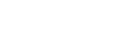
	LOCAL SCHOOL BOARD PUBLIC HEARING
	REQUIREMENTS
	2007 GENERAL SESSION
	STATE OF UTAH
	Chief Sponsor: Patricia W. Jones
	House Sponsor: Ron Bigelow
LONG	TITLE
Genera	l Description:
r	This bill requires a school board to hold a public hearing prior to taking certain actions.
Highlig	hted Provisions:
r	This bill:
I	 requires a school board to hold a public hearing prior to taking certain actions; and
I	 establishes notice requirements for the public hearing.
Monies	Appropriated in this Bill:
]	None
Other S	Special Clauses:
]	None
Utah C	ode Sections Affected:
AMENI	DS:
4	53A-3-402, as last amended by Chapter 2, Laws of Utah 2005, First Special Session
4	53A-19-102, as last amended by Chapters 14 and 26, Laws of Utah 2006
Re it en	acted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section 53A-3-402 is amended to read:
	53A-3-402. Powers and duties generally.
	(1) Each local school board shall:



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28 (a) implement the core curriculum utilizing instructional materials that best correlate to 29 the core curriculum and graduation requirements; 30 (b) administer tests, required by the State Board of Education, which measure the 31 progress of each student, and coordinate with the state superintendent and State Board of 32 Education to assess results and create plans to improve the student's progress which shall be 33 submitted to the State Office of Education for approval; 34 (c) use progress-based assessments as part of a plan to identify schools, teachers, and 35 students that need remediation and determine the type and amount of federal, state, and local 36 resources to implement remediation; 37 (d) develop early warning systems for students or classes failing to make progress; 38 (e) work with the State Office of Education to establish a library of documented best 39 practices, consistent with state and federal regulations, for use by the local districts; and 40 (f) implement training programs for school administrators, including basic 41 management training, best practices in instructional methods, budget training, staff 42 management, managing for learning results and continuous improvement, and how to help 43 every child achieve optimal learning in core academics. (2) Local school boards shall spend minimum school program funds for programs and 44 45 activities for which the State Board of Education has established minimum standards or rules 46 under Section 53A-1-402. 47 (3) (a) A board may purchase, sell, and make improvements on school sites, buildings, 48 and equipment and construct, erect, and furnish school buildings. 49 (b) School sites or buildings may only be conveyed or sold on board resolution 50 affirmed by at least two-thirds of the members. 51 (4) (a) A board may participate in the joint construction or operation of a school 52 attended by children residing within the district and children residing in other districts either 53 within or outside the state. 54 (b) Any agreement for the joint operation or construction of a school shall: 55 (i) be signed by the president of the board of each participating district; 56 (ii) include a mutually agreed upon pro rata cost; and 57 (iii) be filed with the State Board of Education. 58 (5) A board may establish, locate, and maintain elementary, secondary, and applied

59	technology schools.
60	(6) A board may enroll children in school who are at least five years of age before
61	September 2 of the year in which admission is sought.
62	(7) A board may establish and support school libraries.
63	(8) A board may collect damages for the loss, injury, or destruction of school property.
64	(9) A board may authorize guidance and counseling services for children and their
65	parents or guardians prior to, during, or following enrollment of the children in schools.
66	(10) (a) A board shall administer and implement federal educational programs in
67	accordance with Title 53A, Chapter 1, Part 9, Implementing Federal Programs Act.
68	(b) Federal funds are not considered funds within the school district budget under Title
69	53A, Chapter 19, School District Budgets.
70	(11) (a) A board may organize school safety patrols and adopt rules under which the
71	patrols promote student safety.
72	(b) A student appointed to a safety patrol shall be at least ten years old and have written
73	parental consent for the appointment.
74	(c) Safety patrol members may not direct vehicular traffic or be stationed in a portion
75	of a highway intended for vehicular traffic use.
76	(d) Liability may not attach to a school district, its employees, officers, or agents or to a
77	safety patrol member, a parent of a safety patrol member, or an authorized volunteer assisting
78	the program by virtue of the organization, maintenance, or operation of a school safety patrol.
79	(12) (a) A board may on its own behalf, or on behalf of an educational institution for
80	which the board is the direct governing body, accept private grants, loans, gifts, endowments,
81	devises, or bequests that are made for educational purposes.
82	(b) These contributions are not subject to appropriation by the Legislature.
83	(13) (a) A board may appoint and fix the compensation of a compliance officer to issue
84	citations for violations of Subsection 76-10-105(2).
85	(b) A person may not be appointed to serve as a compliance officer without the
86	person's consent.
87	(c) A teacher or student may not be appointed as a compliance officer.
88	(14) A board shall adopt bylaws and rules for its own procedures.
89	(15) (a) A board shall make and enforce rules necessary for the control and

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90	management of the district schools.
91	(b) All board rules and policies shall be in writing, filed, and referenced for public
92	access.
93	(16) A board may hold school on legal holidays other than Sundays.
94	(17) (a) Each board shall establish for each school year a school traffic safety
95	committee to implement this Subsection (17).
96	(b) The committee shall be composed of one representative of:
97	(i) the schools within the district;
98	(ii) the Parent Teachers' Association of the schools within the district;
99	(iii) the municipality or county;
100	(iv) state or local law enforcement; and
101	(v) state or local traffic safety engineering.
102	(c) The committee shall:
103	(i) receive suggestions from parents, teachers, and others and recommend school traffic
104	safety improvements, boundary changes to enhance safety, and school traffic safety program
105	measures;
106	(ii) review and submit annually to the Department of Transportation and affected
107	municipalities and counties a child access routing plan for each elementary, middle, and junior
108	high school within the district;
109	(iii) consult the Utah Safety Council and the Division of Family Health Services and
110	provide training to all school children in kindergarten through grade six, within the district, on
111	school crossing safety and use; and
112	(iv) help ensure the district's compliance with rules made by the Department of
113	Transportation under Section 41-6a-303.
114	(d) The committee may establish subcommittees as needed to assist in accomplishing
115	its duties under Subsection (17)(c).
116	(e) The board shall require the school community council of each elementary, middle,
117	and junior high school within the district to develop and submit annually to the committee a
118	child access routing plan.
119	(18) (a) Each school board shall adopt and implement a comprehensive emergency
120	response plan to prevent and combat violence in its public schools, on school grounds, on its

121	school vehicles, and in connection with school-related activities or events.
122	(b) The board shall implement its plan by July 1, 2000.
123	(c) The plan shall:
124	(i) include prevention, intervention, and response components;
125	(ii) be consistent with the student conduct and discipline polices required for school
126	districts under Title 53A, Chapter 11, Part 9, School Discipline and Conduct Plans;
127	(iii) require inservice training for all district and school building staff on what their
128	roles are in the emergency response plan; and
129	(iv) provide for coordination with local law enforcement and other public safety
130	representatives in preventing, intervening, and responding to violence in the areas and activities
131	referred to in Subsection (18)(a).
132	(d) The State Board of Education, through the state superintendent of public
133	instruction, shall develop comprehensive emergency response plan models that local school
134	boards may use, where appropriate, to comply with Subsection (18)(a).
135	(e) Each local school board shall, by July 1 of each year, certify to the State Board of
136	Education that its plan has been practiced at the school level and presented to and reviewed by
137	its teachers, administrators, students, and their parents and local law enforcement and public
138	safety representatives.
139	(19) (a) Each local school board may adopt an emergency response plan for the
140	treatment of sports-related injuries that occur during school sports practices and events.
141	(b) The plan may be implemented by each secondary school in the district that has a
142	sports program for students.
143	(c) The plan may:
144	(i) include emergency personnel, emergency communication, and emergency
145	equipment components;
146	(ii) require inservice training on the emergency response plan for school personnel who
147	are involved in sports programs in the district's secondary schools; and
148	(iii) provide for coordination with individuals and agency representatives who:
149	(A) are not employees of the school district; and
150	(B) would be involved in providing emergency services to students injured while
151	participating in sports events.

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152	(d) The board, in collaboration with the schools referred to in Subsection (19)(b), may
153	review the plan each year and make revisions when required to improve or enhance the plan.
154	(e) The State Board of Education, through the state superintendent of public
155	instruction, shall provide local school boards with an emergency plan response model that local
156	boards may use to comply with the requirements of this Subsection (19).
157	(20) A board shall do all other things necessary for the maintenance, prosperity, and
158	success of the schools and the promotion of education.
159	(21) (a) Before closing a school or changing the boundaries of a school, a board shall:
160	(i) hold a public hearing, as defined in Section $\hat{S} \rightarrow [\frac{52-4-103}{2}]$ $\underline{10-9a-103} \leftarrow \hat{S}$; and
161	(ii) provide public notice of the public hearing, as specified in Subsection (21)(b).
162	(b) The notice of a public hearing required under Subsection (21)(a) shall:
163	(i) indicate the:
164	(A) school or schools under consideration for closure or boundary change; and
165	(B) date, time, and location of the public hearing; and
166	(ii) at least ten days prior to the public hearing, be:
167	(A) published in a newspaper of general circulation in the area; and
168	(B) posted in at least three public locations within the municipality or on the district's
169	official website.
170	Section 2. Section 53A-19-102 is amended to read:
171	53A-19-102. Local school boards budget procedures.
172	(1) Prior to June 22 of each year, each local school board shall adopt a budget and
173	make appropriations for the next fiscal year. If the tax rate in the proposed budget exceeds the
174	certified tax rate defined in Subsection 59-2-924(2), the board shall comply with Sections
175	59-2-918 and 59-2-919 in adopting the budget, except as provided by Section 53A-17a-133.
176	(2) Prior to the adoption of a budget containing a tax rate which does not exceed the
177	certified tax rate, the board shall hold a public hearing $\hat{S} \rightarrow \underline{, as defined in Section 10-9a-103, } \leftarrow \hat{S}$ on
177a	the proposed budget. In addition to
178	complying with Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act, in regards to the hearing,
179	the board shall do the following:
180	(a) publish the required newspaper notice at least [one week] ten days prior to the
181	hearing; and
182	(b) file a copy of the proposed budget with the board's business administrator for public

- 183 inspection at least ten days prior to the hearing.
- 184 (3) The board shall file a copy of the adopted budget with the state auditor and the
- 185 State Board of Education.

Legislative Review Note as of 1-15-07 2:37 PM

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

S.B. 133 - Local School Board Public Hearing Requirements

Fiscal Note

2007 General Session

State of Utah

State Impact

Enactment of this bill will not require additional appropriations.

Individual, Business and/or Local Impact

Enactment of this bill likely will not result in direct, measurable costs and/or benefits for individuals, businesses, or local governments.

1/22/2007, 11:37:38 AM, Lead Analyst: Leishman, B.

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst