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1	DISASTER RECOVERY FUNDING
2	2007 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Curtis Oda
5	Senate Sponsor: Sheldon L. Killpack
6 7 8 9 10 11 12	Cosponsors:Ben C. FerryBrad KingJackie BiskupskiJulie FisherRebecca D. LockhartD. Gregg BuxtonCraig A. FrankMichael E. NoelDavid ClarkJames R. GowansPaul RayStephen D. ClarkWayne A. HarperAaron TiltonTim M. CosgroveFred R. HunsakerScott L WyattJames A. DunniganEric K. Hutchings
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14	LONG TITLE
15	General Description:
16	This bill modifies provisions related to funding state and local government recovery
17	efforts in cases of declared disasters.
18	Highlighted Provisions:
19	This bill:
20	 addresses emergency expenditures by local governments;
21	 transitions current loan programs for disasters to the Disaster Recovery Funding
22	Act;
23	 modifies the duties of the Division of Emergency Services and Homeland Security;
24	 enacts the Disaster Recovery Funding Act including:
25	• enacting definitions;
26	• creating the State Disaster Recovery Reserve consisting of two funds;
27	 providing for transfers between the funds;
28	 directing the division to address state emergency disaster services;
29	• authorizing local governments to create local disaster funds;



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30	• creating the local government disaster recovery loan program; and
31	 requiring reporting;
32	 addresses the governor's powers in cases of emergency;
33	 provides for deposits into the state disaster reserve;
34	 coordinates the state disaster reserve with funds outside the act;
35	 addresses limitations on spending; and
36	 makes technical and conforming amendments.
37	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
38	None
39	Other Special Clauses:
40	None
41	Utah Code Sections Affected:
42	AMENDS:
43	10-5-118, as enacted by Chapter 34, Laws of Utah 1983
44	10-6-129, as last amended by Chapter 52, Laws of Utah 1981
45	17-36-27, as enacted by Chapter 22, Laws of Utah 1975
46	53-2-102.5, as last amended by Chapter 89, Laws of Utah 2006
47	53-2-104, as last amended by Chapter 214, Laws of Utah 2005
48	63-5a-8, as last amended by Chapter 14, Laws of Utah 2002
49	63-38c-103, as last amended by Chapter 1, Laws of Utah 2005, First Special Session
50	63-38f-904, as renumbered and amended by Chapter 148, Laws of Utah 2005
51	ENACTS:
52	53-2-401 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
53	53-2-402 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
54	53-2-403 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
55	53-2-404 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
56	53-2-405 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
57	53-2-406, Utah Code Annotated 1953
58	53-2-407 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
59	63-38-2.7, Utah Code Annotated 1953
60	

61	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
62	Section 1. Section 10-5-118 is amended to read:
63	10-5-118. Emergency expenditures.
64	(1) The council, on determining that an emergency exists, such as widespread damage
65	from fire, flood, or earthquake, and that the emergency necessitates the expenditure of money
66	in excess of the budget of the general fund, may amend the budget and authorize such
67	expenditures as may be reasonably necessary to meet the emergency.
68	(2) Except to the extent provided for in Title 53, Chapter 2, Part 4, Disaster Recovery
69	Funding Act, a council of a town may not expend monies in the town's local fund for an
70	emergency, if the town creates a local fund under Title 53, Chapter 2, Part 4, Disaster Recovery
71	Funding Act.
72	Section 2. Section 10-6-129 is amended to read:
73	10-6-129. Emergency expenditures.
74	[In the event] (1) If the governing body of a city determines that an emergency exists,
75	such as widespread damage from fire, flood, or earthquake, and that the emergency necessitates
76	the expenditure of money in excess of the budget of the general fund, the governing body may
77	by resolution amend the budget and authorize such expenditures and incur such deficits in the
78	fund balance of the general fund as may be reasonably necessary to meet the emergency.
79	(2) Except to the extent provided for in Title 53, Chapter 2, Part 4, Disaster Recovery
80	Funding Act, the governing body of a city may not expend monies in the city's local fund for an
81	emergency, if the city creates a local fund under Title 53, Chapter 2, Part 4, Disaster Recovery
82	Funding Act.
83	Section 3. Section 17-36-27 is amended to read:
84	17-36-27. Emergency expenditures Deficit.
85	(1) If the governing body determines that an emergency exists, such as widespread
86	damage from fire, flood, or earthquake, and that the expenditure of money in excess of the
87	general fund budget is necessary, it may make such expenditures and incur such deficits as
88	reasonably necessary to meet the emergency.
89	(2) Except to the extent provided for in Title 53, Chapter 2, Part 4, Disaster Recovery
90	Funding Act, the governing body of the county may not expend monies in the county's local
91	fund for an emergency, if the county creates a local fund under Title 53, Chapter 2, Part 4,

92	Disaster Recovery Funding Act.
93	Section 4. Section 53-2-102.5 is amended to read:
94	53-2-102.5. Loan program for disasters prior to Disaster Recovery Funding Act.
95	[(1) The director may make loans to local governments as provided in this section
96	when:]
97	[(a) the governor has issued a proclamation declaring a state of emergency because of a
98	natural disaster;]
99	[(b) the Legislature has appropriated monies to the division explicitly for that purpose;
100	and]
101	[(c) threats to the public health and safety, or damages to flood control systems or the
102	transportation infrastructure exist.]
103	[(2) (a) In order to qualify for loans under this section, the county and each political
104	subdivision within the county shall:]
105	[(i) pass a resolution that:]
106	[(A) requests a loan;]
107	[(B) identifies the loan amount that is requested; and]
108	[(C) describes, in as much detail as possible, how the entity will spend the loan
109	proceeds; and]
110	[(ii) complete the application for funds provided by the director.]
111	[(b) Each political subdivision other than the county shall submit a copy of its
112	resolution and application to the county legislative body.]
113	[(c) The county legislative body shall file with the director:]
114	[(i) a letter identifying the total loan amount sought by the county and its political
115	subdivisions; and]
116	[(ii) a copy of the county's resolution and application and a copy of the resolution and
117	application of each political subdivision seeking loan funds.]
118	[(3) (a) To the extent appropriated funds are available, the director shall prepare a
119	promissory note lending the county the total amount requested by the county for itself and its
120	political subdivisions.]
121	[(b) Except as required in Subsections (8) and (9), the director shall ensure that the
122	promissory note contains:]

123	[(i) a requirement that the principal on the note is due on the May 1 in the calendar year
124	two years after the year in which the note is signed;]
125	[(ii) terms that require repayment of the principal on the note be made to the General
126	Fund Budget Reserve Account established in Section 63-38-2.5; and]
127	[(iii) terms that limit the use of note proceeds to the repair and reconstruction of
128	infrastructures owned by local governments located within the county.]
129	[(c) After an authorized representative of the county signs the promissory note, the
130	director shall disburse the loan funds to the county.]
131	[(4) The county and any participating political subdivision may not use loan proceeds
132	for costs:]
133	[(a) that could have been paid from other available funding sources if the county or
134	participating political subdivision had applied for those funds; or]
135	[(b) to compensate private businesses or private persons for damages incurred in the
136	disaster by those private businesses or persons.]
137	[(5) After receiving the loan proceeds from the state, the county shall, before
138	disbursing loan proceeds to the other county political subdivisions, obtain signed promissory
139	notes from each participating political subdivision that include terms substantially similar to
140	the terms contained in the promissory note signed by the county.]
141	[(6) The county shall, on behalf of itself and any participating political subdivision, file
142	a report with the director every three months, that:]
143	[(a) specifies each project on which loan funds were expended, classified by the name
144	of the local entity that expended the funds; and]
145	[(b) identifies the amount expended for that project.]
146	[(7) If the county or one of its participating political subdivisions has not expended or
147	committed the funds by the date that the promissory note is due, the county or participating
148	political subdivision shall return the unused or uncommitted funds to the director for redeposit
149	into the fund.]
150	[(8)] (1) (a) For each promissory note issued under this section that is unpaid on May
151	1, 2006, the director shall issue a new promissory note to replace the existing promissory note:
152	[(a)] (i) for the principal amount of the unpaid promissory note without accrued
153	interest, if any;

154	$\left[\frac{\text{(b)}}{\text{(ii)}}\right]$ due on or before June 30, 2007; and
155	[(c)] (iii) with no interest rate.
156	(b) For a promissory note issued under this section that is unpaid as of April 30, 2007,
157	the division shall ensure that when the principal on the promissory note is repaid, the
158	repayment is made to the State Disaster Recovery Restricted Account created in Section
159	<u>53-2-403.</u>
160	[(9)] (2) The director shall ensure that each promissory note issued under this section
161	that is funded by monies appropriated and available for disaster loans as of January 1, 2006, are
162	due on or before June 30, 2007.
163	(3) The Division of Finance shall transfer by no later than June 30, 2007, any monies
164	repaid under this section to the General Fund Budget Reserve Account established in Section
165	63-38-2.5 to the State Disaster Recovery Restricted Account created in Section 53-2-403.
166	Section 5. Section 53-2-104 is amended to read:
167	53-2-104. Division duties Powers.
168	(1) The division shall:
169	(a) respond to the policies of the governor and the Legislature;
170	(b) perform functions relating to emergency services and homeland security matters as
171	directed by the commissioner;
172	(c) prepare, implement, and maintain programs and plans to provide for:
173	(i) prevention and minimization of injury and damage caused by disasters;
174	(ii) prompt and effective response to and recovery from disasters;
175	(iii) identification of areas particularly vulnerable to disasters;
176	(iv) coordination of hazard mitigation and other preventive and preparedness measures
177	designed to eliminate or reduce disasters;
178	(v) assistance to local officials, state agencies, and the business and public sectors, in
179	developing emergency action plans;
180	(vi) coordination of federal, state, and local emergency activities;
181	(vii) coordination of emergency operations plans with emergency plans of the federal
182	government;
183	(viii) coordination of search and rescue activities;
184	(ix) coordination of rapid and efficient communications in times of emergency; and

185	(x) other measures necessary, incidental, or appropriate to this part; [and]
186	(d) coordinate with local officials, state agencies, and the business and public sectors in
187	developing, implementing, and maintaining a state energy emergency plan in accordance with
188	Section 53-2-110[-]: and
189	(e) administer Part 4, Disaster Recovery Funding Act, in accordance with that part.
190	(2) The division may consult with the Legislative Management Committee, the Judicial
191	Council, and legislative and judicial staff offices to assist them in preparing emergency
192	succession plans and procedures under Title 63, Chapter 5b, Emergency Interim Succession
193	Act.
194	Section 6. Section 53-2-401 is enacted to read:
195	Part 4. Disaster Recovery Funding Act
196	<u>53-2-401.</u> Title.
197	This part is known as the "Disaster Recovery Funding Act."
198	Section 7. Section 53-2-402 is enacted to read:
199	<u>53-2-402.</u> Definitions.
200	(1) Unless otherwise defined in this section, the terms defined in Part 1, Emergency
201	Services and Homeland Security Act, shall have the same meaning for this part.
202	(2) As used in this part:
203	(a) "Average annual deposit" means an amount calculated by a local government as
204	<u>follows:</u>
205	(i) for each fiscal year beginning with the fiscal year the local government creates a
206	local fund, the local government shall:
207	(A) determine the amount transferred to the local fund;
208	(B) determine the total estimated revenues of the local government for that fiscal year
209	that are not restricted or otherwise obligated;
210	(C) divide the amount in Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A) with the amount in Subsection
211	(2)(a)(i)(B); and
212	(D) round the number in Subsection $(2)(a)(i)(C)$ up to the nearest two decimal points;
213	(ii) the local government shall add together the amounts calculated for each fiscal year
214	under Subsection (2)(a)(i) for each fiscal year beginning with the fiscal year the local fund is
215	created and ending with the fiscal year immediately preceding the day on which an application

216	for a loan filed under Section 53-2-406 is submitted; and
217	(iii) the local government shall:
218	(A) divide the number calculated under Subsection (2)(a)(ii) by the number of fiscal
219	years counted:
220	(B) round the number calculated under this Subsection (2)(a)(iii) up to the nearest two
221	decimal points; and
222	(C) convert the number calculated under this Subsection (2)(a)(iii) to a percentage.
223	(b) Subject to Subsections (2)(b)(ii), "declared disaster" means one or more events:
224	(i) within the state;
225	(ii) that occur within a limited period of time;
226	(iii) that involve:
227	(A) a significant number of persons being at risk of bodily harm, sickness, or death; or
228	(B) a significant portion of real property at risk of loss;
229	(iv) that are sudden in nature and generally occur less frequently than every three years;
230	and
231	(v) that results in:
232	(A) the president of the United States declaring an emergency or major disaster in the
233	state;
234	(B) the governor declaring a state of emergency under Title 63, Chapter 5a, Disaster
235	Response and Recovery; or
236	(C) the chief executive officer of a local government declaring a local emergency under
237	Title 63, Chapter 5a, Disaster Response and Recovery.
238	(c) "Disaster recovery fund" means the State Disaster Recovery Restricted Account
239	created in Section 53-2-403.
240	(d) "Disaster revolving loan fund" means the Local Government Disaster Revolving
241	Loan Fund created in Section 53-2-403.
242	(e) "Emergency preparedness" means the following done for the purpose of being
243	prepared for an emergency as defined by the division by rule made in accordance with Title 63,
244	Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act:
245	(i) the purchase of equipment:
246	(ii) the training of personnel; or

247	(iii) the obtaining of a certification.
248	(f) (i) "Emergency disaster services" means the following that are of a temporary basis:
249	(A) evacuation;
250	(B) shelter;
251	(C) medical triage;
252	(D) emergency transportation;
253	(E) repair of infrastructure;
254	(F) safety services, including fencing or roadblocks;
255	(G) sandbagging:
256	(H) emergency debris removal;
257	(I) temporary bridges;
258	(J) procurement and distribution of food, water, or ice;
259	(K) procurement and deployment of generators;
260	(L) rescue or recovery; or
261	(M) services similar to those described in Subsections (2)(f)(i)(A) through (L), as
262	defined by the division by rule, that are generally required within the first 96 hours of a
263	declared disaster.
264	(ii) "Emergency disaster services" does not include:
265	(A) emergency preparedness; or
266	(B) notwithstanding whether or not a county participates in the Wildland Fire
267	Suppression Fund created in Section 65A-8-6.1, any fire suppression or presuppression costs
268	that may be paid for from the Wildland Fire Suppression Fund if the county participates in the
269	Wildland Fire Suppression Fund.
270	(g) "Fund," when referring to a fund in the state disaster reserve, means the:
271	(i) disaster recovery fund; and
272	(ii) disaster revolving loan fund.
273	(h) "Local fund" means a local government disaster fund created in accordance with
274	<u>Section 53-2-405.</u>
275	(i) "Local government" means a county, city, or town.
276	(j) "Percentage of allowed deposit" means a percentage calculated by dividing the
277	average annual deposit by ten.

278	(k) "Special fund" means a fund other than a general fund of a local government that is
279	created for a special purpose established under the uniform system of budgeting, accounting,
280	and reporting.
281	(1) "State disaster reserve" means the State Disaster Recovery Reserve created in
282	<u>Section 53-2-403.</u>
283	Section 8. Section 53-2-403 is enacted to read:
284	53-2-403. State Disaster Recovery Reserve.
285	(1) (a) There is created a State Disaster Recovery Reserve consisting of the following
286	funds created by this section:
287	(i) the disaster recovery fund; and
288	(ii) the disaster revolving loan fund.
289	(b) The Legislature may, in legislation that includes an appropriation, transfer monies
290	between the funds:
291	(i) notwithstanding any other provision of this part; and
292	(ii) except that it may not transfer monies from the disaster revolving loan fund if it
293	would prevent the division from making payments to a local government under a loan issued
294	under this part before the transfer under this Subsection (1)(b).
295	(2) (a) One fund in the state disaster reserve is known as the "State Disaster Recovery
296	Restricted Account" which is created as a restricted account within the General Fund.
297	(b) The disaster recovery fund shall consist of:
298	(i) monies deposited into the disaster recovery fund in accordance with Section
299	<u>53-2-102.5;</u>
300	(ii) monies deposited into the disaster recovery fund in accordance with Section
301	<u>63-38-2.7;</u>
302	(iii) monies appropriated to the disaster recovery fund by the Legislature;
303	(iv) any other public or private monies received by the division that are:
304	(A) given to the division for purposes consistent with this Subsection (2); and
305	(B) deposited into the disaster recovery fund at the request of:
306	(I) the division; or
307	(II) the person giving the monies; and
308	(v) interest or other earnings derived from the disaster recovery fund.

309	(c) Monies in the disaster recovery fund may only be used as follows:
310	(i) without the monies being appropriated by the Legislature, in any fiscal year the
311	division may use the lesser of the following to fund, in accordance with Section 53-2-405, costs
312	to the state of emergency disaster services in response to a declared disaster:
313	<u>(A) \$10,000,000;</u>
314	(B) 33.3% of the balance in the disaster recovery fund in the fiscal year immediately
315	preceding that fiscal year; or
316	(C) the balance of disaster recovery fund in the fiscal year in which the monies are
317	used; and
318	(ii) subject to being appropriated by the Legislature, monies not described in
319	Subsection (2)(c)(i) may be used to fund the following related to a declared disaster:
320	(A) costs to the state directly related to a declared disaster that are not costs related to:
321	(I) emergency disaster services;
322	(II) emergency preparedness; or
323	(III) notwithstanding whether or not a county participates in the Wildland Fire
324	Suppression Fund created in Section 65A-8-6.1, any fire suppression or presuppression costs
325	that may be paid for from the Wildland Fire Suppression Fund if the county participates in the
326	Wildland Fire Suppression Fund; or
327	(B) grants to local governments as provided for under Subsection 53-2-406(8).
328	(3) (a) One fund in the state disaster reserve is known as the "Local Government
329	Disaster Revolving Loan Fund" which is created as an enterprise fund to operate as a revolving
330	<u>loan fund.</u>
331	(b) The division shall administer the disaster revolving loan fund in accordance with
332	<u>Section 53-2-406.</u>
333	(c) The disaster revolving loan fund is not subject to Section 63A-3-205.
334	(d) The disaster revolving loan fund shall consist of:
335	(i) amounts deposited into the disaster revolving loan fund in accordance with Section
336	<u>63-38-2.7;</u>
337	(ii) amounts paid into the disaster revolving loan fund by a local government in
338	accordance with Section 53-2-406, including interest, charges, or penalties;
339	(iii) any monies appropriated to the disaster revolving loan fund by the Legislature;

340	(iv) any other public or private monies received by the division that are:
341	(A) given to the division for purposes consistent with this Subsection (3); and
342	(B) deposited into the disaster revolving loan fund at the request of:
343	(I) the division; or
344	(II) the person giving the monies; and
345	(v) interest or other earnings derived from the disaster revolving loan fund.
346	(e) Monies in the disaster revolving loan fund may only be used to:
347	(i) fund loans as provided in Section 53-2-406; and
348	(ii) pay for administrative costs of the Division of Finance in providing for the care,
349	custody, safekeeping, collection, and accounting of loans issued under Section 53-2-406.
350	(4) The state treasurer shall invest monies in the funds in the state disaster reserve
351	according to Title 51, Chapter 7, State Money Management Act, except that the state treasurer
352	shall deposit all interest or other earnings derived from the funds into the fund that generates
353	the interest or other earnings.
354	(5) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1), the monies in the state disaster reserve
355	may not be diverted, appropriated, or used for a purpose that is not listed in this section for that
356	<u>fund.</u>
357	(b) Notwithstanding Section 63-38-3.6, the Legislature may not appropriate monies
358	from the state disaster reserve to eliminate or otherwise reduce an operating deficit if the
359	monies appropriated from the state disaster reserve are used for a purpose other than one listed
360	in this section.
361	(c) The Legislature may not amend the purposes for which monies in the state disaster
362	reserve may be used except by the affirmative vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to
363	each house.
364	Section 9. Section 53-2-404 is enacted to read:
365	53-2-404. Emergency disaster services.
366	(1) Subject to this section and Section 53-2-403, the division shall use monies
367	described in Subsection 53-2-403(2)(c)(i) to fund costs to the state of emergency disaster
368	services.
369	(2) Monies may be paid by the division under this section to government entities and
370	private persons providing emergency disaster services are subject to Title 63, Chapter 56, Utah

371	Procurement Code.
372	Section 10. Section 53-2-405 is enacted to read:
373	53-2-405. Local government disaster funds.
374	(1) (a) Subject to this section and notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in
375	Title 10, Utah Municipal Code, or Title 17, Counties, the legislative body of a local
376	government may create and maintain by ordinance a special fund known as a local government
377	disaster fund.
378	(b) The local fund shall consist of:
379	(i) subject to the limitations of this section, monies transferred to it in accordance with
380	Subsection (2);
381	(ii) any other public or private monies received by the local government that are:
382	(A) given to the local government for purposes consistent with this section; and
383	(B) deposited into the local fund at the request of:
384	(I) the legislative body of the local government; or
385	(II) the person giving the monies; and
386	(iii) interest or income realized from the local fund.
387	(c) Interest or income realized from the local fund shall be deposited into the local
388	<u>fund.</u>
389	(d) Monies in a local fund may be:
390	(i) deposited or invested as provided in Section 51-7-11; or
391	(ii) transferred by the local government treasurer to the state treasurer under Section
392	51-7-5 for the state treasurer's management and control under Title 51, Chapter 7, State Money
393	Management Act.
394	(e) (i) The monies in a local fund may accumulate from year to year until the local
395	government legislative body determines to spend any money in the local fund for one or more
396	of the purposes specified in Subsection (3).
397	(ii) Monies in a local fund at the end of a fiscal year:
398	(A) shall remain in the local fund for future use; and
399	(B) may not be transferred to any other fund or used for any other purpose.
400	(2) The amounts transferred to a local fund may not exceed 10% of the total estimated
401	revenues of the local government for the current fiscal period that are not restricted or

402	otherwise obligated.						
403	(3) Monies in the fund may only be used to fund the services and activities of the local						
404	government creating the local fund in response to:						
405	(a) a declared disaster within the boundaries of the local government;						
406	(b) the aftermath of the disaster that gave rise to a declared disaster within the						
407	boundaries of the local government; and						
408	(c) subject to Subsection (5), emergency preparedness.						
409	(4) (a) A local fund is subject to this part and:						
410	(i) in the case of a town, Title 10, Chapter 5, Uniform Fiscal Procedures Act for Utah						
411	Towns, except for:						
412	(A) in addition to the funds listed in Section 10-5-106, the mayor shall prepare a						
413	budget for the local fund;						
414	(B) Section 10-5-119 addressing termination of special funds does not apply to a local						
415	fund; and						
416	(C) the council of the town may not authorize an interfund loan under Section						
417	10-5-120 from the local fund;						
418	(ii) in the case of a city, Title 10, Chapter 6, Uniform Fiscal Procedures Act for Utah						
419	<u>Cities, except for:</u>						
420	(A) in addition to the funds listed in Section 10-6-109, the mayor shall prepare a						
421	budget for the local fund;						
422	(B) Section 10-6-131 addressing termination of special funds does not apply to a local						
423	fund; and						
424	(C) the governing body of the city may not authorize an interfund loan under Section						
425	10-6-132 from the local fund; and						
426	(iii) in the case of a county, Title 17, Chapter 36, Uniform Fiscal Procedures Act for						
427	Counties, except for:						
428	(A) Section 17-36-29 addressing termination of special funds; and						
429	(B) the governing body of the county may not authorize an interfund loan under						
430	Section 17-36-30 from the local fund.						
431	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(a), transfers of monies to a local fund or the						
432	accumulation of monies in a local fund do not affect any limits on fund balances, net assets, or						

433	the accumulation of retained earnings in any of the following of a local government:
434	(i) a general fund;
435	(ii) an enterprise fund;
436	(iii) an internal service fund; or
437	(iv) any other fund.
438	(5) (a) A local government may not expend during a fiscal year more than 10% of the
439	monies budgeted to be deposited into a local fund during that fiscal year for emergency
440	preparedness.
441	(b) The amount described in Subsection (5)(a) shall be determined before the adoption
442	of the tentative budget.
443	Section 11. Section 53-2-406 is enacted to read:
444	53-2-406. Local government disaster loan program Loans and grants.
445	(1) (a) The division shall administer the disaster revolving loan fund in accordance
446	with this section.
447	(b) A loan made under this section is in addition to any loan applied for by the
448	governor from the federal government for a political subdivision under Section 63-5a-3.
449	(2) (a) The division may extend a loan funded by the disaster revolving loan fund to a
450	local government under this section if:
451	(i) there is sufficient monies in the disaster revolving loan fund to pay for the loan at
452	the time the loan is issued;
453	(ii) the loan is applied for in accordance with this section because of a declared disaster
454	within the local government's boundaries; and
455	(iii) the division believes that the monies in the disaster revolving loan fund will not
456	need to be transferred in accordance with Section 53-2-403 to the disaster recovery fund to
457	meet state needs related to a declared disaster.
458	(b) If the division extends a loan funded by the disaster revolving loan fund under this
459	section, the division shall extend the loan under a written contract that includes the terms
460	required by this section.
461	(3) (a) A local government may apply for and accept a loan under this section in the
462	case of a declared disaster within the local government's boundaries.
463	(b) To apply for a loan from the disaster revolving loan fund, the local government

464	<u>shall:</u>
465	(i) pass a resolution that:
466	(A) requests a loan; and
467	(B) identifies the loan amount that is requested; and
468	(ii) submit to the division:
469	(A) the resolution required by Subsection (3)(b)(i);
470	(B) a written statement of the declared disaster within the boundaries of the local
471	government that is the basis for the loan;
472	(C) a written certification that the local government does not have sufficient revenues
473	or balances in its general fund or a local fund to pay for the costs associated with the declared
474	disaster;
475	(D) documentation that the local government reasonably anticipates that it will be able
476	to pay the amounts owed under the loan under the terms of the loan;
477	(E) a written statement of the amount of the loan for which the local government is
478	applying; and
479	(F) a certification of:
480	(I) the current balance in the local government's local fund; and
481	(II) the local government's average annual deposit amount.
482	(c) The division may make rules, in accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah
483	Administrative Rulemaking Act, concerning the form of the information required by this
484	Subsection (3).
485	(4) (a) A loan made under this section shall include the following terms:
486	(i) an interest rate determined by the division, by the division:
487	(A) obtaining from the state treasurer the rate of return the state treasurer received on
488	public monies controlled or managed by the state treasurer in the fiscal year immediately
489	preceding the day on which the loan contract is signed;
490	(B) determining the interest rate that is equal to the bank prime loan rate published by
491	the Federal Reserve Board for the month immediately preceding the day on which the division
492	approves the loan plus 10%;
493	(C) determining the local government's percentage of allowed deposit; and
494	(D) applying the local government's percentage of allowed deposit proportionately to a

495	scale that:						
496	(I) begins with the amount described in Subsection (4)(a)(i)(A) being charged if the						
497	local government's percentage of allowed deposit is 100%; and						
498	(II) ends with the amount described in Subsection (4)(a)(i)(B) being charged if the						
499	local government's percentage of allowed deposit is 0%;						
500	(ii) a requirement that the local government may not seek and, subject to this section,						
501	the state may not waive payment of or otherwise forgive any amounts owed under the loan						
502	including principal, interest, and late payment charges or penalties;						
503	(iii) a repayment schedule including payment application order, due dates, and						
504	amounts;						
505	(iv) loan disbursement dates and amounts; and						
506	(v) late payment terms, charges, and penalties, consistent with rules made by the						
507	division in accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.						
508	(b) The division and Division of Finance may not impose any term not listed in						
509	Subsection (4)(a) other than one or more ministerial requirements.						
510	(c) The division shall approve or deny an application for a loan within five business						
511	days of the day on which the division receives a complete application for the loan.						
512	(5) Subject to this section, the division shall comply with Section 63-65-4 so that the						
513	Division of Finance may provide for the care, custody, safekeeping, collection, and accounting						
514	of a loan issued under this section.						
515	(6) The payment of any amount owed under a loan made under this section may not be						
516	waived or forgiven.						
517	(7) A local government may not use loan proceeds from a loan made under this section						
518	to compensate private businesses or private persons for damages incurred in a declared disaster						
519	by those private businesses or persons.						
520	(8) (a) The division may issue a grant under this part to the local government to pay						
521	costs directly related to a declared disaster only if:						
522	(i) the local government makes a good faith effort to apply for a loan under this						
523	section;						
524	(ii) the division does not issue the local government a loan solely because the local						
525	government is unable to repay monies owed under a loan extended under this section within a						

526	reasonable period of time; and					
527	(iii) if the Legislature appropriates sufficient monies to the division to pay for the grant.					
528	(b) The division shall by rule made in accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah					
529	Administrative Rulemaking Act, create a grant process by which a local government may apply					
530	for a grant and the division may give a grant except that the grant process shall:					
531	(i) require that the conditions of this Subsection (8) be met;					
532	(ii) establish how the division determines whether or not a local government is unable					
533	to repay monies owed under a loan within a reasonable period of time; and					
534	(iii) require compliance with the reporting requirements to the Legislature in Section					
535	<u>53-2-407.</u>					
536	Section 12. Section 53-2-407 is enacted to read:					
537	<u>53-2-407.</u> Reporting.					
538	By no later than December 31 of each year, the division shall provide a written report to					
539	the governor and the Legislature's executive appropriations committee of:					
540	(1) the division's activities under this part;					
541	(2) monies expended in accordance with this part;					
542	(3) the balances in the funds of the state disaster reserve;					
543	(4) in cooperation with the Division of Finance:					
544	(a) the total dollars loaned by the disaster revolving loan fund during the last fiscal					
545	year;					
546	(b) a listing of each loan made from the disaster revolving loan fund that:					
547	(i) is more than 90 days delinquent;					
548	(ii) is in default;					
549	(iii) was restructured during the last fiscal year; or					
550	(iv) the amount of each loan made from the disaster revolving loan fund;					
551	(c) the present value of each loan made from the disaster revolving loan fund at the end					
552	of the fiscal year calculated using the average interest rate paid by the state on general					
553	obligation bonds issued during the most recent fiscal year in which bonds were sold; and					
554	(d) the financial position of the disaster revolving loan fund, including the disaster					
555	revolving loan fund's cash investments, cash forecasts, and equity position; and					
556	(5) the need for grants, if any, provided for under Subsection 53-2-406(8).					

557	Section 13. Section 63-5a-8 is amended to read:						
558	63-5a-8. Acquisition of property for public use Compensation of owners.						
559	(1) (a) Upon proclamation of a state of emergency, the governor may purchase or lease						
560	public or private property for public use including:						
561	(i) food and medical supplies;						
562	(ii) clothing;						
563	(iii) shelter;						
564	(iv) means of transportation;						
565	(v) fuels;						
566	(vi) oils; or						
567	(vii) buildings or lands.						
568	(b) The governor may not purchase private home storage nor privately owned arms.						
569	(2) (a) The governor may use property purchased under authority of this section for any						
570	purpose to meet the needs of an emergency, including its use to relieve want, distress, and						
571	disease.						
572	(b) Any property used by the governor to meet the needs of an emergency is a public						
573	use.						
574	(3) (a) The governor shall compensate the owner of property taken or used under						
575	authority of this section by complying with the procedures established in Title 78, Chapter 34,						
576	Eminent Domain.						
577	(b) The governor shall pay for those purchases or leases from the funds available to the						
578	Division of Emergency Services and Homeland Security under:						
579	(i) this chapter: or						
580	(ii) Title 53, Chapter 2, Part 4, Disaster Recovery Funding Act, to the extent provided						
581	for in that chapter.						
582	(4) Nothing in this section applies to or authorizes compensation for the destruction or						
583	damage of standing timber or other property in order to provide a fire break or to the release of						
584	waters or the breach of impoundments in order to reduce pressure or other danger from actual						
585	or threatened flood.						
586	Section 14. Section 63-38-2.7 is enacted to read:						
587	63-38-2.7. Deposits related to the Disaster Recovery Funding Act.						

588	Beginning with the fiscal year ending June 30, 2007, at the end of each fiscal year and						
589	after the transfer of surplus General Fund revenues has been made to the General Fund Budget						
590	Reserve Account as provided in Section 63-38-2.5, the Division of Finance shall:						
591	(1) determine the amount to be deposited into the State Disaster Recovery Reserve						
592	created in Title 53, Chapter 2, Part, 4, Disaster Recovery Funding Act, by:						
593	(a) determining the amount of surplus General Fund revenues after the transfer to the						
594	General Fund Budget Reserve Account under Section 63-38-2.5 that is unrestricted and						
595	undesignated;						
596	(b) calculating an amount equal to the lesser of:						
597	(i) 25% of the amount determined under Subsection (1)(a); or						
598	(ii) 6% of the total of the General Fund appropriation amount and the Uniform School						
599	Fund appropriation amount for the fiscal year in which the surplus occurs;						
600	(c) add to the amount calculated under Subsection (1)(b) an amount equal to the lesser						
601	<u>of:</u>						
602	(i) 25% more of the amount described in Subsection (1)(a); or						
603	(ii) the amount necessary to replace in accordance with this Subsection (1)(c) any						
604	amount appropriated from the State Disaster Recovery Reserve within ten fiscal years before						
605	the fiscal year in which the surplus occurs if:						
606	(A) a surplus exists; and						
607	(B) the Legislature appropriates money from the State Disaster Recovery Reserve that						
608	is not replaced by appropriation or as provided in this Subsection (1)(c); and						
609	(d) dividing the amount calculated under Subsection (1)(c) between the funds of the						
610	State Disaster Recovery Reserve as follows:						
611	(i) 50% to the State Disaster Recovery Restricted Account; and						
612	(ii) 50% to the Local Government Disaster Revolving Loan Fund; and						
613	(2) deposit the amounts calculated under Subsection (1).						
614	Section 15. Section 63-38c-103 is amended to read:						
615	63-38c-103. Definitions.						
616	As used in this chapter:						
617	(1) (a) "Appropriations" means actual unrestricted capital and operating appropriations						
618	from unrestricted General Fund sources and from non-Uniform School Fund income tax						

619	revenues as presented in the governor's executive budgets.					
620	(b) ["Appropriation"] "Appropriations" includes appropriations that are contingent					
621	upon available surpluses in the General Fund.					
622	(c) "Appropriations" does not mean:					
623	(i) debt service expenditures;					
624	(ii) emergency expenditures;					
625	(iii) expenditures from all other fund or subfund sources presented in the executive					
626	budgets;					
627	(iv) transfers into, or appropriations made to, the General Fund Budget Reserve					
628	Account established in Section 63-38-2.5;					
629	(v) transfers into, or appropriations made to, the Education Budget Reserve Account					
630	established in Section 63-38-2.6;					
631	(vi) transfers in accordance with Section 63-38-2.7 into, or appropriations made to the					
632	State Disaster Recovery Reserve created in Title 53, Chapter 2, Part 4, Disaster Recovery					
633	Funding Act;					
634	[(vi)] (vii) monies appropriated to fund the total one-time project costs for the					
635	construction of capital developments as defined in Section 63A-5-104;					
636	[(viii)] (viii) appropriations made to the Centennial Highway Fund Restricted Account					
637	created by Section 72-2-118; or					
638	[(viii)] (ix) appropriations made to the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 created					
639	by Section 72-2-124.					
640	(2) "Base year real per capita appropriations" means the result obtained for the state by					
641	dividing the fiscal year 1985 actual appropriations of the state less debt monies by:					
642	(a) the state's July 1, 1983 population; and					
643	(b) the fiscal year 1983 inflation index divided by 100.					
644	(3) "Calendar year" means the time period beginning on January 1 of any given year					
645	and ending on December 31 of the same year.					
646	(4) "Fiscal emergency" means an extraordinary occurrence requiring immediate					
647	expenditures and includes the settlement under Chapter 4, Laws of Utah 1988, Fourth Special					
648	Session.					
649	(5) "Fiscal year" means the time period beginning on July 1 of any given year and					

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ending on June 30 of the subsequent year.

- (6) "Fiscal year 1985 actual base year appropriations" means fiscal year 1985 actual
 capital and operations appropriations from General Fund and non-Uniform School Fund
 income tax revenue sources, less debt monies.
- (7) "Inflation index" means the change in the general price level of goods and services
 as measured by the Gross National Product Implicit Price Deflator of the Bureau of Economic
 Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce calculated as provided in Section 63-38c-202.
- 657 (8) (a) "Maximum allowable appropriations limit" means the appropriations that could
 658 be, or could have been, spent in any given year under the limitations of this chapter.
- (b) "Maximum allowable appropriations limit" does not mean actual appropriationsspent or actual expenditures.
- 661 (9) "Most recent fiscal year's inflation index" means the fiscal year inflation index two
 662 fiscal years previous to the fiscal year for which the maximum allowable inflation and
 663 population appropriations limit is being computed under this chapter.
- (10) "Most recent fiscal year's population" means the fiscal year population two fiscal
 years previous to the fiscal year for which the maximum allowable inflation and population
 appropriations limit is being computed under this chapter.
- (11) "Population" means the number of residents of the state as of July 1 of each year
 as calculated by the Governor's Office of Planning and Budget according to the procedures and
 requirements of Section 63-38c-202.
- (12) "Revenues" means the revenues of the state from every tax, penalty, receipt, and
 other monetary exaction and interest connected with it that are recorded as unrestricted revenue
 of the General Fund and from non-Uniform School Fund income tax revenues, except as
 specifically exempted by this chapter.
- (13) "Security" means any bond, note, warrant, or other evidence of indebtedness,
 whether or not the bond, note, warrant, or other evidence of indebtedness is or constitutes an
 "indebtedness" within the meaning of any provision of the constitution or laws of this state.
- 677
- Section 16. Section **63-38f-904** is amended to read:
- 678

63-38f-904. Loans, grants, and assistance -- Repayment -- Earned credits.

679 (1) (a) A company that qualifies under Section 63-38f-905 may receive loans, grants,
680 or other financial assistance from the fund for expenses related to establishment, relocation, or

681 development of industry in Utah. (b) A company creating an economic impediment that qualifies under Section 682 683 63-38f-907 may in accordance with this part receive loans, grants, or other financial assistance 684 from the fund for the expenses of the company creating an economic impediment related to: 685 (i) relocation to a rural area in Utah of the company creating an economic impediment; 686 and 687 (ii) the siting of a replacement company. 688 (c) An entity offering an economic opportunity that qualifies under Section 63-38f-908 689 may: 690 (i) receive loans, grants, or other financial assistance from the fund for expenses related 691 to the establishment, relocation, retention, or development of industry in the state; and 692 (ii) include infrastructure or other economic development precursor activities that act 693 as a catalyst and stimulus for economic activity likely to lead to the maintenance or 694 enlargement of the state's tax base. 695 (2) (a) Subject to Subsection (2)(b), the administrator has authority to determine the 696 structure, amount, and nature of any loan, grant, or other financial assistance from the fund. 697 (b) Loans made under Subsection (2)(a) shall be structured so the intended repayment 698 or return to the state, including cash or credit, equals at least the amount of the assistance 699 together with an annual interest charge as negotiated by the administrator. 700 (c) Payments resulting from grants awarded from the fund shall be made only after the 701 administrator has determined that the company has satisfied the conditions upon which the 702 payment or earned credit was based. 703 (3) (a) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), the administrator may provide for a 704 system of earned credits that may be used to support grant payments or in lieu of cash 705 repayment of a fund loan obligation. 706 (ii) The value of the credits described in Subsection (3)(a)(i) shall be based on factors determined by the administrator, including: 707 708 (A) the number of Utah jobs created; 709 (B) the increased economic activity in Utah; or 710 (C) other events and activities that occur as a result of the fund assistance. 711 (b) (i) The administrator shall provide for a system of credits to be used to support

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712	grant payments or in lieu of cash repayment of a fund loan when loans are made to a company
713	creating an economic impediment.
714	(ii) The value of the credits described in Subsection (3)(b)(i) shall be based on factors
715	determined by the administrator, including:
716	(A) the number of Utah jobs created;
717	(B) the increased economic activity in Utah; or
718	(C) other events and activities that occur as a result of the fund assistance.
719	(4) (a) A cash loan repayment or other cash recovery from a company receiving
720	assistance under this section, including interest, shall be deposited into the fund.
721	(b) The administrator and the Division of Finance shall determine the manner of
722	recognizing and accounting for the earned credits used in lieu of loan repayments or to support
723	grant payments as provided in Subsection (3).
724	(5) (a) At the end of each fiscal year, [after the transfer of surplus General Fund
725	revenues has been made to the General Fund Budget Reserve Account as provided in Section
726	63-38-2.5, any additional] the unrestricted, undesignated General Fund balance after the
727	transfers of surplus of General Fund revenues described in this Subsection (5)(a) shall be
728	earmarked to the Industrial Assistance Fund in an amount equal to any credit that has accrued
729	under this part. The earmark required by this Subsection (5)(a) shall be made after the transfer
730	of surplus General Fund revenues is made:
731	(i) to the General Fund Budget Reserve Account as provided in Section 63-38-2.5; and
732	(ii) beginning with the fiscal year ending June 30, 2007, as provided in Section
733	<u>63-38-2.7.</u>
734	(b) These credit amounts may not be used for purposes of the fund as provided in this
735	part until appropriated by the Legislature.

Legislative Review Note as of 11-16-06 10:08 AM

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

Interim Committee Note as of 12-13-06 3:56 PM

The Business and Labor Interim Committee recommended this bill.

Fiscal Note

H.B. 46 - Disaster Recovery Funding

2007 General Session

State of Utah

State Impact

Local government repayments of state loans for disasters would be deposited in the new State Disaster Recovery Restricted Account. Any repayments of outstanding loans would go to the new fund instead of the Budgetary Reserve Account (Rainy Day Fund). There is also a potential appropriation from surplus revenues which would be dependent on the undesignated and unrestricted funding available.

	FY 2007 <u>Approp.</u>	FY 2008 <u>Approp.</u>	FY 2009 <u>Approp.</u>	FY 2007		
				Revenue	Revenue	Revenue
General Fund Restricted	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	(\$17 400 000)	\$0
Restricted Funds	\$ 0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$17,400,000	\$0
Total	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0		\$0

Individual, Business and/or Local Impact

To the extent that local governments create local disaster recovery funds they will be allowed to borrow from the State Disaster Relief Fund at reasonable interest rates.

1/15/2007, 5:23:04 PM, Lead Analyst: Wilko, A.

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst