	OPTIONS FOR HEALTH CARE
	2007 GENERAL SESSION
	STATE OF UTAH
	Chief Sponsor: James A. Dunnigan
	Senate Sponsor:
I	LONG TITLE
0	General Description:
	This bill amends the preferred provider contract provisions of the Accident and Health
I	nsurance part of the Insurance Code.
H	Highlighted Provisions:
	This bill:
	 reorganizes the provisions of the statute;
	 allows an insurer to offer different policies of coverage for nonparticipating
p	providers including:
	• a policy that reimburses nonparticipating providers at 75% of the fee schedule
f	or covered services; and
	• other policies that establish other reimbursement and cost sharing as specified in
tl	he insurance contract;
	 permits discrimination between and among classes of health care providers if
с	ertain conditions are met; and
	 makes conforming amendments.
N	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
	None
0	Other Special Clauses:
	None
ι	Jtah Code Sections Affected:



28	AMENDS:
29	31A-22-617, as last amended by Chapter 3, Laws of Utah 2005, First Special Session
30	31A-27-311.5, as last amended by Chapter 252, Laws of Utah 2003
31	
32	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
33	Section 1. Section 31A-22-617 is amended to read:
34	31A-22-617. Preferred provider contract provisions.
35	(1) For purposes of this section, "class of health care provider" means all health care
36	providers licensed and certified by the state within the same professional, trade, occupational,
37	or facility licensure and certification category established pursuant to Titles 26, Utah Health
38	Code and 58, Occupations and Professions.
39	(2) Health insurance policies may provide for insureds to receive services or
40	reimbursement under the policies in accordance with preferred health care provider contracts
41	[as follows:] subject to the provisions of this section.
42	[(1) Subject to restrictions under this section, any]
43	(3) An insurer or third party administrator may enter into contracts with health care
44	providers as defined in Section 78-14-3 under which the health care providers agree to supply
45	services, at prices specified in the contracts, to persons insured by an insurer.
46	[(a) (i) A] (4) An insurer using a health care provider contract [may] permitted by this
47	section shall:
48	(a) in accordance with Subsection (10), pay for the services of health care providers not
49	under contract with the insurer, unless the illnesses or injuries treated by the health care
50	provider are not within the scope of the insurance contract;
51	(b) before the insured consents to the insurance contract, fully disclose to the insured
52	that the insurer has entered into preferred health care provider contracts, and provide sufficient
53	detail on the preferred health care provider contracts to permit the insured to agree to the terms
54	of the insurance contract;
55	(c) provide the insured with at least the following information:
56	(i) a list of the health care providers under contract and if requested, their business
57	locations and specialties:
58	(ii) a description of the insured benefits, including any deductibles, coinsurance, or

59	other copayments;
60	(iii) a description of the quality assurance program required under Subsection (4)(c);
61	and
62	(iv) a description of the adverse benefit determination procedures required under
63	Subsection (4)(e);
64	(d) maintain a quality assurance program for assuring that the care provided by the
65	health care providers under contract meets prevailing standards in the state;
66	(e) in accordance with Subsection (7), provide a reasonable procedure for resolving
67	complaints and adverse benefit determinations; and
68	(f) if an insurer permits another entity with which it does not share common ownership
69	or control to use or otherwise lease one or more of the organization's networks of participating
70	providers, ensure, at a minimum, that the entity pays participating providers in accordance with
71	the same fee schedule and general payment policies as the organization would for that network.
72	(5) An insurer using a health care provider contract permitted by this section may:
73	(a) require the health care provider to accept the specified payment as payment in full,
74	relinquishing the right to collect additional amounts from the insured person[-];
75	(b) make direct payment to an insured when reimbursing for services of health care
76	providers not under contract;
77	(c) impose a deductible on coverage of health care providers not under contract; and
78	(d) reward the insured for selection of preferred health care providers by:
79	(i) reducing premium rates;
80	(ii) reducing deductibles;
81	(iii) reducing coinsurance;
82	(iv) reducing other copayments; or
83	(v) any other reasonable manner.
84	(6) An insurer using a health care provider contract permitted by this section may not:
85	(a) penalize a provider solely for pursuing a claims dispute under the provisions of this
86	section, or otherwise demanding payment for sums believed owing; and
87	(b) contract with a health care provider for treatment of illness or injury unless the
88	health care provider is licensed to perform that treatment.
80	$[\frac{1}{1}]$ (7) (2) In any dispute involving a provider's claim for reimburgement, the same

89 [(iii)] (7) (a) In any dispute involving a provider's claim for reimbursement, the same

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90	shall be determined in accordance with applicable law, the provider contract, the subscriber
91	contract, and the insurer's written payment policies in effect at the time services were rendered.
92	[(iii)] (b) (i) If the parties are unable to resolve their dispute, the matter shall be subject
93	to binding arbitration by a jointly selected arbitrator. Each party is to bear its own expense
94	except the cost of the jointly selected arbitrator shall be equally shared.
95	(ii) [This] Subsection [(1)(a)(iii)] (7)(b)(i) does not apply to the claim of a general
96	acute hospital to the extent it is inconsistent with the hospital's provider agreement.
97	[(iv) An organization may not penalize a provider solely for pursuing a claims dispute
98	or otherwise demanding payment for a sum believed owing.]
99	[(v) If an insurer permits another entity with which it does not share common
100	ownership or control to use or otherwise lease one or more of the organization's networks of
101	participating providers, the organization shall ensure, at a minimum, that the entity pays
102	participating providers in accordance with the same fee schedule and general payment policies
103	as the organization would for that network.]
104	[(b) The insurance contract may reward the insured for selection of preferred health
105	care providers by:]
106	[(i) reducing premium rates;]
107	[(ii) reducing deductibles;]
108	[(iii) coinsurance;]
109	[(iv) other copayments; or]
110	[(v) any other reasonable manner.]
111	[(c) If the insurer is a managed care organization, as defined in Subsection
112	31A-27-311.5(1)(f):]
113	(8) In the event the managed care organization becomes insolvent:
114	[(i)] (a) the insurance contract and the health care provider contract shall provide that
115	[in the event the managed care organization becomes insolvent,] the rehabilitator or liquidator
116	may:
117	[(A)] (i) require the health care provider to continue to provide health care services
118	under the contract until the earlier of:
119	[(f)] (A) 90 days after the date of the filing of a petition for rehabilitation or the petition
120	for liquidation; or

121	[(H)] (B) the date the term of the contract ends; and
122	[(B)] (ii) subject to Subsection $[(1)(c)(v)]$ (8)(d)(i), reduce the fees the provider is
123	otherwise entitled to receive from the managed care organization during the time period
124	described in Subsection [(1)(c)(i)(A)] (8)(a)(i);
125	[(ii)] <u>(b)</u> the provider:
126	(i) is required to:
127	(A) accept the reduced payment under Subsection $[(1)(c)(i)(B)] (8)(a)(ii)$ as payment in
128	full; and
129	(B) relinquish the right to collect additional amounts from the insolvent managed care
130	organization's enrollee, as defined in Subsection 31A-27-311.5(1)(b); and
131	[(iii)] (ii) may not, if the contract between the health care provider and the managed
132	care organization has not been reduced to writing, or the contract fails to contain the language
133	required by Subsection $[(1)(c)(i)]$ (8)(a), the provider may not collect or attempt to collect from
134	the enrollee:
135	(A) sums owed by the insolvent managed care organization; or
136	(B) the amount of the regular fee reduction authorized under Subsection $[(1)(c)(i)(B)]$
137	<u>(8)(a)(ii);</u>
138	[(iv)] (c) the following may not bill or maintain any action at law against an enrollee to
139	collect sums owed by the insolvent managed care organization or the amount of the regular fee
140	reduction authorized under Subsection [(1)(c)(i)(B)] (8)(a)(ii):
141	[(A)] (i) a provider;
142	[(B)] (ii) an agent;
143	$\left[\frac{(C)}{(iii)}\right]$ a trustee; or
144	[(D)] (iv) an assignee of a person described in Subsections $[(1)(c)(iv)(A)$ through (C);
145	(8)(c)(i) through (iv); and
146	[(v)] (d) notwithstanding Subsection $[(1)(c)(i)]$ (8)(a):
147	[(A)] (i) a rehabilitator or liquidator may not reduce a fee by less than 75% of the
148	provider's regular fee set forth in the contract; and
149	[(B)] (ii) the enrollee shall continue to pay the copayments, deductibles, and other
150	payments for services received from the provider that the enrollee was required to pay before
151	the filing of:

152	[(H)] (A) a petition for rehabilitation; or
153	[(II)] (B) a petition for liquidation.
154	[(2) (a) Subject to Subsections (2)(b) through (2)(f), an insurer using preferred health
155	care provider contracts shall pay for the services of health care providers not under the contract,
156	unless the illnesses or injuries treated by the health care provider are not within the scope of the
157	insurance contract. As used in this section, "class of health care providers" means all health
158	care providers licensed or licensed and certified by the state within the same professional,
159	trade, occupational, or facility licensure or licensure and certification category established
160	pursuant to Titles 26, Utah Health Code and 58, Occupations and Professions.]
161	[(b) When the insured receives services from a health care provider not under contract,
162	the insurer shall reimburse the insured for at least 75% of the average amount paid by the
163	insurer for comparable services of preferred health care providers who are members of the
164	same class of health care providers. The commissioner may adopt a rule dealing with the
165	determination of what constitutes 75% of the average amount paid by the insurer for
166	comparable services of preferred health care providers who are members of the same class of
167	health care providers.]
168	[(c) When reimbursing for services of health care providers not under contract, the
169	insurer may make direct payment to the insured.]
170	[(d) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(b), an insurer using preferred health care provider
171	contracts may impose a deductible on coverage of health care providers not under contract.]
172	[(e) When selecting health care providers with whom to contract under Subsection (1),
173	an insurer may not unfairly discriminate between classes of health care providers, but may
174	discriminate within a class of health care providers, subject to Subsection (7).]
175	[(f) For purposes of this section, unfair discrimination between classes of health care
176	providers shall include:]
177	[(i) refusal to contract with class members in reasonable proportion to the number of
178	insureds covered by the insurer and the expected demand for services from class members;
179	and]
180	[(ii) refusal to cover procedures for one class of providers that are:]
181	[(A) commonly utilized by members of the class of health care providers for the
182	treatment of illnesses, injuries, or conditions;]

183	[(B) otherwise covered by the insurer; and]
184	[(C) within the scope of practice of the class of health care providers.]
185	[(3) Before the insured consents to the insurance contract, the insurer shall fully
186	disclose to the insured that it has entered into preferred health care provider contracts. The
187	insurer shall provide sufficient detail on the preferred health care provider contracts to permit
188	the insured to agree to the terms of the insurance contract. The insurer shall provide at least the
189	following information:]
190	[(a) a list of the health care providers under contract and if requested their business
191	locations and specialties;]
192	[(b) a description of the insured benefits, including any deductibles, coinsurance, or
193	other copayments;]
194	[(c) a description of the quality assurance program required under Subsection (4); and]
195	[(d) a description of the adverse benefit determination procedures required under
196	Subsection (5).]
197	[(4) (a) An insurer using preferred health care provider contracts shall maintain a
198	quality assurance program for assuring that the care provided by the health care providers under
199	contract meets prevailing standards in the state.]
200	[(b) The commissioner in consultation with the executive director of the Department of
201	Health may designate qualified persons to perform an audit of the quality assurance program.
202	The auditors shall have full access to all records of the organization and its health care
203	providers, including medical records of individual patients.]
204	[(c) The information contained in the medical records of individual patients shall
205	remain confidential. All information, interviews, reports, statements, memoranda, or other data
206	furnished for purposes of the audit and any findings or conclusions of the auditors are
207	privileged. The information is not subject to discovery, use, or receipt in evidence in any legal
208	proceeding except hearings before the commissioner concerning alleged violations of this
209	section.]
210	[(5) An insurer using preferred health care provider contracts shall provide a
211	reasonable procedure for resolving complaints and adverse benefit determinations initiated by
212	the insureds and health care providers.]
213	[(6) An insurer may not contract with a health care provider for treatment of illness or

214	injury unless the health care provider is licensed to perform that treatment.]
215	[(7) (a) A health care provider or insurer may not discriminate against a preferred
216	health care provider for agreeing to a contract under Subsection (1).]
217	[(b)] (9) (a) Any health care provider licensed to treat any illness or injury within the
218	scope of the health care provider's practice, who is willing and able to meet the terms and
219	conditions established by the insurer under Section 31A-22-617.1 for designation as a preferred
220	health care provider, shall be able to apply for and receive the designation as a preferred health
221	care provider. [Contract terms and conditions may include reasonable limitations on the
222	number of designated preferred health care providers based upon substantial objective and
223	economic grounds, or expected use of particular services based upon prior provider-patient
224	profiles.]
225	[(8)] (b) Upon the written request of a provider excluded from a provider contract, the
226	commissioner may hold a hearing to determine if the insurer's exclusion of the provider is
227	based on the criteria set forth in Subsection $\left[\frac{(7)(b)}{(9)(a)}\right]$.
228	(10) (a) An insurer using preferred health care provider contracts shall offer the
229	coverage for services of health care providers not under contract that is required by this section.
230	(b) An insurer shall offer at least one policy that provides:
231	(i) when the insured receives services from a health care provider not under contract,
232	the insurer shall reimburse the insured for at least 75% of the average amount paid by the
233	insurer for comparable services of preferred health care providers who are members of the
234	same class of health care providers;
235	(ii) when reimbursing for the services of a health care provider not under contract with
236	the insurer, the insurer may:
237	(A) make payments directly to the insured; and
238	(B) impose a deductible on coverage of health care providers not under contract; and
239	(iii) notwithstanding the provisions of Section 31A-22-618, when selecting health care
240	providers with whom to contract with, an insurer may discriminate within and between a class
241	of health care providers subject to Subsection (9).
242	(c) An insurer may offer policies that provide that when an insured receives services
243	from a health care provider not under contract, the insurer:
244	(i) will reimburse the insured in an amount or percentage specified in the contract,

245	however, that percentage may not be less than 50% of the average amount paid by the insurer
246	for comparable services of preferred health care providers who are members of the same class
247	of health care providers;
248	(ii) may impose deductibles, copayments, coinsurance, or other out-of-pocket expenses
249	as specified in the contract;
250	(iii) when reimbursing for services, will make payment to the insured or the health care
251	provider as specified in the contract; and
252	(iv) may select providers in accordance with Subsection (10)(b)(iii).
253	(11) (a) The commissioner in consultation with the executive director of the
254	Department of Health may designate qualified persons to perform an audit of the quality
255	assurance program of an insurer under this part. The auditors shall have full access to all
256	records of the organization and its health care providers, including medical records of
257	individual patients.
258	(b) The information contained in the medical records of individual patients shall
259	remain confidential. All information, interviews, reports, statements, memoranda, or other data
260	furnished for purposes of the audit and any findings or conclusions of the auditors are
261	privileged. The information is not subject to discovery, use, or receipt in evidence in any legal
262	proceeding except hearings before the commissioner concerning alleged violations of this
263	section.
264	[(9)] (12) Insurers are subject to the provisions of [Sections]:
265	(a) Section 31A-22-613.5[,];
266	(b) Section 31A-22-614.5[;]; and
267	(c) except as provided in Subsection (10), Section 31A-22-618.
268	[(10) Nothing in this section is to be construed as to require an insurer to offer a certain
269	benefit or service as part of a health benefit plan.]
270	[(11) This section does not apply to catastrophic mental health coverage provided in
271	accordance with Section 31A-22-625.]
272	Section 2. Section 31A-27-311.5 is amended to read:
273	31A-27-311.5. Continuance of coverage Health maintenance organizations.
274	(1) As used in this section:
275	(a) "basic health care services" is as defined in Section 31A-8-101;

276	(b) "enrollee" is as defined in Section 31A-8-101;
277	(c) "health care" is as defined in Section 31A-1-301;
278	(d) "health maintenance organization" is as defined in Section 31A-8-101;
279	(e) "limited health plan" is as defined in Section 31A-8-101;
280	(f) (i) "managed care organization" means any entity licensed by, or holding a
281	certificate of authority from, the department to furnish health care services or health insurance;
282	(ii) "managed care organization" includes:
283	(A) a limited health plan;
284	(B) a health maintenance organization;
285	(C) a preferred provider organization;
286	(D) a fraternal benefit society; or
287	(E) any entity similar to an entity described in Subsections (1)(f)(ii)(A) through (D);
288	(iii) "managed care organization" does not include:
289	(A) an insurer or other person that is eligible for membership in a guaranty association
290	under Chapter 28, Guaranty Associations;
291	(B) a mandatory state pooling plan;
292	(C) a mutual assessment company or any entity that operates on an assessment basis; or
293	(D) any entity similar to an entity described in Subsections (1)(f)(iii)(A) through (C);
294	(g) "participating provider" means a provider who, under a contract with a managed
295	care organization authorized under Section 31A-8-407, agrees to provide health care services to
296	enrollees with an expectation of receiving payment, directly or indirectly, from the managed
297	care organization, other than copayment;
298	(h) "participating provider contract" means the agreement between a participating
299	provider and a managed care organization authorized under Section 31A-8-407;
300	(i) "preferred provider" means a provider who agrees to provide health care services
301	under an agreement authorized under Subsection 31A-22-617[(1)](3);
302	(j) "preferred provider contract" means the written agreement between a preferred
303	provider and a managed care organization authorized under Subsection 31A-22-617[(1)](3);
304	(k) (i) except as provided in Subsection (1)(k)(ii), "preferred provider organization"
305	means any person that:
306	(A) furnishes at a minimum, through preferred providers, basic health care services to

307	an enrollee in return for prepaid periodic payments in an amount agreed to prior to the time
308	during which the health care may be furnished;
309	(B) is obligated to the enrollee to arrange for the services described in Subsection
310	(1)(k)(i)(A); and
311	(C) permits the enrollee to obtain health care services from providers who are not
312	preferred providers; and
313	(ii) "preferred provider organization" does not include:
314	(A) an insurer licensed under Chapter 7, Nonprofit Health Service Insurance
315	Corporations; or
316	(B) an individual who contracts to render professional or personal services that the
317	individual performs;
318	(1) "provider" is as defined in Section 31A-8-101; and
319	(m) "uncovered expenditure" means the costs of health care services that are covered
320	by an organization for which an enrollee is liable in the event of the managed care
321	organization's insolvency.
322	(2) The rehabilitator or liquidator may take one or more of the actions described in
323	Subsections (2)(a) through (f) to assure continuation of health care coverage for enrollees of an
324	insolvent managed care organization.
325	(a) (i) Subject to Subsection (2)(a)(ii), a rehabilitator or liquidator may require a
326	participating provider and preferred provider of health care services to continue to provide the
327	health care services the provider is required to provide under the provider's participating
328	provider contract or preferred provider contract until the earlier of:
329	(A) 90 days after the date of the filing of:
330	(I) a petition for rehabilitation; or
331	(II) a petition for liquidation; or
332	(B) the date the term of the contract ends.
333	(ii) A requirement by the rehabilitator or liquidator under Subsection (2)(a)(i) that a
334	participating provider or preferred provider continue to provide health care services under a
335	provider's participating provider contract or preferred providers contract expires when health
336	care coverage for all enrollees of the insolvent managed care organization is obtained from
337	another managed care organization or insurer.

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- (b) (i) Subject to Subsection (2)(b)(ii), a rehabilitator or liquidator may reduce the fees
 a participating provider or preferred provider is otherwise entitled to receive from the managed
 care organization under its participating provider contract or preferred provider contract during
 the time period in Subsection (2)(a)(i).
- (ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(b)(i) a rehabilitator or liquidator may not reduce a
 fee to less than 75% of the regular fee set forth in the respective participating provider contract
 or preferred provider contract.
- (iii) An enrollee shall continue to pay the same copayments, deductibles, and other
 payments for services received from the participating provider or preferred provider that the
 enrollee was required to pay before the date of filing of:
- 348 (A) the petition for rehabilitation; or
- 349 (B) the petition for liquidation.
- 350 (c) (i) A participating provider or preferred provider shall:
- (A) accept the amounts specified in Subsection (2)(b) as payment in full; and
- 352 (B) relinquish the right to collect additional amounts from the insolvent managed care353 organization's enrollee.
- 354 (ii) Subsections (2)(b) and (2)(c)(i) shall apply to the fees paid to a provider who agrees
 355 to provide health care services to an enrollee but is not a preferred or participating provider.
- 356 (d) If the managed care organization is a health maintenance organization, Subsections
 357 (2)(d)(i) through (vi) apply.
- (i) Subject to Subsections (2)(d)(ii), (iii), and (v), upon notification from and subject to
 the direction of the rehabilitator or liquidator of a health maintenance organization licensed
 under Chapter 8, Health Maintenance Organizations and Limited Health Plans, a solvent health
 maintenance organization licensed under Chapter 8, Health Maintenance Organizations and
 Limited Health Plans, and operating within a portion of the insolvent health maintenance
 organization's service area shall extend to the enrollees all rights, privileges, and obligations of
 being an enrollee in the accepting health maintenance organization.
- 365 (ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(d)(i), the accepting health maintenance
 366 organization shall give credit to an enrollee for any waiting period already satisfied under the
 367 provisions of the enrollee's contract with the insolvent health maintenance organization.
 368 (iii) A health maintenance organization accepting an enrollee of an insolvent health

369 maintenance organization under Subsection (2)(d)(i) shall charge the enrollee the premiums 370 applicable to the existing business of the accepting health maintenance organization. 371 (iv) A health maintenance organization's obligation to accept an enrollee under 372 Subsection (2)(d)(i) is limited in number to the accepting health maintenance organization's pro 373 rata share of all health maintenance organization enrollees in this state, as determined after 374 excluding the enrollees of the insolvent insurer. 375 (v) (A) The rehabilitator or liquidator of an insolvent health maintenance organization 376 shall take those measures that are possible to ensure that no health maintenance organization is 377 required to accept more than its pro rata share of the adverse risk represented by the enrollees 378 of the insolvent health maintenance organization. 379 (B) If the methodology used by the rehabilitator or liquidator to assign an enrollee is 380 one that can be expected to produce a reasonably equitable distribution of adverse risk, that 381 methodology and its results are acceptable under this Subsection (2)(d)(v). 382 (vi) (A) Notwithstanding Section 31A-27-311, the rehabilitator or liquidator may 383 require all solvent health maintenance organizations to pay for the covered claims incurred by 384 the enrollees of the insolvent health maintenance organization. 385 (B) As determined by the rehabilitator or liquidator, payments required under this 386 Subsection (2)(d)(vi) may: 387 (I) begin as of the filing of the petition for rehabilitation or the petition for liquidation; 388 and 389 (II) continue for a maximum period through the time all enrollees are assigned pursuant 390 to this section. 391 (C) If the rehabilitator or liquidator makes an assessment under this Subsection 392 (2)(d)(vi), the rehabilitator or liquidator shall assess each solvent health maintenance 393 organization its pro rata share of the total assessment based upon its premiums from the 394 previous calendar year. 395 (D) (I) A solvent health maintenance organization required to pay for covered claims under this Subsection (2)(d)(vi) shall be entitled to file a claim against the estate of the 396 397 insolvent health maintenance organization. 398 (II) Any claim described in Subsection (2)(d)(vi)(D)(I), if allowed by the rehabilitator 399 or liquidator, shall share in any distributions from the estate of the insolvent health

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400 maintenance organization as a Class 3 claim.

401 (e) (i) A rehabilitator or liquidator may transfer, through sale, or otherwise, the group
402 and individual health care obligations of the insolvent managed care organization to other
403 managed care organizations or other insurers, if those other managed care organizations and
404 other insurers are licensed or have a certificate of authority to provide the same health care
405 services in this state that is held by the insolvent managed care organization.

406 (ii) The rehabilitator or liquidator may combine group and individual health care
407 obligations of the insolvent managed care organization in any manner the rehabilitator or
408 liquidator considers best to provide for continuous health care coverage for the maximum
409 number of enrollees of the insolvent managed care organization.

(iii) If the terms of a proposed transfer of the same combination of group and
individual policy obligations to more than one other managed care organization or insurer are
otherwise equal, the rehabilitator or liquidator shall give preference to the transfer of the group
and individual policy obligations of an insolvent managed care organization as follows:

414 (A) from one category of managed care organization to another managed care415 organization of the same category, as follows:

416 (I) [from] a limited health plan to a limited health plan;

417 (II) [from] a health maintenance organization to a health maintenance organization;

418 (III) [from] a preferred provider organization to a preferred provider organization;

419 (IV) [from] a fraternal benefit society to a fraternal benefit society; and

420 (V) [from] any entity similar to any of the above to a category that is similar;

421 (B) from one category of managed care organization to another managed care
422 organization, regardless of the category of the transferee managed care organization; and
423 (C) from a managed care organization to a nonmanaged care provider of health care

424 coverage, including insurers.

425 (f) If an insolvent managed care organization has required surplus, a rehabilitator or
426 liquidator may use the insolvent managed care organization's required surplus to continue to
427 provide coverage for the insolvent managed care organization's enrollees, including paying
428 uncovered expenditures.

Legislative Review Note as of 1-17-07 6:42 AM

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

Fiscal Note

H.B. 163 - Options for Health Care

2007 General Session State of Utah

State Impact

Enactment of this bill will not require additional appropriations.

Individual, Business and/or Local Impact

Enactment of this bill likely will not result in direct, measurable costs and/or benefits for individuals, businesses, or local governments.

2/5/2007, 8:30:36 AM, Lead Analyst: Eckersley, S.

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst