Senator Darin G. Peterson proposes the following substitute bill:

1	FISH HEALTH AMENDMENTS
2	2007 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Darin G. Peterson
5	House Sponsor:
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill amends the Aquaculture Act.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	 requires the Fish Health Policy Board to adopt rules consistent with the American
13	Fisheries Society's bluebook;
14	allows an aquaculture facility to be retested for a health approval number;
15	 allows the Division of Wildlife to use more sensitive procedures when testing a
16	public aquaculture facility;
17	 changes the membership of the Fish Health Policy Board;
18	 requires the Department of Agriculture and Food to maintain a list of approved
19	laboratories and fish health inspectors;
20	 authorizes the Fish Health Policy Board to waive requirements established in rule;
21	 designates the presiding officer for a review of certain agency orders; and
22	makes technical changes.
23	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
24	None
25	Other Special Clauses:



None
Utah Code Sections Affected:
AMENDS:
4-37-109 , as last amended by Chapter 302, Laws of Utah 1998
4-37-501 , as last amended by Chapter 302, Laws of Utah 1998
4-37-502 , as last amended by Chapter 302, Laws of Utah 1998
4-37-503, as last amended by Chapter 9, Laws of Utah 2001
4-37-602 , as enacted by Chapter 153, Laws of Utah 1994
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 4-37-109 is amended to read:
4-37-109. Department to make rules.
(1) The department shall make rules in accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah
Administrative Rulemaking Act:
(a) specifying procedures for the application and renewal of certificates of registration
for operating an aquaculture or fee fishing facility; and
(b) governing the disposal or removal of aquatic animals from an aquaculture or fee
fishing facility for which the certificate of registration has lapsed or been revoked.
(2) (a) The department may make other rules consistent with its responsibilities set
forth in Section 4-37-104.
(b) Except as provided by this chapter, the rules authorized by Subsection (2)(a) must
be consistent with the suggested procedures for the detection and identification of pathogens
published by the American Fisheries Society's Fish Health Section.
Section 2. Section 4-37-501 is amended to read:
4-37-501. Health approval Exceptions.
(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsections (2) and (3), live aquatic animals may be
acquired, purchased, sold, or transferred only from sources [which] that have been health
approved by the department or the Division of Wildlife Resources in accordance with policy
and rules of the Fish Health Policy Board and assigned a health approval number.
(b) (i) The department shall be responsible for certifying as health approved:
(A) aquaculture facilities;

57	(B) fee fishing facilities; and
58	(C) any out-of-state source.
59	(ii) The Division of Wildlife Resources shall be responsible for certifying as health
60	approved:
61	(A) public aquaculture facilities within the state;
62	(B) private ponds within the state; and
63	(C) wild populations of aquatic animals in waters of the state.
64	(2) (a) The Division of Wildlife Resources shall waive the health approval requirement
65	for wild populations of aquatic animals pursuant to guidelines of the Fish Health Policy Board.
66	(b) The Fish Health Policy Board shall develop guidelines for waiving the health
67	approval requirement for wild populations of aquatic animals which:
68	(i) are listed by the federal government as threatened or endangered;
69	(ii) are listed by the Division of Wildlife Resources as species of special concern; or
70	(iii) exist in such low numbers that lethal sampling for health approval could threaten
71	the population.
72	(c) When wild populations of aquatic animals are exempted from the health approval
73	requirement, precautions shall be taken to protect other wild populations and any other aquatic
74	animals from undetected pathogens.
75	(3) Subsection (1) does not apply to the sale or transfer of live aquatic animals to an
76	out-of-state destination approved by the receiving state.
77	(4) In certifying a public aquaculture facility as health approved, the Division of
78	Wildlife Resources may use:
79	(a) employees or contractors to conduct the inspection required by Section 4-37-502;
80	<u>and</u>
81	(b) sampling or testing procedures that are more thorough or sensitive in detecting
82	prohibited pathogens than the procedures required by rule.
83	Section 3. Section 4-37-502 is amended to read:
84	4-37-502. Inspections Report for quarantine facility Qualifications of
85	inspectors.
86	(1) [Health] (a) Except as provided by Subsection (1)(b), approval shall be based upon
87	inspections carried out in accordance with standards and rules of the Fish Health Policy Board

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88	made pursuant to Section 4-37-503.
89	(b) An owner or operator of an aquaculture facility that is under quarantine or whose
90	health approval has been canceled or denied prior to July 1, 2007 may seek health approval
91	without submitting or complying with a biosecurity plan required by rule by submitting a new
92	health inspection report to the department.
93	(2) (a) The inspections must be done by an individual who has received certification
94	from the American Fisheries Society as a fish health inspector.
95	(b) An inspection of an aquaculture facility may not be done by an inspector who is
96	employed by, or has pecuniary interest in, the facility being inspected.
97	(c) The department shall post on its website a current list of:
98	(i) certified fish health inspectors; and
99	(ii) approved laboratories to which a fish health inspector may send the samples
100	collected during the inspections required by this section.
101	(3) To receive a health approval number, inspection reports and other evidence of the
102	disease status of a source facility must be submitted to the agency responsible for certifying the
103	source as health approved pursuant to Section 4-37-501.
104	Section 4. Section 4-37-503 is amended to read:
105	4-37-503. Fish Health Policy Board.
106	(1) There is created within the department the Fish Health Policy Board which shall
107	establish policies designed to prevent the outbreak of, control the spread of, and eradicate
108	pathogens that cause disease in aquatic animals.
109	(2) The Fish Health Policy Board shall:
110	(a) in accordance with Subsection (6)(b), determine procedures and requirements for
111	certifying a source of aquatic animals as health approved, including:
112	(i) the pathogens for which inspection is required to receive health approval;
113	(ii) the pathogens which may not be present to receive health approval; and
114	(iii) standards and procedures required for the inspection of aquatic animals;
115	(b) establish procedures for the timely reporting of the presence of pathogens and
116	disease threats;
117	(c) create policies and procedures for, and appoint, an emergency response team to:

(i) investigate serious threats of disease;

119	(ii) develop and monitor a plan of action; and
120	(iii) report to:
121	(A) the commissioner of agriculture and food;
122	(B) the director of the Division of Wildlife Resources; and
123	(C) the chair of the Fish Health Policy Board; and
124	(d) develop unified statewide aquaculture disease control plans.
125	(3) The Fish Health Policy Board shall advise the commissioner of agriculture and
126	food and the executive director of the Department of Natural Resources regarding:
127	(a) educational programs and information systems to educate and inform the public
128	about practices that the public may employ to prevent the spread of disease; and
129	(b) communication and interaction between the department and the Division of
130	Wildlife Resources regarding fish health policies and procedures.
131	(4) (a) (i) The Fish Health Policy Board shall consist of [seven] eight members as
132	follows:
133	(A) one member shall be jointly appointed by the commissioner of agriculture and food
134	and the executive director of the Department of Natural Resources;
135	(B) two members shall be appointed by the commissioner of agriculture and food;
136	(C) two members shall be appointed by the executive director of the Department of
137	Natural Resources;
138	(D) one member shall be the state veterinarian; [and]
139	(E) one member shall be the director of the Division of Wildlife Resources[-]; and
140	(F) one member shall be a representative of the aquaculture industry, appointed by the
141	governor from names submitted by a nonprofit corporation, as defined in Section 16-6a-102,
142	that promotes the efficient production, distribution, and marketing of aquaculture products and
143	the welfare of all persons engaged in aquaculture.
144	(ii) Each member appointed under Subsections (4)(a)(i)(A) through (C) shall be
145	knowledgeable about the control of aquatic diseases.
146	(iii) The member appointed under Subsection (4)(a)(i)(A) may not be an employee of,
147	or a member of a board within, the Department of Agriculture and Food or Department of
148	Natural Resources.
149	(iv) Of the members appointed under Subsection (4)(a)(i)(B), one shall be an employee

- of the Division of Animal Industry and one shall be a representative of the aquaculture industry.
 - (v) Of the members appointed under Subsection (4)(a)(i)(C), one shall be an employee of the Division of Wildlife Resources and one shall represent sport fishermen.
 - (vi) If the governor rejects all the names submitted under Subsection (4)(a)(i)(F), the recommending nonprofit corporation shall submit additional names.
 - (b) Except as required by Subsection (4)(c), the term of office of board members, other than the state veterinarian and the director of the Division of Wildlife Resources, shall be four years.
 - (c) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (4)(b), the commissioner and the executive director shall, at the time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of board members are staggered so that approximately half of the board is appointed every two years.
 - (d) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be appointed for the unexpired term.
 - (e) The member appointed under Subsection (4)(a)(i)(A) shall serve as chair of the board.
 - (f) The board shall meet upon the call of the chair or a majority of the board members.
 - (g) (i) An action of the board shall be adopted upon approval of [four] five or more voting members.
 - (ii) The chair may not vote.
 - (5) (a) (i) [Members] A member who [are] is not a government [employees shall] employee may not receive [no] compensation or benefits for [their services] the member's service, but may receive per diem and expenses incurred in the performance of the member's official duties at the rates established by the Division of Finance under Sections 63A-3-106 and 63A-3-107.
 - (ii) [Members] A member may decline to receive per diem and expenses for [their] the member's service.
 - (b) (i) [State] A state government officer and employee [members] member who [do] does not receive salary, per diem, or expenses from [their] the agency the member represents for [their] the member's service may receive per diem and expenses incurred in the

181	performance of [their] the member's official duties [from the board] at the rates established by
182	the Division of Finance under Sections 63A-3-106 and 63A-3-107.
183	(ii) [State] A state government officer and employee [members] member may decline
184	to receive per diem and expenses for [their] the member's service.
185	(6) (a) The board shall make rules consistent with its responsibilities and duties
186	specified in this section.
187	(b) Except as provided by this chapter, all rules adopted by the Fish Health Policy
188	Board must be consistent with the suggested procedures for the detection and identification of
189	pathogens published by the American Fisheries Society's Fish Health Section.
190	[(b)] (c) (i) Rules of the department and Fish Health Policy Board pertaining to the
191	control of disease shall remain in effect until the Fish Health Policy Board enacts rules to
192	replace those provisions.
193	(ii) The Fish Health Policy Board shall promptly amend rules that are inconsistent with
194	the current suggested procedures published by the American Fisheries Society.
195	(d) The Fish Health Policy Board may waive a requirement established by the Fish
196	Health Policy Board's rules if:
197	(i) the rule specifies the waiver criteria and procedures; and
198	(ii) the waiver will not threaten other aquaculture facilities or wild aquatic animal
199	populations.
200	Section 5. Section 4-37-602 is amended to read:
201	4-37-602. Adjudicative proceedings.
202	(1) Adjudicative proceedings under this chapter shall be conducted in accordance with
203	Title 63, Chapter 46b, Administrative Procedures Act.
204	(2) The revocation of an aquaculture facility's certificate of registration, the denial of
205	an aquaculture facility's future certificate of registration, and a denial or cancellation of an
206	aquaculture facility's health approval number is a state agency action governed by Title 63,
207	Chapter 46b, Administrative Procedures Act.
208	(3) (a) An owner or operator of an aquaculture facility may ask for an agency review,
209	as provided by Section 63-46b-12, of an agency action specified in Subsection (2).
210	(b) The presiding officer, as defined in Section 63-46b-2, conducting the agency review
211	shall consist of three members as follows:

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212	(i) the person representing sport fishermen, appointed under Subsection
213	4-37-503(4)(a)(i)(C);
214	(ii) the person appointed by the governor under Subsection 4-37-503(4)(a)(i)(F); and
215	(iii) one person, appointed by the governor, who is knowledgeable about aquatic
216	diseases and is employed by an institution of higher education.
217	(c) The final decision of the presiding officer shall be adopted upon approval of at least
218	two of the members.
219	(d) The terms and compensation for the members listed in Subsections (3)(b)(i) and (ii)
220	shall be the same as provided in Section 4-37-503.
221	(e) (i) The term for the member appointed under Subsection (3)(b)(iii) shall be four
222	years.
223	(ii) (A) A higher education member who does not receive salary, per diem, or expenses
224	from the entity that the member represents for the member's service may receive per diem and
225	expenses incurred in the performance of the member's official duties at the rates established by
226	the Division of Finance under Sections 63A-3-106 and 63A-3-107.
227	(B) A higher education member may decline to receive per diem and expenses for the
228	member's service.

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Fiscal Note

2007 General Session State of Utah

State Impact

Enactment of this bill will not require additional appropriations.

Individual, Business and/or Local Impact

Enactment of this bill likely will not result in direct, measurable costs and/or benefits for local governments. Enactment of this bill may require additional testing for disease detection which would result in additional costs for individual producers.

2/8/2007, 11:20:27 AM, Lead Analyst: Djambov, I.

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst