Senator Scott D. McCoy proposes the following substitute bill:

1	ELECTION LAW CHANGES
2	2007 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Howard A. Stephenson
5	House Sponsor: Mark W. Walker
6	
7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill amends provisions of the Election Code to extend provisional ballot eligibility
10	to persons registered anywhere within the state instead of within the county and to
11	replace satellite registration with an extended registration period.
12	Highlighted Provisions:
13	This bill:
14	removes unused definitions;
15	 eliminates satellite registration;
15a	Ĥ→ <u>requires all counties to use the statewide voter database;</u> ←Ĥ
16	 provides that voters who register in person at the office of the county clerk after the
17	voter registration deadline but at least 15 days before the date of the election may
18	vote on the day of the election, but not during early voting;
19	 permits a provisional ballot to be counted if the person voting was registered to vote
20	anywhere in the state instead of just in the county where the provisional ballot was
21	cast, provided that other, existing voting requirements are met;
22	 modifies provisional ballot envelope language; and
23	makes technical changes.
24	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
25	None



26	Other Special Clauses:
27	None
28	Utah Code Sections Affected:
29	AMENDS:
30	20A-1-102, as last amended by Chapters 16, 264 and 326, Laws of Utah 2006
31	20A-2-102.5, as enacted by Chapter 264, Laws of Utah 2006
32	20A-2-105, as last amended by Chapter 64, Laws of Utah 2002
32a	Ĥ→ 20A-2-109, as last amended by Chapter 266, Laws of Utah 1998 ←Ĥ
33	20A-2-201, as last amended by Chapter 264, Laws of Utah 2006
34	20A-4-107, as last amended by Chapter 264, Laws of Utah 2006
35	20A-6-105, as last amended by Chapter 15, Laws of Utah 2006
36	20A-9-804, as last amended by Chapter 355, Laws of Utah 2006
37	REPEALS:
38	20A-2-203, as last amended by Chapter 264, Laws of Utah 2006
39	20A-2-303, as last amended by Chapter 3, Laws of Utah 1996, Second Special Session
40	20A-5-201, as last amended by Chapter 3, Laws of Utah 1996, Second Special Session
41	20A-5-202, as last amended by Chapter 326, Laws of Utah 2006
42 43	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
44	Section 1. Section 20A-1-102 is amended to read:
45	20A-1-102. Definitions.
46	As used in this title:
47	(1) "Active voter" means a registered voter who has not been classified as an inactive
48	voter by the county clerk.
49	(2) "Automatic tabulating equipment" means apparatus that automatically examines
50	and counts votes recorded on paper ballots or ballot sheets and tabulates the results.
51	(3) "Ballot" means the storage medium, whether paper, mechanical, or electronic, upon
52	which a voter records his votes and includes ballot sheets, paper ballots, electronic ballots, and
53	secrecy envelopes.
54	(4) "Ballot sheet":
55	(a) means a ballot that:
56	(i) consists of paper or a card where the voter's votes are marked or recorded; and

- 57 (ii) can be counted using automatic tabulating equipment; and
 - (b) includes punch card ballots, and other ballots that are machine-countable.
 - (5) "Ballot label" means the cards, papers, booklet, pages, or other materials that contain the names of offices and candidates and statements of ballot propositions to be voted on and which are used in conjunction with ballot sheets that do not display that information.
 - (6) "Ballot proposition" means opinion questions specifically authorized by the Legislature, constitutional amendments, initiatives, referenda, and judicial retention questions that are submitted to the voters for their approval or rejection.
 - (7) "Board of canvassers" means the entities established by Sections 20A-4-301 and 20A-4-306 to canvass election returns.
 - (8) "Bond election" means an election held for the purpose of approving or rejecting the proposed issuance of bonds by a government entity.
 - (9) "Book voter registration form" means voter registration forms contained in a bound book that are used by election officers and registration agents to register persons to vote.
 - (10) "By-mail voter registration form" means a voter registration form designed to be completed by the voter and mailed to the election officer.
 - (11) "Canvass" means the review of election returns and the official declaration of election results by the board of canvassers.
 - (12) "Canvassing judge" means a poll worker designated to assist in counting ballots at the canvass.
 - (13) "Convention" means the political party convention at which party officers and delegates are selected.
 - (14) "Counting center" means one or more locations selected by the election officer in charge of the election for the automatic counting of ballots.
 - (15) "Counting judge" means a poll worker designated to count the ballots during election day.
 - (16) "Counting poll watcher" means a person selected as provided in Section 20A-3-201 to witness the counting of ballots.
 - (17) "Counting room" means a suitable and convenient private place or room, immediately adjoining the place where the election is being held, for use by the counting judges to count ballots during election day.

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may request.

- 88 (18) "County executive" has the meaning as provided in Subsection 68-3-12(2). 89 (19) "County legislative body" has the meaning as provided in Subsection 68-3-12(2). 90 (20) "County officers" means those county officers that are required by law to be 91 elected. 92 (21) "Election" means a regular general election, a municipal general election, a 93 statewide special election, a local special election, a regular primary election, a municipal 94 primary election, and a special district election. 95 (22) "Election Assistance Commission" means the commission established by Public 96 Law 107-252, the Help America Vote Act of 2002. 97 (23) "Election cycle" means the period beginning on the first day persons are eligible to 98 file declarations of candidacy and ending when the canvass is completed. 99 (24) "Election judge" means each canvassing judge, counting judge, and receiving 100 judge. 101 (25) "Election officer" means: 102 (a) the lieutenant governor, for all statewide ballots; 103 (b) the county clerk or clerks for all county ballots and for certain ballots and elections 104 as provided in Section 20A-5-400.5; 105 (c) the municipal clerk for all municipal ballots and for certain ballots and elections as 106 provided in Section 20A-5-400.5; (d) the special district clerk or chief executive officer for certain ballots and elections 107 108 as provided in Section 20A-5-400.5; and 109 (e) the business administrator or superintendent of a school district for certain ballots 110 or elections as provided in Section 20A-5-400.5. 111 (26) "Election official" means any election officer, election judge, or poll worker[, or 112 satellite registrar]. 113 (27) "Election results" means, for bond elections, the count of those votes cast for and 114 against the bond proposition plus any or all of the election returns that the board of canvassers
 - (28) "Election returns" includes the pollbook, all affidavits of registration, the military and overseas absentee voter registration and voting certificates, one of the tally sheets, any unprocessed absentee ballots, all counted ballots, all excess ballots, all unused ballots, all

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- spoiled ballots, the ballot disposition form, and the total votes cast form.
- 120 (29) "Electronic ballot" means a ballot that is recorded using a direct electronic voting 121 device or other voting device that records and stores ballot information by electronic means.
 - (30) "Electronic voting system" means a system in which a voting device is used in conjunction with ballots so that votes recorded by the voter are counted and tabulated by automatic tabulating equipment.
- 125 (31) "Inactive voter" means a registered voter who has been sent the notice required by 126 Section 20A-2-306 and who has failed to respond to that notice.
 - (32) "Inspecting poll watcher" means a person selected as provided in this title to witness the receipt and safe deposit of voted and counted ballots.
 - (33) "Judicial office" means the office filled by any judicial officer.
- 130 (34) "Judicial officer" means any justice or judge of a court of record or any county court judge.
- 132 (35) "Local election" means a regular municipal election, a local special election, a 133 special district election, and a bond election.
- 134 (36) "Local political subdivision" means a county, a municipality, a special district, or 135 a local school district.
 - (37) "Local special election" means a special election called by the governing body of a local political subdivision in which all registered voters of the local political subdivision may vote.
 - (38) "Municipal executive" means:
 - (a) the city council or town council in the traditional management arrangement established by Title 10, Chapter 3, Part 1, Governing Body;
- (b) the mayor in the council-mayor optional form of government defined in Section
 10-3-101; and
 - (c) the manager in the council-manager optional form of government defined in Section 10-3-101.
- 146 (39) "Municipal general election" means the election held in municipalities and special 147 districts on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November of each odd-numbered year 148 for the purposes established in Section 20A-1-202.
- 149 (40) "Municipal legislative body" means:

150	(a) the city council or town council in the traditional management arrangement
151	established by Title 10, Chapter 3, Part 1, Governing Body;
152	(b) the municipal council in the council-mayor optional form of government defined in
153	Section 10-3-101; and
154	(c) the municipal council in the council-manager optional form of government defined
155	in Section 10-3-101.
156	(41) "Municipal officers" means those municipal officers that are required by law to be
157	elected.
158	(42) "Municipal primary election" means an election held to nominate candidates for
159	municipal office.
160	(43) "Official ballot" means the ballots distributed by the election officer to the poll
161	workers to be given to voters to record their votes.
162	(44) "Official endorsement" means:
163	(a) the information on the ballot that identifies:
164	(i) the ballot as an official ballot;
165	(ii) the date of the election; and
166	(iii) the facsimile signature of the election officer; and
167	(b) the information on the ballot stub that identifies:
168	(i) the poll worker's initials; and
169	(ii) the ballot number.
170	(45) "Official register" means the official record furnished to election officials by the
171	election officer that contains the information required by Section 20A-5-401.
172	(46) "Paper ballot" means a paper that contains:
173	(a) the names of offices and candidates and statements of ballot propositions to be
174	voted on; and
175	(b) spaces for the voter to record his vote for each office and for or against each ballot
176	proposition.
177	(47) "Political party" means an organization of registered voters that has qualified to
178	participate in an election by meeting the requirements of Title 20A, Chapter 8, Political Party
179	Formation and Procedures.
180	(48) (a) "Poll worker" means a person assigned by an election official to assist with an

181	election, voting, or counting votes.
182	(b) "Poll worker" includes election judges.
183	(c) "Poll worker" does not include a watcher.
184	(49) "Pollbook" means a record of the names of voters in the order that they appear to
185	cast votes.
186	(50) "Polling place" means the building where voting is conducted.
187	(51) "Position" means a square, circle, rectangle, or other geometric shape on a ballot
188	in which the voter marks his choice.
189	(52) "Provisional ballot" means a ballot voted provisionally by a person:
190	(a) whose name is not listed on the official register at the polling place;
191	(b) whose legal right to vote is challenged as provided in this title; or
192	(c) whose identity was not sufficiently established by an election judge.
193	(53) "Provisional ballot envelope" means an envelope printed in the form required by
194	Section 20A-6-105 that is used to identify provisional ballots and to provide information to
195	verify a person's legal right to vote.
196	(54) "Primary convention" means the political party conventions at which nominees for
197	the regular primary election are selected.
198	(55) "Protective counter" means a separate counter, which cannot be reset, that is built
199	into a voting machine and records the total number of movements of the operating lever.
200	(56) "Qualify" or "qualified" means to take the oath of office and begin performing the
201	duties of the position for which the person was elected.
202	(57) "Receiving judge" means the poll worker that checks the voter's name in the
203	official register, provides the voter with a ballot, and removes the ballot stub from the ballot
204	after the voter has voted.
205	[(58) "Registration days" means the days designated in Section 20A-2-203 when a
206	voter may register to vote with a satellite registrar.]
207	[(59)] (58) "Registration form" means a book voter registration form and a by-mail
208	voter registration form.
209	[(60)] (59) "Regular ballot" means a ballot that is not a provisional ballot.
210	[(61)] (60) "Regular general election" means the election held throughout the state on

the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November of each even-numbered year for the

212	purposes established in Section 20A-1-201.
213	[(62)] (61) "Regular primary election" means the election on the fourth Tuesday of
214	June of each even-numbered year, at which candidates of political parties and nonpolitical
215	groups are voted for nomination.
216	[(63)] (62) "Resident" means a person who resides within a specific voting precinct in
217	Utah.
218	[(64)] (63) "Sample ballot" means a mock ballot similar in form to the official ballot
219	printed and distributed as provided in Section 20A-5-405.
220	[(65) "Satellite registrar" means a person appointed under Section 20A-5-201 to
221	register voters and perform other duties.]
222	[(66)] (64) "Scratch vote" means to mark or punch the straight party ticket and then
223	mark or punch the ballot for one or more candidates who are members of different political
224	parties.
225	[(67)] (65) "Secrecy envelope" means the envelope given to a voter along with the
226	ballot into which the voter places the ballot after he has voted it in order to preserve the secrecy
227	of the voter's vote.
228	[(68)] (66) "Special district" means those local government entities created under the
229	authority of Title 17A.
230	[(69)] (67) "Special district officers" means those special district officers that are
231	required by law to be elected.
232	[(70)] (68) "Special election" means an election held as authorized by Section
233	20A-1-204.
234	[(71)] (<u>69)</u> "Spoiled ballot" means each ballot that:
235	(a) is spoiled by the voter;
236	(b) is unable to be voted because it was spoiled by the printer or a poll worker; or
237	(c) lacks the official endorsement.
238	[(72)] <u>(70)</u> "Statewide special election" means a special election called by the governor
239	or the Legislature in which all registered voters in Utah may vote.
240	$[\frac{(73)}{(71)}]$ "Stub" means the detachable part of each ballot.
241	[(74)] <u>(72)</u> "Substitute ballots" means replacement ballots provided by an election
242	officer to the poll workers when the official ballots are lost or stolen.

243	[(75)] (73) "Ticket" means each list of candidates for each political party or for each
244	group of petitioners.
245	[(76)] (74) "Transfer case" means the sealed box used to transport voted ballots to the
246	counting center.
247	[(77)] (75) "Vacancy" means the absence of a person to serve in any position created
248	by statute, whether that absence occurs because of death, disability, disqualification,
249	resignation, or other cause.
250	[(78)] (76) "Valid voter identification" means:
251	(a) a form of identification that bears the name and photograph of the voter which may
252	include:
253	(i) a currently valid Utah driver license;
254	(ii) a currently valid identification card that is issued by:
255	(A) the state;
256	(B) a local government within the state; or
257	(C) a branch, department, or agency of the United States;
258	(iii) an identification card that is issued by an employer for an employee;
259	(iv) a currently valid identification card that is issued by a college, university, technical
260	school, or professional school that is located within the state;
261	(v) a currently valid Utah permit to carry a concealed weapon;
262	(vi) a currently valid United States passport; or
263	(vii) a valid tribal identification card; or
264	(b) two forms of identification that bear the name of the voter and provide evidence
265	that the voter resides in the voting precinct, which may include:
266	(i) a voter identification card;
267	(ii) a current utility bill or a legible copy thereof;
268	(iii) a bank or other financial account statement, or a legible copy thereof;
269	(iv) a certified birth certificate;
270	(v) a valid Social Security card;
271	(vi) a check issued by the state or the federal government or a legible copy thereof;
272	(vii) a paycheck from the voter's employer, or a legible copy thereof;
273	(viii) a currently valid Utah hunting or fishing license:

2/4	(ix) a currently valid United States military identification card;
275	(x) certified naturalization documentation;
276	(xi) a currently valid license issued by an authorized agency of the United States;
277	(xii) a certified copy of court records showing the voter's adoption or name change;
278	(xiii) a Bureau of Indian Affairs card;
279	(xiv) a tribal treaty card;
280	(xv) a valid Medicaid card, Medicare card, or Electronic Benefits Transfer Card; or
281	(xvi) a form of identification listed in Subsection (76)(a) that does not contain a
282	photograph, but establishes the name of the voter and provides evidence that the voter resides
283	in the voting precinct.
284	[(79)] (77) "Valid write-in candidate" means a candidate who has qualified as a
285	write-in candidate by following the procedures and requirements of this title.
286	[(80)] (78) "Voter" means a person who meets the requirements for voting in an
287	election, meets the requirements of election registration, is registered to vote, and is listed in
288	the official register book.
289	[(81)] (79) "Voter registration deadline" means the registration deadline provided in
290	Section 20A-2-102.5.
291	[(82)] (80) "Voting area" means the area within six feet of the voting booths, voting
292	machines, and ballot box.
293	[(83)] (81) "Voting booth" means:
294	(a) the space or compartment within a polling place that is provided for the preparation
295	of ballots, including the voting machine enclosure or curtain; or
296	(b) a voting device that is free standing.
297	[(84)] (82) "Voting device" means:
298	(a) an apparatus in which ballot sheets are used in connection with a punch device for
299	piercing the ballots by the voter;
300	(b) a device for marking the ballots with ink or another substance;
301	(c) a device used to make selections and cast a ballot electronically, or any component
302	thereof;
303	(d) an automated voting system under Section 20A-5-302; or
304	(e) any other method for recording votes on ballots so that the ballot may be tabulated

305	by means of automatic tabulating equipment.
306	[(85)] (83) "Voting machine" means a machine designed for the sole purpose of
307	recording and tabulating votes cast by voters at an election.
308	[(86)] (84) "Voting poll watcher" means a person appointed as provided in this title to
309	witness the distribution of ballots and the voting process.
310	[(87)] (85) "Voting precinct" means the smallest voting unit established as provided by
311	law within which qualified voters vote at one polling place.
312	[(88)] (86) "Watcher" means a voting poll watcher, a counting poll watcher, an
313	inspecting poll watcher, and a testing watcher.
314	[(89)] (87) "Western States Presidential Primary" means the election established in
315	Title 20A, Chapter 9, Part 8.
316	[(90)] (88) "Write-in ballot" means a ballot containing any write-in votes.
317	[(91)] (89) "Write-in vote" means a vote cast for a person whose name is not printed on
318	the ballot according to the procedures established in this title.
319	Section 2. Section 20A-2-102.5 is amended to read:
320	20A-2-102.5. Voter registration deadline.
321	(1) Except as provided in [Sections Section 20A-2-201 [and 20A-2-203] and in Title
322	20A, Chapter 3, Part 4, Voting by Members of the Military and by Other Persons Living or
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	Serving Abroad, a person who fails to submit a correctly completed voter registration form on
324	Serving Abroad, a person who fails to submit a correctly completed voter registration form on or before the voter registration deadline shall not be permitted to vote in the election.
324 325	
	or before the voter registration deadline shall not be permitted to vote in the election.
325	or before the voter registration deadline shall not be permitted to vote in the election. (2) The voter registration deadline shall be the date that is 30 calendar days before the
325 326	or before the voter registration deadline shall not be permitted to vote in the election. (2) The voter registration deadline shall be the date that is 30 calendar days before the date of the election.
325 326 327	or before the voter registration deadline shall not be permitted to vote in the election. (2) The voter registration deadline shall be the date that is 30 calendar days before the date of the election. (3) If the voter registration deadline established in Subsection (2) falls on a weekend or
325 326 327 328	or before the voter registration deadline shall not be permitted to vote in the election. (2) The voter registration deadline shall be the date that is 30 calendar days before the date of the election. (3) If the voter registration deadline established in Subsection (2) falls on a weekend or holiday, it shall be extended to the next regular business day.
325 326 327 328 329	or before the voter registration deadline shall not be permitted to vote in the election. (2) The voter registration deadline shall be the date that is 30 calendar days before the date of the election. (3) If the voter registration deadline established in Subsection (2) falls on a weekend or holiday, it shall be extended to the next regular business day. Section 3. Section 20A-2-105 is amended to read:
325 326 327 328 329 330	or before the voter registration deadline shall not be permitted to vote in the election. (2) The voter registration deadline shall be the date that is 30 calendar days before the date of the election. (3) If the voter registration deadline established in Subsection (2) falls on a weekend or holiday, it shall be extended to the next regular business day. Section 3. Section 20A-2-105 is amended to read: 20A-2-105. Determining residency.
325 326 327 328 329 330 331	or before the voter registration deadline shall not be permitted to vote in the election. (2) The voter registration deadline shall be the date that is 30 calendar days before the date of the election. (3) If the voter registration deadline established in Subsection (2) falls on a weekend or holiday, it shall be extended to the next regular business day. Section 3. Section 20A-2-105 is amended to read: 20A-2-105. Determining residency. (1) Except as provided in Subsection (4), election officials and judges shall apply the

(3) (a) A person resides in Utah if the person:

he intends to return at some future time.

336 (i) has his principal place of residence within Utah; and (ii) has a present intention to continue residency within Utah permanently or 337 338 indefinitely. 339 (b) A person resides within a particular voting precinct if the person has, or will have 340 as of the date of the election, his principal place of residence in the voting precinct. 341 (4) (a) The principal place of residence of any person shall be determined by applying 342 the rules contained in this Subsection (4). 343 (b) A person's "principal place of residence" is that place in which the person's 344 habitation is fixed and to which, whenever he is absent, he has the intention of returning. 345 (c) A person has not gained or lost a residence solely because he is present in Utah or 346 in a voting precinct or absent from Utah or his voting precinct because he is: 347 (i) employed in the service of the United States or of Utah; 348 (ii) a student at any institution of learning; 349 (iii) incarcerated in prison or jail; or 350 (iv) residing upon any Indian or military reservation. 351 (d) (i) A member of the armed forces of the United States is not a resident of Utah 352 merely because that member is stationed at any military facility within Utah. 353 (ii) In order to be a resident of Utah, that member must meet the other requirements of 354 this section. 355 (e) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(e)(ii), a person has not lost his residence if 356 that person leaves his home to go into a foreign country or into another state or into another 357 voting precinct within Utah for temporary purposes with the intention of returning. 358 (ii) If that person has voted in that state or voting precinct, the person is a resident of 359 that state or voting precinct. 360 (f) A person is not a resident of any county or voting precinct if that person comes for 361 temporary purposes without intending to make that county his home. 362 (g) If a person removes to another state with the intention of making it his principal 363 place of residence, he loses his residence in Utah. 364 (h) If a person moves to another state with the intent of remaining there for an 365 indefinite time as a place of permanent residence, he loses his residence in Utah, even though

367	(i) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(i)(ii) the place where a person's family
368	resides is presumed to be his place of residence.
369	(ii) A person may rebut the presumption established in Subsection (4)(i)(i) by proving
370	his intent to remain at a place other than where his family resides.
371	(j) (i) A person has changed his residence if:
372	(A) the person has acted affirmatively to remove himself from one geographic location;
373	and
374	(B) the person has an intent to remain in another place.
375	(ii) There can only be one residence.
376	(iii) A residence cannot be lost until another is gained.
377	(5) In computing the period of residence, a person shall:
378	(a) include the day on which the person's residence begins; and
379	(b) exclude the day of the next election.
380	(6) (a) There is a presumption that a person is a resident of Utah and a voting precinct
381	and intends to remain in Utah permanently or indefinitely if the person makes an oath or
382	affirmation upon a registration application form that his residence address and place of
383	residence is within a specific voting precinct in Utah.
384	(b) The election officers and election officials shall allow that person to register and
385	vote unless, upon a challenge by [the satellite] a registrar or some other person, it is shown by
386	law or by clear and compelling evidence that:
387	(i) the person does not intend to remain permanently or indefinitely in Utah; or
388	(ii) the person is incarcerated in prison or jail.
389	(7) (a) The rules set forth in this section for determining place of residence for voting
390	purposes do not apply to a person incarcerated in prison or jail.
391	(b) For voting registration purposes, a person incarcerated in prison or jail is
392	considered to reside in the voting precinct in which his place of residence was located before
393	incarceration.
394	(8) If a person's principal place of residence is a residential parcel of one acre in size or
395	smaller that is divided by the boundary line between two or more counties, that person shall be
396	considered a resident of the county in which a majority of the residential parcel lies.
396a	Ĥ→ Section 4. Section 20A-2-109 is amended to read:
396b	20A-2-109. Statewide voter registration [data base] database Lieutenant governor to
396c	create Counties to [provide information] participate List of incarcerated felons.
396d	(1) (a) The lieutenant governor shall develop a statewide voter registration data base.

396e	(b) Each county clerk [shall provide the Lieutenant governor with the county's voter
396f	registration and other data requested by the lieutenant governor in the form required by the lieutenant
396g	governor] shall utilize the statewide voter registration database when recording or modifying
396h	voter registration records.
396i	(2) (a) The lieutenant governor shall maintain a current list of all incarcerated felons in Utah.
396j	(b) (i) The Department of Corrections shall provide the lieutenant governor's office with a list
396k	of the name and last-known address of each person who:
3961	(A) was convicted of a felony in a Utah state court; and
396m	(B) is currently incarcerated for commission of a felony.
396n	(ii) The lieutenant governor shall establish the frequency of receipt of the information and the
396o	method of transmitting the information after consultation with the Department of Corrections.
396p	(c) (i) The Department of Corrections shall provide the lieutenant governor's office with a list
396q	of the name of each convicted felon who is no longer subject to the jurisdiction of the department
396r	because the person has been released from incarceration.
396s	(ii) The lieutenant governor shall establish the frequency of receipt of the information and the
396t	method of transmitting the information after consultation with the Department of Corrections. $\leftarrow\!\hat{H}$
397	Section $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [4] \underline{5} \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$. Section 20A-2-201 is amended to read:

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398	20A-2-201. Registering to vote at office of county clerk.
399	(1) Except as provided in Subsection [(2)] (3) , the county clerk shall register to vote all
400	persons who present themselves for registration at the county clerk's office during designated
401	office hours if those persons, on voting day, will be legally qualified and entitled to vote in a
402	voting precinct in the county.
403	(2) If a registration form is submitted in person at the office of the county clerk during
404	the period beginning on the date after the voter registration deadline and ending on the date that
405	is 15 calendar days before the date of the election of the county clerk shall:
406	(a) accept registration forms from all persons who present themselves for registration a
407	the clerk's office during designated office hours if those persons, on voting day, will be legally
408	qualified and entitled to vote in a voting precinct in the county; and
409	(b) inform them that:
410	(i) they will be registered to vote in the pending election; and
411	(ii) for the pending election, they must vote on the day of the election and will not be
412	eligible to vote using early voting under Chapter 3, Part 6, Early Voting, because they
413	registered too late.
414	$[\frac{(2)}{2}]$ (3) Except as provided in Subsection (3), if a registration form is submitted to the
415	county clerk [after the last day of satellite registration as provided in Section 20A-2-203] on
416	the date of the election or during the 14 calendar days before an election, the county clerk shall:
417	(a) accept registration forms from all persons who present themselves for registration a
418	the clerk's office during designated office hours if those persons, on voting day, will be legally
419	qualified and entitled to vote in a voting precinct in the county; and
420	(b) inform them that they will be registered to vote but may not vote in the pending
421	election because they registered too late.
422	[(3) If a registration form is submitted in person at the office of the county clerk during
423	the period beginning on the date after the voter registration deadline and ending on the last day
424	of satellite registration as provided in Section 20A-2-203, the county clerk shall:
425	[(a) accept registration forms from all persons who present themselves for registration
426	at the clerk's office during designated office hours if those persons, on voting day, will be
427	legally qualified and entitled to vote in a voting precinct in the county; and]
428	[(b) inform them that:]

429	[(1) they will be registered to vote in the pending election; and]
430	[(ii) for the pending election, they must vote on election day and will not be eligible to
431	vote using early voting under Chapter 3, Part 6, Early Voting, because they registered too late.]
432	Section $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [5] \underline{6} \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$. Section 20A-4-107 is amended to read:
433	20A-4-107. Review and disposition of provisional ballot envelopes.
434	(1) As used in this section, a voter is "legally entitled to vote" if:
435	(a) the voter:
436	(i) is registered to vote in the [county] state;
437	(ii) resides within the voting precinct where the voter seeks to vote; and
438	(iii) provided valid voter identification to the election judge as indicated by a notation
439	in the official register;
440	(b) the voter:
441	(i) is registered to vote in the [county] state; and
442	(ii) did not vote in the voter's precinct of residence, but the ballot that the voter voted is
443	identical to the ballot voted in the voter's precinct of residence; or
444	(c) the voter:
445	(i) is registered to vote in the [county] state;
446	(ii) the judge recorded in the official register that the voter either failed to provide valid
447	voter identification or the documents provided as valid voter identification were inadequate;
448	and
449	(iii) the county clerk verifies the voter's identity and residence through some other
450	means.
451	(2) (a) Upon receipt of provisional ballot envelopes, the election officer shall review
452	the affirmation on the face of each provisional ballot envelope and determine if the person
453	signing the affirmation is a registered voter and legally entitled to vote the ballot that the voter
454	voted.
455	(b) If the election officer determines that the person is not a registered voter or is not
456	legally entitled to vote the ballot that the voter voted, the election officer shall retain the ballot
457	envelope, unopened, for the period specified in Section 20A-4-202 unless ordered by a court to
458	produce or count it.
459	(c) If the election officer determines that the person is a registered voter and is legally

460	entitled to vote the ballot that the voter voted, the election officer shall remove the ballot from				
461	the provisional ballot envelope and place the ballot with the absentee ballots to be counted with				
462	those ballots at the canvass.				
463	(d) The election officer may not count, or allow to be counted a provisional ballot				
464	unless the voter's identity and residence is established by a preponderance of the evidence.				
465	(3) If the election officer determines that the person is a registered voter, the election				
466	officer shall ensure that the voter registration records are updated to reflect the information				
467	provided on the provisional ballot envelope.				
468	(4) If the election officer determines that the person is not a registered voter and the				
469	information on the provisional ballot envelope is complete, the election officer shall:				
470	(a) consider the provisional ballot envelope a voter registration form; and				
471	(b) register the voter.				
472	Section $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [6] \underline{7} \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$. Section 20A-6-105 is amended to read:				
473	CHAPTER 5. ELECTION ADMINISTRATION				
474	Part 2. Administration in General				
475	20A-6-105. Provisional ballot envelopes.				
476	(1) Each election officer shall ensure that provisional ballot envelopes are printed in				
477	substantially the following form:				
478	"AFFIRMATION				
479	Are you a citizen of the United States of America? Yes No				
480	Will you be 18 years old on or before election day? Yes No				
481	If you checked "no" in response to either of the two above questions, do not complete this				
482	form.				
483	Name of Voter	_			
484	First Middle Last				
485	Driver License or Identification Card Number	_			
486	State of Issuance of Driver License or Identification Card Number				
487	Date of Birth	_			
488	Street Address of Principal Place of Residence				
489 490	City County State Zip Code	_			

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Telephone Number (optional)					
]	Last four digits of So	ocial Security Number			
Last former address at which I was registered to vote (if known)					
-	City	County	State	Zip Code	
	Voting Precinct (if k	nown)			
-	I, (please print your f	full name)	do solei	do solemnly swear or	
affirm:					
	[1. that] <u>That</u> I am c	urrently registered to vote in	[, County,	
the state	of Utah[; that I have	e not moved out of the count	y since the date of the	: original	
registration] and am eligible to vote in this election; that I have not voted in this election in any					
other precinct; that I am eligible to vote in this precinct; and that I request that I be permitted to					
vote in	[this election in] this	precinct; and			
	[2. that on or about_	(Dat	e), I completed a vote	r registration	
application at(please indicate the office at which you					
completed the voter registration application, for example, Human Services, Driver License,					
etc., or, if you filled out a mail-in registration form, please indicate.);					
[3. that I have previously registered to vote in, County, Utah;					
that I have not resided outside of that county since completing that registration; and that I am					
entitled	to vote today; and]				
[4. subject] Subject to penalty of law for false statements, that the information					
contained in this form is true, and that I am a citizen of the United States and a resident of					
Utah, residing at the above address; and that I am at least 18 years old and have resided in Utah					
for the 3	30 days immediately	before this election.			
Signed					
Dated _					
		ection 20A-3-506, wilfully p			
class B	class B misdemeanor under Utah law and is punishable by imprisonment and by fine".				
	"CITIZENSHIP AFF	FIDAVIT			
	Name:				

522	Name at birth, if different:
523	Place of birth:
524	Date of birth:
525	Date and place of naturalization (if applicable):
526	I hereby swear and affirm, under penalties for voting fraud set forth below, that I am a
527	citizen and that to the best of my knowledge and belief the information above is true and
528	correct.
529	
530	Signature of Applicant
531	In accordance with Section 20A-2-401, the penalty for willfully causing, procuring, or
532	allowing yourself to be registered to vote if you know you are not entitled to register to vote is
533	up to one year in jail and a fine of up to \$2,500."
534	(2) The provisional ballot envelope shall include:
535	(a) a unique number;
536	(b) a detachable part that includes the unique number; and
537	(c) a telephone number, internet address, or other indicator of a means, in accordance
538	with Section 20A-6-105.5, where the voter can find out if the provisional ballot was counted.
539	Section $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [7] 8 \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$. Section 20A-9-804 is amended to read:
540	20A-9-804. Registration with county clerk.
541	[(1) Section 20A-2-203 and Section 20A-5-202 do not apply to the Western States
542	Presidential Primary.]
543	[(2) (a)] (1) For the Western States Presidential Primary election, each county clerk
544	shall register to vote all persons who present themselves for registration at the county clerk's
545	office during designated office hours through the Tuesday before the Tuesday of the Western
546	States Presidential Primary if those persons, on voting day, will be legally qualified and entitled
547	to vote in a voting precinct in the county.
548	[(b)] (2) The county clerk shall record the names of person registering to vote during
549	that period in the official register and direct the election judges to allow those persons to vote
550	in the Western States Presidential Primary election if they present themselves at the voting
551	precinct on election day.
552	Section $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [8] \underline{9} \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$. Repealer.

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553	This bill repeals:
554	Section 20A-2-203, Satellite location Registration by satellite registrar.
555	Section 20A-2-303, Notice of time and place of registration.
556	Section 20A-5-201, Satellite registrars Appointment.
557	Section 20A-5-202, Satellite registrars Duties.

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Fiscal Note

2007 General Session State of Utah

State Impact

Enactment of this bill will not require additional appropriations.

Individual, Business and/or Local Impact

Enactment of this bill as amended may result in some costs for counties not currently using the statewide voter database. Other counties will experience cost savings from the elimination of satellite registration.

2/28/2007, 11:44:10 PM, Lead Analyst: Ricks, G.

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst