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₾ 01-19-07 8:04 AM **©**

PRESUMPTIVE PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE					
2007 GENERAL SESSION					
STATE OF UTAH Chief Sponsor: Gregory S. Bell					
I	LONG TITLE				
General Description:					
This bill defines presumptive personal representative.					
Highlighted Provisions:					
	This bill:				
	 provides that presumptive personal representatives may present and resolve claims 				
for wrongful death, liability, and uninsured motorist claims.					
N	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:				
	None				
C	Other Special Clauses:				
	None				
Utah Code Sections Affected:					
ENACTS:					
	78-11-7.5 , Utah Code Annotated 1953				
В	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:				
Section 1. Section 78-11-7.5 is enacted to read:					
78-11-7.5. Claims brought by presumptive personal representative.					
(1) "Presumptive personal representative" means:					
	(a) the spouse of the decedent not alleged to have contributed to the death of the				
d	lecedent;				



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28	(b) if no spouse exists, the spouse of the decedent is incapacitated, or if the spouse of		
29	the decedent is alleged to have contributed to the death of the decedent, then an adult child of		
30	the decedent not alleged to have contributed to the death of the decedent; or		
31	(c) if the spouse and all children of the decedent are incapacitated, or are alleged to		
32	have contributed to the death of the decedent, then a parent of the decedent.		
33	(2) Forty-five days after the death of a person, including a minor, caused by the		
34	wrongful act or neglect of another, the presumptive personal representative may present and		
35	resolve a claim for \$→ [policy limits up to \$25,000] the applicable minimum statutory limits ←\$		
35a	for liability \$→ [and], ←\$ uninsured motorist claims, and		
36	$\hat{S} \rightarrow [\$10,000] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ for underinsured motorist claims, arising out of that death to an insurer and may		
37	execute a release of liability upon presentation of an affidavit, properly notarized, stating that:		
38	(a) the person presenting the affidavit is the presumptive personal representative;		
39	(b) 45 days have elapsed since the death of the decedent;		
40	(c) no application or petition for the appointment of a personal representative is		
41	pending or has been granted in any jurisdiction; and		
42	(d) notice of intent to resolve the claim has been sent to the last-known addresses of all		
43	heirs as defined by Section 78-11-6 or 78-11-6.5.		
44	(3) The presumptive personal representative's claim shall be on behalf of all heirs of		
45	the decedent as defined by Section 78-11-6 or 78-11-6.5. The personal representative shall		
46	have the same duties toward other heirs as those duties provided in Sections 75-3-701 through		
47	<u>75-3-720.</u>		
48	(4) Any insurer paying a claim arising out of the wrongful death of a person, including		
49	a minor, including but not limited to claims for uninsured or underinsured motorist coverage as		
50	provided in Section 31A-22-305, to a presumptive personal representative upon presentation of		
51	an affidavit as described in Subsection (2) is discharged and released to the same extent as if		
52	the insurer dealt with a personal representative of the decedent. The insurer is not required to		
53	inquire into the truth of any statement in the affidavit.		
54	(5) Nothing in this section affects or prevents, to the limits of insurance protection		
55	only, any claim for first party benefits or a proceeding to establish the liability of a tort feasor		
56	insured under any policy of insurance in addition to the policy under which the claim was		
57	presented and paid under Subsection (2).		
58	(6) If any heirs are minors, the presumptive personal representative may not distribute		

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59	more than 50% of the proceeds of the settlement until the distribution has been approved by a
60	court approved settlement in which a conservator is appointed for any minor heirs.
61	(7) (a) During the 2007 interim, the Judiciary Interim Committee shall study the results
62	of implementing the use of presumptive personal representatives in wrongful death claims as
63	provided in this section.
64	(b) The Judiciary Interim Committee shall:
65	(i) study the impact of claims brought by presumptive personal representatives
66	authorized under this section; and
67	(ii) consider any other issues regarding presumptive personal representatives.

Legislative Review Note as of 1-18-07 8:39 AM

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

S.B. 152 - Presumptive Personal Representative

Fiscal Note

2007 General Session State of Utah

State Impact

Enactment of this bill will not require additional appropriations.

Individual, Business and/or Local Impact

Enactment of this bill likely will not result in direct, measurable costs and/or benefits for businesses or local governments.

1/23/2007, 5:37:57 PM, Lead Analyst: Byrne, D.

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst