Senator Kevin T. VanTassell proposes the following substitute bill:

1	UTILITY IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT		
2	REVISIONS		
3	2007 GENERAL SESSION		
4	STATE OF UTAH		
5	Chief Sponsor: Kevin T. VanTassell		
6	House Sponsor: Melvin R. Brown		
7 8	LONG TITLE		
9	General Description:		
10	This bill modifies a provision of the Utah Underground Conversion of Utilities Law.		
11	Highlighted Provisions:		
12	This bill:		
13	adds definitions for "point of delivery" and "service entrance equipment";		
14	 modifies a utility's responsibility regarding the construction work to be done in the 		
15	conversion of facilities from overhead to underground;		
16	 modifies the notice that a county or municipality is required to give to property 		
17	owners in an improvement district for the conversion of overhead facilities to		
18	underground;		
19	 modifies provisions related to the conversion of overhead utility facilities to 		
20	underground and an owner's responsibilities; and		
21	 modifies a provision relating to the cost of converting facilities from overhead to 		
22	underground.		
23	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:		
24	None		
25	Other Special Clauses:		



	None
Utah	Code Sections Affected:
AME	NDS:
	54-8-3 , as enacted by Chapter 157, Laws of Utah 1969
	54-8-25 , as enacted by Chapter 157, Laws of Utah 1969
	54-8-26, as last amended by Chapter 129, Laws of Utah 2006
Be it e	enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section 54-8-3 is amended to read:
	54-8-3. Definitions.
	As used in this chapter [the following words and phrases and any variations thereof
shall l	nave the following meaning]:
	(1) "Assessment" [shall be construed to mean] means for the purpose of taxation
where	ever appropriate.
	(2) "Communication service" means the transmission of intelligence by electrical
means	s, including[, but not limited to] telephone, telegraph, messenger-call, clock, police, fire
alarm	and traffic control circuits or the transmission of standard television or radio signals.
	(3) "Convert" or "conversion" means the removal of all or any part of any existing
overh	ead electric or communications facilities and the replacement thereof with underground
electri	ic or communication facilities constructed at the same or different locations.
	(4) (a) "Electric or communication facilities" means any works or improvements used
or use	ful in providing electric or communication service, including[, but not limited to,] poles,
suppo	rts, tunnels, manholes, vaults, conduits, pipes, wires, conductors, guys, stubs, platforms,
crossa	arms, braces, transformers, insulators, cut-outs, switches, capacitors, meters,
comm	nunication circuits, appliances, attachments and appurtenances.
	(b) "Electric facilities" [shall] does not include any facilities used or intended to be
used f	For the transmission of electric energy at nominal voltages in excess of thirty-five
thousa	and volts.
	(5) "Electric service" means the distribution of electricity by an electrical corporation
for he	at, cooling, light or power.
	(6) "Governing body" means the board of commissioners, city council, or board of

87

57	trustees as may be appropriate depending on whether the improvement district is located in a		
58	county or within a city or town.		
59	(7) "Overhead electric or communication facilities" means electric or communication		
60	facilities located, in whole or in part, above the surface of the ground.		
61	(8) "Point of delivery" means:		
62	(a) a meter, for electric facilities; or		
63	(b) a network interface device, for communication facilities.		
64	(9) "Public utility" means any electric corporation or communications corporation that		
65	provides electric or communication service to the general public by means of electric or		
66	communication facilities.		
67	(10) "Resolution" [shall be construed to mean] means ordinance when the governing		
68	body properly acts by ordinance rather than by resolution.		
69	(11) "Service entrance equipment" means facilities on the property owner's side of the		
70	point of delivery that are necessary to accommodate service from a public utility.		
71	(12) "Underground electric or communication facilities" means electric or		
72	communication facilities located, in whole or in part, beneath the surface of the ground.		
73	Section 2. Section 54-8-25 is amended to read:		
74	54-8-25. Utilities responsible for work May subcontract Title to converted		
75	facilities retained.		
76	(1) The utility concerned:		
77	(a) shall be responsible for the accomplishment of all construction work to the point of		
78	delivery; and		
79	(b) may contract out [such] any part of the construction work as it [deems] considers		
80	desirable.		
81	(2) Title to the converted facilities shall be at all times solely and exclusively vested in		
82	the public utility corporations involved.		
83	(3) The public body, improvement district, or the public generally will not own the		
84	facilities at any time and the public is purchasing only the intangible benefits which come from		
85	converted facilities, that is the removal of the overhead facilities and replacement by		
86	underground facilities.		

Section 3. Section **54-8-26** is amended to read:

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88	54-8-26. Notice that service from underground facilities is available
89	Consequences of failure to convert overhead facilities.
90	(1) (a) If service from the underground <u>public</u> utility is <u>to be made</u> available to all or
91	part of an improvement district area, the governing body of the county or municipality that
92	created the district shall mail a notice to each owner of real property served from existing
93	overhead facilities stating that:
94	[(i) service from the underground facilities is available; and]
95	(i) conversion of all facilities owned within the improvement district by a public utility
96	from overhead to underground to the point of delivery is proceeding;
97	(ii) the property owner is responsible for the changes in the service entrance equipment
98	located on the property to accommodate the conversion of the applicable public utility's
99	facilities from overhead to underground at the point of delivery; and
100	[(iii)] (iii) each owner shall [perform the necessary construction to convert the owner's
101	existing overhead electric and communications to underground from the utility-provided
102	service point to the service point on the owner's property] coordinate with the applicable public
103	utility to make the conversion from overhead to underground service.
104	(b) In addition to improvement district assessments, the property owner shall bear the
105	expense of the conversion from overhead to underground described in Subsections (1)(a)(ii)
106	and (iii).
107	[(b)] (c) Each [owner that converts] conversion of overhead facilities to underground
108	facilities shall comply with all applicable state and local laws, ordinances, rules, and
109	regulations, and with all tariffs of the applicable <u>public</u> utility.
110	(d) The public utility or its contractor shall perform the necessary construction to the
111	point of delivery, unless the public utility authorizes another to perform the construction.
112	(2) (a) Failure to [convert] have the [overhead facilities to] property owner's service
113	entrance equipment described in Subsection (1)(a)(ii) converted to accommodate underground
114	[facilities] service within [60 days after the date of mailing the notice] the time that the
115	governing body specifies in writing shall be considered as [a] the property owner's consent to
116	and grant of a construction easement to the county or municipality and as express authority to
117	the county or municipality [and its officers, agents, and employees] to arrange for qualified

persons to enter upon the lot or parcel for the purpose of making the [conversion] required

119	changes
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- (b) A construction easement under Subsection (2)(a) terminates upon completion of the conversion of overhead facilities to underground.
- (3) If the county or municipality [converts the overhead facilities to underground facilities] arranges for the conversion of the service entrance equipment, all county, municipal, and public utility costs and expenses of the conversion, including the engineering, legal, advertising, and incidental expenses, shall be assessed against the property [benefitted] upon which the service entrance equipment was converted and become a lien upon the property served.
- [(4) The owner shall, at the owner's expense, make all necessary changes in the service entrance equipment to accept underground service.]

S.B. 185 2nd Sub. (Salmon) - Utility Improvement District Revisions

Fiscal Note

2007 General Session State of Utah

State Impact

Enactment of this bill will not require additional appropriations.

Individual, Business and/or Local Impact

Enactment of this bill likely will not result in direct, measurable costs and/or benefits for businesses, or local governments. Real property owners will bear the costs of converting overhead utility access to underground access.

2/12/2007, 5:00:16 PM, Lead Analyst: Eckersley, S.

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst