B AND C ROADS AMENDMENTS
2007 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Dennis E. Stowell
House Sponsor: Roger E. Barrus
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill modifies the Transportation Code by amending provisions relating to B and C
roads.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
$\hat{S} \rightarrow [\rightarrow provides that counties or municipalities that qualify for certain reapportioned B and$
C road account monies shall receive the percentage increase, rather than 1/3 of the
percentage increase, in the B and C road account for the current fiscal year over the
previous fiscal year;] ← Ŝ
 authorizes a county or municipality to use the Federal Emergency Management
Agency schedule of equipment rates when providing an accounting of costs and
expenditures for an improvement performed by force account; and
 makes technical changes.
Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
None
Utah Code Sections Affected:
AMENDS:
Ŝ➡ [72-2-108, as last amended by Chapter 105, Laws of Utah 2005] ←Ŝ

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28	72-6-109, as last amended by Chapter 2, Laws of Utah 2005
29	
30	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
31	Ŝ→ [Section 1. Section 72-2-108 is amended to read:
32	72-2-108. Apportionment of funds available for use on class B and class C roads
33	Bonds.
34	(1) For purposes of this section:
35	(a) "Graveled road" means a road:
36	(i) that is:
37	(A) graded; and
38	(B) drained by transverse drainage systems to prevent serious impairment of the road
39	by surface water;
40	(ii) that has an improved surface; and
41	(iii) that has a wearing surface made of:
42	
43	(B) broken stone;
44	
45	(D) iron ore;
46	(E) shale; or
47	(F) other material that is:
48	(I) similar to a material described in Subsection (1)(a)(iii)(A) through (E); and
49 50	(II) coarser than sand.
50 51	(b) "Paved road" includes a graveled road with a chip seal surface.
51 52	(c) "Road mile" means a one-mile length of road, regardless of: (i) the width of the road; or
52 53	(i) the number of lanes into which the road is divided.
53	(d) "Weighted mileage" means the sum of the following:
55	(i) paved road miles multiplied by five;
55 56	(i) praveled road miles multiplied by two; and
57	(iii) all other road type road miles multiplied by one.
58	(iii) an other road type road innes mattipled by one. (2) Subject to the provisions of Subsections (3) through (5), funds in the class B and] (S
20	(=) Subject to the provisions of Subsections (b) through (b), tunus in the cluss D and [• D

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59	Ŝ→ [class C roads account shall be apportioned among counties and municipalities in the following
60	manner:
61	(a) 50% in the ratio that the class B roads weighted mileage within each county and
62	${f class}\ {f C}$ roads weighted mileage within each municipality bear to the total class ${f B}$ and class ${f C}$
63	roads weighted mileage within the state; and
64	(b) 50% in the ratio that the population of a county or municipality bears to the total
65	population of the state as of the last official federal census or the United States Bureau of
66	Census estimate, whichever is most recent, except that if population estimates are not available
67	from the United States Bureau of Census, population figures shall be derived from the estimate
68	from the Utah Population Estimates Committee.
69	(3) For purposes of Subsection (2)(b), "the population of a county" means:
70	(a) the population of a county outside the corporate limits of municipalities in that
71	county, if the population of the county outside the corporate limits of municipalities in that
72	county is not less than 14% of the total population of that county, including municipalities; and
73	(b) if the population of a county outside the corporate limits of municipalities in the
74	county is less than 14% of the total population:
75	(i) the aggregate percentage of the population apportioned to municipalities in that
76	county shall be reduced by an amount equal to the difference between:
77	(A) 14%; and
78	(B) the actual percentage of population outside the corporate limits of municipalities in
79	that county; and
80	(ii) the population apportioned to the county shall be 14% of the total population of
81	that county, including incorporated municipalities.
82	(4) (a) If an apportionment under Subsection (2) to a county or municipality is less than
83	110% of the amount apportioned to the county or municipality from the class B and class C
84	roads account for fiscal year 1996-97, the department shall:
85	(i) reapportion the funds under Subsection (2) to ensure that the county or municipality
86	receives an amount equal to 110% of the amount apportioned to the county or municipality
87	from the class B and class C roads account for fiscal year 1996-97; and
88	(ii) decrease proportionately as provided in Subsection (4)(b) the apportionments to

89 counties and municipalities for which the reapportionment under Subsection (4)(a)(i) does not] ←Ŝ

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90	Ŝ→ [apply.
91	(b) The aggregate amount of the funds that the department shall decrease
92	proportionately from the apportionments under Subsection (4)(a)(ii) is an amount equal to the
93	aggregate amount reapportioned to counties and municipalities under Subsection (4)(a)(i).
94	(5) (a) (i) In addition to the apportionment adjustments made under Subsection (4), a
95	county or municipality that qualifies for reapportioned monies under Subsection (4)(a)(i) shall
96	receive [1/3 of] the percentage increase in the class B and C road account for the current fiscal
97	year over the previous fiscal year.
98	(ii) Any percentage increase calculated under Subsection (5)(a)(i) may not include any
99	increases from increases in fees or tax rates.
100	(b) The adjustment under Subsection (5)(a) shall be made in the same way as provided
101	in Subsection (4)(a)(ii) and (b).
102	(6) The governing body of any municipality or county may issue bonds redeemable up
103	to a period of ten years under Title 11, Chapter 14, Local Government Bonding Act, to pay the
104	costs of constructing, repairing, and maintaining class B or class C roads and may pledge class
105	B or class C road funds received pursuant to this section to pay principal, interest, premiums,
106	and reserves for the bonds.] (S
107	Section $\hat{S} \rightarrow [2] \underline{1} \leftarrow \hat{S}$. Section 72-6-109 is amended to read:
108	72-6-109. Class B and C roads Construction and maintenance Definitions
109	Estimates lower than bids Accountability.
110	(1) As used in this section and Section 72-6-108:
111	(a) "Bid limit" means:
112	(i) for the year 2003, \$125,000; and
113	(ii) for each year after 2003, the amount of the bid limit for the previous year, plus an
114	amount calculated by multiplying the amount of the bid limit for the previous year by the lesser
115	of 3% or the actual percent change in the Consumer Price Index during the previous calendar
116	year.
117	(b) "Consumer Price Index" means the Consumer Price Index for All Urban
118	Consumers as published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of
119	Labor.
120	(c) (i) "Construction" means the work that would apply to:

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121	(A) any new roadbed either by addition to existing systems or relocation;
122	(B) resurfacing of existing roadways with more than two inches of bituminous
123	pavement; or
124	(C) new structures or replacement of existing structures, except the replacement of
125	drainage culverts.
126	(ii) "Construction" does not include maintenance, emergency repairs, or the installation
127	of traffic control devices as described in Section [41-6a-301] 41-6a-302.
128	(d) "Improvement project" means construction and maintenance as defined in this
129	section except for that maintenance excluded under Subsection (2).
130	(e) "Maintenance" means the keeping of a road facility in a safe and usable condition to
131	which it was constructed or improved, and includes:
132	(i) the reworking of an existing surface by the application of up to and including two
133	inches of bituminous pavement;
134	(ii) the installation or replacement of guardrails, seal coats, and culverts;
135	(iii) the grading or widening of an existing unpaved road or flattening of shoulders or
136	side slopes to meet current width and safety standards; and
137	(iv) horizontal or vertical alignment changes necessary to bring an existing road in
138	compliance with current safety standards.
139	(f) "Project" means the performance of a clearly identifiable group of associated road
140	construction activities or the same type of maintenance process, where the construction or
141	maintenance is performed on any one class B or C road, within a half-mile proximity and
142	occurs within the same calendar year.
143	(2) The following types of maintenance work are not subject to the contract or bid limit
144	requirements of this section:
145	(a) the repair of less than the entire surface by crack sealing or patching; and
146	(b) road repairs incidental to the installation, replacement, or repair of water mains,
147	sewers, drainage pipes, culverts, or curbs and gutters.
148	(3) (a) (i) If the estimates of a qualified engineer referred to in Section 72-6-108 are
149	substantially lower than any responsible bid received or in the event no bids are received, the
150	county or municipality may perform the work by force account.
151	(ii) In no event shall "substantially lower" mean estimates that are less than 10% below

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152 the lowest responsible bid. 153 (b) If a county or municipality performs an improvement project by force account, it 154 shall: 155 (i) provide an accounting of the costs and expenditures of the improvement including 156 material, labor, and direct equipment costs to be calculated using the Cost Reference Guide for 157 Construction Equipment by Dataquest Inc. or the Federal Emergency Management Agency 158 schedule of equipment rates; 159 (ii) disclose the costs and expenditures to any person upon request and allow the 160 person to make a copy and pay for the actual cost of the copy; and 161 (iii) perform the work using the same specifications and standards that would apply to 162 a private contractor.

Legislative Review Note as of 1-11-07 2:02 PM

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

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Fiscal Note

2007 General Session

State of Utah

State Impact

Enactment of this bill will not require additional appropriations.

Individual, Business and/or Local Impact

Enactment of this bill likely will not result in direct, measurable costs and/or benefits for individuals, businesses, or local governments.

1/29/2007, 11:44:36 AM, Lead Analyst: Bleazard, M.

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst