie house,

166 playhouse, or parking lot or structure adjacent thereto;

- 167 [(viii) in a public parking lot or structure;]
- 168 (viii) in or on the grounds of a library;

169 (ix) within [1,000] any area that is within 1,000 feet of any structure, facility, or

170 grounds included in Subsections (4)(a)(i) [through (viii)], (ii), (iv), (vi), and (vii);

171 (x) in the [immediate] presence of a person younger than 18 years of age, regardless of
172 where the act occurs; or

(xi) for the purpose of facilitating, arranging, or causing the transport, delivery, or
distribution of a substance in violation of this section to an inmate or on the grounds of any
correctional facility as defined in Section 76-8-311.3.

(b) (i) A person convicted under this Subsection (4) is guilty of a first degree felony
and shall be imprisoned for a term of not less than five years if the penalty that would
otherwise have been established but for this subsection would have been a first degree felony.

179 (ii) Imposition or execution of the sentence may not be suspended, and the person is
180 not eligible for probation.

(c) If the classification that would otherwise have been established would have been
less than a first degree felony but for this Subsection (4), a person convicted under this
Subsection (4) is guilty of one degree more than the maximum penalty prescribed for that
offense. This Subsection (4)(c) does not apply to a violation of Subsection (2)(g).

185 (d) (i) If the violation is of Subsection (4)(a)(xi):

(A) the person may be sentenced to imprisonment for an indeterminate term as
provided by law, and the court shall additionally sentence the person convicted for a term of
one year to run consecutively and not concurrently; and

(B) the court may additionally sentence the person convicted for an indeterminate termnot to exceed five years to run consecutively and not concurrently; and

(ii) the penalties under this Subsection (4)(d) apply also to any person who, acting with
the mental state required for the commission of an offense, directly or indirectly solicits,
requests, commands, coerces, encourages, or intentionally aids another person to commit a
violation of Subsection (4)(a)(xi).

(e) It is not a defense to a prosecution under this Subsection (4) that the actor
mistakenly believed the individual to be 18 years of age or older at the time of the offense or
was unaware of the individual's true age; nor that the actor mistakenly believed that the

- 198 location where the act occurred was not as described in Subsection (4)(a) or was unaware that 199 the location where the act occurred was as described in Subsection (4)(a).
- 200 (5) Any violation of this chapter for which no penalty is specified is a class B201 misdemeanor.
- 202 (6) (a) Any penalty imposed for violation of this section is in addition to, and not in
 203 lieu of, any civil or administrative penalty or sanction authorized by law.
- (b) Where violation of this chapter violates a federal law or the law of another state,
 conviction or acquittal under federal law or the law of another state for the same act is a bar to
 prosecution in this state.
- 207 (7) In any prosecution for a violation of this chapter, evidence or proof which shows a
 208 person or persons produced, manufactured, possessed, distributed, or dispensed a controlled
 209 substance or substances, is prima facie evidence that the person or persons did so with
 210 knowledge of the character of the substance or substances.
- (8) This section does not prohibit a veterinarian, in good faith and in the course of his professional practice only and not for humans, from prescribing, dispensing, or administering controlled substances or from causing the substances to be administered by an assistant or orderly under his direction and supervision.
- 215

(9) Civil or criminal liability may not be imposed under this section on:

- (a) any person registered under this chapter who manufactures, distributes, or possesses
 an imitation controlled substance for use as a placebo or investigational new drug by a
 registered practitioner in the ordinary course of professional practice or research; or
- (b) any law enforcement officer acting in the course and legitimate scope of hisemployment.
- (10) (a) Civil or criminal liability may not be imposed under this section on any Indian,
 as defined in Subsection 58-37-2(1)(v), who uses, possesses, or transports peyote for bona fide
 traditional ceremonial purposes in connection with the practice of a traditional Indian religion
 as defined in Subsection 58-37-2(1)(w).
- 225

(b) In a prosecution alleging violation of this section regarding peyote as defined in

226 Subsection 58-37-4(2)(a)(iii)(V), it is an affirmative defense that the peyote was used, 227 possessed, or transported by an Indian for bona fide traditional ceremonial purposes in 228 connection with the practice of a traditional Indian religion. 229 (c) (i) The defendant shall provide written notice of intent to claim an affirmative defense under this Subsection (10) as soon as practicable, but not later than ten days prior to 230 231 trial. (ii) The notice shall include the specific claims of the affirmative defense. 232 233 (iii) The court may waive the notice requirement in the interest of justice for good 234 cause shown, if the prosecutor is not unfairly prejudiced by the lack of timely notice. 235 (d) The defendant shall establish the affirmative defense under this Subsection (10) by a preponderance of the evidence. If the defense is established, it is a complete defense to the 236 237 charges. 238 (11) If any provision of this chapter, or the application of any provision to any person 239 or circumstances, is held invalid, the remainder of this chapter shall be given effect without the

240 invalid provision or application.