CHILD WELFARE AMENDMENTS
2007 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Merlynn T. Newbold
Senate Sponsor: Allen M. Christensen
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill amends the Utah Human Services Code and the Judicial Code in order to
comply with federal requirements, including those contained in The Adam Walsh Child
Protection and Safety Act of 2006 and the Safe and Timely Interstate Placement of
Foster Care Children Act of 2006, and to make corrections to certain child welfare
provisions.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
 amends the background check procedures of the Office of Licensing, within the
Department of Human Services, as they relate to background checks conducted for
the purpose of licensing a prospective foster home or approving a prospective
adoptive placement of a child in state custody;
requires that before a prospective foster home is licensed, and before a child in state
custody is placed with a prospective foster parent or a prospective adoptive parent,
the Department of Human Services shall check the child abuse and neglect registry
of each state where the prospective foster parent, prospective adoptive parent, or an
adult residing in the home of the prospective foster parent or prospective adoptive
parent, resided during the five years immediately preceding placement of the child;

• permits the information within the Management Information System, maintained by

the Division of Child and Family Services, within the Department of Human



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28	Services, to be disclosed for the purpose of:
29	 complying with an abuse and neglect registry check requested by another state;
30	and
31	• complying with the federal requirements for maintaining an electronic national
32	registry of substantiated cases of child abuse and neglect;
33	 provides for the recognition within Utah of home studies conducted outside of the
34	state of Utah;
35	 amends the background check procedures for direct service workers when a child in
36	the legal custody of the Department of Human Services, or a division of the
37	department, is placed with the direct service worker;
38	 requires a court to consider appropriate in-state and out-of-state placements for a
39	child who is removed from the custody of the child's parents;
40	 describes the entitlement or right of a child and others to be given notice of, to be
41	present at, and to be heard at, each hearing and proceeding in an abuse, neglect, or
42	dependency case;
43	 amends background check requirements for preplacement adoptive evaluations; and
44	makes technical changes.
45	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
46	None
47	Other Special Clauses:
48	None
49	Utah Code Sections Affected:
50	AMENDS:
51	62A-2-120, as last amended by Chapters 57 and 77, Laws of Utah 2006
52	62A-2-121, as last amended by Chapter 77, Laws of Utah 2006
53	62A-4a-1003, as renumbered and amended by Chapter 77, Laws of Utah 2006
54	62A-5-103.5, as last amended by Chapter 77, Laws of Utah 2006
55	78-3a-307.1, as last amended by Chapter 329, Laws of Utah 1997
56	78-3a-312 , as last amended by Chapter 286, Laws of Utah 2005
57	78-3a-314, as last amended by Chapter 120, Laws of Utah 2001
58	78-30-3.5 , as last amended by Chapters 121 and 122. Laws of Utah 2004

78-30-3.6 , as enacted by Chapter 101, Laws of Utah 2001
ENACTS:
62A-4a-710 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 62A-2-120 is amended to read:
62A-2-120. Criminal background checks Direct access to children or
vulnerable adults.
(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (7), an applicant for an initial license or a
license renewal under this chapter shall submit to the office the names and other identifying
information, which may include fingerprints, of all persons associated with the licensee, as
defined in Section 62A-2-101, with direct access to children or vulnerable adults.
(b) The Criminal Investigations and Technical Services Division of the Department of
Public Safety, or the office as authorized under Section 53-10-108, shall process the
information described in Subsection (1)(a) to determine whether the individual has been
convicted of any crime.
(c) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(d), if an individual has not continuously lived
in Utah for the five years immediately preceding the day on which the information referred to
in Subsection (1)(a) is submitted to the office, the individual shall submit fingerprints for a FBI
national criminal history record check. The fingerprints shall be submitted to the FBI through
the Criminal Investigations and Technical Services Division.
(d) An individual is not required to comply with Subsection (1)(c) if:
(i) the individual continuously lived in Utah for the five years immediately preceding
the day on which the information described in Subsection (1)(a) is submitted to the office,
except for time spent outside of the United States and its territories[-]; and
(ii) the background check of the individual is being conducted for a purpose other than
a purpose described in Subsection (1)(f).
(e) If an applicant described in Subsection (1)(a) spent time outside of the United
States and its territories [at any time] during the five years immediately preceding the day on
which the information described in Subsection (1)(a) is submitted to the office, the office shall

require the applicant to submit documentation establishing whether the applicant was convicted

90 of a crime during the time that the applicant spent outside of the United States and its 91 territories. 92 (f) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Subsection (1), an applicant described 93 in Subsection (1)(a) shall submit fingerprints for an FBI national criminal history records 94 check, through the Criminal Investigations and Technical Services Division, if the background 95 check of the applicant is being conducted for the purpose of: 96 (i) licensing a prospective foster home; or (ii) approving a prospective adoptive placement of a child in state custody. 97 98 (g) In addition to the other requirements of this section, if the background check of an 99 applicant described in Subsection (1)(a) is being conducted for the purpose of licensing a 100 prospective foster home or approving a prospective adoptive placement of a child in state 101 custody, the office shall: 102 (i) check the child abuse and neglect registry in each state where each prospective foster parent or prospective adoptive parent resided in the five years immediately preceding the 103 104 day on which the prospective foster parent or prospective adoptive parent applied to be a foster 105 parent or adoptive parent, to determine whether the prospective foster parent or prospective 106 adoptive parent is listed in the registry as having a substantiated or supported finding of child 107 abuse or neglect; and 108 (ii) check the child abuse and neglect registry in each state where each adult living in 109 the home of the prospective foster parent or prospective adoptive parent described in 110 Subsection (1)(g)(i) resided in the five years immediately preceding the day on which the 111 prospective foster parent or prospective adoptive parent applied to be a foster parent or 112 adoptive parent, to determine whether the adult is listed in the registry as having a substantiated 113 or supported finding of child abuse or neglect. 114 (ff) (h) The office shall make rules, in accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah 115 Administrative Rulemaking Act, to implement the provisions of this Subsection (1). 116 (2) The office shall approve a person for whom identifying information is submitted 117 under Subsection (1) to have direct access to children or vulnerable adults in the licensee 118 program if:

(ii) (A) the only convictions in the person's criminal history record are misdemeanors

(a) (i) the person is found to have no criminal history record; or

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121	or infractions not involving any of the offenses described in Subsection (3); and
122	(B) the date of the last conviction under Subsection (2)(a)(ii)(A) is more than five years
123	before the date of the search;
124	(b) the person is not listed in the statewide database of the Division of Aging and Adult
125	Services created by Section 62A-3-311.1;
126	(c) juvenile court records do not show that a court made a substantiated finding, under
127	Section 78-3a-320, that the person committed a severe type of child abuse or neglect;
128	(d) the person is not listed in the Licensing Information System of the Division of
129	Child and Family Services created by Section 62A-4a-1006; [and]
130	(e) the person has not pled guilty or no contest to a pending charge for any:
131	(i) felony;
132	(ii) misdemeanor listed in Subsection (3); or
133	(iii) infraction listed in Subsection (3)[-]; and
134	(f) for a person described in Subsection (1)(g), the registry check described in
135	Subsection (1)(g) does not indicate that the person is listed in a child abuse and neglect registry
136	of another state as having a substantiated or supported finding of child abuse or neglect.
137	(3) [Unless] Except as provided in Subsection (8), unless at least ten years have passed
138	since the date of conviction, the office may not approve a person to have direct access to
139	children or vulnerable adults in the licensee's human services program if that person has been
140	convicted of an offense, whether a felony, misdemeanor, or infraction, that is:
141	(a) identified as a sexual offense, domestic violence, lewdness, assault, or battery;
142	(b) a violation of any pornography law, including sexual exploitation of a minor;
143	(c) prostitution;
144	(d) included in:
145	(i) Title 76, Chapter 5, Offenses Against the Person;
146	(ii) Title 76, Chapter 5a, Sexual Exploitation of Children; or
147	(iii) Title 76, Chapter 7, Offenses Against the Family; [or]
148	(e) a violation of Section 76-6-103, Aggravated arson;
149	(f) a violation of Section 76-6-203, Aggravated burglary;
150	(g) a violation of Section 76-6-302, Aggravated robbery; or
151	[(e)] (h) a conviction [in: (i) (A) another state, territory, or district of the United States:

152	or (B) a federal court of the United States; and (ii) for an offense committed outside of
153	the state that, if committed in the state, would constitute a violation of an offense described in
154	[Subsection] Subsections (3)(d) through (g).
155	(4) (a) [Hf] Except as provided in Subsection (8), if a person for whom identifying
156	information is submitted under Subsection (1) is not approved by the office under Subsection
157	(2) or (3) to have direct access to children or vulnerable adults in the licensee program, the
158	office shall conduct a comprehensive review of criminal and court records and related
159	circumstances if the reason the approval is not granted is due solely to one or more of the
160	following:
161	(i) a conviction for:
162	(A) any felony not listed in Subsection (3);
163	(B) any misdemeanor or infraction, not listed in Subsection (3), within five years of the
164	date of the search;
165	(C) a protective order or ex parte protective order violation under Section 76-5-108 or
166	a similar statute in another state; or
167	(D) any felony, misdemeanor, or infraction listed in Subsection (3) if at least ten years
168	have passed since the date of conviction;
169	(ii) a plea of guilty or no contest to a pending:
170	(A) felony;
171	(B) misdemeanor [not] listed in Subsection (3); or
172	(C) infraction [not] listed in Subsection (3);
173	(iii) the person is listed in the statewide database of the Division of Aging and Adult
174	Services created by Section 62A-3-311.1;
175	(iv) juvenile court records show that a court made a substantiated finding, under
176	Section 78-3a-320, that the person committed a severe type of child abuse or neglect; [or]
177	(v) the person is listed in the Licensing Information System of the Division of Child
178	and Family Services created by Section 62A-4a-1006[-]; or
179	(vi) the person is listed in a child abuse or neglect registry of another state as having a
180	substantiated or supported finding of child abuse or neglect.
181	(b) The comprehensive review under Subsection (4)(a) shall include an examination of:
182	(i) the date of the offense or incident;

183	(ii) the nature and seriousness of the offense or incident;
184	(iii) the circumstances under which the offense or incident occurred;
185	(iv) the age of the perpetrator when the offense or incident occurred;
186	(v) whether the offense or incident was an isolated or repeated incident;
187	(vi) whether the offense or incident directly relates to abuse of a child or vulnerable
188	adult, including:
189	(A) actual or threatened, nonaccidental physical or mental harm;
190	(B) sexual abuse;
191	(C) sexual exploitation; and
192	(D) negligent treatment;
193	(vii) any evidence provided by the person of rehabilitation, counseling, or psychiatric
194	treatment received, or additional academic or vocational schooling completed, by the person;
195	and
196	(viii) any other pertinent information.
197	(c) At the conclusion of the comprehensive review under Subsection (4)(a), the office
198	shall approve the person who is the subject of the review to have direct access to children or
199	vulnerable adults, unless it finds that approval will likely create a risk of harm to a child or
200	vulnerable adult.
201	(d) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
202	office may make rules, consistent with this chapter, defining procedures for the comprehensive
203	review described in this Subsection (4).
204	(5) (a) For purposes of this Subsection (5), "directly supervised" means that the person
205	being supervised is under the uninterrupted visual and auditory surveillance of the person doing
206	the supervising.
207	(b) A licensee may not permit any person to have direct access to a child or a
208	vulnerable adult unless, subject to Subsection (5)(c), that person is:
209	(i) associated with the licensee and:
210	(A) approved by the office to have direct access to children or vulnerable adults under
211	this section; or
212	(B) (I) the office has not determined whether to approve that person to have direct
213	access to children or vulnerable adults;

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214	(II) the information described in Subsection (1)(a), relating to that person, is submitted
215	to the department; and
216	(III) that person is directly supervised by a person associated with the licensee who is
217	approved by the office to have direct access to children or vulnerable adults under this section;
218	(ii) (A) not associated with the licensee; and
219	(B) directly supervised by a person associated with the licensee who is approved by the
220	office to have direct access to children or vulnerable adults under this section;
221	(iii) the parent or guardian of the child or vulnerable adult; or
222	(iv) a person approved by the parent or guardian of the child or vulnerable adult to
223	have direct access to the child or vulnerable adult.
224	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (5)(b), a person may not have direct access to a child
225	or a vulnerable adult if that person is prohibited by court order from having that access.
226	(6) (a) Within 30 days after receiving the identifying information for a person under
227	Subsection (1), the office shall give written notice to the person and to the licensee or applicant
228	with whom the person is associated of:
229	(i) the office's decision regarding its background screening clearance and findings; and
230	(ii) a list of any convictions found in the search.
231	(b) With the notice described in Subsection (6)(a), the office shall also give to the
232	person the details of any comprehensive review conducted under Subsection (4).
233	(c) If the notice under Subsection (6)(a) states that the person is not approved to have
234	direct access to children or vulnerable adults, the notice shall further advise the persons to
235	whom the notice is given that either the person or the licensee or applicant with whom the
236	person is associated, or both, may, under Subsection 62A-2-111(2), request a hearing in the
237	department's Office of Administrative Hearings, to challenge the office's decision.
238	(d) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
239	office shall make rules, consistent with this chapter:
240	(i) defining procedures for the challenge of its background screening decision
241	described in this Subsection (6); and
242	(ii) expediting the process for renewal of a license under the requirements of this
243	section and other applicable sections.
244	(7) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), this section does not apply to an applicant for

245	an initial license, or license renewal, to operate a substance abuse [treatment] program that
246	provides services to adults only.
247	(8) (a) Notwithstanding Subsections (2) through (4), the office may not approve or
248	license a person as a prospective foster parent or a prospective adoptive parent if the person has
249	been convicted of:
250	(i) a felony involving conduct that constitutes any of the following:
251	(A) child abuse, as described in Section 76-5-109;
252	(B) commission of domestic violence in the presence of a child, as described in Section
253	<u>76-5-109.1;</u>
254	(C) abuse or neglect of a disabled child, as described in Section 76-5-110;
255	(D) endangerment of a child, as described in Section 76-5-112.5;
256	(E) aggravated murder, as described in Section 76-5-202;
257	(F) murder, as described in Section 76-5-203;
258	(G) manslaughter, as described in Section 76-5-205;
259	(H) child abuse homicide, as described in Section 76-5-208;
260	(I) homicide by assault, as described in Section 76-5-209;
261	(J) kidnapping, as described in Section 76-5-301;
262	(K) child kidnapping, as described in Section 76-5-301.1;
263	(L) aggravated kidnapping, as described in Section 76-5-302;
264	(M) an offense described in Title 76, Chapter 5, Part 4, Sexual Offenses;
265	(N) an offense described in Title 76, Chapter 5a, Sexual Exploitation of Children;
266	(O) aggravated arson, as described in Section 76-6-103;
267	(P) aggravated burglary, as described in Section 76-6-203;
268	(Q) aggravated robbery, as described in Section 76-6-302; or
269	(R) domestic violence, as described in Section 77-36-1; or
270	(ii) an offense committed outside the state that, if committed in the state, would
271	constitute a violation of an offense described in Subsection (8)(a)(i).
272	(b) Notwithstanding Subsections (2) through (4), the office may not approve or license
273	a person as a prospective foster parent or a prospective adoptive parent if, within the five years
274	immediately preceding the day on which the person would otherwise be approved or licensed,
275	the person has been convicted of a felony involving conduct that constitutes any of the

276	following:
277	(i) aggravated assault, as described in Section 76-5-103;
278	(ii) aggravated assault by a prisoner, as described in Section 76-5-103.5;
279	(iii) mayhem, as described in Section 76-5-105;
280	(iv) an offense described in Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act;
281	(v) an offense described in Title 58, Chapter 37a, Utah Drug Paraphernalia Act;
282	(vi) an offense described in Title 58, Chapter 37b, Imitation Controlled Substances
283	Act;
284	(vii) an offense described in Title 58, Chapter 37c, Utah Controlled Substance
285	Precursor Act; or
286	(viii) an offense described in Title 58, Chapter 37d, Clandestine Drug Lab Act.
287	Section 2. Section 62A-2-121 is amended to read:
288	62A-2-121. Access to abuse and neglect information.
289	(1) For purposes of this section:
290	(a) "Direct service worker" is as defined in Section 62A-5-101[; and].
291	(b) "Personal care attendant" is as defined in Section 62A-3-101.
292	(2) With respect to a licensee, a certified local inspector applicant, a direct service
293	worker, or a personal care attendant, the department may access only the Licensing Information
294	System of the Division of Child and Family Services created by Section 62A-4a-1006 and
295	juvenile court records under Subsection 78-3a-320(6), for the purpose of:
296	(a) (i) determining whether a person associated with a licensee, with direct access to
297	children:
298	(A) is listed in the Licensing Information System; or
299	(B) has a substantiated finding by a juvenile court of a severe type of child abuse or
300	neglect under Subsections 78-3a-320(1) and (2); and
301	(ii) informing a licensee that a person associated with the licensee:
302	(A) is listed in the Licensing Information System; or
303	(B) has a substantiated finding by a juvenile court of a severe type of child abuse or
304	neglect under Subsections 78-3a-320(1) and (2);
305	(b) (i) determining whether a certified local inspector applicant:
306	(A) is listed in the Licensing Information System; or

307	(B) has a substantiated finding by a juvenile court of a severe type of child abuse or
308	neglect under Subsections 78-3a-320(1) and (2); and
309	(ii) informing a local government that a certified local inspector applicant:
310	(A) is listed in the Licensing Information System; or
311	(B) has a substantiated finding by a juvenile court of a severe type of child abuse or
312	neglect under Subsections 78-3a-320(1) and (2); [or]
313	(c) (i) determining whether a direct service worker:
314	(A) is listed in the Licensing Information System; or
315	(B) has a substantiated finding by a juvenile court of a severe type of child abuse or
316	neglect under Subsections 78-3a-320(1) and (2); and
317	(ii) informing a direct service worker or the direct service worker's employer that the
318	direct service worker:
319	(A) is listed in the Licensing Information System; or
320	(B) has a substantiated finding by a juvenile court of a severe type of child abuse or
321	neglect under Subsections 78-3a-320(1) and (2); or
322	(d) (i) determining whether a personal care attendant:
323	(A) is listed in the Licensing Information System; or
324	(B) has a substantiated finding by a juvenile court of a severe type of child abuse or
325	neglect under Subsections 78-3a-320(1) and (2); and
326	(ii) informing a person described in Subsections 62A-3-101(9)(a)(i) through (iv) that a
327	personal care attendant:
328	(A) is listed in the Licensing Information System; or
329	(B) has a substantiated finding by a juvenile court of a severe type of child abuse or
330	neglect under Subsections 78-3a-320(1) and (2).
331	(3) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the department may access the Division of Child
332	and Family Service's Management Information System under Section 62A-4a-1003:
333	(a) for the purpose of licensing and monitoring foster parents[-]; and
334	(b) for the purposes described in Subsection 62A-4a-1003(1)(d).
335	(4) After receiving identifying information for a person under Subsection
336	62A-2-120(1), the department shall process the information for the purposes described in
337	Subsection (2).

220	(5) The department delled at the second of Title (2) Charter (4) High Administration
338	(5) The department shall adopt rules under Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative
339	Rulemaking Act, consistent with this chapter, defining the circumstances under which a person
340	may have direct access or provide services to children when:
341	(a) the person is listed in the Licensing Information System of the Division of Child
342	and Family Services created by Section 62A-4a-1006; or
343	(b) juvenile court records show that a court made a substantiated finding under Section
344	78-3a-320, that the person committed a severe type of child abuse or neglect.
345	Section 3. Section 62A-4a-710 is enacted to read:
346	62A-4a-710. Interjurisdictional home study report.
347	(1) The State of Utah may request a home study report from another state or an Indian
348	Tribe for purposes of assessing the safety and suitability of placing a child in a home outside of
349	the jurisdiction of the State of Utah.
350	(2) The State of Utah may not impose any restriction on the ability of a state agency
351	administering, or supervising the administration of, a state program operated under a state plan
352	approved under Section 42 U.S.C. 671 to contract with a private agency to conduct a home
353	study report described in Subsection (1).
354	(3) When the State of Utah receives a home study report described in Subsection (1),
355	the home study report shall be considered to meet all requirements imposed by the State of
356	Utah for completion of a home study before a child is placed in a home, unless, within 14 days
357	after the day on which the report is received, the State of Utah determines, based on grounds
358	that are specific to the content of the report, that making a decision in reliance on the report
359	would be contrary to the welfare of the child.
360	Section 4. Section 62A-4a-1003 is amended to read:
361	62A-4a-1003. Management Information System Requirements Contents
362	Purpose Access.
363	(1) (a) The division shall develop and implement a Management Information System
364	that meets the requirements of this section and the requirements of federal law and regulation.
365	(b) The information and records contained in the Management Information System:
366	(i) are protected records under Title 63, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and
367	Management Act; and
368	(ii) except as provided in [Subsection] Subsections (1)(c) and (d), are available only to

369	a person with statutory authorization under Title 63, Chapter 2, Government Records Access
370	and Management Act, to review the information and records described in this Subsection
371	(1)(b).
372	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(b)(ii), the information and records described in
373	Subsection (1)(b)[(ii)] are available to a person:
374	(i) as provided under Subsection (6) or Section 62A-4a-1006; or
375	(ii) who has specific statutory authorization to access the information or records for the
376	purpose of assisting the state with state and federal requirements to maintain information solely
377	for the purpose of protecting minors and providing services to families in need.
378	(d) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(b)(ii), the information and records described in
379	Subsection (1)(b) may, to the extent required by Title IV-B or IV-E of the Social Security Act,
380	be provided by the division:
381	(i) to comply with child abuse and neglect registry checks requested by other states;
382	<u>and</u>
383	(ii) to the United States Department of Health and Human Services for purposes of
384	maintaining an electronic national registry of substantiated cases of child abuse and neglect.
385	(2) With regard to all child welfare cases, the Management Information System shall
386	provide each caseworker and the department's office of licensing, exclusively for the purposes
387	of foster parent licensure and monitoring, with a complete history of each child in that worker's
388	caseload, including:
389	(a) a record of all past action taken by the division with regard to that child and the
390	child's siblings;
391	(b) the complete case history and all reports and information in the control or keeping
392	of the division regarding that child and the child's siblings;
393	(c) the number of times the child has been in the custody of the division;
394	(d) the cumulative period of time the child has been in the custody of the division;
395	(e) a record of all reports of abuse or neglect received by the division with regard to
396	that child's parent, parents, or guardian including:
397	(i) for each report, documentation of the:
398	(A) latest status; or
399	(B) final outcome or determination; and

400	(ii) information that indicates whether each report was found to be:
401	(A) supported;
402	(B) unsupported;
403	(C) substantiated by a juvenile court;
404	(D) unsubstantiated by a juvenile court; or
405	(E) without merit;
406	(f) the number of times the child's parent or parents failed any child and family plan;
407	and
408	(g) the number of different caseworkers who have been assigned to that child in the
409	past.
410	(3) The division's Management Information System shall:
411	(a) contain all key elements of each family's current child and family plan, including:
412	(i) the dates and number of times the plan has been administratively or judicially
413	reviewed;
414	(ii) the number of times the parent or parents have failed that child and family plan;
415	and
416	(iii) the exact length of time the child and family plan has been in effect; and
417	(b) alert caseworkers regarding deadlines for completion of and compliance with
418	policy, including child and family plans.
419	(4) With regard to all child protective services cases, the Management Information
420	System shall:
421	(a) monitor the compliance of each case with:
422	(i) division rule and policy;
423	(ii) state law; and
424	(iii) federal law and regulation; and
425	(b) include the age and date of birth of the alleged perpetrator at the time the abuse or
426	neglect is alleged to have occurred, in order to ensure accuracy regarding the identification of
427	the alleged perpetrator.
428	(5) Except as provided in Subsection (6) regarding contract providers and Section
429	62A-4a-1006 regarding limited access to the Licensing Information System, all information
430	contained in the division's Management Information System is available to the department,

431 upon the approval of the executive director, on a need-to-know basis.

- (6) (a) Subject to this Subsection (6), the division may allow its contract providers, court clerks designated by the Administrative Office of the Courts, and the Office of the Guardian Ad Litem to have limited access to the Management Information System.
- (b) A division contract provider has access only to information about a person who is currently receiving services from that specific contract provider.
- (c) (i) Designated court clerks may only have access to information necessary to comply with Subsection 78-3h-102(2).
 - (ii) The Office of the Guardian Ad Litem may access only the information that:
- (A) relates to children and families where the Office of the Guardian Ad Litem is appointed by a court to represent the interests of the children; and
- (B) except as provided in Subsection (6)(d), is entered into the Management Information System on or after July 1, 2004.
- (d) Notwithstanding Subsection (6)(c)(ii)(B), the Office of the Guardian Ad Litem shall have access to all child abuse and neglect referrals about children and families where the office has been appointed by a court to represent the interests of the children, regardless of the date that the information is entered into the Management Information System.
- (e) Each contract provider and designated representative of the Office of the Guardian Ad Litem who requests access to information contained in the Management Information System shall:
- (i) take all necessary precautions to safeguard the security of the information contained in the Management Information System;
 - (ii) train its employees regarding:
- (A) requirements for protecting the information contained in the Management Information System as required by this chapter and under Title 63, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act; and
- (B) the criminal penalties under Sections 62A-4a-412 and 63-2-801 for improper release of information; and
- (iii) monitor its employees to ensure that they protect the information contained in the Management Information System as required by law.
- (f) The division shall take reasonable precautions to ensure that its contract providers

462	comply with the requirements of this Subsection (6).
463	(7) The division shall take all necessary precautions, including password protection and
464	other appropriate and available technological techniques, to prevent unauthorized access to or
465	release of information contained in the Management Information System.
466	Section 5. Section 62A-5-103.5 is amended to read:
467	62A-5-103.5. Disbursal of public funds Background check of a direct service
468	worker.
469	(1) For purposes of this section:
470	(a) "directly supervised" means that the person being supervised is under the
471	uninterrupted visual and auditory surveillance of the person doing the supervising; and
472	(b) "office" is as defined in Section 62A-2-101.
473	(2) Subject to Subsection (4), public funds may not be disbursed to pay a direct service
474	worker for personal services rendered to a person, unless:
475	(a) subject to Subsection (5), the direct service worker is approved by the office to have
476	direct access and provide services to children or vulnerable adults pursuant to Section
477	62A-2-120;
478	(b) except as provided in Subsection (5):
479	(i) during the time that the direct service worker renders the services described in this
480	Subsection (2), the direct service worker who renders the services is directly supervised by a
481	direct service worker who is approved by the office to have direct access and provide services
482	to children or vulnerable adults pursuant to Section 62A-2-120;
483	(ii) the direct service worker who renders the services described in this Subsection (2)
484	has submitted the information required for a background check pursuant to Section 62A-2-120;
485	and
486	(iii) the office has not determined whether to approve the direct service worker
487	described in Subsection (2)(b)(ii) to have direct access and provide services to children or
488	vulnerable adults; or
489	(c) except as provided in Subsection (5), the direct service worker:
490	(i) (A) is a direct ancestor or descendent of the person to whom the services are

(B) is the aunt, uncle, or sibling of the person to whom the services are rendered; or

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rendered, but is not the person's parent;

493	(C) (I) has submitted the information required for a background check pursuant to
494	Section 62A-2-120; and
495	(II) the office has not determined whether to approve the direct service worker to have
496	direct access and provide services to children or vulnerable adults; and
497	(ii) is not listed in:
498	(A) the Licensing Information System of the Division of Child and Family Services
499	created by Section 62A-4a-1006;
500	(B) the statewide database of the Division of Aging and Adult Services created by
501	Section 62A-3-311.1 as having a substantiated finding of abuse, neglect, or exploitation; or
502	(C) juvenile court records as having a substantiated finding under Section 78-3a-320
503	that the direct service worker committed a severe type of child abuse or neglect.
504	(3) For purposes of Subsection (2), the office shall conduct a background check of a
505	direct service worker:
506	(a) except as provided in Subsection (2)(b) or (c), before public funds are disbursed to
507	pay the direct service worker for the personal services described in Subsection (2); and
508	(b) using the same procedures established for a background check of an applicant for
509	an initial license under Section 62A-2-120.
510	(4) The background check and the approval determination described in this section
511	shall be conducted for a direct service worker on an annual basis.
512	(5) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, a child who is in the legal
513	custody of the department or any of the department's divisions may not be placed with a direct
514	service worker unless, before the child is placed with the direct service worker, the direct
515	service worker passes a background check, pursuant to the requirements of Section 62A-2-120,
516	that includes:
517	(a) submitting the direct service worker's fingerprints for an FBI national criminal
518	history records check, through the Criminal Investigations and Technical Services Division;
519	(b) checking the child abuse and neglect registry in each state where the direct service
520	worker resided in the five years immediately preceding the day on which the direct service
521	worker applied to be a direct service worker; and
522	(c) checking the child abuse and neglect registry in each state where each adult living
523	in the home where the child will be placed resided in the five years immediately preceding the

524 day on which the direct service worker applied to be a direct service worker. 525 Section 6. Section **78-3a-307.1** is amended to read: 78-3a-307.1. Criminal background checks necessary prior to out-of-home 526 527 placement. 528 (1) Upon ordering removal of a child from the custody of [his] the child's parent and 529 placing that child in the custody of the Division of Child and Family Services, [and] prior to 530 the division's placement of that child in out-of-home care, the court shall require the 531 completion of a background check by the Utah Bureau of Criminal Identification regarding the 532 proposed placement. 533 (2) (a) The Division of Child and Family Services and the Office of the Guardian ad 534 Litem Director may request, or the court upon its own motion may order, the Department of 535 Public Safety to conduct a complete Federal Bureau of Investigation criminal background 536 check through the national criminal history system (NCIC). 537 (b) Upon request by the Division of Child and Family Services or the Office of the 538 Guardian ad Litem Director, or upon the court's order, persons subject to the requirements of 539 Subsection (1) shall submit fingerprints and shall be subject to an FBI fingerprint background 540 check. The child may be temporarily placed, pending the outcome of that background check.

(c) The cost of those investigations shall be borne by whoever is to receive placement of the child, except that the Division of Child and Family Services may pay all or part of the cost of those investigations if the person with whom the child is to be placed is unable to pay.

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- (3) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, except as otherwise permitted by federal law or rule, a child who is in the legal custody of the state may not be placed with a prospective foster parent or a prospective adoptive parent, unless, before the child is placed with the prospective foster parent or the prospective adoptive parent:
- (a) a fingerprint based FBI national criminal history records check is conducted on the prospective foster parent or prospective adoptive parent and each adult living in the home of the prospective foster parent or prospective adoptive parent;
- (b) the Department of Human Services conducts a check of the child abuse and neglect registry in each state where the prospective foster parent or prospective adoptive parent resided in the five years immediately preceding the day on which the prospective foster parent or prospective adoptive parent applied to be a foster parent or adoptive parent, to determine

)))	whether the prospective foster parent or prospective adoptive parent is listed in the registry as
556	having a substantiated or supported finding of child abuse or neglect;
557	(c) the Department of Human Services conducts a check of the child abuse and neglect
558	registry of each state where each adult living in the home of the prospective foster parent or
559	prospective adoptive parent described in Subsection (3)(b) resided in the five years
560	immediately preceding the day on which the prospective foster parent or prospective adoptive
561	parent applied to be a foster parent or adoptive parent, to determine whether the adult is listed
562	in the registry as having a substantiated or supported finding of child abuse or neglect; and
563	(d) each person required to undergo a background check described in this Subsection
564	(3) passes the background check, pursuant to the provisions of Section 62A-2-120.
565	Section 7. Section 78-3a-312 is amended to read:
566	78-3a-312. Permanency hearing Final plan Petition for termination of
567	parental rights filed Hearing on termination of parental rights.
568	(1) (a) When reunification services have been ordered in accordance with Section
569	78-3a-311, with regard to a minor who is in the custody of the Division of Child and Family
570	Services, a permanency hearing shall be held by the court no later than 12 months after the
571	original removal of the minor.
572	(b) If reunification services were not ordered at the dispositional hearing, a permanency
573	hearing shall be held within 30 days from the date of the dispositional hearing.
574	(2) (a) If reunification services were ordered by the court in accordance with Section
575	78-3a-311, the court shall, at the permanency hearing, determine, consistent with Subsection
576	(3), whether the minor may safely be returned to the custody of the minor's parent.
577	(b) If the court finds, by a preponderance of the evidence, that return of the minor
578	would create a substantial risk of detriment to the minor's physical or emotional well-being, the
579	minor may not be returned to the custody of the minor's parent.
580	(c) Prima facie evidence that return of the minor to a parent or guardian would create a
581	substantial risk of detriment to the minor is established if the parent or guardian fails to:
582	(i) participate in a court approved child and family plan;
583	(ii) comply with a court approved child and family plan in whole or in part; or
584	(iii) meet the goals of a court approved child and family plan.
585	(3) In making a determination under Subsection (2)(a), the court shall review and

586	consider:					
587	(a) the report prepared by the Division of Child and Family Services;					
588	(b) any admissible evidence offered by the minor's guardian ad litem;					
589	(c) any report prepared by a foster care citizen review board pursuant to Section					
590	78-3g-103;					
591	(d) any evidence regarding the efforts or progress demonstrated by the parent; and					
592	(e) the extent to which the parent cooperated and availed himself of the services					
593	provided.					
594	(4) (a) With regard to a case where reunification services were ordered by the court, if					
595	a minor is not returned to the minor's parent or guardian at the permanency hearing, the court					
596	shall:					
597	(i) order termination of reunification services to the parent;					
598	(ii) make a final determination regarding whether termination of parental rights,					
599	adoption, or permanent custody and guardianship is the most appropriate final plan for the					
600	minor, taking into account the minor's primary permanency goal established by the court					
601	pursuant to Section 78-3a-311; and					
602	(iii) establish a concurrent plan that identifies the second most appropriate final plan					
603	for the minor.					
604	(b) If the Division of Child and Family Services documents to the court that there is a					
605	compelling reason that adoption, reunification, guardianship, and kinship placement are not in					
606	the minor's best interest, the court may order another planned permanent living arrangement, in					
607	accordance with federal law.					
608	(c) If the minor clearly desires contact with the parent, the court shall take the minor's					
609	desire into consideration in determining the final plan.					
610	(d) Consistent with Subsection (4)(e), the court may not extend reunification services					
611	beyond 12 months from the date the minor was initially removed from the minor's home, in					
612	accordance with the provisions of Section 78-3a-311, except that the court may extend					
613	reunification services for no more than 90 days if the court finds that:					
614	(i) there has been substantial compliance with the child and family plan;					
615	(ii) reunification is probable within that 90-day period; and					

(iii) the extension is in the best interest of the minor.

617 (e) (i) In no event may any reunification services extend beyond 15 months from the 618 date the minor was initially removed from the minor's home. 619 (ii) Delay or failure of a parent to establish paternity or seek custody does not provide a basis for the court to extend services for that parent beyond that 12-month period. 620 621 (f) The court may, in its discretion: 622 (i) enter any additional order that it determines to be in the best interest of the minor, 623 so long as that order does not conflict with the requirements and provisions of Subsections 624 (4)(a) through (e); or 625 (ii) order the division to provide protective supervision or other services to a minor and 626 the minor's family after the division's custody of a minor has been terminated. 627 (5) If the final plan for the minor is to proceed toward termination of parental rights, 628 the petition for termination of parental rights shall be filed, and a pretrial held, within 45 629 calendar days after the permanency hearing. 630 (6) (a) Any party to an action may, at any time, petition the court for an expedited 631 permanency hearing on the basis that continuation of reunification efforts are inconsistent with 632 the permanency needs of the minor. 633 (b) If the court so determines, it shall order, in accordance with federal law, that: 634 (i) the minor be placed in accordance with the permanency plan; and 635 (ii) whatever steps are necessary to finalize the permanent placement of the minor be 636 completed as quickly as possible. 637 (7) Nothing in this section may be construed to: 638 (a) entitle any parent to reunification services for any specified period of time; 639 (b) limit a court's ability to terminate reunification services at any time prior to a 640 permanency hearing; or 641 (c) limit or prohibit the filing of a petition for termination of parental rights by any 642 party, or a hearing on termination of parental rights, at any time prior to a permanency hearing. 643 (8) (a) Subject to Subsection (8)(b), if a petition for termination of parental rights is 644 filed prior to the date scheduled for a permanency hearing, the court may consolidate the 645 hearing on termination of parental rights with the permanency hearing.

(b) For purposes of Subsection (8)(a), if the court consolidates the hearing on

termination of parental rights with the permanency hearing:

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648	(i) the court shall first make a finding regarding whether reasonable efforts have been					
649	made by the Division of Child and Family Services to finalize the permanency goal for the					
650	minor; and					
651	(ii) any reunification services shall be terminated in accordance with the time lines					
652	described in Section 78-3a-311.					
653	(c) A decision on a petition for termination of parental rights shall be made within 18					
654	months from the day on which the minor is removed from the minor's home.					
655	(9) If a court determines that a child will not be returned to a parent of the child, the					
656	court shall consider appropriate placement options inside and outside of the state.					
657	Section 8. Section 78-3a-314 is amended to read:					
658	78-3a-314. All proceedings Persons entitled to be present.					
659	(1) A child who is the subject of a juvenile court hearing, any person entitled to notice					
660	pursuant to Section 78-3a-306 or 78-3a-309, preadoptive parents, foster parents, and any					
661	relative providing care for the child, are:					
662	(a) entitled to notice[,] of, and to be present at, each hearing and proceeding held under					
663	this part, including administrative and citizen reviews[-,]; and [are entitled to an opportunity to					
664	be heard.]					
665	[(2) Because the child's foster parents have the right to notice, pursuant to Section					
666	78-3a-309, they have the right to be present at each and every hearing held under this part					
667	including administrative and citizen reviews, and are entitled to an opportunity to be heard.]					
668	(b) have a right to be heard at each hearing and proceeding described in Subsection					
669	(1)(a).					
670	$\left[\frac{3}{2}\right]$ (2) A child shall be represented at each hearing by the guardian ad litem					
671	appointed to [his] the child's case by the court. The child has a right to be present at each					
672	hearing, subject to the discretion of the guardian ad litem or the court regarding any possible					
673	detriment to the child.					
674	[(4)] (a) The parent or guardian of a child who is the subject of a petition under this					
675	part has the right to be represented by counsel, and to present evidence, at each hearing.					
676	(b) When it appears to the court that a parent or guardian of the child desires counsel					
677	but is financially unable to afford and cannot for that reason employ counsel, and the child has					
678	been placed in out-of-home care, or the petitioner is recommending that the child be placed in					

out-of-home care, the court shall appoint counsel.

[(5)] (4) In every abuse, neglect, or dependency proceeding under this chapter, the court shall order that the child be represented by a guardian ad litem, in accordance with Section 78-3a-912. The guardian ad litem shall represent the best interest of the child, in accordance with the requirements of that section, at the shelter hearing and at all subsequent court and administrative proceedings, including any proceeding for termination of parental rights in accordance with Part 4, Termination of Parental Rights Act.

- [(6)] (5) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, counsel for all parties to the action shall be given access to all records, maintained by the division or any other state or local public agency, that are relevant to the abuse, neglect, or dependency proceeding under this chapter. If the natural parent of a child is representing himself, [he] the natural parent shall have access to those records. The above disclosures are not required in the following circumstances:
- (a) The division or other state or local public agency did not originally create the record being requested. In those circumstances, the person making the request under this section shall be informed of the following:
- (i) the existence of all records in the possession of the division or any other state or local public agency;
 - (ii) the name and address of the person or agency that originally created the record; and
- (iii) that [he] the person must seek access to the record from the person or agency that originally created the record.
- (b) Disclosure of the record would jeopardize the life or physical safety of a child who has been a victim of child abuse or neglect, or any person who provided substitute care for the child.
- (c) Disclosure of the record would jeopardize the anonymity of the person or persons making the initial report of abuse or neglect or any others involved in the subsequent investigation.
- (d) Disclosure of the record would jeopardize the life or physical safety of a person who has been a victim of domestic violence.
- [(7)] <u>(6)</u> (a) The appropriate foster care citizen review board shall be given access to all records, maintained by the division or any other state or local public agency, that are relevant to

an abuse, neglect, or dependency proceeding under this chapter.

(b) Representatives of the appropriate foster care citizen review board are entitled to be present at each hearing held under this part, but notice is not required to be provided.

Section 9. Section **78-30-3.5** is amended to read:

78-30-3.5. Preplacement and postplacement adoptive evaluations -- Exceptions.

- (1) (a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, a child may not be placed in an adoptive home until a preplacement adoptive evaluation, assessing the prospective adoptive parent and the prospective adoptive home, has been conducted in accordance with the requirements of this section.
- (b) [The] Except as provided in Subsection (8), the court may, at any time, authorize temporary placement of a child in a potential adoptive home pending completion of a preplacement adoptive evaluation described in this section.
- (c) Subsection (1)(a) does not apply if a birth parent has legal custody of the child to be adopted and the prospective adoptive parent is related to that child as a step-parent, sibling by half or whole blood or by adoption, grandparent, aunt, uncle, or first cousin, unless the evaluation is otherwise requested by the court. The prospective adoptive parent described in this Subsection (1)(c) shall, however, obtain the information described in Subsections (2)(a) and (b), and file that documentation with the court prior to finalization of the adoption.
- (d) The required preplacement adoptive evaluation must be completed or updated within the 12-month period immediately preceding the placement of a child with the prospective adoptive parent. If the prospective adoptive parent has previously received custody of a child for the purpose of adoption, the preplacement adoptive evaluation must be completed or updated within the 12-month period immediately preceding the placement of a child with the prospective adoptive parent and after the placement of the previous child with the prospective adoptive parent.
 - (2) The preplacement adoptive evaluation shall include:
- (a) criminal history record information regarding each prospective adoptive parent and any other adult living in the prospective home, prepared by [the Criminal Investigations and Technical Services Division of the Department of Public Safety, in accordance with Section 53-10-108] a law enforcement agency based on a fingerprint criminal history check, no earlier than 18 months immediately preceding placement of the child;

(b) a report prepared by the Department of Human Services containing all information regarding reports and investigation of child abuse, neglect, and dependency, with respect to each prospective adoptive parent and any other adult living in the prospective home, obtained no earlier than 18 months immediately preceding placement of the child, pursuant to waivers executed by those parties;

- (c) an evaluation conducted by an expert in family relations approved by the court or a certified social worker, clinical social worker, marriage and family therapist, psychologist, professional counselor, or other court-determined expert in family relations, who is licensed to practice under the laws of this state or under the laws of the state where the prospective adoptive parent or other person living in the prospective adoptive home resides. The evaluation shall be in a form approved by the Department of Human Services. Neither the Department of Human Services nor any of its divisions may proscribe who qualifies as an expert in family relations or who may conduct evaluations pursuant to this Subsection (2); and
- (d) if the child to be adopted is a child who is in the custody of any public child welfare agency, and is a child with special needs as defined in Subsection 62A-4a-902(2), the preplacement evaluation must be conducted by the Department of Human Services or a licensed child placing agency which has entered into a contract with the department to conduct the preplacement evaluations for children with special needs. Any fee assessed by the evaluating agency is the responsibility of the adopting parent or parents.
- (3) The person or agency conducting the preplacement adoptive evaluation shall, in connection with the evaluation, provide the prospective adoptive parent or parents with literature approved by the Division of Child and Family Services relating to adoption, and including information relating to the adoption process, developmental issues that may require early intervention, and community resources that are available to the adoptive parent or parents.
 - (4) A copy of the preplacement adoptive evaluation shall be filed with the court.
- (5) (a) Except as provided in Subsections (5)(b) and (c), a postplacement evaluation shall be conducted and submitted to the court prior to the final hearing in an adoption proceeding. The postplacement evaluation shall include:
 - (i) verification of the allegations of fact contained in the petition for adoption;
 - (ii) an evaluation of the progress of the child's placement in the adoptive home; and
 - (iii) a recommendation regarding whether the adoption is in the best interest of the

772 child.

(b) The exemptions from and requirements for evaluations, described in Subsections (1)(c), (2)(c), and (3), also apply to postplacement adoptive evaluations.

- (c) Upon the request of the petitioner, the court may waive the postplacement adoptive evaluation, unless it determines that it is in the best interest of the child to require the postplacement evaluation. Except where the child to be adopted and the prospective parent are related as set forth in Subsection (1)(c), the court may waive the postplacement adoptive evaluation for a child with special needs as defined in Section 62A-4a-902.
- (6) If the person or agency conducting the evaluation disapproves the adoptive placement, either in the preplacement or postplacement adoptive evaluation, the court may dismiss the petition. However, upon request of a prospective adoptive parent, the court shall order that an additional preplacement or postplacement adoptive evaluation be conducted, and hold a hearing on the suitability of the adoption, including testimony of interested parties.
- (7) Prior to finalization of a petition for adoption the court shall review and consider the information and recommendations contained in the preplacement and postplacement adoptive studies required by this section.
- (8) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, except as otherwise permitted by federal law or rule, a child who is in the legal custody of the state may not be placed with a prospective foster parent or a prospective adoptive parent, unless, before the child is placed with the prospective foster parent or the prospective adoptive parent:
- (a) a fingerprint based FBI national criminal history records check is conducted on the prospective foster parent or prospective adoptive parent and each adult living in the home of the prospective foster parent or prospective adoptive parent;
- (b) the Department of Human Services conducts a check of the child abuse and neglect registry in each state where the prospective foster parent or prospective adoptive parent resided in the five years immediately preceding the day on which the prospective foster parent or prospective adoptive parent applied to be a foster parent or adoptive parent, to determine whether the prospective foster parent or prospective adoptive parent is listed in the registry as having a substantiated or supported finding of child abuse or neglect;
- (c) the Department of Human Services conducts a check of the child abuse and neglect registry of each state where each adult living in the home of the prospective foster parent or

803	prospective adoptive parent described in Subsection (8)(b) resided in the five years					
804	immediately preceding the day on which the prospective foster parent or prospective adoptive					
805	parent applied to be a foster parent or adoptive parent, to determine whether the adult is listed					
806	in the registry as having a substantiated or supported finding of child abuse or neglect; and					
807	(d) each person required to undergo a background check described in this Subsection					
808	(8) passes the background check, pursuant to the provisions of Section 62A-2-120.					
809	Section 10. Section 78-30-3.6 is amended to read:					
810	78-30-3.6. Prospective parent not a resident Preplacement requirements.					
811	(1) When an adoption petition is to be finalized in this state with regard to any					
812	prospective adoptive parent who is not a resident of this state at the time a child is placed in					
813	that person's home, the potential adoptive parent shall:					
814	(a) comply with the provisions of Section 78-30-3.5; and					
815	(b) submit fingerprints for a Federal Bureau of Investigation national criminal history					
816	record check.					
817	(2) The fingerprints referenced in Subsection (1)(b) shall be submitted to the Federal					
818	Bureau of Investigation either:					
819	(a) through the Criminal Investigations and Technical Services Division of the					
820	Department of Public Safety in accordance with the provisions of Section 62A-2-120; or					
821	(b) if the prospective adoptive parent is pursuing the adoption with a private attorney,					
822	the request shall be submitted to the Federal Bureau of Investigation as a personal records					
823	check, in accordance with procedures established by the Criminal Investigations and Technical					
824	Services Division of the Department of Public Safety.					
825	(3) In addition to the other requirements of this section, before a child in state custody					
826	is placed with a prospective foster parent or a prospective adoptive parent, the Department of					
827	Human Services shall comply with Subsections 78-30-3.5(8)(a) through (d).					

Legislative Review Note as of 12-22-06 11:13 AM

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

H.B. 245 - Child Welfare Amendments

Revised Fiscal Note

2007 General Session State of Utah

State Impact

Enactment of this bill will require an ongoing appropriation from the General Fund of \$161,000 beginning in FY 2008 and a one-time appropriation from the General Fund of \$83,600 in FY 2008. It will also generate federal Title IV-E revenue of \$88,100 for FY 2008 and \$55,600 for FY 2009. This funding will provide staff, cover the additional costs of FBI checks and checks of child abuse registries in other states, and will provide funds for one-time equipment purchases needed to expedite FBI checks.

	FY 2007	FY 2008	FY 2009	FY 2007	F Y 2008	
	Approp.	Approp.	Approp.	Revenue	Revenue	Revenue
General Fund	\$0	\$161,000	\$161,000	\$0	en.	\$0
General Fund, One-Time	\$0	\$83,600	\$0	\$0	O'A	\$0
Federal Funds	\$0	\$88,100	\$55,600	\$0	300,100	
Total	\$0	\$332,700	\$216,600	80	\$88,100	\$55,600

Individual, Business and/or Local Impact

Enactment of this bill likely will not result in direct, measurable costs and/or benefits for individuals, or local governments. The private providers with contracts with the Divisions of Child and Family Services and Juvenile Justice Services could see some increased costs from requirements of this legislation.

2/27/2007, 11:57:43 AM, Lead Analyst: Headden, D.

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst