1	OPEN AND PUBLIC MEETINGS ACT
2	AMENDMENTS
3	2007 GENERAL SESSION
4	STATE OF UTAH
5	Chief Sponsor: Wayne A. Harper
6 7	Senate Sponsor: Howard A. Stephenson
8	LONG TITLE
9	General Description:
10	This bill modifies the Open and Public Meetings Act by amending definitions and
11	requirements for open meetings.
12	Highlighted Provisions:
13	This bill:
14	 clarifies that the definition of public body includes a public body created by the
15	Utah Constitution as well as by statute, rule, ordinance, or resolution;
16	 amends content requirements for written minutes and recordings of open meetings;
17	and
18	makes technical changes.
19	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
20	None
21	Other Special Clauses:
22	None
23	Utah Code Sections Affected:
24	AMENDS:
25	52-4-103, as renumbered and amended by Chapter 14 and last amended by Chapters
26	263 and 265, Laws of Utah 2006
27	52-4-203, as renumbered and amended by Chapter 14 and last amended by Chapters



28	263 and 265, Laws of Utah 2006
2930	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
31	Section 1. Section 52-4-103 is amended to read:
32	52-4-103. Definitions.
33	As used in this chapter:
34	(1) "Anchor location" means the physical location from which:
35	(a) an electronic meeting originates; or
36	(b) the participants are connected.
37	(2) "Convening" means the calling of a meeting of a public body by a person
38	authorized to do so for the express purpose of discussing or acting upon a subject over which
39	that public body has jurisdiction or advisory power.
40	(3) "Electronic meeting" means a public meeting convened or conducted by means of a
41	conference using electronic communications.
42	(4) (a) "Meeting" means the convening of a public body, with a quorum present,
43	including a workshop or an executive session whether the meeting is held in person or by
44	means of electronic communications, for the purpose of discussing or acting upon a matter over
45	which the public body has jurisdiction or advisory power.
46	(b) "Meeting" does not mean:
47	(i) a chance meeting;
48	(ii) a social meeting; or
49	(iii) the convening of a public body that has both legislative and executive
50	responsibilities where no public funds are appropriated for expenditure during the time the
51	public body is convened and:
52	(A) the public body is convened solely for the discussion or implementation of
53	administrative or operational matters for which no formal action by the public body is required;
54	or
55	(B) the public body is convened solely for the discussion or implementation of
56	administrative or operational matters that would not come before the public body for
57	discussion or action.
58	(5) "Monitor" means to hear or observe, live, by audio or video equipment, all of the

59	public statements of each member of the public body who is participating in a meeting.
60	(6) "Participate" means the ability to communicate with all of the members of a public
61	body, either verbally or electronically, so that each member of the public body can hear or
62	observe the communication.
63	(7) (a) "Public body" means any administrative, advisory, executive, or legislative body
64	of the state or its political subdivisions that:
65	(i) is created by the Utah Constitution, statute, rule, ordinance, or resolution;
66	(ii) consists of two or more persons;
67	(iii) expends, disburses, or is supported in whole or in part by tax revenue; and
68	(iv) is vested with the authority to make decisions regarding the public's business.
69	(b) "Public body" does not include a:
70	(i) political party, political group, or political caucus; or
71	(ii) conference committee, rules committee, or sifting committee of the Legislature.
72	(8) "Public hearing" means a portion of a meeting in which comments from the public
73	will be accepted.
74	(9) "Public statement" means a statement made in the ordinary course of business of
75	the public body with the intent that all other members of the public body receive it.
76	(10) (a) "Quorum" means a simple majority of the membership of a public body, unless
77	otherwise defined by applicable law.
78	(b) "Quorum" does not include a meeting of two elected officials by themselves when
79	no action, either formal or informal, is taken on a subject over which these elected officials
80	have advisory power.
81	(11) "Recording" means an audio, or an audio and video, record of the proceedings of a
82	meeting that can be used to review the proceedings of the meeting.
83	Section 2. Section 52-4-203 is amended to read:
84	52-4-203. Minutes of open meetings Public records Recording of meetings.
85	(1) Except as provided under Subsection $[(7)]$ (8), written minutes and a recording
86	shall be kept of all open meetings. [The minutes and a recording shall include:]
87	(2) Written minutes of an open meeting shall include:
88	(a) the date, time, and place of the meeting;
89	(b) the names of members present and absent;

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90	(c) the substance of all matters proposed, discussed, or decided by the public body
91	including a summary of comments made by members of the public body;
92	(d) a record, by individual member, of [votes] each vote taken by the public body;
93	(e) the name of each person who is not a member of the public body, and upon
94	recognition by the presiding member of the public body, provided testimony [and] or
95	comments to the public body;
96	(f) the substance, in brief, of [their] the testimony or comments provided by each
97	person named in Subsection (2)(e); and
98	[(f)] (g) any other information that any member requests be entered in the minutes or
99	recording.
100	[(2)] (3) A recording of an open meeting shall:
101	(a) be a complete and unedited record of all open portions of the meeting from the
102	commencement of the meeting through adjournment of the meeting[-]; and
103	(b) be properly labeled or identified with the date, time, and place of the meeting.
104	$[\frac{3}{2}]$ (a) The minutes and recordings of an open meeting are public records and
105	shall be available within a reasonable time after the meeting.
106	(b) An open meeting record kept only by a recording must be converted to written
107	minutes within a reasonable time upon request.
108	[(4)] (5) All or any part of an open meeting may be independently recorded by any
109	person in attendance if the recording does not interfere with the conduct of the meeting.
110	[(5)] (6) Minutes or recordings of an open meeting that [is] are required to be retained
111	permanently shall be maintained in or converted to a format that meets long-term records
112	storage requirements.
113	[(6)] (7) Written minutes and recordings of open meetings are public records under
114	Title 63, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act, but written minutes
115	shall be the official record of action taken at the meeting.
116	[(7)] (8) Either written minutes or a recording shall be kept of:
117	(a) an open meeting that is a site visit or a traveling tour, if no vote or action is taken
118	by the public body; and
119	(b) an open meeting of an independent special district as defined under Title 17A,
120	Special Districts, or a local district under Title 17B, Chapter 2, Local Districts, if the district's

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- annual budgeted expenditures for all funds, excluding capital expenditures and debt service, are
- 122 \$50,000 or less.

Legislative Review Note as of 11-15-06 4:47 PM

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

Interim Committee Note as of 12-12-06 10:24 AM

The Government Operations Interim Committee recommended this bill.

H.B. 10 - Open and Public Meetings Act Amendments

Fiscal Note

2007 General Session State of Utah

State Impact

Enactment of this bill will not require additional appropriations.

Individual, Business and/or Local Impact

Enactment of this bill likely will not result in direct, measurable costs and/or benefits for individuals, businesses, or local governments.

12/19/2006, 4:46:24 PM, Lead Analyst: Ricks, G.

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst