1	ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE CONTROL
2	AMENDMENTS
3	2007 GENERAL SESSION
4	STATE OF UTAH
5	Chief Sponsor: Peter C. Knudson
6	House Sponsor: Scott L Wyatt
7 8	LONG TITLE
9	General Description:
10	This bill modifies the Alcoholic Beverage Control Act.
11	Highlighted Provisions:
12	This bill:
13	provides for severability;
14	modifies and adds definitions;
15	addresses terms of commissioners;
16	 addresses appointment and removal of the director;
17	 adjusts markups by the department and diverts a portion of certain gross sales
18	revenues to the school lunch program;
19	repeals the wine and liquor tax;
20	 addresses purchases of alcoholic beverages by the department;
21	 addresses disciplinary proceedings and judicial review of those proceedings;
22	 addresses standards for attire, conduct, and entertainment on premises of licensees
23	and permittees;
24	addresses minors including:
25	 addressing hiring minors;
26	 addressing admitting minors onto premises; and
27	 addressing unlawful acts by minors;



 addresses operational restrictions of certain licensees and permittees including
on-premise beer retailer and those holding a permit for industrial or manufacturing
use;
 addresses alcohol-related compliance check investigations;
provides for suspension of driving privileges;
addresses advertising;
 removes redundant or out-of-date language; and
 makes technical and conforming amendments.
Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
This bill has multiple effective dates.
Utah Code Sections Affected:
AMENDS:
32A-1-102, as last amended by Chapter 314, Laws of Utah 2003
32A-1-105, as last amended by Chapter 342, Laws of Utah 2006
32A-1-106, as last amended by Chapter 14, Laws of Utah 2006
32A-1-108, as last amended by Chapter 268, Laws of Utah 2004
32A-1-116, as last amended by Chapter 314, Laws of Utah 2003
32A-1-119, as last amended by Chapters 14 and 162, Laws of Utah 2006
32A-1-120, as renumbered and amended by Chapter 23, Laws of Utah 1990
32A-1-122, as last amended by Chapter 314, Laws of Utah 2003
32A-1-401, as last amended by Chapter 342, Laws of Utah 2006
32A-4-102, as last amended by Chapter 314, Laws of Utah 2003
32A-4-106, as last amended by Chapter 268, Laws of Utah 2004
32A-4-206, as last amended by Chapter 268, Laws of Utah 2004
32A-4-303, as last amended by Chapter 268, Laws of Utah 2004
32A-4-307, as last amended by Chapter 268, Laws of Utah 2004
32A-4-401, as last amended by Chapter 152, Laws of Utah 2005
32A-4-402, as last amended by Chapter 152, Laws of Utah 2005
32A-4-406, as last amended by Chapter 152, Laws of Utah 2005

59	32A-5-102, as last amended by Chapter 268, Laws of Utah 2004
60	32A-5-107, as last amended by Chapter 268, Laws of Utah 2004
61	32A-6-301, as last amended by Chapter 314, Laws of Utah 2003
62	32A-6-302, as renumbered and amended by Chapter 23, Laws of Utah 1990
63	32A-7-106, as last amended by Chapter 268, Laws of Utah 2004
64	32A-8-102, as last amended by Chapter 314, Laws of Utah 2003
65	32A-8-106, as last amended by Chapter 314, Laws of Utah 2003
66	32A-8-505, as last amended by Chapter 268, Laws of Utah 2004
67	32A-10-101 , as last amended by Chapter 342, Laws of Utah 2006
68	32A-10-102 , as last amended by Chapter 314, Laws of Utah 2003
69	32A-10-103, as enacted by Chapter 342, Laws of Utah 2006
70	32A-10-202, as last amended by Chapter 268, Laws of Utah 2004
71	32A-10-206, as last amended by Chapter 268, Laws of Utah 2004
72	32A-10-306 , as last amended by Chapter 268, Laws of Utah 2004
73	32A-12-209, as last amended by Chapter 218, Laws of Utah 2004
74	32A-12-213, as last amended by Chapter 268, Laws of Utah 2004
75	32A-12-401, as last amended by Chapter 314, Laws of Utah 2003
76	32A-14a-102, as renumbered and amended by Chapter 197, Laws of Utah 2000
77	53-3-219, as last amended by Chapter 161, Laws of Utah 2004
78	62A-15-401, as last amended by Chapter 342, Laws of Utah 2006
79	76-9-701 , as last amended by Chapter 365, Laws of Utah 1997
80	78-3a-506, as repealed and reenacted by Chapter 365, Laws of Utah 1997
81	ENACTS:
82	32A-1-601 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
83	32A-1-602 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
84	32A-1-603 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
85	32A-1-604 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
86	32A-12-209.5 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
87	REPEALS:
88	59-16-101 , as last amended by Chapter 2, Laws of Utah 1988
89	59-16-102 , as last amended by Chapter 299, Laws of Utah 1998

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91	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
92	Section 1. Section 32A-1-102 is amended to read:
93	32A-1-102. Application of title Severability.
94	(1) This title governs alcoholic beverage control in this state except where [local
95	authorities are] a local authority is expressly granted regulatory control by this title.
96	(2) Nothing in this title precludes <u>a</u> local [authorities] <u>authority</u> from regulating the
97	sale, storage, service, or consumption of alcoholic beverages if that regulation does not conflict
98	with [the provisions of] this title.
99	(3) If any provision of this title or the application of any provision to any person or
100	circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of this title shall be given effect without the invalid
101	provision or application. The provisions of this title are severable.
102	Section 2. Section 32A-1-105 is amended to read:
103	32A-1-105. Definitions.
104	As used in this title:
105	(1) "Airport lounge" means a place of business licensed to sell alcoholic beverages, at
106	retail, for consumption on its premises located at an international airport with a United States
107	Customs office on the premises of the international airport.
108	(2) "Alcoholic beverages" means "beer" and "liquor" as the terms are defined in this
109	section.
110	(3) (a) "Alcoholic products" means all products that:
111	(i) contain:
112	(A) at least 63/100 of 1% of alcohol by volume; or
113	(B) at least 1/2 of 1% by weight; and
114	(ii) are obtained by fermentation, infusion, decoction, brewing, distillation, or any other
115	process that uses any liquid or combinations of liquids, whether drinkable or not, to create
116	alcohol in an amount greater than the amount prescribed in Subsection (3)(a)(i).
117	(b) "Alcoholic products" does not include any of the following common items that
118	otherwise come within the definition of alcoholic products:
119	(i) extracts;
120	(ii) vinegars;

121	(iii) ciders;
122	(iv) essences;
123	(v) tinctures;
124	(vi) food preparations; or
125	(vii) over-the-counter drugs and medicines.
126	(4) "Bar" means a counter or similar structure:
127	(a) at which alcoholic beverages are:
128	(i) stored; or
129	(ii) dispensed; or
130	(b) from which alcoholic beverages are served.
131	(5) (a) "Beer" means any product that:
132	(i) contains 63/100 of 1% of alcohol by volume or 1/2 of 1% of alcohol by weight, but
133	not more than 4% of alcohol by volume or 3.2% by weight; and
134	(ii) is obtained by fermentation, infusion, or decoction of any malted grain.
135	(b) Beer may or may not contain hops or other vegetable products.
136	(c) Beer includes a product that:
137	(i) contains alcohol in the percentages described in Subsection (5)(a); and
138	(ii) is referred to as:
139	(A) malt liquor;
140	(B) malted beverages; or
141	(C) malt coolers.
142	(6) (a) "Beer retailer" means [any] a business [establishment] that is:
143	(i) engaged, primarily or incidentally, in the retail sale of beer to [public] patrons,
144	whether for consumption on or off the [establishment's] business premises; and
145	(ii) licensed to sell beer by:
146	(A) the commission;
147	(B) a local authority; or
148	(C) both the commission and a local authority.
149	(b) (i) "Off-premise beer retailer" means a [general food store or similar] business that
150	is engaged in the retail sale of beer to [public] patrons for consumption off the beer retailer's
151	premises.

152	(ii) "Off-premise beer retailer" does not include an on-premise beer retailer.
153	(c) [(i)] "On-premise beer retailer" means [any beer retailer engaged, primarily or
154	incidentally,] a business that is engaged in the sale of beer to [public] patrons for consumption
155	on the beer retailer's premises, regardless of whether the business sells beer for consumption
156	off the beer retailer's premises.
157	[(ii) "On-premise beer retailer" includes a tavern.]
158	(7) "Billboard" means any public display used to advertise including:
159	(a) a light device;
160	(b) a painting;
161	(c) a drawing;
162	(d) a poster;
163	(e) a sign;
164	(f) a signboard; or
165	(g) a scoreboard.
166	(8) "Brewer" means any person engaged in manufacturing beer.
167	(9) "Cash bar" means the service of alcoholic beverages:
168	(a) at:
169	(i) a banquet; or
170	(ii) a temporary event for which a permit is issued under this title; and
171	(b) if an attendee at the banquet or temporary event is charged for the alcoholic
172	beverage.
173	(10) "Chartered bus" means a passenger bus, coach, or other motor vehicle provided by
174	a bus company to a group of persons pursuant to a common purpose:
175	(a) under a single contract;
176	(b) at a fixed charge in accordance with the bus company's tariff; and
177	(c) for the purpose of giving the group of persons the exclusive use of the bus and a
178	driver to travel together to a specified destination or destinations.
179	(11) "Church" means a building:
180	(a) set apart for the purpose of worship;
181	(b) in which religious services are held;
182	(c) with which clergy is associated; and

183	(d) which is tax exempt under the laws of this state.
184	(12) "Club" and "private club" means any of the following organized primarily for the
185	benefit of its members:
186	(a) a social club;
187	(b) a recreational association;
188	(c) a fraternal association;
189	(d) an athletic association; or
190	(e) a kindred association.
191	(13) "Commission" means the Alcoholic Beverage Control Commission.
192	(14) "Department" means the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control.
193	(15) "Distressed merchandise" means any alcoholic beverage in the possession of the
194	department that is saleable, but for some reason is unappealing to the public.
195	[(16) "General food store" means any business establishment primarily engaged in
196	selling food and grocery supplies to public patrons for off-premise consumption.]
197	[(17)] (16) "Guest" means a person accompanied by an active member or visitor of a
198	club who enjoys only those privileges derived from the host for the duration of the visit to the
199	club.
200	[(18)] (17) (a) "Heavy beer" means any product that:
201	(i) contains more than 4% alcohol by volume; and
202	(ii) is obtained by fermentation, infusion, or decoction of any malted grain.
203	(b) "Heavy beer" is considered "liquor" for the purposes of this title.
204	[(19)] (18) "Hosted bar" means the service of alcoholic beverages:
205	(a) without charge; and
206	(b) at a:
207	(i) banquet; or
208	(ii) privately hosted event.
209	[(20)] (19) "Identification card" means the identification card issued under Title 53,
210	Chapter 3, Part 8, Identification Card Act.
211	[(21)] (20) "Interdicted person" means a person to whom the sale, gift, or provision of
212	an alcoholic beverage is prohibited by:
213	(a) law; or

214	(b) court order.
215	$[\frac{(22)}{2}]$ "Intoxicated" means that to a degree that is unlawful under Section
216	76-9-701 a person is under the influence of:
217	(a) an alcoholic beverage;
218	(b) a controlled substance;
219	(c) a substance having the property of releasing toxic vapors; or
220	(d) a combination of Subsections [(22)] (21)(a) through (c).
221	[(23)] (22) "Licensee" means any person issued a license by the commission to sell,
222	manufacture, store, or allow consumption of alcoholic beverages on premises owned or
223	controlled by the person.
224	[(24)] (23) "Limousine" means any motor vehicle licensed by the state or a local
225	authority, other than a bus or taxicab:
226	(a) in which the driver and passengers are separated by a partition, glass, or other
227	barrier; and
228	(b) that is provided by a company to an individual or individuals at a fixed charge in
229	accordance with the company's tariff for the purpose of giving the individual or individuals the
230	exclusive use of the limousine and a driver to travel to a specified destination or destinations.
231	[(25)] (24) (a) "Liquor" means alcohol, or any alcoholic, spirituous, vinous, fermented,
232	malt, or other liquid, or combination of liquids, a part of which is spirituous, vinous, or
233	fermented, and all other drinks, or drinkable liquids that contain more than 1/2 of 1% of
234	alcohol by volume and is suitable to use for beverage purposes.
235	(b) "Liquor" does not include any beverage defined as a beer, malt liquor, or malted
236	beverage that has an alcohol content of less than 4% alcohol by volume.
237	[(26)] (25) "Local authority" means:
238	(a) the governing body of the county if the premises are located in an unincorporated
239	area of a county; or
240	(b) the governing body of the city or town if the premises are located in an incorporated
241	city or a town.
242	[(27)] (26) "Manufacture" means to distill, brew, rectify, mix, compound, process,
243	ferment, or otherwise make an alcoholic product for personal use or for sale or distribution to
244	others.

245	$\left[\frac{(28)}{(27)}\right]$ "Member" means a person who, after paying regular dues, has full
246	privileges of a club under this title.
247	$[\frac{(29)}{(28)}]$ (a) "Military installation" means a base, air field, camp, post, station, yard,
248	center, or homeport facility for any ship:
249	(i) (A) under the control of the United States Department of Defense; or
250	(B) of the National Guard;
251	(ii) that is located within the state; and
252	(iii) including any leased facility.
253	(b) "Military installation" does not include any facility used primarily for:
254	(i) civil works;
255	(ii) rivers and harbors projects; or
256	(iii) flood control projects.
257	[(30)] (29) "Minor" means any person under the age of 21 years.
258	(30) "Nude," "nudity," or "state of nudity" means:
259	(a) the appearance of:
260	(i) the nipple or areola of a female human breast;
261	(ii) a human genital;
262	(iii) a human pubic area; or
263	(iv) a human anus; or
264	(b) a state of dress that fails to opaquely cover:
265	(i) the nipple or areola of a female human breast;
266	(ii) a human genital;
267	(iii) a human pubic area; or
268	(iv) a human anus.
269	(31) "Outlet" means a location other than a state store or package agency where
270	alcoholic beverages are sold pursuant to a license issued by the commission.
271	(32) "Package" means any of the following containing liquor:
272	(a) a container;
273	(b) a bottle;
274	(c) a vessel; or
275	(d) other receptacle.

(33) "Package agency" means a retail liquor location operated under a contractual agreement with the department, by a person other than the state, who is authorized by the commission to sell package liquor for consumption off the premises of the agency.

- (34) "Package agent" means any person permitted by the commission to operate a package agency pursuant to a contractual agreement with the department to sell liquor from premises that the package agent shall provide and maintain.
- (35) "Permittee" means any person issued a permit by the commission to perform acts or exercise privileges as specifically granted in the permit.
- (36) "Person" means any individual, partnership, firm, corporation, limited liability company, association, business trust, or other form of business enterprise, including a receiver or trustee, and the plural as well as the singular number, unless the intent to give a more limited meaning is disclosed by the context.
- (37) "Premises" means any building, enclosure, room, or equipment used in connection with the sale, storage, service, manufacture, distribution, or consumption of alcoholic products, unless otherwise defined in this title or in the rules adopted by the commission.
- (38) "Prescription" means a writing in legal form, signed by a physician or dentist and given to a patient for obtaining an alcoholic beverage for medicinal purposes only.
- (39) (a) "Privately hosted event" or "private social function" means a specific social, business, or recreational event for which an entire room, area, or hall has been leased or rented, in advance by an identified group, and the event or function is limited in attendance to people who have been specifically designated and their guests.
- (b) "Privately hosted event" and "private social function" does not include events or functions to which the general public is invited, whether for an admission fee or not.
 - (40) "Proof of age" means:
 - (a) an identification card;
 - (b) an identification that:
 - (i) is substantially similar to an identification card;
- 303 (ii) is issued in accordance with the laws of a state other than Utah in which the 304 identification is issued;
 - (iii) includes date of birth; and
- 306 (iv) has a picture affixed;

307	(c) a valid driver license certificate that:
308	(i) includes date of birth;
309	(ii) has a picture affixed; and
310	(iii) is issued:
311	(A) under Title 53, Chapter 3, Uniform Driver License Act; or
312	(B) in accordance with the laws of the state in which it is issued;
313	(d) a military identification card that:
314	(i) includes date of birth; and
315	(ii) has a picture affixed; or
316	(e) a valid passport.
317	(41) (a) "Public building" means any building or permanent structure owned or leased
318	by the state, a county, or local government entity that is used for:
319	(i) public education;
320	(ii) transacting public business; or
321	(iii) regularly conducting government activities.
322	(b) "Public building" does not mean or refer to any building owned by the state or a
323	county or local government entity when the building is used by anyone, in whole or in part, for
324	proprietary functions.
325	(42) "Representative" means an individual who is compensated by salary, commission,
326	or any other means for representing and selling the alcoholic beverage products of a
327	manufacturer, supplier, or importer of liquor, wine, or heavy beer.
328	(43) "Residence" means the person's principal place of abode within Utah.
329	(44) "Restaurant" means any business establishment:
330	(a) where a variety of foods is prepared and complete meals are served to the general
331	public;
332	(b) located on a premises having adequate culinary fixtures for food preparation and
333	dining accommodations; and
334	(c) that is engaged primarily in serving meals to the general public.
335	(45) "Retailer" means any person engaged in the sale or distribution of alcoholic
336	beverages to the consumer.
337	(46) (a) "Sample" includes:

338	(i) a department sample; and
339	(ii) an industry representative sample.
340	(b) "Department sample" means liquor, wine, and heavy beer that has been placed in
341	the possession of the department for testing, analysis, and sampling.
342	(c) "Industry representative sample" means liquor, wine, and heavy beer that has been
343	placed in the possession of the department for testing, analysis, and sampling by local industry
344	representatives on the premises of the department to educate the local industry representatives
345	of the quality and characteristics of the product.
346	(47) (a) "School" means any building used primarily for the general education of
347	minors.
348	(b) "School" does not include:
349	(i) a nursery school;
350	(ii) an infant day care center; or
351	(iii) a trade or technical school.
352	(48) "Sell," "sale," and "to sell" means any transaction, exchange, or barter whereby,
353	for any consideration, an alcoholic beverage is either directly or indirectly transferred, solicited
354	ordered, delivered for value, or by any means or under any pretext is promised or obtained,
355	whether done by a person as a principal, proprietor, or as an agent, servant, or employee, unless
356	otherwise defined in this title or the rules made by the commission.
357	(49) "Seminude," "seminudity," or "state of seminudity" means a state of dress in
358	which opaque clothing covers no more than:
359	(a) the nipple and areola of the female human breast in a shape and color other than the
360	natural shape and color of the nipple and areola; and
361	(b) the human genitals, pubic area, and anus:
362	(i) with no less than the following at its widest point:
363	(A) four inches coverage width in the front of the human body; and
364	(B) five inches coverage width in the back of the human body; and
365	(ii) with coverage that does not taper to less than one inch wide at the narrowest point.
366	(50) "Sexually oriented entertainer" means a person who while in a state of seminudity
367	appears at or performs:
368	(a) for the entertainment of one or more patrons;

369	(b) on the premises of:
370	(i) a class D private club as defined in Subsection 32A-5-101(3); or
371	(ii) a tavern;
372	(c) on behalf of or at the request of the licensee described in Subsection (50)(b):
373	(d) on a contractual or voluntary basis; and
374	(e) whether or not the person is designated:
375	(i) an employee of the licensee described in Subsection (50)(b);
376	(ii) an independent contractor of the licensee described in Subsection (50)(b);
377	(iii) an agent of the licensee described in Subsection (50)(b); or
378	(iv) otherwise of the licensee described in Subsection (50)(b).
379	[(49)] (51) "Small brewer" means a brewer who manufactures less than 60,000 barrels
380	of beer and heavy beer per year.
381	[(50)] (52) (a) "Spirituous liquor" means liquor that is distilled.
382	(b) "Spirituous liquor" includes an alcohol product defined as a "distilled spirit" by 27
383	U.S.C. 211 and 27 C.F.R. Sections 5.11 through 5.23.
384	[(51)] (53) (a) "State label" means the official label designated by the commission
385	affixed to all liquor containers sold in the state.
386	(b) "State label" includes the department identification mark and inventory control
387	number.
388	[(52)] (54) (a) "State store" means a facility for the sale of package liquor:
389	(i) located on premises owned or leased by the state; and
390	(ii) operated by state employees.
391	(b) "State store" does not apply to any:
392	(i) licensee;
393	(ii) permittee; or
394	(iii) package agency.
395	[(53)] (55) "Supplier" means any person selling alcoholic beverages to the department
396	[(54)] (56) (a) "Tavern" means any business establishment that is:
397	(i) engaged primarily in the retail sale of beer to public patrons for consumption on the
398	establishment's premises; and
399	(ii) licensed to sell beer under Chapter 10, Part 2, On-Premise Beer Retailer Licenses.

400	(b) "Tavern" includes the following if the revenue from the sale of beer exceeds the
401	revenue of the sale of food, although food need not be sold in the establishment:
402	(i) a beer bar;
403	(ii) a parlor;
404	(iii) a lounge;
405	(iv) a cabaret; or
406	(v) a nightclub.
407	[(55)] (57) "Temporary domicile" means the principal place of abode within Utah of a
408	person who does not have a present intention to continue residency within Utah permanently or
409	indefinitely.
410	[(56)] (58) "Unsaleable liquor merchandise" means merchandise that:
411	(a) is unsaleable because the merchandise is:
412	(i) unlabeled;
413	(ii) leaky;
414	(iii) damaged;
415	(iv) difficult to open; or
416	(v) partly filled;
417	(b) is in a container:
418	(i) having faded labels or defective caps or corks;
419	(ii) in which the contents are:
420	(A) cloudy;
421	(B) spoiled; or
422	(C) chemically determined to be impure; or
423	(iii) that contains:
424	(A) sediment; or
425	(B) any foreign substance; or
426	(c) is otherwise considered by the department as unfit for sale.
427	[(57)] (59) "Visitor" means an individual that in accordance with Section 32A-5-107
428	holds limited privileges in a private club by virtue of a visitor card.
429	[(58)] (60) "Warehouser" means any person, other than a licensed manufacturer,
430	engaged in the importation for sale, storage, or distribution of liquor regardless of amount.

[(59)] (61) "Wholesaler" means any person engaged in the importation for sale, or in
the sale of beer in wholesale or jobbing quantities to retailers, other than a small brewer selling
beer manufactured by that brewer.
[(60)] (62) (a) "Wine" means any alcoholic beverage obtained by the fermentation of
the natural sugar content of fruits, plants, honey, or milk, or any other like substance, whether
or not other ingredients are added.
(b) "Wine" is considered "liquor" for purposes of this title, except as otherwise
provided in this title.
Section 3. Section 32A-1-106 is amended to read:
32A-1-106. Alcoholic Beverage Control Commission Membership Oaths and
bond Per diem Offices Removal Meetings.
(1) The Alcoholic Beverage Control Commission shall act as a governing board over
the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control.
(2) (a) The commission is composed of five part-time commissioners appointed by the
governor with the consent of the Senate.
(b) No more than three commissioners may be of the same political party.
(3) (a) Except as required by Subsection (3)(b), as terms of current [commission
members] <u>commissioners</u> expire, the governor shall appoint each new [member] <u>commissioner</u>
or reappointed [member] commissioner to a four-year term.
(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (3)(a), the governor shall, at the
time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of
[commission members are staggered so that approximately half of the commission is appointed
every two years] no more than two commissioners expire in a fiscal year.
(4) When a vacancy occurs in the [membership] commission for any reason, the
replacement shall be appointed for the unexpired term with the consent of the Senate.
(5) Each commissioner shall qualify by taking the oath of office and by giving bond to
the state for faithful performance of duties in an amount determined by the Division of
Finance, and in a form approved by the attorney general. The bond premium shall be paid by
the state.
(6) (a) [Members shall receive no] A commissioner may not receive compensation or
benefits for [their] the commissioner's services, but may receive per diem and expenses

incurred in the performance of the [member's] commissioner's official duties at the rates established by the Division of Finance under Sections 63A-3-106 and 63A-3-107.

- (b) [Members] A commissioner may decline to receive per diem and expenses for [their] the commissioner's service.
- (7) (a) The commission shall elect one of its members to serve as chair, another to serve as vice chair, and other commission officers as it considers advisable, all of whom shall serve at the pleasure of the commission.
- (b) All [members of] commissioners on the commission have equal voting rights on all commission matters when in attendance at a commission meeting.
- (c) Three [members] commissioners of the commission is a quorum for conducting commission business.
- (d) A majority vote of the quorum present is required for any action to be taken by the commission.
- (8) (a) (i) The governor may remove any commissioner from office for cause after a public hearing conducted by the governor or by an impartial hearing examiner appointed by the governor to conduct the hearing.
- (ii) The commissioner shall receive written notice of the date, time, and place of the hearing along with the alleged grounds for the removal at least ten days before the hearing. The commissioner shall have the opportunity to attend the hearing, present witnesses and other evidence, and confront and cross examine witnesses.
- (b) Following the hearing, written findings of fact and conclusions of law shall be prepared by the person conducting the hearing and a copy served upon the commissioner. If the hearing is before a hearing examiner, the hearing examiner shall also issue a written recommendation to the governor.
- (c) The commissioner shall have five days to file written objections to the recommendation before the governor issues a final order. The governor's order shall be in writing and served upon the commissioner.
- (9) (a) The commission shall meet at least monthly, but may hold other meetings at times and places as scheduled by the commission, by the chair, or by any three commissioners upon filing a written request for a meeting with the chair.
 - (b) Notice of the time and place of each <u>commission</u> meeting shall be given to each

493	commissioner, and to the public in compliance with Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public
494	Meetings Act. All commission meetings shall be open to the public, except those meetings or
495	portions of meetings that are closed by the commission as authorized by Sections 52-4-204 and
496	52-4-205.
497	Section 4. Section 32A-1-108 is amended to read:
498	32A-1-108. Director of alcoholic beverage control Qualifications Oath and
499	bond Compensation Accountable to commission Removal from office.
500	(1) (a) The commission by a vote of four of the five commissioners, with the approval
501	of the governor, shall appoint a director of alcoholic beverage control who is the administrative
502	head of the department.
503	(b) The director serves at the pleasure of the commission, except that the director may
504	only be removed from office by a vote of four commissioners.
505	[(b)] (c) The director may not be a member of the commission.
506	[(e)] <u>(d)</u> The director shall:
507	(i) be qualified in administration [and];
508	(ii) be knowledgeable by experience and training in the field of business management;
509	and [shall]
510	(iii) possess any other qualifications prescribed by the commission.
511	[(2) (a) The director shall qualify by:]
512	[(i) taking the oath of office; and]
513	[(ii) giving a bond for the faithful performance of the director's duties in an amount
514	determined by the Division of Finance and in form approved by the attorney general.]
515	[(b) The bond premium for the bond required by Subsection (2)(a) shall be paid by the
516	state.]
517	[(3)] (2) The director's compensation shall be established by the governor within the
518	salary range fixed by the Legislature in Title 67, Chapter 22, State Officer Compensation.
519	$\left[\frac{4}{3}\right]$ (3) The director shall:
520	(a) carry out the policies of the commission and those of the department;
521	(b) keep the commission fully informed of all operations and administrative activities
522	of the department; and
523	(c) assist the commission in the proper discharge of its duties and responsibilities.

524	[(5) (a) The director may be removed from office for cause by a majority vote of the
525	commission after a public hearing before the full commission.]
526	[(b) The director shall receive written notice of:]
527	[(i) the date, time, and place of the hearing; and]
528	[(ii) the alleged grounds for removal at least ten days before the hearing.]
529	[(c) The director shall be afforded the opportunity to:]
530	[(i) attend the hearing;]
531	[(ii) present witnesses and other evidence; and]
532	[(iii) confront and cross examine witnesses.]
533	[(d) Following the hearing, written findings of fact, conclusions of law, and the final
534	order of the commission shall be issued and served upon the director.]
535	Section 5. Section 32A-1-116 is amended to read:
536	32A-1-116. Purchase of liquor.
537	(1) The department may not purchase or stock [alcoholic beverages] spirituous liquor
538	in containers smaller than 200 [ml.] milliliters except as otherwise allowed by the commission.
539	(2) (a) Each order by the department for the purchase of spirituous liquor, wine, or
540	heavy beer, or any cancellation by the department of an order for spirituous liquor, wine, or
541	heavy beer:
542	(i) shall be executed in writing by the department; and
543	(ii) is not valid or binding unless executed in writing.
544	(b) A copy of each order or cancellation shall be kept on file by the department for at
545	least three years.
546	(c) An electronic record satisfies Subsections (2)(a) and (b) pursuant to Title 46,
547	Chapter 4, Uniform Electronic Transactions Act.
548	Section 6. Section 32A-1-119 is amended to read:
549	32A-1-119. Disciplinary proceedings Procedure.
550	(1) (a) As used in this section and Section 32A-1-120, "disciplinary proceeding" means
551	an adjudicative proceeding permitted under this title:
552	(i) against:
553	(A) a permittee;
554	(B) a licensee;

222	(C) a manufacturer;
556	(D) a supplier;
557	(E) an importer;
558	(F) an out-of-state brewer holding a certificate of approval under Section 32A-8-101;
559	or
560	(G) an officer, employee, or agent of:
561	(I) a person listed in Subsections (1)(a)(i)(A) through (F); [and] or
562	(II) a package agent; and
563	(ii) that is brought on the basis of a violation of this title.
564	(b) As used in Subsection (4), "final adjudication" means an adjudication for which a
565	final unappealable judgment or order has been issued.
566	(2) (a) The following may conduct adjudicative proceedings to inquire into any matter
567	necessary and proper for the administration of this title and rules adopted under this title:
568	(i) the commission;
569	(ii) a hearing examiner appointed by the commission for the purposes provided in
570	Subsection 32A-1-107(3);
571	(iii) the director; and
572	(iv) the department.
573	(b) Except as provided in this section or Section 32A-3-106, the following shall
574	comply with the procedures and requirements of Title 63, Chapter 46b, Administrative
575	Procedures Act, in adjudicative proceedings:
576	(i) the commission;
577	(ii) a hearing examiner appointed by the commission;
578	(iii) the director; and
579	(iv) the department.
580	(c) Except where otherwise provided by law, all adjudicative proceedings before the
581	commission or its appointed hearing examiner shall be:
582	(i) video or audio recorded; and
583	(ii) subject to Subsection (5)(e), conducted in accordance with Title 52, Chapter 4,
584	Open and Public Meetings Act.
585	(d) All adjudicative proceedings concerning departmental personnel shall be conducted

in accordance with Title 67, Chapter 19, Utah State Personnel Management Act.

- (e) All hearings that are informational, fact gathering, and nonadversarial in nature shall be conducted in accordance with rules, policies, and procedures promulgated by the commission, director, or department.
- (3) (a) A disciplinary proceeding shall be conducted under the authority of the commission, which is responsible for rendering a final decision and order on any disciplinary matter.
- (b) (i) Nothing in this section precludes the commission from appointing necessary officers, including hearing examiners, from within or without the department, to administer the disciplinary proceeding process.
 - (ii) A hearing examiner appointed by the commission:
 - (A) may conduct a disciplinary proceeding hearing on behalf of the commission; and
 - (B) shall submit to the commission a report including:
- 599 (I) findings of fact <u>determined on the basis of a preponderance of the evidence</u>
 600 <u>presented at the hearing;</u>
 - (II) conclusions of law; and
 - (III) recommendations.

- (c) Nothing in this section precludes the commission, after [it] the commission has rendered its final decision and order, from having the director prepare, issue, and cause to be served on the parties the final written order on behalf of the commission.
- (4) (a) The department may initiate a disciplinary proceeding described in Subsection (4)(b) when the department receives:
- (i) a report from any government agency, peace officer, examiner, or investigator alleging that any person listed in Subsections (1)(a)(i)(A) through (G) has violated this title or the rules of the commission;
- (ii) a final adjudication of criminal liability against any person listed in Subsections (1)(a)(i)(A) through (G) based on an alleged violation of this title; or
- (iii) a final adjudication of civil liability under Chapter 14a, Alcoholic Beverage Liability, against any person listed in Subsections (1)(a)(i)(A) through (G) based on an alleged violation of this title.
 - (b) The department may initiate a disciplinary proceeding if the department receives an

617	item listed in Subsection (4)(a) to determine:
618	(i) whether any person listed in Subsections (1)(a)(i)(A) through (G) violated this title
619	or rules of the commission; and
620	(ii) if a violation is found, the appropriate sanction to be imposed.
621	(5) (a) Unless waived by the respondent, a disciplinary proceeding shall be held:
622	(i) if required by law;
623	(ii) before revoking or suspending any permit, license, or certificate of approval issued
624	under this title; or
625	(iii) before imposing a fine against any person listed in Subsections (1)(a)(i)(A)
626	through (G).
627	(b) Inexcusable failure of a respondent to appear at a scheduled disciplinary proceeding
628	hearing after receiving proper notice is an admission of the charged violation.
629	(c) The validity of a disciplinary proceeding is not affected by the failure of any person
630	to attend or remain in attendance.
631	(d) All disciplinary proceeding hearings shall be presided over by the commission or an
632	appointed hearing examiner.
633	(e) A disciplinary proceeding hearing may be closed only after the commission or
634	hearing examiner makes a written finding that the public interest in an open hearing is clearly
635	outweighed by factors enumerated in the closure order.
636	(f) (i) The commission or its hearing examiner as part of a disciplinary proceeding
637	hearing may:
638	(A) administer oaths or affirmations;
639	(B) take evidence;
640	(C) take depositions within or without this state; and
641	(D) require by subpoena from any place within this state:
642	(I) the testimony of any person at a hearing; and
643	(II) the production of any books, records, papers, contracts, agreements, documents, or
644	other evidence considered relevant to the inquiry.
645	(ii) A person subpoenaed in accordance with this Subsection (5)(f) shall testify and

(iii) Any witness subpoenaed or called to testify or produce evidence who claims a

produce any books, papers, documents, or tangible things as required in the subpoena.

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privilege against self-incrimination may not be compelled to testify, but the commission or the hearing examiner shall file a written report with the county attorney or district attorney in the jurisdiction where the privilege was claimed or where the witness resides setting forth the circumstance of the claimed privilege.

- (iv) (A) A person is not excused from obeying a subpoena without just cause.
- (B) Any district court within the judicial district in which a person alleged to be guilty of willful contempt of court or refusal to obey a subpoena is found or resides, upon application by the party issuing the subpoena, may issue an order requiring the person to:
 - (I) appear before the issuing party; and

- (II) (Aa) produce documentary evidence if so ordered; or
- (Bb) give evidence regarding the matter in question.
- (C) Failure to obey an order of the court may be punished by the court as contempt.
- (g) (i) In all disciplinary proceeding hearings heard by a hearing examiner, the hearing examiner shall prepare a report required by Subsection (3)(b)(ii) to the commission.
- (ii) The report required by Subsection (3)(b)(ii) and this Subsection (5)(g) may not recommend a penalty more severe than that initially sought by the department in the notice of agency action.
- (iii) A copy of the report required by Subsection (3)(b)(ii) and this Subsection (5)(g) shall be served upon the respective parties.
- (iv) The respondent <u>and the department</u> shall be given reasonable opportunity to file any written objections to the report required by Subsection (3)(b)(ii) and this Subsection (5)(g) before final commission action.
- (h) In all cases heard by the commission, it shall issue its final decision and order in accordance with Subsection (3).
 - (6) (a) The commission shall:
 - (i) render a final decision and order on any disciplinary action; and
 - (ii) cause its final order to be prepared in writing, issued, and served on all parties.
- 675 (b) Any order of the commission is considered final on the date the order becomes 676 effective.
 - (c) If the commission is satisfied that a person listed in Subsections (1)(a)(i)(A) through (G) has committed a violation of this title or the commission's rules, in accordance

with Title 63, Chapter 46b, Administrative Procedures Act, the commission may:

- (i) suspend or revoke the permit, license, or certificate of approval;
- (ii) impose a fine against a person listed in Subsections (1)(a)(i)(A) through (G);
- 682 (iii) assess the administrative costs of any [hearing] disciplinary proceeding to the 683 permittee, the licensee, or certificate holder; or
 - (iv) any combination of Subsections (6)(c)(i) through (iii).
- 685 (d) A fine imposed in accordance with this Subsection (6) is subject to Subsections 686 32A-1-107(1)(p) and (4).
 - (e) (i) If a permit or license is suspended under this Subsection (6), a sign provided by the department shall be prominently posted:
 - (A) during the suspension;

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- (B) by the permittee or licensee; and
- (C) at the entrance of the premises of the permittee or licensee.
- (ii) The sign required by this Subsection (6)(e) shall:
 - (A) read "The Utah Alcoholic Beverage Control Commission has suspended the alcoholic beverage license or permit of this establishment. Alcoholic beverages may not be sold, served, furnished, or consumed on these premises during the period of suspension."; and
 - (B) include the dates of the suspension period.
 - (iii) A permittee or licensee may not remove, alter, obscure, or destroy a sign required to be posted under this Subsection (6)(e) during the suspension period.
 - (f) If a permit or license is revoked, the commission may order the revocation of any compliance bond posted by the permittee or licensee.
 - (g) Any permittee or licensee whose permit or license is revoked may not reapply for a permit or license under this title for three years from the date on which the permit or license is revoked.
 - (h) All costs assessed by the commission shall be transferred into the General Fund in accordance with Section 32A-1-113.
 - (7) (a) In addition to any action taken against a permittee, licensee, or certificate holder under this section, the department may initiate disciplinary action against an officer, employee, or agent of a permittee, licensee, or certificate holder.
 - (b) If any officer, employee, or agent is found to have violated this title, the

commission may prohibit the officer, employee, or agent from serving, selling, distributing, manufacturing, wholesaling, warehousing, or handling alcoholic beverages in the course of employment with any permittee, licensee, or certificate holder under this title for a period determined by the commission.

- (8) (a) The department may initiate a disciplinary proceeding for an alleged violation of this title or the rules of the commission against:
 - (i) a manufacturer, supplier, or importer of alcoholic beverages; or
- 717 (ii) an officer, employee, agent, or representative of a person listed in Subsection 718 (8)(a)(i).
 - (b) (i) If the commission makes the finding described in Subsection (8)(b)(ii), the commission may, in addition to other penalties prescribed by this title, order:
 - (A) the removal of the manufacturer's, supplier's, or importer's products from the department's sales list; and
 - (B) a suspension of the department's purchase of the products described in Subsection (8)(b)(i)(A) for a period determined by the commission.
 - (ii) The commission may take the action described in Subsection (8)(b)(i) if:
 - (A) any manufacturer, supplier, or importer of liquor, wine, or heavy beer or its officer, employee, agent, or representative violates any provision of this title; and
 - (B) the manufacturer, supplier, or importer:
 - (I) directly committed the violation; or
 - (II) solicited, requested, commanded, encouraged, or intentionally aided another to engage in the violation.
 - (9) (a) The department may initiate a disciplinary proceeding against a brewer holding a certificate of approval under Section 32A-8-101 for an alleged violation of this title or the rules of the commission.
 - (b) If the commission makes a finding that the brewer holding a certificate of approval violates this title or rules of the commission, the commission may take any action against the brewer holding a certificate of approval that the commission could take against a licensee including:
 - (i) suspension or revocation of the certificate of approval; and
- 740 (ii) imposition of a fine.

741	(10) (a) If a respondent requests a disciplinary proceeding hearing, the hearing held by
742	the commission or a hearing examiner appointed by the commission shall proceed formally in
743	accordance with Sections 63-46b-6 through 63-46b-11 in any case where:
744	(i) the alleged violation poses, or potentially poses, a grave risk to public safety, health
745	and welfare;
746	(ii) the alleged violation involves:
747	(A) selling, serving, or otherwise furnishing alcoholic products to a minor;
748	(B) attire, conduct, or entertainment prohibited by Part 6, Attire, Conduct, and
749	Entertainment Act:
750	(C) fraud, deceit, willful concealment, or misrepresentation of the facts by or on behalf
751	of the respondent;
752	(D) interfering or refusing to cooperate with:
753	(I) an authorized official of the department or the state in the discharge of the official's
754	duties in relation to the enforcement of this title; or
755	(II) a peace officer in the discharge of the peace officer's duties in relation to the
756	enforcement of this title;
757	(E) an unlawful trade practice under Sections 32A-12-601 through 32A-12-606;
758	(F) unlawful importation of alcoholic products; or
759	(G) unlawful supply of liquor by a liquor industry member, as defined in Subsection
760	32A-12-601(2), to any person other than the department or a military installation, except to the
761	extent permitted by this title; or
762	(iii) the department determines to seek in a disciplinary proceeding hearing:
763	(A) an administrative fine exceeding \$3,000;
764	(B) a suspension of a license, permit, or certificate of approval of more than ten days;
765	<u>or</u>
766	(C) a revocation of a license, permit, or certificate of approval.
767	(b) The commission shall make rules in accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah
768	Administrative Rulemaking Act, to provide a procedure to implement this Subsection (10).
769	Section 7. Section 32A-1-120 is amended to read:
770	32A-1-120. Judicial review Stay of commission order.
771	(1) In a disciplinary proceeding, [any party named] as defined in Section 32A-1-119, a

772	respondent found in a final order of the commission to have violated this title or rules of the
773	commission made under this title may seek judicial review in a court of competent jurisdiction
774	pursuant to the judicial review provisions of Sections 63-46b-14 through 63-46b-18.
775	[(2) (a) The findings of the commission on questions of fact are final and are not
776	subject to review.]
777	[(b) "Questions of fact" include ultimate facts and findings and conclusions of the
778	commission on reasonableness and discretion.]
779	[(3) After the hearing, the reviewing court shall enter judgment affirming or setting
780	aside the order of the commission.]
781	[(4) (a) The fact that a petition is pending in a reviewing court does not stay or suspend
782	the operation of any order of the commission.]
783	[(b) The reviewing court may order that the commission's order be stayed or suspended
784	during the appeal.]
785	[(c) Before issuing an order staying or suspending the commission's order, the
786	reviewing court shall:]
787	[(i) give three days' notice to the parties; and]
788	[(ii) hold a hearing to receive argument and evidence on whether or not the
789	commission's order should be stayed or suspended.]
790	[(d) If the reviewing court decides to stay or suspend the commission's order, it shall
791	make a written finding that:]
792	[(i) great or irreparable damage would result to the petitioner absent the stay or
793	suspension;]
794	[(ii) specifies the nature of the damage; and]
795	[(iii) is based upon evidence submitted to the court and identified by reference.]
796	(2) Notwithstanding Subsection 63-46b-16(4)(g), an appellate court may not grant
797	relief on the basis that a finding of fact by the commission in a formal disciplinary proceeding
798	is not supported, if the commission's finding of fact is supported by any evidence of substance
799	in the record of the formal disciplinary proceeding when viewed in light of the whole record
800	before the court.
801	(3) In addition to any other remedy provided by law, the commission may seek
802	enforcement of a commission order in a disciplinary proceeding by seeking civil enforcement

803	in a state district court in accordance with Section 63-46b-19.
804	Section 8. Section 32A-1-122 is amended to read:
805	32A-1-122. Liquor prices.
806	(1) For purposes of this section:
807	(a) "Landed case cost" means:
808	(i) the cost of the product; and
809	(ii) inbound shipping costs incurred by the department.
810	(b) "Landed case cost" does not include the outbound shipping cost from a warehouse
811	of the department to a state store.
812	[(1)] (2) (a) Except as provided in Subsections (2)(b) and [(3)] (c), all spirituous liquor
813	and wine sold by the department within the state shall be marked up in an amount not less than
814	[64.5%] 86% above the <u>landed case</u> cost to the department.
815	[(2)] (b) All spirituous liquor and wine sold by the department to military installations
816	in Utah shall be marked up in an amount not less than 15% above the <u>landed case</u> cost to the
817	department.
818	[(3)] (c) If a wine manufacturer producing less than 20,000 gallons of wine in any
819	calendar year, as verified by the department pursuant to federal or other verifiable production
820	reports, first applies to the department for a reduced markup, all wine [sold in Utah by the wine
821	manufacturer] produced by the wine manufacturer and sold to the department shall be marked
822	up by the department in an amount not less than [30%] 47% above the landed case cost to the
823	department.
824	(3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), all heavy beer sold by the department
825	within the state shall be marked up in an amount not less than 64.5% above the landed case
826	cost to the department.
827	(b) All heavy beer sold by the department to military installations in Utah shall be
828	marked up in an amount not less than 15% above the landed case cost to the department.
829	(4) Ten percent of the total gross revenue from sales of spiritous liquor, wine, and
830	heavy beer shall be deposited by the department with the state treasurer and credited to the
831	Uniform School Fund to be used to support the school lunch program administered by the State
832	Board of Education under Section 53A-19-201.
833	[(4)] (5) Nothing in this section prohibits the department from selling discontinued

834	[lines] <u>items</u> at a discount.
835	Section 9. Section 32A-1-401 is amended to read:
836	32A-1-401. Alcohol training and education Revocation, suspension, or
837	nonrenewal of licenses.
838	(1) The commission may suspend, revoke, or not renew the license of any licensee
839	licensed by the commission if any of the following individuals, as defined in Section
840	62A-15-401, fail to complete an alcohol training and education seminar required in Section
841	62A-15-401:
842	(a) an individual who manages operations at the premises of the licensee engaged in the
843	retail sale of alcoholic beverages for consumption on the premises of the licensee;
844	(b) an individual who supervises the serving of alcoholic beverages to a customer for
845	consumption on the premises of the licensee; or
846	(c) an individual who serves alcoholic beverages to a customer for consumption on the
847	premises of the licensee.
848	(2) A city, town, or county in which an establishment conducts its business may
849	suspend, revoke, or not renew the business license of the establishment if any individual
850	described in Subsection (1) fails to complete an alcohol training and education seminar
851	required in Section 62A-15-401.
852	(3) A local authority that issues an off-premise beer retailer license to a [general food
853	store or similar] business that is engaged in the retail sale of beer for consumption off the beer
854	retailer's premises may immediately suspend the license if any of the following individuals fail
855	to complete an alcohol training and education seminar required in Sections 32A-10-103 and
856	62A-15-401, an individual who:
857	(a) directly supervises the sale of beer to a customer for consumption off the premises
858	of the off-premise beer retailer licensee; or
859	(b) sells beer to a customer for consumption off the premises of the off-premise beer
860	retailer licensee.
861	Section 10. Section 32A-1-601 is enacted to read:
862	Part 6. Attire, Conduct, and Entertainment Act
863	32A-1-601. Title Purpose Application to other laws.
864	(1) This part is known as the "Attire, Conduct, and Entertainment Act."

865	(2) This part establishes reasonable and uniform time, place, and manner of operation
866	restrictions relating to attire, conduct, and sexually oriented entertainers on a premises or at an
867	event at which alcoholic beverages are sold, served, or allowed to be consumed under a retail
868	license or permit issued by the commission so as to:
869	(a) reduce the adverse secondary effects that the attire, conduct, and sexually oriented
870	entertainers may have upon communities of this state; and
871	(b) protect the health, peace, safety, welfare, and morals of the residents of
872	communities of this state.
873	(3) Nothing in this part permits or allows the showing or display of any matter that is
874	contrary to:
875	(a) applicable federal or state statutes prohibiting obscenity; or
876	(b) state statutes relating to lewdness or indecent public displays.
877	(4) A local authority may be more restrictive of attire, conduct, or sexually oriented
878	entertainers of the type prohibited in this part.
879	Section 11. Section 32A-1-602 is enacted to read:
880	32A-1-602. General restrictions on attire and conduct.
881	The following attire and conduct on a premises or at an event regulated by the
882	commission under this title are considered contrary to the public health, peace, safety, welfare,
883	and morals, and are prohibited:
884	(1) employing or using a person in the sale or service of alcoholic beverages while the
885	person is in:
886	(a) a state of nudity;
887	(b) a state of seminudity; or
888	(c) attire, costume, or clothing that exposes to view any portion of:
889	(i) the female breast below the top of the areola; or
890	(ii) the cleft of the buttocks;
891	(2) employing or using the services of a person to mingle with patrons while the person
892	is in:
893	(a) a state of nudity;
894	(b) a state of seminudity; or
895	(c) attire, costume, or clothing that exposes to view any portion of:

896	(i) the female breast below the top of the areola; or
897	(ii) the cleft of the buttocks;
898	(3) encouraging or permitting a person to:
899	(a) engage in or simulate an act of:
900	(i) sexual intercourse;
901	(ii) masturbation;
902	(iii) sodomy;
903	(iv) bestiality;
904	(v) oral copulation;
905	(vi) flagellation; or
906	(vii) a sexual act that is prohibited by Utah law; or
907	(b) touch, caress, or fondle the breast, buttocks, anus, or genitals of any other person;
908	(4) permitting a person to wear or use a device or covering that:
909	(a) is exposed to view; and
910	(b) simulates all or any portion of the human genitals, anus, pubic area, or female
911	breast;
912	(5) permitting a person to use an artificial device or inanimate object to depict an act
913	prohibited by this section;
914	(6) permitting a person to remain on a premises or at an event who exposes to public
915	view any portion of that person's:
916	(a) genitals, pubic area, or anus; or
917	(b) in the case of a female, the areola and nipple of the breast; or
918	(7) showing a film, still picture, electronic reproduction, or other visual reproduction
919	depicting:
920	(a) an act or simulated act of:
921	(i) sexual intercourse;
922	(ii) masturbation;
923	(iii) sodomy;
924	(iv) bestiality;
925	(v) oral copulation;
926	(vi) flagellation; or

927	(vii) a sexual act that is prohibited by Utah law;
928	(b) a person being touched, caressed, or fondled on the breast, buttocks, anus, or
929	genitals;
930	(c) a scene wherein an artificial device or inanimate object is employed to depict, or a
931	drawing is employed to portray, an act prohibited by this section; or
932	(d) a scene wherein a person displays the genitals or anus.
933	Section 12. Section 32A-1-603 is enacted to read:
934	32A-1-603. Sexually oriented entertainer.
935	(1) Subject to the restrictions of this section, live entertainment is permitted on a
936	premises or at an event regulated by the commission.
937	(2) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), a licensee or permittee may not permit a person to:
938	(a) appear or perform in a state of nudity;
939	(b) perform or simulate an act of:
940	(i) sexual intercourse;
941	(ii) masturbation;
942	(iii) sodomy;
943	(iv) bestiality;
944	(v) oral copulation;
945	(vi) flagellation; or
946	(v) a sexual act that is prohibited by Utah law; or
947	(c) touch, caress, or fondle the breast, buttocks, anus, or genitals.
948	(3) A sexually oriented entertainer may perform in a state of seminudity:
949	(a) only in a tavern or class D private club; and
950	(b) only if:
951	(i) all windows, doors, and other apertures to the premises are darkened or otherwise
952	constructed to prevent anyone outside the premises from seeing the performance; and
953	(ii) the outside entrance doors of the premises remain unlocked.
954	(4) A sexually oriented entertainer may perform only upon a stage or in a designated
955	performance area that is:
956	(a) approved by the commission in accordance with rules made by the commission in
957	accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act;

958	(b) configured so as to preclude a patron from:
959	(i) touching the sexually oriented entertainer; or
960	(ii) placing any money or object on or within the costume or the person of the sexually
961	oriented entertainer; and
962	(c) configured so as to preclude the sexually oriented entertainer from touching a
963	patron.
964	(5) A sexually oriented entertainer may not touch a patron:
965	(a) during the sexually oriented entertainer's performance; or
966	(b) while the sexually oriented entertainer is dressed in performance attire or costume.
967	(6) A sexually oriented entertainer, while in the portion of the premises used by
968	patrons, must be dressed in opaque clothing which covers and conceals the sexually oriented
969	entertainer's performance attire or costume from the top of the breast to the knee.
970	(7) A patron may not be on the stage or in the performance area while a sexually
971	oriented entertainer is appearing or performing on the stage or in the performance area.
972	(8) A patron may not:
973	(a) touch a sexually oriented entertainer:
974	(i) during the sexually oriented entertainer's performance; or
975	(ii) while the sexually oriented entertainer is dressed in performance attire or costume;
976	<u>or</u>
977	(b) place money or any other object on or within the costume or the person of the
978	sexually oriented entertainer.
979	(9) A minor may not be on a premises described in Subsection (3) when a sexually
980	oriented entertainer is performing on the premises.
981	(10) A person who appears or performs for the entertainment of patrons on a premises
982	or at an event regulated by the commission that is not a tavern or class D private club:
983	(a) may not appear or perform in a state of nudity or a state of seminudity; and
984	(b) may appear or perform in opaque clothing that completely covers the person's
985	genitals, pubic area, and anus if the covering:
986	(i) is not less than the following at its widest point:
987	(A) four inches coverage width in the front of the human body; and
988	(B) five inches coverage width in the back of the human body;
	

989	(ii) does not taper to less than one inch wide at the narrowest point; and
990	(iii) if covering a female, completely covers the breast below the top of the areola.
991	Section 13. Section 32A-1-604 is enacted to read:
992	32A-1-604. Compliance Disciplinary proceeding.
993	(1) Each person granted a license or permit by the commission to sell, serve, or allow
994	consumption of alcoholic beverages on a premises or at an event and each officer, employee, or
995	agent of the licensee or permittee shall comply with the conditions and requirements of this
996	part.
997	(2) Failure to comply with this part may result in a disciplinary proceeding pursuant to
998	Section 32A-1-119 against:
999	(a) a licensee or permittee; and
1000	(b) an officer, employee, or agent of the licensee or permittee.
1001	Section 14. Section 32A-4-102 is amended to read:
1002	32A-4-102. Application and renewal requirements.
1003	(1) A person seeking a restaurant liquor license under this part shall file a written
1004	application with the department, in a form prescribed by the department. It shall be
1005	accompanied by:
1006	(a) a nonrefundable \$250 application fee;
1007	(b) an initial license fee of \$1,750, which is refundable if a license is not granted;
1008	(c) written consent of the local authority;
1009	(d) a copy of the applicant's current business license;
1010	(e) evidence of proximity to any public or private school, church, public library, public
1011	playground, or park, and if the proximity is within the 600 foot or 200 foot limitation of
1012	Subsections 32A-4-101(4) and (5), the application shall be processed in accordance with those
1013	subsections;
1014	(f) a bond as specified by Section 32A-4-105;
1015	(g) a floor plan of the restaurant, including consumption areas and the area where the
1016	applicant proposes to keep, store, and sell liquor;
1017	(h) evidence that the restaurant is carrying public liability insurance in an amount and
1018	form satisfactory to the department;
1019	(i) evidence that the restaurant is carrying dramshop insurance coverage of at least

1020 \$500,000 per occurrence and \$1,000,000 in the aggregate;

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(j) a signed consent form stating that the restaurant will permit any authorized representative of the commission, department, or any law enforcement officer unrestricted right to enter the restaurant;

- (k) in the case of an applicant that is a partnership, corporation, or limited liability company, proper verification evidencing that the person or persons signing the restaurant application are authorized to so act on behalf of the partnership, corporation, or limited liability company; and
 - (l) any other information the commission or department may require.
 - (2) (a) All restaurant liquor licenses expire on October 31 of each year.
- (b) Persons desiring to renew their restaurant liquor license shall by no later than September 30 submit:
 - (i) a completed renewal application to the department; and
- (ii) a renewal fee in the following amount:

1034	Gross Cost of Liquor in Previous License Year for the Licensee	Renewal Fee
1035	under \$5,000	\$750
1036	equals or exceeds \$5,000 but less than \$10,000	\$900
1037	equals or exceeds \$10,000 but less than \$25,000	\$1,250
1038	equals or exceeds \$25,000	\$1,500[.]

- (c) Failure to meet the renewal requirements shall result in an automatic forfeiture of the license effective on the date the existing license expires.
 - (d) Renewal applications shall be in a form as prescribed by the department.
- (3) To ensure compliance with Subsection 32A-4-106[(28)] (25), the commission may suspend or revoke any restaurant liquor license if the restaurant liquor licensee does not immediately notify the department of any change in:
 - (a) ownership of the restaurant;
 - (b) for a corporate owner, the:
 - (i) corporate officers or directors; or
- 1048 (ii) shareholders holding at least 20% of the total issued and outstanding stock of the corporation; or
- 1050 (c) for a limited liability company:

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1051	(i) managers; or
1052	(ii) members owning at least 20% of the limited liability company.
1053	Section 15. Section 32A-4-106 is amended to read:
1054	32A-4-106. Operational restrictions.
1055	Each person granted a restaurant liquor license and the employees and management
1056	personnel of the restaurant shall comply with the following conditions and requirements.
1057	Failure to comply may result in a suspension or revocation of the license or other disciplinary
1058	action taken against individual employees or management personnel.
1059	(1) (a) Liquor may not be purchased by a restaurant liquor licensee except from state
1060	stores or package agencies.
1061	(b) Liquor purchased may be transported by the restaurant liquor licensee from the
1062	place of purchase to the licensed premises.
1063	(c) Payment for liquor shall be made in accordance with rules established by the
1064	commission.
1065	(2) A restaurant liquor licensee may sell or provide a primary spirituous liquor only in
1066	a quantity not to exceed one ounce per beverage dispensed through a calibrated metered
1067	dispensing system approved by the department in accordance with commission rules adopted
1068	under this title, except that:
1069	(a) spirituous liquor need not be dispensed through a calibrated metered dispensing
1070	system if used as a secondary flavoring ingredient in a beverage subject to the following
1071	restrictions:
1072	(i) the secondary ingredient may be dispensed only in conjunction with the purchase of
1073	a primary spirituous liquor;
1074	(ii) the secondary ingredient is not the only spirituous liquor in the beverage;
1075	(iii) the restaurant liquor licensee shall designate a location where flavorings are stored
1076	on the floor plan provided to the department; and
1077	(iv) all flavoring containers shall be plainly and conspicuously labeled "flavorings";
1078	(b) spirituous liquor need not be dispensed through a calibrated metered dispensing
1079	system if used:

(ii) in the preparation of flaming food dishes, drinks, and desserts;

(i) as a flavoring on desserts; and

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(c) each restaurant patron may have no more than 2.75 ounces of spirituous liquor at a time; and

(d) each restaurant patron may have no more than one spirituous liquor drink at a time

- (d) each restaurant patron may have no more than one spirituous liquor drink at a time before the patron.
- (3) (a) (i) Wine may be sold and served by the glass or in an individual portion not to exceed five ounces per glass or individual portion.
- (ii) An individual portion of wine may be served to a patron in more than one glass as long as the total amount of wine does not exceed five ounces.
- (iii) An individual portion of wine is considered to be one alcoholic beverage under Subsection (7)(e).
- (b) (i) Wine may be sold and served in containers not exceeding 1.5 liters at prices fixed by the commission to tables of four or more persons.
- (ii) Wine may be sold and served in containers not exceeding 750 [ml] milliliters at prices fixed by the commission to tables of less than four persons.
- (c) A wine service may be performed and a service charge assessed by the restaurant as authorized by commission rule for wine purchased at the restaurant.
- (4) (a) Heavy beer may be served in original containers not exceeding one liter at prices fixed by the commission.
- (b) A service charge may be assessed by the restaurant as authorized by commission rule for heavy beer purchased at the restaurant.
- (5) (a) (i) Subject to Subsection (5)(a)(ii), a restaurant licensed to sell liquor may sell beer for on-premise consumption:
 - (A) in an open container; and
- 1105 (B) on draft.

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- 1106 (ii) Beer sold pursuant to Subsection (5)(a)(i) shall be in a size of container that does 1107 not exceed two liters, except that beer may not be sold to an individual patron in a size of 1108 container that exceeds one liter.
- 1109 (b) A restaurant licensed under this chapter that sells beer pursuant to Subsection 1110 (5)(a):
- 1111 (i) may do so without obtaining a separate on-premise beer retailer license from the commission; and

1113	(ii) shall comply with all appropriate operational restrictions under Chapter 10, Beer
1114	Retailer Licenses, that apply to on-premise beer retailers except when those restrictions are
1115	inconsistent with or less restrictive than the operational restrictions under this part.
1116	(c) Failure to comply with the operational restrictions under Chapter 10, Beer Retailer
1117	Licenses, required by Subsection (5)(b) may result in a suspension or revocation of the
1118	restaurant's:
1119	(i) state liquor license; and
1120	(ii) alcoholic beverage license issued by the local authority.
1121	(6) Alcoholic beverages may not be stored, served, or sold in any place other than as
1122	designated in the licensee's application, unless the licensee first applies for and receives
1123	approval from the department for a change of location within the restaurant.
1124	(7) (a) (i) A patron may only make alcoholic beverage purchases in the restaurant from
1125	and be served by a person employed, designated, and trained by the licensee to sell and serve
1126	alcoholic beverages.
1127	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (7)(a)(i), a patron who has purchased bottled wine
1128	from an employee of the restaurant or has carried bottled wine onto the premises of the
1129	restaurant pursuant to Subsection (14) may thereafter serve wine from the bottle to the patron
1130	or others at the patron's table.
1131	(b) Alcoholic beverages shall be delivered by a server to the patron.
1132	(c) Any alcoholic beverage may only be consumed at the patron's table or counter.
1133	(d) Alcoholic beverages may not be served to or consumed by a patron at a bar.
1134	(e) Each restaurant patron may have no more than two alcoholic beverages of any kind
1135	at a time before the patron, subject to the limitation in Subsection (2)(d).
1136	(8) The liquor storage area shall remain locked at all times other than those hours and
1137	days when liquor sales are authorized by law.
1138	(9) (a) Liquor may not be sold, offered for sale, served, or otherwise furnished at a
1139	restaurant during the following days or hours:
1140	(i) until after the polls are closed on the day of any:
1141	(A) regular general election;

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(B) regular primary election; or

(C) statewide special election;

1144	(ii) until after the polls are closed on the day of any municipal, special district, or
1145	school election, but only:
1146	(A) within the boundaries of the municipality, special district, or school district; and
1147	(B) if required by local ordinance; and
1148	(iii) on any other day after 12 midnight and before 12 noon.
1149	(b) The hours of beer sales and service are those specified in Chapter 10, Beer Retailer
1150	Licenses, for on-premise beer licensees.
1151	(10) Alcoholic beverages may not be sold except in connection with an order for food
1152	prepared, sold, and served at the restaurant.
1153	(11) Alcoholic beverages may not be sold, served, or otherwise furnished to any:
1154	(a) minor;
1155	(b) person actually, apparently, or obviously intoxicated;
1156	(c) known habitual drunkard; or
1157	(d) known interdicted person.
1158	(12) (a) (i) Liquor may be sold only at prices fixed by the commission.
1159	(ii) Liquor may not be sold at discount prices on any date or at any time.
1160	(b) An alcoholic beverage may not be sold at less than the cost of the alcoholic
1161	beverage to the licensee.
1162	(c) An alcoholic beverage may not be sold at a special or reduced price that encourages
1163	over consumption or intoxication.
1164	(d) An alcoholic beverage may not be sold at a special or reduced price for only certain
1165	hours of the restaurant's business day such as a "happy hour."
1166	(e) The sale or service of more than one alcoholic beverage for the price of a single
1167	alcoholic beverage is prohibited.
1168	(f) The sale or service of an indefinite or unlimited number of alcoholic beverages
1169	during any set period for a fixed price is prohibited.
1170	(g) A restaurant licensee may not engage in a public promotion involving or offering
1171	free alcoholic beverages to the general public.
1172	(13) Alcoholic beverages may not be purchased for a patron of a restaurant by:
1173	(a) the licensee; or
1174	(b) any employee or agent of the licensee.

(14) (a) A person may not bring onto the premises of a restaurant liquor licensee any alcoholic beverage for on-premise consumption, except a person may bring, subject to the discretion of the licensee, bottled wine onto the premises of any restaurant liquor licensee for on-premise consumption.

- (b) Except bottled wine under Subsection (14)(a), a restaurant liquor licensee or its officers, managers, employees, or agents may not allow:
- (i) a person to bring onto the restaurant premises any alcoholic beverage for on-premise consumption; or
 - (ii) consumption of any such alcoholic beverage on its premises.
- 1184 (c) If bottled wine is carried in by a patron, the patron shall deliver the wine to a server 1185 or other representative of the licensee upon entering the restaurant.
 - (d) A wine service may be performed and a service charge assessed by the restaurant as authorized by commission rule for wine carried in by a patron.
 - (15) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (15)(b), a restaurant licensee and its employees may not permit a restaurant patron to carry from the restaurant premises an open container that:
 - (i) is used primarily for drinking purposes; and
 - (ii) contains any alcoholic beverage.
 - (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (15)(a), a restaurant patron may remove from the restaurant the unconsumed contents of a bottle of wine purchased in the restaurant, or brought onto the premises of the restaurant in accordance with Subsection (14), provided the bottle has been recorked or recapped before removal.
 - (16) (a) A minor may not be employed by a restaurant licensee to sell or dispense alcoholic beverages.
 - (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (16)(a), a minor who is at least 16 years of age may be employed to enter the sale at a cash register or other sales recording device.
 - (17) An employee of a restaurant liquor licensee, while on duty, may not:
- 1202 (a) consume an alcoholic beverage; or
- 1203 (b) be intoxicated.

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1204 (18) Any charge or fee made in connection with the sale, service, or consumption of liquor may be stated in food or alcoholic beverage menus including:

1206	(a) a set-up charge;
1207	(b) a service charge; or
1208	(c) a chilling fee.
1209	(19) Each restaurant liquor licensee shall display in a prominent place in the restaurant
1210	(a) the liquor license that is issued by the department;
1211	(b) a list of the types and brand names of liquor being served through its calibrated
1212	metered dispensing system; and
1213	(c) a sign in large letters stating: "Warning: Driving under the influence of alcohol or
1214	drugs is a serious crime that is prosecuted aggressively in Utah."
1215	[(20) The following acts or conduct in a restaurant licensed under this chapter are
1216	considered contrary to the public welfare and morals, and are prohibited upon the premises:]
1217	[(a) employing or using any person in the sale or service of alcoholic beverages while
1218	the person is unclothed or in attire, costume, or clothing that exposes to view any portion of the
1219	female breast below the top of the areola or any portion of the pubic hair, anus, cleft of the
1220	buttocks, vulva, or genitals;]
1221	[(b) employing or using the services of any person to mingle with the patrons while the
1222	person is unclothed or in attire, costume, or clothing described in Subsection (20)(a);]
1223	[(c) encouraging or permitting any person to touch, caress, or fondle the breasts,
1224	buttocks, anus, or genitals of any other person;]
1225	[(d) permitting any employee or person to wear or use any device or covering, exposed
1226	to view, that simulates the breast, genitals, anus, pubic hair, or any portion of these;]
1227	[(e) permitting any person to use artificial devices or inanimate objects to depict any of
1228	the prohibited activities described in this Subsection (20);]
1229	[(f) permitting any person to remain in or upon the premises who exposes to public
1230	view any portion of that person's genitals or anus; or]
1231	[(g) showing films, still pictures, electronic reproductions, or other visual
1232	reproductions depicting:]
1233	[(i) acts or simulated acts of sexual intercourse, masturbation, sodomy, bestiality, oral
1234	copulation, flagellation, or any sexual acts prohibited by Utah law;]
1235	[(ii) any person being touched, caressed, or fondled on the breast, buttocks, anus, or
1236	genitals;]

1237	(iii) scenes wherein artificial devices or inanimate objects are used to depict, or
1238	drawings are used to portray, any of the prohibited activities described in this Subsection (20);
1239	or]
1240	[(iv) scenes wherein a person displays the vulva or the anus or the genitals.]
1241	[(21) Nothing in Subsection (20) precludes a local authority from being more
1242	restrictive of acts or conduct of the type prohibited in Subsection (20).]
1243	[(22) (a) Although live entertainment is permitted on the premises of a restaurant liquor
1244	licensee, a licensee may not allow any person to perform or simulate sexual acts prohibited by
1245	Utah law, including sexual intercourse, masturbation, sodomy, bestiality, oral copulation,
1246	flagellation, the touching, caressing, or fondling of the breast, buttocks, anus, or genitals, or the
1247	displaying of the pubic hair, anus, vulva, or genitals. Entertainers shall perform only upon a
1248	stage or at a designated area approved by the commission.]
1249	[(b) Nothing in Subsection (22)(a) precludes a local authority from being more
1250	restrictive of acts or conduct of the type prohibited in Subsection (22)(a).]
1251	[(23)] (20) A restaurant liquor licensee may not engage in or permit any form of
1252	gambling, or have any video gaming device, as defined and proscribed by Title 76, Chapter 10,
1253	Part 11, Gambling, on the premises of the restaurant liquor licensee.
1254	[(24)] (21) (a) Each restaurant liquor licensee shall maintain an expense ledger or
1255	record showing in detail:
1256	(i) quarterly expenditures made separately for:
1257	(A) malt or brewed beverages;
1258	(B) set-ups;
1259	(C) liquor;
1260	(D) food; and
1261	(E) all other items required by the department; and
1262	(ii) sales made separately for:
1263	(A) malt or brewed beverages;
1264	(B) set-ups;
1265	(C) food; and
1266	(D) all other items required by the department.
1267	(b) The record required by Subsection [(24)] (21)(a) shall be kept:

1268	(i) in a form approved by the department; and
1269	(ii) current for each three-month period.
1270	(c) Each expenditure shall be supported by:
1271	(i) delivery tickets;
1272	(ii) invoices;
1273	(iii) receipted bills;
1274	(iv) canceled checks;
1275	(v) petty cash vouchers; or
1276	(vi) other sustaining data or memoranda.
1277	(d) In addition to a ledger or record required under Subsection [(24)] (21)(a), a
1278	restaurant liquor licensee shall maintain accounting and other records and documents as the
1279	department may require.
1280	(e) Any restaurant or person acting for the restaurant, who knowingly forges, falsifies,
1281	alters, cancels, destroys, conceals, or removes the entries in any of the books of account or
1282	other documents of the restaurant required to be made, maintained, or preserved by this title or
1283	the rules of the commission for the purpose of deceiving the commission or the department, or
1284	any of their officials or employees, is subject to:
1285	(i) the suspension or revocation of the restaurant's liquor license; and
1286	(ii) possible criminal prosecution under Chapter 12, Criminal Offenses.
1287	[(25)] (22) (a) A restaurant liquor licensee may not close or cease operation for a
1288	period longer than 240 hours, unless:
1289	(i) the restaurant liquor licensee notifies the department in writing at least seven days
1290	before the closing; and
1291	(ii) the closure or cessation of operation is first approved by the department.
1292	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection $[(25)]$ (22) (a), in the case of emergency closure,
1293	immediate notice of closure shall be made to the department by telephone.
1294	(c) The department may authorize a closure or cessation of operation for a period not to
1295	exceed 60 days. The department may extend the initial period an additional 30 days upon
1296	written request of the restaurant licensee and upon a showing of good cause. A closure or
1297	cessation of operation may not exceed a total of 90 days without commission approval.
1298	(d) Any notice shall include:

1299	(1) the dates of closure or cessation of operation;
1300	(ii) the reason for the closure or cessation of operation; and
1301	(iii) the date on which the licensee will reopen or resume operation.
1302	(e) Failure of the licensee to provide notice and to obtain department authorization
1303	prior to closure or cessation of operation shall result in an automatic forfeiture of:
1304	(i) the license; and
1305	(ii) the unused portion of the license fee for the remainder of the license year effective
1306	immediately.
1307	(f) Failure of the licensee to reopen or resume operation by the approved date shall
1308	result in an automatic forfeiture of:
1309	(i) the license; and
1310	(ii) the unused portion of the license fee for the remainder of the license year.
1311	[(26)] (23) Each restaurant liquor licensee shall maintain at least 70% of its total
1312	restaurant business from the sale of food, which does not include mix for alcoholic beverages
1313	or service charges.
1314	[(27)] (24) A restaurant liquor license may not be transferred from one location to
1315	another, without prior written approval of the commission.
1316	[(28)] (25) (a) A person, having been granted a restaurant liquor license may not sell,
1317	transfer, assign, exchange, barter, give, or attempt in any way to dispose of the license to any
1318	other person whether for monetary gain or not.
1319	(b) A restaurant liquor license has no monetary value for the purpose of any type of
1320	disposition.
1321	[(29)] (26) Each server of alcoholic beverages in a licensee's establishment shall keep a
1322	written beverage tab for each table or group that orders or consumes alcoholic beverages on the
1323	premises. The beverage tab shall list the type and amount of alcoholic beverages ordered or
1324	consumed.
1325	[(30)] (27) A person's willingness to serve alcoholic beverages may not be made a
1326	condition of employment as a server with a restaurant that has a restaurant liquor license.
1327	Section 16. Section 32A-4-206 is amended to read:
1328	32A-4-206. Operational restrictions.
1329	Each person granted an airport lounge liquor license and the employees and

management personnel of the airport lounge shall comply with the following conditions and requirements. Failure to comply may result in a suspension or revocation of the license or other disciplinary action taken against individual employees or management personnel.

- (1) (a) Liquor may not be purchased by an airport lounge liquor licensee except from state stores or package agencies.
- (b) Liquor purchased may be transported by the licensee from the place of purchase to the licensed premises.
- (c) Payment for liquor shall be made in accordance with the rules established by the commission.
- (2) An airport lounge liquor licensee may sell or provide a primary spirituous liquor only in a quantity not to exceed one ounce per beverage dispensed through a calibrated metered dispensing system approved by the department in accordance with commission rules adopted under this title, except that:
- (a) spirituous liquor need not be dispensed through a calibrated metered dispensing system if used as a secondary flavoring ingredient in a beverage subject to the following restrictions:
- (i) the secondary ingredient may be dispensed only in conjunction with the purchase of a spirituous primary liquor;
 - (ii) the secondary ingredient is not the only spirituous liquor in the beverage;
- (iii) the airport lounge liquor licensee shall designate a location where flavorings are stored on the floor plan provided to the department; and
 - (iv) all flavoring containers shall be plainly and conspicuously labeled "flavorings";
- (b) spirituous liquor need not be dispensed through a calibrated metered dispensing system if used:
 - (i) as a flavoring on desserts; and

- (ii) in the preparation of flaming food dishes, drinks, and desserts; and
- 1356 (c) each airport lounge patron may have no more than 2.75 ounces of spirituous liquor at a time before the patron.
 - (3) (a) (i) Wine may be sold and served by the glass or an individual portion not to exceed five ounces per glass or individual portion.
 - (ii) An individual portion may be served to a patron in more than one glass as long as

- the total amount of wine does not exceed five ounces.
- 1362 (iii) An individual portion of wine is considered to be one alcoholic beverage under 1363 Subsection (7)(c).
 - (b) (i) Wine may be sold and served in containers not exceeding 1.5 liters at prices fixed by the commission to tables of four or more persons.
 - (ii) Wine may be sold and served in containers not exceeding 750 [ml] milliliters at prices fixed by the commission to tables of less than four persons.
 - (c) A wine service may be performed and a service charge assessed by the airport lounge as authorized by commission rule for wine purchased at the airport lounge.
- 1370 (4) (a) Heavy beer may be served in original containers not exceeding one liter at prices fixed by the commission.
 - (b) A service charge may be assessed by the airport lounge as authorized by commission rule for heavy beer purchased at the airport lounge.
- 1374 (5) (a) (i) Subject to Subsection (5)(a)(ii), an airport lounge licensed to sell liquor may sell beer for on-premise consumption:
- (A) in an open container; and
- 1377 (B) on draft.

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- 1378 (ii) Beer sold pursuant to Subsection (5)(a)(i) shall be in a size of container that does 1379 not exceed two liters, except that beer may not be sold to an individual patron in a size of 1380 container that exceeds one liter.
 - (b) An airport lounge that sells beer pursuant to Subsection (5)(a):
- 1382 (i) may do so without obtaining a separate on-premise beer retailer license from the commission; and
 - (ii) shall comply with all appropriate operational restrictions under Chapter 10, Beer Retailer Licenses, that apply to on-premise beer retailers except when those restrictions are inconsistent with or less restrictive than the operational restrictions under this part.
- 1387 (c) Failure to comply with the operational restrictions under Chapter 10, Beer Retailer 1388 Licenses, required by Subsection (5)(b) may result in a suspension or revocation of the airport 1389 lounge's:
- (i) state liquor license; and
- (ii) alcoholic beverage license issued by the local authority.

(6) Alcoholic beverages may not be stored, served, or sold in any place other than as designated in the licensee's application, unless the licensee first applies for and receives approval from the department for a change of location within the airport lounge.

- (7) (a) A patron may only make purchases in the airport lounge from and be served by a person employed, designated, and trained by the licensee to sell, dispense, and serve alcoholic beverages.
- (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (7)(a), a patron who has purchased bottled wine from an employee of the airport lounge may serve wine from the bottle to the patron or others at the patron's table.
- (c) Each airport lounge patron may have no more than two alcoholic beverages of any kind at a time before the patron.
- (8) The liquor storage area shall remain locked at all times other than those hours and days when liquor sales and service are authorized by law.
- (9) Alcoholic beverages may not be sold, offered for sale, served, or otherwise furnished at an airport lounge on any day after 12 midnight and before 8 a.m.
 - (10) Alcoholic beverages may not be sold, served, or otherwise furnished to any:
- 1408 (a) minor;

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- (b) person actually, apparently, or obviously intoxicated;
- (c) known habitual drunkard; or
- (d) known interdicted person.
- (11) (a) (i) Liquor may be sold only at prices fixed by the commission.
- (ii) Liquor may not be sold at discount prices on any date or at any time.
- 1414 (b) Alcoholic beverages may not be sold at less than the cost of the alcoholic beverage 1415 to the licensee.
 - (c) An alcoholic beverage may not be sold at a special or reduced price that encourages over consumption or intoxication.
 - (d) An alcoholic beverage may not be sold at a special or reduced price for only certain hours of the airport lounge's business day such as a "happy hour."
 - (e) The sale or service of more than one alcoholic beverage for the price of a single alcoholic beverage is prohibited.
- 1422 (f) The sale or service of an indefinite or unlimited number of alcoholic beverages

1423	during any set period for a fixed price is prohibited.
1424	(g) An airport lounge licensee may not engage in a public promotion involving or
1425	offering free alcoholic beverages to the general public.
1426	(12) Alcoholic beverages may not be purchased for a patron of an airport lounge by:
1427	(a) the licensee; or
1428	(b) any employee or agent of the licensee.
1429	(13) (a) A person may not bring onto the premises of an airport lounge licensee any
1430	alcoholic beverage for on-premise consumption.
1431	(b) An airport lounge or its officers, managers, employees, or agents may not allow a
1432	person to bring onto the airport lounge premises any alcoholic beverage for on-premise
1433	consumption or allow consumption of any such alcoholic beverage on its premises.
1434	(14) An airport lounge licensee and its employees may not permit a patron to remove
1435	any alcoholic beverages from the airport lounge premises.
1436	(15) (a) A minor may not be employed by an airport lounge licensee to sell or dispense
1437	alcoholic beverages.
1438	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (15)(a), a minor who is at least 16 years of age may be
1439	employed to enter the sale at a cash register or other sales recording device.
1440	(16) An employee of an airport lounge licensee, while on duty, may not:
1441	(a) consume an alcoholic beverage; or
1442	(b) be intoxicated.
1443	(17) Any charge or fee made in connection with the sale, service, or consumption of
1444	liquor may be stated in a food or alcoholic beverage menu including:
1445	(a) a set-up charge;
1446	(b) a service charge; or
1447	(c) a chilling fee.
1448	(18) Each airport lounge liquor licensee shall display in a prominent place in the airport
1449	lounge:
1450	(a) the liquor license that is issued by the department;
1451	(b) a list of the types and brand names of liquor being served through its calibrated

(c) a sign in large letters stating: "Warning: Driving under the influence of alcohol or

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metered dispensing system; and

1454 drugs is a serious crime that is prosecuted aggressively in Utah." 1455 (19) (a) Each airport lounge liquor licensee shall maintain an expense ledger or record 1456 showing in detail: 1457 (i) quarterly expenditures made separately for malt or brewed beverages, liquor, and all 1458 other items required by the department; and (ii) sales made separately for malt or brewed beverages, food, and all other items 1459 1460 required by the department. 1461 (b) This record shall be kept: 1462 (i) in a form approved by the department; and 1463 (ii) current for each three-month period. 1464 (c) Each expenditure shall be supported by: 1465 (i) delivery tickets; 1466 (ii) invoices; 1467 (iii) receipted bills; 1468 (iv) canceled checks; 1469 (v) petty cash vouchers; or 1470 (vi) other sustaining data or memoranda. 1471 (d) In addition to a ledger or record required by Subsection (19)(a), each airport lounge 1472 liquor licensee shall maintain accounting and other records and documents as the department 1473 may require. 1474 (e) Any airport lounge or person acting for the airport lounge, who knowingly forges, 1475 falsifies, alters, cancels, destroys, conceals, or removes the entries in any of the books of 1476 account or other documents of the airport lounge required to be made, maintained, or preserved 1477 by this title or the rules of the commission for the purpose of deceiving the commission or the 1478 department, or any of their officials or employees, is subject to: 1479 (i) the immediate suspension or revocation of the airport lounge's liquor license; and 1480 (ii) possible criminal prosecution under Chapter 12, Criminal Offenses. 1481 (20) An airport lounge liquor license may not be transferred from one location to

(21) (a) An airport lounge liquor licensee may not sell, transfer, assign, exchange, barter, give, or attempt in any way to dispose of the license to any other person, whether for

another, without prior written approval of the commission.

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- 1486 (b) An airport lounge liquor license has no monetary value for the purpose of any type of disposition.
- 1488 (22) Each server of alcoholic beverages in a licensee's establishment shall keep a 1489 written beverage tab for each table or group that orders or consumes alcoholic beverages on the 1490 premises. The beverage tab shall list the type and amount of alcoholic beverages ordered or 1491 consumed.
- 1492 (23) An airport lounge liquor licensee's premises may not be leased for private functions.
- 1494 (24) An airport lounge liquor licensee may not engage in or permit any form of 1495 gambling, or have any video gaming device, as defined and proscribed by Title 76, Chapter 10, 1496 Part 11, Gambling, on the premises of the airport lounge liquor licensee.
 - Section 17. Section **32A-4-303** is amended to read:

32A-4-303. Application and renewal requirements.

- (1) A person seeking a limited restaurant license under this part shall file a written application with the department, in a form prescribed by the department. The application shall be accompanied by:
 - (a) a nonrefundable \$250 application fee;
 - (b) an initial license fee of \$500, which is refundable if a license is not granted;
- (c) written consent of the local authority:
- (d) a copy of the applicant's current business license;
- (e) evidence of proximity to any public or private school, church, public library, public playground, or park, and if the proximity is within the 600 foot or 200 foot limitation of Subsections 32A-4-302(4) and (5), the application shall be processed in accordance with those subsections;
- (f) a bond as specified by Section 32A-4-306;
- (g) a floor plan of the restaurant, including:
- (i) consumption areas; and
- 1513 (ii) the area where the applicant proposes to keep, store, and sell wine, heavy beer, and 1514 beer;
- (h) evidence that the restaurant is carrying public liability insurance in an amount and

1516	form satisfactory to the department;
1517	(i) evidence that the restaurant is carrying dramshop insurance coverage of at least
1518	\$500,000 per occurrence and \$1,000,000 in the aggregate;
1519	(j) a signed consent form stating that the restaurant will permit any authorized
1520	representative of the commission, department, or any law enforcement officer unrestricted right
1521	to enter the restaurant;
1522	(k) in the case of an applicant that is a partnership, corporation, or limited liability
1523	company, proper verification evidencing that the person or persons signing the restaurant
1524	application are authorized to so act on behalf of the partnership, corporation, or limited liability
1525	company; and
1526	(l) any other information the commission or department may require.
1527	[(2) A holder of a restaurant liquor license or a private club license on May 5, 2003,
1528	may not be required to pay the application or initial license fees for a limited restaurant license
1529	under this chapter if the licensee:]
1530	[(a) surrenders the restaurant liquor license or private club license before being granted
1531	a limited restaurant license; and]
1532	[(b) applies for a limited restaurant license in calendar year 2003:]
1533	[(i) for the same premises for which the restaurant liquor license or private club license
1534	was granted; and]
1535	[(ii) before the expiration of the restaurant liquor license or private club license.]
1536	[(3)] (a) All limited restaurant licenses expire on October 31 of each year.
1537	(b) A person desiring to renew that person's limited restaurant license shall submit:
1538	(i) a renewal fee of \$300; and
1539	(ii) a renewal application to the department no later than September 30.
1540	(c) Failure to meet the renewal requirements shall result in an automatic forfeiture of
1541	the license effective on the date the existing license expires.
1542	(d) Renewal applications shall be in a form as prescribed by the department.
1543	[4] (3) To ensure compliance with Subsection 32A-4-307[(28)] (25), the commission
1544	may suspend or revoke a limited restaurant license if the limited restaurant licensee does not
1545	immediately notify the department of any change in:
1546	(a) ownership of the restaurant;

1547	(b) for a corporate owner, the:
1548	(i) corporate officer or directors; or
1549	(ii) shareholders holding at least 20% of the total issued and outstanding stock of the
1550	corporation; or
1551	(c) for a limited liability company:
1552	(i) managers; or
1553	(ii) members owning at least 20% of the limited liability company.
1554	Section 18. Section 32A-4-307 is amended to read:
1555	32A-4-307. Operational restrictions.
1556	Each person granted a limited restaurant license and the employees and management
1557	personnel of the restaurant shall comply with the following conditions and requirements.
1558	Failure to comply may result in a suspension or revocation of the license or other disciplinary
1559	action taken against individual employees or management personnel.
1560	(1) (a) Wine and heavy beer may not be purchased by a limited restaurant licensee
1561	except from state stores or package agencies.
1562	(b) Wine and heavy beer purchased in accordance with Subsection (1)(a) may be
1563	transported by the licensee from the place of purchase to the licensed premises.
1564	(c) Payment for wine and heavy beer shall be made in accordance with rules
1565	established by the commission.
1566	(2) (a) A limited restaurant licensee may not sell, serve, or allow consumption of
1567	spirituous liquor on the premises of the restaurant.
1568	(b) Spirituous liquor may not be on the premises of the restaurant except for use:
1569	(i) as a flavoring on desserts; and
1570	(ii) in the preparation of flaming food dishes, drinks, and desserts.
1571	(3) (a) (i) Wine may be sold and served by the glass or an individual portion not to
1572	exceed five ounces per glass or individual portion.
1573	(ii) An individual portion may be served to a patron in more than one glass as long as
1574	the total amount of wine does not exceed five ounces.
1575	(iii) An individual portion of wine is considered to be one alcoholic beverage under
1576	Subsection (7)(e).

(b) (i) Wine may be sold and served in containers not exceeding 1.5 liters at prices

- 1578 fixed by the commission to tables of four or more persons.
- 1579 (ii) Wine may be sold and served in containers not exceeding 750 [ml] milliliters at prices fixed by the commission to tables of less than four persons.
 - (c) A wine service may be performed and a service charge assessed by the limited restaurant as authorized by commission rule for wine purchased at the limited restaurant.
 - (4) (a) Heavy beer may be served in original containers not exceeding one liter at prices fixed by the commission.
 - (b) A service charge may be assessed by the limited restaurant as authorized by commission rule for heavy beer purchased at the restaurant.
 - (5) (a) (i) Subject to Subsection (5)(a)(ii), a limited restaurant licensee may sell beer for on-premise consumption:
 - (A) in an open container; and
- 1590 (B) on draft.

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- (ii) Beer sold pursuant to Subsection (5)(a)(i) shall be in a size of container that does not exceed two liters, except that beer may not be sold to an individual patron in a size of container that exceeds one liter.
 - (b) A limited restaurant licensee that sells beer pursuant to Subsection (5)(a):
- (i) may do so without obtaining a separate on-premise beer retailer license from the commission; and
 - (ii) shall comply with all appropriate operational restrictions under Chapter 10, Beer Retailer Licenses, that apply to on-premise beer retailers except when those restrictions are inconsistent with or less restrictive than the operational restrictions under this part.
 - (c) Failure to comply with the operational restrictions under Chapter 10, Beer Retailer Licenses, required by Subsection (5)(b) may result in a suspension or revocation of the restaurant's:
 - (i) limited restaurant license; and
 - (ii) alcoholic beverage license issued by the local authority.
- (6) Wine, heavy beer, and beer may not be stored, served, or sold in any place other than as designated in the licensee's application, unless the licensee first applies for and receives approval from the department for a change of location within the restaurant.
- 1608 (7) (a) (i) A patron may only make alcoholic beverage purchases in the limited

restaurant from and be served by a person employed, designated, and trained by the licensee to sell and serve alcoholic beverages.

- (ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (7)(a)(i), a patron who has purchased bottled wine from an employee of the restaurant or has carried bottled wine onto the premises of the restaurant pursuant to Subsection (14) may thereafter serve wine from the bottle to the patron or others at the patron's table.
 - (b) Alcoholic beverages shall be delivered by a server to the patron.
 - (c) Any alcoholic beverage may only be consumed at the patron's table or counter.
 - (d) Alcoholic beverages may not be served to or consumed by a patron at a bar.
- (e) Each restaurant patron may have no more than two alcoholic beverages of any kind at a time before the patron.
- (8) The alcoholic beverage storage area shall remain locked at all times other than those hours and days when alcoholic beverage sales are authorized by law.
- (9) (a) Wine and heavy beer may not be sold, offered for sale, served, or otherwise furnished at a limited restaurant during the following days or hours:
 - (i) until after the polls are closed on the day of any:
- 1625 (A) regular general election;

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- (B) regular primary election; or
- 1627 (C) statewide special election;
- 1628 (ii) until after the polls are closed on the day of any municipal, special district, or school election, but only:
 - (A) within the boundaries of the municipality, special district, or school district; and
- (B) if required by local ordinance; and
- (iii) on any other day after 12 midnight and before 12 noon.
- 1633 (b) The hours of beer sales and service are those specified in Chapter 10, Beer Retailer 1634 Licenses, for on-premise beer licensees.
- 1635 (10) Alcoholic beverages may not be sold except in connection with an order of food prepared, sold, and served at the restaurant.
- 1637 (11) Wine, heavy beer, and beer may not be sold, served, or otherwise furnished to any:
- 1638 (a) minor;
- (b) person actually, apparently, or obviously intoxicated;

1640	(c) known habitual drunkard; or
1641	(d) known interdicted person.
1642	(12) (a) (i) Wine and heavy beer may be sold only at prices fixed by the commission.
1643	(ii) Wine and heavy beer may not be sold at discount prices on any date or at any time.
1644	(b) Alcoholic beverages may not be sold at less than the cost of the alcoholic beverages
1645	to the licensee.
1646	(c) An alcoholic beverage may not be sold at a special or reduced price that encourages
1647	over consumption or intoxication.
1648	(d) An alcoholic beverage may not be sold at a special or reduced price for only certain
1649	hours of the limited restaurant's business day such as a "happy hour."
1650	(e) The sale or service of more than one alcoholic beverage for the price of a single
1651	alcoholic beverage is prohibited.
1652	(f) The sale or service of an indefinite or unlimited number of alcoholic beverages
1653	during any set period for a fixed price is prohibited.
1654	(g) A limited restaurant licensee may not engage in a public promotion involving or
1655	offering free alcoholic beverages to the general public.
1656	(13) Alcoholic beverages may not be purchased for a patron of the restaurant by:
1657	(a) the licensee; or
1658	(b) any employee or agent of the licensee.
1659	(14) (a) A person may not bring onto the premises of a limited restaurant licensee any
1660	alcoholic beverage for on-premise consumption, except a person may bring, subject to the
1661	discretion of the licensee, bottled wine onto the premises of any limited restaurant licensee for
1662	on-premise consumption.
1663	(b) Except bottled wine under Subsection (14)(a), a limited restaurant licensee or its
1664	officers, managers, employees, or agents may not allow:
1665	(i) a person to bring onto the restaurant premises any alcoholic beverage for on-premise
1666	consumption; or
1667	(ii) consumption of any alcoholic beverage described in Subsection (14)(b)(i) on its
1668	premises.

(c) If bottled wine is carried in by a patron, the patron shall deliver the wine to a server or other representative of the licensee upon entering the restaurant.

premises.

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1671 (d) A wine service may be performed and a service charge assessed by the restaurant as 1672 authorized by commission rule for wine carried in by a patron. 1673 (15) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (15)(b), a limited restaurant licensee and its 1674 employees may not permit a restaurant patron to carry from the restaurant premises an open 1675 container that: 1676 (i) is used primarily for drinking purposes; and 1677 (ii) contains any alcoholic beverage. 1678 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (15)(a), a patron may remove the unconsumed 1679 contents of a bottle of wine if before removal the bottle has been recorked or recapped. 1680 (16) (a) A minor may not be employed by a limited restaurant licensee to sell or 1681 dispense alcoholic beverages. 1682 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (16)(a), a minor who is at least 16 years of age may be employed to enter the sale at a cash register or other sales recording device. 1683 1684 (17) An employee of a limited restaurant licensee, while on duty, may not: 1685 (a) consume an alcoholic beverage; or 1686 (b) be intoxicated. 1687 (18) A charge or fee made in connection with the sale, service, or consumption of wine 1688 or heavy beer may be stated in food or alcoholic beverage menus including: 1689 (a) a service charge; or 1690 (b) a chilling fee. 1691 (19) Each limited restaurant licensee shall display in a prominent place in the 1692 restaurant: 1693 (a) the license that is issued by the department; and 1694 (b) a sign in large letters stating: "Warning: Driving under the influence of alcohol or 1695 drugs is a serious crime that is prosecuted aggressively in Utah." 1696 (20) The following acts or conduct in a restaurant licensed under this part are 1697 considered contrary to the public welfare and morals, and are prohibited upon the premises: 1698 (a) employing or using any person in the sale or service of alcoholic beverages while 1699 the person is unclothed or in attire, costume, or clothing that exposes to view any portion of the 1700 female breast below the top of the areola or any portion of the pubic hair, anus, cleft of the 1701 buttocks, vulva, or genitals;

1702	[(b) employing or using the services of any person to mingle with the patrons while the
1703	person is unclothed or in attire, costume, or clothing described in Subsection (20)(a);]
1704	[(c) encouraging or permitting any person to touch, caress, or fondle the breasts,
1705	buttocks, anus, or genitals of any other person;]
1706	[(d) permitting any employee or person to wear or use any device or covering, exposed
1707	to view, that simulates the breast, genitals, anus, pubic hair, or any portion of these;]
1708	[(e) permitting any person to use artificial devices or inanimate objects to depict any of
1709	the prohibited activities described in this Subsection (20);]
1710	[(f) permitting any person to remain in or upon the premises who exposes to public
1711	view any portion of that person's genitals or anus; or]
1712	[(g) showing films, still pictures, electronic reproductions, or other visual
1713	reproductions depicting:]
1714	[(i) acts or simulated acts of sexual intercourse, masturbation, sodomy, bestiality, oral
1715	copulation, flagellation, or any sexual acts prohibited by Utah law;]
1716	[(ii) any person being touched, caressed, or fondled on the breast, buttocks, anus, or
1717	genitals;]
1718	[(iii) scenes wherein artificial devices or inanimate objects are used to depict, or
1719	drawings are used to portray, any of the prohibited activities described in this Subsection (20);
1720	or]
1721	[(iv) scenes wherein a person displays the vulva, anus, or the genitals.]
1722	[(21) Nothing in Subsection (20) precludes a local authority from being more
1723	restrictive of acts or conduct of the type prohibited in Subsection (20).]
1724	[(22) (a) Although live entertainment is permitted on the premises of a limited
1725	restaurant licensee, a licensee may not allow any person to perform or simulate sexual acts
1726	prohibited by Utah law, including sexual intercourse, masturbation, sodomy, bestiality, oral
1727	copulation, flagellation, the touching, caressing, or fondling of the breast, buttocks, anus, or
1728	genitals, or the displaying of the pubic hair, anus, vulva, or genitals. Entertainers shall perform
1729	only upon a stage or at a designated area approved by the commission.]
1730	[(b) Nothing in Subsection (22)(a) precludes a local authority from being more
1731	restrictive of acts or conduct of the type prohibited in Subsection (22)(a).]
1732	[(23)] (20) A limited restaurant licensee may not engage in or permit any form of

1733 gambling, or have any video gaming device, as defined and proscribed by Title 76, Chapter 10, 1734 Part 11, Gambling, on the premises of the restaurant. 1735 [(24)] (21) (a) Each limited restaurant licensee shall maintain an expense ledger or 1736 record showing in detail: 1737 (i) quarterly expenditures made separately for: 1738 (A) wine; 1739 (B) heavy beer; (C) beer: 1740 1741 (D) food; and 1742 (E) all other items required by the department; and 1743 (ii) sales made separately for: 1744 (A) wine; 1745 (B) heavy beer; 1746 (C) beer; 1747 (D) food; and 1748 (E) all other items required by the department. 1749 (b) The record required by Subsection $\left[\frac{(24)}{(21)}\right]$ (21)(a) shall be kept: 1750 (i) in a form approved by the department; and 1751 (ii) current for each three-month period. 1752 (c) Each expenditure shall be supported by: 1753 (i) delivery tickets; 1754 (ii) invoices; 1755 (iii) receipted bills; 1756 (iv) canceled checks; 1757 (v) petty cash vouchers; or 1758 (vi) other sustaining data or memoranda. 1759 (d) In addition to the ledger or record maintained under Subsections [(24)] (21)(a) 1760 through (c), a limited restaurant licensee shall maintain accounting and other records and 1761 documents as the department may require. 1762 (e) Any restaurant or person acting for the restaurant, who knowingly forges, falsifies,

alters, cancels, destroys, conceals, or removes the entries in any of the books of account or

1764 other documents of the restaurant required to be made, maintained, or preserved by this title or 1765 the rules of the commission for the purpose of deceiving the commission or department, or any 1766 of their officials or employees, is subject to: (i) the suspension or revocation of the limited restaurant's license; and 1767 1768 (ii) possible criminal prosecution under Chapter 12, Criminal Offenses. 1769 [(25)] (22) (a) A limited restaurant licensee may not close or cease operation for a 1770 period longer than 240 hours, unless: (i) the limited restaurant licensee notifies the department in writing at least seven days 1771 1772 before the closing; and 1773 (ii) the closure or cessation of operation is first approved by the department. 1774 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection $\left[\frac{(25)}{(25)}\right]$ (22)(a), in the case of emergency closure, 1775 immediate notice of closure shall be made to the department by telephone. 1776 (c) (i) Subject to Subsection $\left[\frac{(25)}{(22)(c)(iii)}\right]$, the department may authorize a closure 1777 or cessation of operation for a period not to exceed 60 days. 1778 (ii) The department may extend the initial period an additional 30 days upon: 1779 (A) written request of the limited restaurant licensee; and 1780 (B) a showing of good cause. 1781 (iii) A closure or cessation of operation may not exceed a total of 90 days without 1782 commission approval. 1783 (d) Any notice required by Subsection [(25)] (22)(a) shall include: 1784 (i) the dates of closure or cessation of operation: 1785 (ii) the reason for the closure or cessation of operation; and 1786 (iii) the date on which the licensee will reopen or resume operation. 1787 (e) Failure of the licensee to provide notice and to obtain department authorization 1788 before closure or cessation of operation shall result in an automatic forfeiture of: 1789 (i) the license; and 1790 (ii) the unused portion of the license fee for the remainder of the license year effective 1791 immediately.

1794 (i) the license; and

result in an automatic forfeiture of:

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(f) Failure of the licensee to reopen or resume operation by the approved date shall

1/95	(11) the unused portion of the license fee for the remainder of the license year.
1796	[(26)] (23) Each limited restaurant licensee shall maintain at least 70% of its total
1797	restaurant business from the sale of food, which does not include service charges.
1798	[(27)] (24) A limited restaurant license may not be transferred from one location to
1799	another, without prior written approval of the commission.
1800	[(28)] (25) (a) A limited restaurant licensee may not sell, transfer, assign, exchange,
1801	barter, give, or attempt in any way to dispose of the license to any other person whether for
1802	monetary gain or not.
1803	(b) A limited restaurant license has no monetary value for the purpose of any type of
1804	disposition.
1805	[(29)] (26) (a) Each server of wine, heavy beer, and beer in a limited restaurant
1806	licensee's establishment shall keep a written beverage tab for each table or group that orders or
1807	consumes alcoholic beverages on the premises.
1808	(b) The beverage tab required by Subsection [(29)] (26)(a) shall list the type and
1809	amount of alcoholic beverages ordered or consumed.
1810	[(30)] (27) A limited restaurant licensee may not make a person's willingness to serve
1811	alcoholic beverages a condition of employment as a server with the restaurant.
1812	Section 19. Section 32A-4-401 is amended to read:
1813	32A-4-401. Commission's power to grant licenses Limitations.
1814	(1) (a) For purposes of this part:
1815	(i) "Banquet" means an event:
1816	(A) for which there is a contract:
1817	(I) between any person and a person listed in Subsection (1)(a)(i)(B); and
1818	(II) under which a person listed in Subsection (1)(a)(i)(B) is required to provide
1819	alcoholic beverages at the event;
1820	(B) held at one or more designated locations approved by the commission in or on the
1821	premises of a:
1822	(I) hotel;
1823	(II) resort facility;
1824	(III) sports center; or
1825	(IV) convention center; and

1826	(C) at which food and alcoholic beverages may be sold and served.
1827	(ii) "Convention center" is as defined by the commission by rule.
1828	(iii) "Hotel" is as defined by the commission by rule.
1829	(iv) "Resort facility" is as defined by the commission by rule.
1830	(v) "Room service" means service of alcoholic beverages to a guest room of a:
1831	(A) hotel; or
1832	(B) resort facility.
1833	(vi) "Sports center" is as defined by the commission by rule.
1834	(b) The commission may issue an on-premise banquet license to any of the following
1835	persons for the purpose of allowing the storage, sale, service, and consumption of alcoholic
1836	beverages in connection with that person's banquet and room service activities:
1837	(i) hotel;
1838	(ii) resort facility;
1839	(iii) sports center; or
1840	(iv) convention center.
1841	(c) This chapter is not intended to prohibit [liquor] alcoholic beverages on the premises
1842	of a person listed in Subsection (1) to the extent otherwise permitted by this title.
1843	(2) (a) Subject to this section, the total number of on-premise banquet licenses may not
1844	at any time aggregate more than that number determined by dividing the population of the state
1845	by 30,000.
1846	(b) For purposes of this Subsection (2), the population of the state shall be determined
1847	by:
1848	(i) the most recent United States decennial or special census; or
1849	(ii) any other population determination made by the United States or state
1850	governments.
1851	(3) Pursuant to a contract between the host of a banquet and an on-premise banquet
1852	licensee:
1853	(a) the host of a contracted banquet may request an on-premise banquet licensee to
1854	provide alcoholic beverages served at a banquet; and
1855	(b) an on-premise banquet licensee may provide the alcoholic beverages served at a
1856	banquet.

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1857	(4) At a banquet, an on-premise banquet licensee may provide:
1858	(a) a hosted bar; or
1859	(b) a cash bar.
1860	(5) Nothing in this section shall prohibit a qualified on-premise banquet license
1861	applicant from applying for a package agency.
1862	(6) (a) The premises of an on-premise banquet license may not be established within
1863	600 feet of any public or private school, church, public library, public playground, or park, as
1864	measured by the method in Subsection $[\frac{(7)}{(6)(d)}]$.
1865	(b) The premises of an on-premise banquet license may not be established within 200
1866	feet of any public or private school, church, public library, public playground, or park,
1867	measured in a straight line from the nearest entrance of the proposed outlet to the nearest
1868	property boundary of the public or private school, church, public library, public playground, or
1869	park.
1870	(c) The restrictions contained in Subsections (6)(a) and (b) govern unless one of the
1871	following exemptions applies:
1872	(i) with respect to the establishment of an on-premise banquet license within any
1873	location, the commission may authorize a variance to reduce the proximity requirements of
1874	Subsection (6)(a) or (b) if:
1875	(A) the local [governing] authority [has granted] grants its written consent to the
1876	variance;
1877	(B) alternative locations for establishing an on-premise banquet license in the
1878	community are limited;
1879	(C) the variance is authorized after a public hearing [has been] is held in the city, town,
1880	or county, and where practical in the neighborhood concerned; and
1881	(D) after giving full consideration to all of the attending circumstances and the policies
1882	stated in Subsections 32A-1-104(3) and (4), the commission determines that establishing the
1883	license would not be detrimental to the public health, peace, safety, and welfare of the

proximity requirements of Subsections (6)(a) and (b) in considering whether to grant an

commission that undergoes a change of ownership, the commission may waive or vary the

(ii) with respect to the premises of any on-premise banquet license issued by the

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community; or

1888 on-premise banquet license to the new owner of the premises if: 1889 (A) the premises previously received a variance reducing the proximity requirements of 1890 Subsection (6)(a) or (b); or 1891 (B) a variance from proximity or distance requirements was otherwise allowed under 1892 this title. 1893 [(7)] (d) With respect to any public or private school, church, public library, public 1894 playground, or park, the 600 foot limitation described in Subsection (6)(a) is measured from 1895 the nearest entrance of the outlet by following the shortest route of ordinary pedestrian travel to 1896 the property boundary of the public or private school, church, public library, public playground, 1897 school playground, or park. 1898 [8] (7) (a) Nothing in this section prevents the commission from considering the 1899 proximity of any educational, religious, and recreational facility, or any other relevant factor in 1900 reaching a decision on a proposed location. 1901 (b) For purposes of this Subsection [(8)] (7), "educational facility" includes: 1902 (i) a nursery school; 1903 (ii) an infant day care center; and 1904 (iii) a trade and technical school. 1905 Section 20. Section **32A-4-402** is amended to read: 1906 32A-4-402. Application and renewal requirements. 1907 (1) (a) A person seeking an on-premise banquet license under this part shall file a 1908 written application with the department, in a form prescribed by the department. The 1909 application shall be accompanied by: 1910 (i) a nonrefundable \$250 application fee; 1911 (ii) an initial license fee of \$500, which is refundable if a license is not granted; 1912 (iii) written consent of the local authority; 1913 (iv) a copy of the applicant's current business license: 1914 (v) evidence of proximity to any public or private school, church, public library, public 1915 playground, or park, and if the proximity is within the 600 foot or 200 foot limitation of

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accordance with those subsections;

[Subsections] Subsection 32A-4-401(6) [and (7)], the application shall be processed in

(vi) a bond as specified by Section 32A-4-405;

1919 (vii) a description or floor plan and boundary map of the premises, where appropriate, 1920 of the on-premise banquet license applicant's location, designating: 1921 (A) the location at which the on-premise banquet license applicant proposes that 1922 alcoholic beverages be stored; and 1923 (B) the designated locations on the premises of the applicant from which the 1924 on-premise banquet license applicant proposes that alcoholic beverages be sold or served, and 1925 consumed; 1926 (viii) evidence that the on-premise banquet license applicant is carrying public liability 1927 insurance in an amount and form satisfactory to the department; 1928 (ix) evidence that the on-premise banquet license applicant is carrying dramshop 1929 insurance coverage of at least \$500,000 per occurrence and \$1,000,000 in the aggregate; 1930 (x) a signed consent form stating that the on-premise banquet license applicant will 1931 permit any authorized representative of the commission, department, or any law enforcement 1932 officer unrestricted right to enter the on-premise banquet premises; 1933 (xi) in the case of an applicant that is a partnership, corporation, or limited liability 1934 company, proper verification evidencing that the person or persons signing the on-premise 1935 banquet license application are authorized to so act on behalf of the partnership, corporation, or 1936 limited liability company; and 1937 (xii) any other information the commission or department may require. 1938 (b) An applicant need not meet the requirements of Subsections (1)(a)(i), (ii), (iii), (iv), 1939 and (vi) if the applicant is: 1940 (i) a state agency; or 1941 (ii) a political subdivision of the state including:

(A) a county; or

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- 1943 (B) a municipality.
 - (2) Additional locations in or on the premises of an on-premise banquet license applicant's business from which the on-premise banquet license applicant may propose that alcoholic beverages may be stored, sold or served, or consumed, not included in the applicant's original application may be approved by the department upon proper application, in accordance with guidelines approved by the commission.
 - (3) (a) All on-premise banquet licenses expire on October 31 of each year.

- 1950 (b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b)(ii), a person desiring to renew that 1951 person's on-premise banquet license shall submit a renewal fee of \$500 and a completed 1952 renewal application to the department no later than September 30. 1953 (ii) A licensee is not required to submit the renewal fee if the licensee is: 1954 (A) a state agency; or 1955 (B) a political subdivision of the state including: 1956 (I) a county; or 1957 (II) a municipality. 1958 (c) Failure to meet the renewal requirements shall result in an automatic forfeiture of 1959 the license effective on the date the existing license expires. 1960 (d) Renewal applications shall be in a form as prescribed by the department. 1961 (4) To ensure compliance with Subsection 32A-4-406[(27)] (24), the commission may 1962 suspend or revoke an on-premise banquet license if the on-premise banquet licensee fails to 1963 immediately notify the department of any change in: 1964 (a) ownership of the licensee; 1965 (b) for a corporate owner, the: 1966 (i) corporate officers or directors; or 1967 (ii) shareholders holding at least 20% of the total issued and outstanding stock of the 1968 corporation; or 1969 (c) for a limited liability company: 1970 (i) managers; or 1971 (ii) members owning at least 20% of the limited liability company. 1972 Section 21. Section **32A-4-406** is amended to read: 1973 32A-4-406. Operational restrictions. 1974 Each person granted an on-premise banquet license and the employees and management 1975 personnel of the on-premise banquet licensee shall comply with this title, the rules of the 1976 commission, and the following conditions and requirements. Failure to comply may result in a 1977 suspension or revocation of the license or other disciplinary action taken against individual 1978 employees or management personnel.
 - (1) A person involved in the sale or service of alcoholic beverages under the on-premise banquet license shall:

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(a) be under the supervision and direction of the on-premise banquet licensee; and

(b) complete the seminar provided for in Section 62A-15-401.

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- 1983 (2) (a) Liquor may not be purchased by the on-premise banquet licensee except from state stores or package agencies.
 - (b) Liquor purchased in accordance with Subsection (2)(a) may be transported by the on-premise banquet licensee from the place of purchase to the licensed premises.
 - (c) Payment for liquor shall be made in accordance with rules established by the commission.
 - (3) Alcoholic beverages may be sold or provided at a banquet subject to the restrictions set forth in this Subsection (3).
 - (a) An on-premise banquet licensee may sell or provide any primary spirituous liquor only in a quantity not to exceed one ounce per beverage dispensed through a calibrated metered dispensing system approved by the department in accordance with commission rules adopted under this title, except that:
 - (i) spirituous liquor need not be dispensed through a calibrated metered dispensing system if used as a secondary flavoring ingredient in a beverage subject to the following restrictions:
 - (A) the secondary ingredient may be dispensed only in conjunction with the purchase of a primary spirituous liquor;
 - (B) the secondary ingredient may not be the only spirituous liquor in the beverage;
 - (C) the on-premise banquet licensee shall designate a location where flavorings are stored on the floor plan provided to the department; and
 - (D) all flavoring containers shall be plainly and conspicuously labeled "flavorings";
 - (ii) spirituous liquor need not be dispensed through a calibrated metered dispensing system if used:
 - (A) as a flavoring on desserts; and
 - (B) in the preparation of flaming food dishes, drinks, and desserts;
- 2008 (iii) each attendee may have no more than 2.75 ounces of spirituous liquor at a time 2009 before the attendee; and
- 2010 (iv) each attendee may have no more than one spirituous liquor drink at a time before 2011 the attendee.

2012 (b) (i) (A) Wine may be sold and served by the glass or an individual portion not to exceed five ounces per glass or individual portion.

- (B) An individual portion may be served to an attendee in more than one glass as long as the total amount of wine does not exceed five ounces.
- (C) An individual portion of wine is considered to be one alcoholic beverage under Subsection (5)(c).
- (ii) Wine may be sold and served in containers not exceeding 1.5 liters at prices fixed by the commission.
- (iii) A wine service may be performed and a service charge assessed by the on-premise banquet licensee as authorized by commission rule for wine purchased on the banquet premises.
- (c) (i) Heavy beer may be served in original containers not exceeding one liter at prices fixed by the commission.
- (ii) A service charge may be assessed by the on-premise banquet licensee as authorized by commission rule for heavy beer purchased on the banquet premises.
- (d) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(d)(ii), beer may be sold and served for on-premise consumption:
 - (A) in an open container; and
 - (B) on draft.

- (ii) Beer sold pursuant to Subsection (3)(d)(i) shall be in a size of container that does not exceed two liters, except that beer may not be sold to an individual attendee in a container size that exceeds one liter.
- (4) Alcoholic beverages may not be stored, served, or sold in any place other than as designated in the on-premise banquet licensee's application, except that additional locations in or on the premises of an on-premise banquet licensee may be approved in accordance with guidelines approved by the commission as provided in Subsection 32A-4-402(2).
- (5) (a) An attendee may only make alcoholic beverage purchases from and be served by a person employed, designated, and trained by the on-premise banquet licensee to sell and serve alcoholic beverages.
- (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (5)(a), an attendee who has purchased bottled wine from an employee of the on-premise banquet licensee may thereafter serve wine from the bottle

- to the attendee or others at the attendee's table.
- 2044 (c) Each attendee may have no more than two alcoholic beverages of any kind at a time 2045 before the attendee.
 - (6) The alcoholic beverage storage area shall remain locked at all times other than those hours and days when alcoholic beverage sales are authorized by law.
 - (7) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(b), alcoholic beverages may be offered for sale, sold, served, or otherwise furnished from 10 a.m. to 1 a.m. seven days a week:
- 2050 (i) at a banquet; or

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- 2051 (ii) in connection with room service.
- 2052 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (7)(a), a sale or service of [alcoholic beverages] liquor 2053 may not occur at a banquet or in connection with room service until after the polls are closed 2054 on the day of:
- 2055 (i) a regular general election;
- 2056 (ii) a regular primary election; or
- 2057 (iii) a statewide special election.
- 2058 (8) Alcoholic beverages may not be sold, served, or otherwise furnished to any:
- 2059 (a) minor;
- 2060 (b) person actually, apparently, or obviously intoxicated;
- (c) known habitual drunkard; or
- 2062 (d) known interdicted person.
- 2063 (9) (a) (i) Liquor may be sold only at prices fixed by the commission.
- 2064 (ii) Liquor may not be sold at discount prices on any date or at any time.
- 2065 (b) Alcoholic beverages may not be sold at less than the cost of the alcoholic beverage to the licensee.
 - (c) An alcoholic beverage may not be sold at a special or reduced price that encourages over consumption or intoxication.
 - (d) An alcoholic beverage may not be sold at a special or reduced price for only certain hours of the on-premise banquet licensee's business day such as a "happy hour."
 - (e) The sale or service of more than one alcoholic beverage for the price of a single alcoholic beverage is prohibited.
- 2073 (f) An on-premise banquet licensee may not engage in a public promotion involving or

- 2074 offering free alcoholic beverages to the general public.
- 2075 (10) Alcoholic beverages may not be purchased for an attendee by:
- 2076 (a) the on-premise banquet licensee; or

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- 2077 (b) any employee or agent of the on-premise banquet licensee.
- 2078 (11) An attendee of a banquet may not bring any alcoholic beverage into or onto, or remove any alcoholic beverage from the premises of a banquet.
 - (12) (a) Except as otherwise provided in this title, the sale and service of alcoholic beverages by an on-premise banquet licensee at a banquet shall be made only for consumption at the location of the banquet.
 - (b) The host of a banquet, an attendee, or any other person other than the on-premise banquet licensee or its employees, may not remove any alcoholic beverage from the premises of the banquet.
 - (13) An on-premise banquet licensee employee shall remain at the banquet at all times when alcoholic beverages are being sold, served, or consumed at the banquet.
 - (14) (a) An on-premise banquet licensee may not leave any unsold alcoholic beverages at the banquet following the conclusion of the banquet.
 - (b) At the conclusion of a banquet, the on-premise banquet licensee or its employees, shall:
 - (i) destroy any opened and unused alcoholic beverages that are not saleable, under conditions established by the department; and
 - (ii) return to the on-premise banquet licensee's approved locked storage area any:
 - (A) opened and unused alcoholic beverage that is saleable; and
 - (B) unopened containers of alcoholic beverages.
 - (15) Except as provided in Subsection (14), any open or sealed container of alcoholic beverages not sold or consumed at a banquet:
 - (a) shall be stored by the on-premise banquet licensee in the licensee's approved locked storage area; and
 - (b) may be used at more than one banquet.
- 2102 (16) An on-premise banquet licensee may not employ a minor to sell, serve, dispense, or otherwise furnish alcoholic beverages in connection with the licensee's banquet and room service activities.

2105	(17) An employee of an on-premise banquet licensee, while on duty, may not:
2106	(a) consume an alcoholic beverage; or
2107	(b) be intoxicated.
2108	(18) An on-premise banquet licensee shall prominently display at each banquet at
2109	which alcoholic beverages are sold or served:
2110	(a) a copy of the licensee's on-premise banquet license; and
2111	(b) a sign in large letters stating: "Warning: Driving under the influence of alcohol or
2112	drugs is a serious crime that is prosecuted aggressively in Utah."
2113	[(19) The following acts or conduct are considered contrary to the public welfare and
2114	morals, and are prohibited at and during the hours of a banquet:
2115	[(a) employing or using any person in the sale or service of alcoholic beverages while
2116	the person is unclothed or in attire, costume, or clothing that exposes to view any portion of the
2117	female breast below the top of the areola or any portion of the pubic hair, anus, cleft of the
2118	buttocks, vulva, or genitals;]
2119	[(b) employing or using the services of any person to mingle with the patrons while the
2120	person is unclothed or in attire, costume, or clothing described in Subsection (19)(a);
2121	[(c) encouraging or permitting any person to touch, caress, or fondle the breasts,
2122	buttocks, anus, or genitals of any other person;]
2123	[(d) permitting any employee or person to wear or use any device or covering, exposed
2124	to view, that simulates the breast, genitals, anus, pubic hair, or any portion of these;]
2125	[(e) permitting any person to use artificial devices or inanimate objects to depict any of
2126	the prohibited activities described in this Subsection (19);]
2127	[(f) permitting any person to remain in or upon the premises who exposes to public
2128	view any portion of that person's genitals or anus; or]
2129	[(g) showing films, still pictures, electronic reproductions, or other visual
2130	reproductions depicting:]
2131	[(i) acts or simulated acts of sexual intercourse, masturbation, sodomy, bestiality, oral
2132	copulation, flagellation, or any sexual acts prohibited by Utah law;
2133	[(ii) any person being touched, caressed, or fondled on the breast, buttocks, anus, or
2134	genitals;]
2135	(iii) scenes wherein artificial devices or inanimate objects are used to depict, or

2136 drawings are used to portray, any of the prohibited activities described in this Subsection (19); 2137 or] 2138 (iv) scenes wherein a person displays the vulva, anus, or the genitals. 2139 [(20) Nothing in Subsection (19) precludes a local authority from being more 2140 restrictive of acts or conduct of the type prohibited in Subsection (19). 2141 (21) (a) Although live entertainment is permitted at a banquet, an on-premise banquet 2142 licensee may not allow any person to perform or simulate sexual acts prohibited by Utah law, 2143 including sexual intercourse, masturbation, sodomy, bestiality, oral copulation, flagellation, the 2144 touching, caressing, or fondling of the breast, buttocks, anus, or genitals, or the displaying of 2145 the pubic hair, anus, vulva, or genitals.] 2146 (b) Nothing in Subsection (21)(a) precludes a local authority from being more 2147 restrictive of acts or conduct of the type prohibited in Subsection (21)(a). 2148 [(22)] (19) An on-premise banquet licensee may not engage in or permit any form of gambling, or have any video gaming device, as defined and proscribed by Title 76, Chapter 10, 2149 2150 Part 11, Gambling, on the premises of the: 2151 (a) hotel; 2152 (b) resort facility; 2153 (c) sports center; or 2154 (d) convention center. 2155 [(23)] (20) (a) An on-premise banquet licensee shall maintain accounting and such 2156 other records and documents as the commission or department may require. 2157 (b) An on-premise banquet licensee or person acting for the on-premise banquet 2158 licensee, who knowingly forges, falsifies, alters, cancels, destroys, conceals, or removes the 2159 entries in any of the books of account or other documents of the on-premise banquet licensee 2160 required to be made, maintained, or preserved by this title or the rules of the commission for 2161 the purpose of deceiving the commission or department, or any of their officials or employees, 2162 is subject to: 2163 (i) the suspension or revocation of the on-premise banquet license; and 2164 (ii) possible criminal prosecution under Chapter 12, Criminal Offenses. 2165 $\left[\frac{(24)}{(21)}\right]$ (21) (a) For the purpose described in Subsection $\left[\frac{(24)}{(21)}\right]$ (21)(b), an on-premise 2166 banquet licensee shall provide the department with advance notice of a scheduled banquet in

2167 accordance with rules made by the commission in accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah 2168 Administrative Rulemaking Act. 2169 (b) The advance notice required by Subsection $\left[\frac{(24)}{(21)}\right]$ (21)(a) is required to provide any 2170 of the following the opportunity to conduct a random inspection of a banquet: 2171 (i) an authorized representative of the commission or the department; or 2172 (ii) a law enforcement officer. 2173 $\left[\frac{(25)}{(25)}\right]$ (22) An on-premise banquet licensee shall maintain at least 50% of its total 2174 annual banquet gross receipts from the sale of food, not including: 2175 (a) mix for alcoholic beverages; and 2176 (b) charges in connection with the service of alcoholic beverages. 2177 [(26)] (23) A person may not transfer an on-premise banquet license from one business 2178 location to another without prior written approval of the commission. 2179 [(27)] (24) (a) An on-premise banquet licensee may not sell, transfer, assign, exchange, 2180 barter, give, or attempt in any way to dispose of the license to any other person, whether for 2181 monetary gain or not. 2182 (b) An on-premise banquet license has no monetary value for the purpose of any type of disposition. 2183 2184 [(28)] (25) (a) Room service of alcoholic beverages to a guest room of a hotel or resort 2185 facility shall be provided in person by an on-premise banquet licensee employee only to an 2186 adult guest in the guest room. 2187 (b) Alcoholic beverages may not be left outside a guest room for retrieval by a guest. 2188 (c) An on-premise banquet licensee may only provide alcoholic beverages for room 2189 service in sealed containers. 2190 Section 22. Section **32A-5-102** is amended to read: 2191 32A-5-102. Application and renewal requirements. 2192 (1) A club seeking a class A, B, C, or D private club license under this chapter shall 2193 file a written application with the department in a form prescribed by the department. The 2194 application shall be accompanied by: 2195 (a) a nonrefundable \$250 application fee;

(b) an initial license fee of \$2,500, which is refundable if a license is not granted;

(c) written consent of the local authority;

2198	(d) a copy of the applicant's current business license;
2199	(e) evidence of proximity to any public or private school, church, public library, public
2200	playground, or park, and if the proximity is within the 600 foot or 200 foot limitations of
2201	Subsections 32A-5-101(7) and (8), the application shall be processed in accordance with those
2202	subsections;
2203	(f) evidence that the applicant operates a club where a variety of food is prepared and
2204	served in connection with dining accommodations;
2205	(g) a bond as specified by Section 32A-5-106;
2206	(h) a floor plan of the club premises, including consumption areas and the area where
2207	the applicant proposes to keep and store liquor;
2208	(i) evidence that the club is carrying public liability insurance in an amount and form
2209	satisfactory to the department;
2210	(j) evidence that the club is carrying dramshop insurance coverage of at least \$500,000
2211	per occurrence and \$1,000,000 in the aggregate;
2212	(k) a copy of the club's bylaws or house rules, and any amendments to those
2213	documents, which shall be kept on file with the department at all times;
2214	(l) a signed consent form stating that the club and its management will permit any
2215	authorized representative of the commission, department, or any law enforcement officer
2216	unrestricted right to enter the club premises;
2217	(m) (i) a statement as to whether the private club is seeking to qualify as a class A, B,
2218	C, or D private club licensee; and
2219	(ii) evidence that the private club meets the requirements for the classification for
2220	which the club is applying;
2221	(n) in the case of a partnership, corporation, or limited liability company applicant,
2222	proper verification evidencing that the person or persons signing the private club application
2223	are authorized to so act on behalf of the partnership, corporation, or limited liability company;
2224	and
2225	(o) any other information the commission or department may require.
2226	(2) (a) The commission may refuse to issue a license if the commission determines that

(i) reasonable; and

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any provisions of the club's bylaws or house rules, or amendments to those documents are not:

2229	(ii) consistent with:
2230	(A) the declared nature and purpose of the applicant; and
2231	(B) the purposes of this chapter.
2232	(b) Club bylaws or house rules shall include provisions respecting the following:
2233	(i) standards of eligibility for members;
2234	(ii) limitation of members, consistent with the nature and purpose of the private club;
2235	(iii) the period for which dues are paid, and the date upon which the period expires;
2236	(iv) provisions for dropping members for the nonpayment of dues or other cause; and
2237	(v) provisions for guests or visitors, if any, and for the issuance and use of visitor
2238	cards.
2239	(3) (a) All private club licenses expire on June 30 of each year.
2240	(b) A person desiring to renew that person's private club license shall submit by no later
2241	than May 31:
2242	(i) a completed renewal application to the department; and
2243	(ii) a renewal fee in the following amount:
2244	Gross Cost of Liquor in Previous License Year for the Licensee Renewal Fee
2245	under \$10,000 \$1,000
2246	equals or exceeds \$10,000 but less than \$25,000 \$1,250
2247	equals or exceeds \$25,000 but less than \$75,000 \$1,750
2248	equals or exceeds \$75,000 \$2,250[-]
2249	(c) Failure to meet the renewal requirements shall result in an automatic forfeiture of
2250	the license effective on the date the existing license expires.
2251	(d) Renewal applications shall be in a form as prescribed by the department.
2252	(4) To ensure compliance with Subsection 32A-5-107[(44)] <u>(40)</u> , the commission may
2253	suspend or revoke any private club license if the private club licensee does not immediately
2254	notify the department of any change in:
2255	(a) ownership of the club;
2256	(b) for a corporate owner, the:
2257	(i) corporate officers or directors; or
2258	(ii) shareholders holding at least 20% of the total issued and outstanding stock of the
2259	corporation; or

2200	(c) for a finited flability company:
2261	(i) managers; or
2262	(ii) members owning at least 20% of the limited liability company.
2263	Section 23. Section 32A-5-107 is amended to read:
2264	32A-5-107. Operational restrictions.
2265	Each club granted a private club license and the employees, management personnel, and
2266	members of the club shall comply with the following conditions and requirements. Failure to
2267	comply may result in a suspension or revocation of the license or other disciplinary action
2268	taken against individual employees or management personnel.
2269	(1) Each private club shall have a governing body that:
2270	(a) consists of three or more members of the club; and
2271	(b) holds regular meetings to:
2272	(i) review membership applications; and
2273	(ii) conduct any other business as required by the bylaws or house rules of the private
2274	club.
2275	(2) (a) Each private club may admit an individual as a member only on written
2276	application signed by the applicant, subject to:
2277	(i) the applicant paying an application fee as required by Subsection (4); and
2278	(ii) investigation, vote, and approval of a quorum of the governing body.
2279	(b) (i) Admissions shall be recorded in the official minutes of a regular meeting of the
2280	governing body.
2281	(ii) An application, whether approved or disapproved, shall be filed as a part of the
2282	official records of the licensee.
2283	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(a), a private club, in its discretion, may admit an
2284	applicant and immediately accord the applicant temporary privileges of a member until the
2285	governing body completes its investigation and votes on the application, subject to the
2286	following conditions:
2287	(i) the applicant shall:
2288	(A) submit a written application; and
2289	(B) pay the application fee required by Subsection (4);
2290	(ii) the governing body votes on the application at its next meeting which shall take

2291	place no later than 31 days following the day on which the application was submitted; and
2292	(iii) the applicant's temporary membership privileges are terminated if the governing
2293	body disapproves the application.
2294	(d) The spouse of a member of any class of private club is entitled to all the rights and
2295	privileges of the member:
2296	(i) to the extent permitted by the bylaws or house rules of the private club; and
2297	(ii) except to the extent restricted by this title.
2298	(e) The minor child of a member of a class A private club is entitled to all the rights
2299	and privileges of the member:
2300	(i) to the extent permitted by the bylaws or house rules of the private club; and
2301	(ii) except to the extent restricted by this title.
2302	(3) (a) Each private club shall maintain a current and complete membership record
2303	showing:
2304	(i) the date of application of each proposed member;
2305	(ii) each member's address;
2306	(iii) the date the governing body approved a member's admission;
2307	(iv) the date initiation fees and dues were assessed and paid; and
2308	(v) the serial number of the membership card issued to each member.
2309	(b) A current record shall also be kept indicating when members are dropped or
2310	resigned.
2311	(4) (a) Each private club shall establish in the club bylaws or house rules application
2312	fees and membership dues:
2313	(i) as established by commission rules; and
2314	(ii) which are collected from all members.
2315	(b) An application fee:
2316	(i) shall not be less than \$4;
2317	(ii) shall be paid when the applicant applies for membership; and
2318	(iii) at the discretion of the private club, may be credited toward membership dues if
2319	the governing body approves the applicant as a member.
2320	(5) (a) Each private club may, in its discretion, allow an individual to be admitted to or
2321	use the club premises as a guest only under the following conditions:

2322	(1) each guest must be previously authorized by one of the following who agrees to host
2323	the guest into the club:
2324	(A) an active member of the club; or
2325	(B) a holder of a current visitor card;
2326	(ii) each guest must be known by the guest's host based on a preexisting bonafide
2327	business or personal relationship with the host prior to the guest's admittance to the club;
2328	(iii) each guest must be accompanied by the guest's host for the duration of the guest's
2329	visit to the club;
2330	(iv) each guest's host must remain on the club premises for the duration of the guest's
2331	visit to the club;
2332	(v) each guest's host is responsible for the cost of all services extended to the guest;
2333	(vi) each guest enjoys only those privileges derived from the guest's host for the
2334	duration of the guest's visit to the club;
2335	(vii) an employee of the club, while on duty, may not act as a host for a guest;
2336	(viii) an employee of the club, while on duty, may not attempt to locate a member or
2337	current visitor card holder to serve as a host for a guest with whom the member or visitor card
2338	holder has no acquaintance based on a preexisting bonafide business or personal relationship
2339	prior to the guest's arrival at the club; and
2340	(ix) a club and its employees may not enter into an agreement or arrangement with a
2341	club member or holder of a current visitor card to indiscriminately host members of the general
2342	public into the club as guests.
2343	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (5)(a), previous authorization is not required if:
2344	(i) the licensee is a class B private club; and
2345	(ii) the guest is a member of the same fraternal organization as the private club
2346	licensee.
2347	(6) Each private club may, in its discretion, issue visitor cards to allow individuals to
2348	enter and use the club premises on a temporary basis under the following conditions:
2349	(a) each visitor card shall be issued for a period not to exceed three weeks;
2350	(b) a fee of not less than \$4 shall be assessed for each visitor card issued;
2351	(c) a visitor card shall not be issued to a minor;
2352	(d) a holder of a visitor card may not host more than seven guests at one time;

2353	(e) each visitor card issued shall include:
2354	(i) the visitor's full name and signature;
2355	(ii) the date the card was issued;
2356	(iii) the date the card expires;
2357	(iv) the club's name; and
2358	(v) the serial number of the card; and
2359	(f) (i) the club shall maintain a current record of the issuance of each visitor card on the
2360	club premises; and
2361	(ii) the record described in Subsection (6)(f)(i) shall:
2362	(A) be available for inspection by the department; and
2363	(B) include:
2364	(I) the name of the person to whom the card was issued;
2365	(II) the date the card was issued;
2366	(III) the date the card expires; and
2367	(IV) the serial number of the card.
2368	(7) A private club may not sell alcoholic beverages to or allow any patron to be
2369	admitted to or use the club premises other than:
2370	(a) a member;
2371	(b) a visitor who holds a valid visitor card issued under Subsection (6); or
2372	(c) a guest of:
2373	(i) a member; or
2374	(ii) a holder of a current visitor card.
2375	(8) (a) A minor may not be:
2376	(i) a member, officer, director, or trustee of a private club;
2377	(ii) issued a visitor card;
2378	[(iii) admitted into, use, or be on the premises of a class D private club except to the
2379	extent authorized under Subsections (8)(b) through (g);]
2380	[(iv)] (iii) admitted into, use, or be on the premises of any lounge or bar area, as
2381	defined by commission rule, of any private club except to the extent authorized under
2382	Subsection (8)(c)(ii); [or]
2383	[(v)] (iv) admitted into, use, or be on the premises of any class D private club [that]:

2384	[(A) provides sexually oriented adult entertainment as defined by commission rule or
2385	by local ordinance; or]
2386	[(B)] (A) that operates as a sexually oriented business as defined [by commission rule
2387	or] by local ordinance[-]; or
2388	(B) when a sexually oriented entertainer is performing on the premises; or
2389	(v) admitted into, use, or be on the premises of a class D private club except to the
2390	extent authorized under Subsections (8)(b) through (g).
2391	(b) [At] Except as provided in Subsection (8)(a)(iv), at the discretion of a class D
2392	private club, a minor may be admitted into, use, or be on the premises of a class D private club
2393	under the following circumstances:
2394	(i) during periods when no alcoholic beverages are sold, served, otherwise furnished,
2395	or consumed on the premises, but in no event later than 1 p.m.;
2396	(ii) when accompanied at all times by a member or holder of a current visitor card who
2397	is the minor's parent, legal guardian, or spouse; and
2398	(iii) the private club has a full kitchen and is licensed by the local jurisdiction as a food
2399	service provider.
2400	(c) A minor may be employed by a class D private club on the premises of the club if:
2401	(i) the parent or legal guardian of the minor owns or operates the class D private club;
2402	or
2403	(ii) the minor performs maintenance and cleaning services during the hours when the
2404	club is not open for business.
2405	(d) (i) Subject to Subsection (8)(d)(ii), a minor who is at least 18 years of age may be
2406	admitted into, use, or be on the premises of a dance or concert hall if:
2407	(A) the dance or concert hall is located:
2408	(I) on the premises of a class D private club; or
2409	(II) on the property that immediately adjoins the premises of and is operated by a class
2410	D private club; and
2411	(B) the commission has issued the class D private club a permit to operate a minor
2412	dance or concert hall based on the criteria described in Subsection (8)(d)(iii).
2413	(ii) If the dance or concert hall is located on the premises of a class D private club, a
2414	minor must be properly hosted in accordance with Subsection (5) by:

2415	(A) a member; or
2416	(B) a holder of a current visitor card.
2417	(iii) The commission may issue a minor dance or concert hall permit if:
2418	(A) the club's lounge, bar, and alcoholic beverage consumption area is:
2419	(I) not accessible to minors;
2420	(II) clearly defined; and
2421	(III) separated from the dance or concert hall area by walls, multiple floor levels, or
2422	other substantial physical barriers;
2423	(B) any bar or dispensing area is not visible to minors;
2424	(C) no consumption of alcoholic beverages may occur in:
2425	(I) the dance or concert hall area; or
2426	(II) any area of the club accessible to a minor;
2427	(D) the club maintains sufficient security personnel to prevent the passing of beverages
2428	from the club's lounge, bar, or alcoholic beverage consumption areas to:
2429	(I) the dance or concert hall area; or
2430	(II) any area of the club accessible to a minor;
2431	(E) there are separate entrances, exits, and restroom facilities from the club's lounge,
2432	bar, and alcoholic beverage consumption areas than for:
2433	(I) the dance or concert hall area; or
2434	(II) any area accessible to a minor; and
2435	(F) the club complies with any other restrictions imposed by the commission by rule.
2436	(e) A minor under 18 years of age who is accompanied at all times by a parent or legal
2437	guardian who is a member or holder of a current visitor card may be admitted into, use, or be
2438	on the premises of a concert hall described in Subsection (8)(d)(i) if:
2439	(i) all requirements of Subsection (8)(d) are met; and
2440	(ii) all signage, product, and dispensing equipment containing recognition of alcoholic
2441	beverages is not visible to the minor.
2442	(f) A minor under 18 years of age but who is 14 years of age or older who is not
2443	accompanied by a parent or legal guardian may be admitted into, use, or be on the premises of
2444	a concert hall described in Subsection (8)(d)(i) if:
2445	(i) all requirements of Subsections (8)(d) and (8)(e)(ii) are met; and

2446	(ii) there is no alcoholic beverage, sales, service, or consumption on the premises of the
2447	class D private club.
2448	(g) The commission may suspend or revoke a minor dance or concert permit issued to
2449	a class D private club and suspend or revoke the license of the class D private club if:
2450	(i) the club fails to comply with the restrictions in Subsection (8)(d), (e), or (f);
2451	(ii) the club sells, serves, or otherwise furnishes alcoholic beverages to a minor;
2452	(iii) the licensee or a supervisory or managerial level employee of the private club is
2453	convicted under Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act, on the basis of activities
2454	that occurred on:
2455	(A) the licensed premises; or
2456	(B) the dance or concert hall that is located on property that immediately adjoins the
2457	premises of and is operated by the class D private club;
2458	(iv) there are three or more convictions of patrons of the private club under Title 58,
2459	Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act, based on activities that occurred on:
2460	(A) the licensed premises; or
2461	(B) the dance or concert hall that is located on property that immediately adjoins the
2462	premises of and is operated by the class D private club;
2463	(v) there is more than one conviction:
2464	(A) of:
2465	(I) the licensee;
2466	(II) an employee of the licensee;
2467	(III) an entertainer contracted by the licensee; or
2468	(IV) a patron of the private club; and
2469	(B) made on the basis of lewd acts or lewd entertainment prohibited by this title that
2470	occurred on:
2471	(I) the licensed premises; or
2472	(II) the dance or concert hall that is located on property that immediately adjoins the
2473	premises of and is operated by the class D private club; or
2474	(vi) the commission finds acts or conduct contrary to the public welfare and morals
2475	involving lewd acts or lewd entertainment prohibited by this title that occurred on:
2476	(A) the licensed premises; or

2477 (B) the dance or concert hall that is located on property that immediately adjoins the 2478 premises of and is operated by the class D private club. 2479 (h) Nothing in this Subsection (8) shall prohibit a class D private club from selling, 2480 serving, or otherwise furnishing alcoholic beverages in a dance or concert area located on the 2481 club premises on days and times when the club does not allow minors into those areas. 2482 (i) Nothing in Subsections (8)(a) through (g) precludes a local authority from being 2483 more restrictive of a minor's admittance to, use of, or presence on the premises of any private 2484 club. [(9) An employee of a club, while on duty, may not:] 2485 2486 (a) consume an alcoholic beverage; 2487 [(b) be intoxicated; or] 2488 (c) act as a host for a guest. 2489 [(10)] (9) (a) Each private club shall maintain an expense ledger or record showing in 2490 detail all expenditures separated by payments for: 2491 (i) malt or brewed beverages; 2492 (ii) liquor; (iii) food; 2493 2494 (iv) detailed payroll; 2495 (v) entertainment; 2496 (vi) rent; 2497 (vii) utilities; 2498 (viii) supplies; and 2499 (ix) all other expenditures. 2500 (b) The record required by this Subsection [(10)] (9) shall be: 2501 (i) kept in a form approved by the department; and 2502 (ii) balanced each month. 2503 (c) Each expenditure shall be supported by: 2504 (i) delivery tickets; 2505 (ii) invoices; 2506 (iii) receipted bills; 2507 (iv) canceled checks;

2508	(v) petty cash vouchers; or
2509	(vi) other sustaining data or memoranda.
2510	(d) All invoices and receipted bills for the current calendar or fiscal year documenting
2511	purchases made by the club shall also be maintained.
2512	[(11)] (10) (a) Each private club shall maintain a minute book that is posted currently
2513	by the club.
2514	(b) The minute book required by this Subsection [(11)] (10) shall contain the minutes
2515	of all regular and special meetings of the governing body.
2516	(c) Membership lists shall also be maintained.
2517	[(12)] (11) (a) Each private club shall maintain current copies of the club's current
2518	bylaws and current house rules.
2519	(b) Changes in the bylaws or house rules:
2520	(i) are not effective unless submitted to the department within ten days after adoption;
2521	and
2522	(ii) become effective 15 days after received by the department unless rejected by the
2523	department before the expiration of the 15-day period.
2524	[(13)] (12) Each private club shall maintain accounting and other records and
2525	documents as the department may require.
2526	[(14)] (13) Any club or person acting for the club, who knowingly forges, falsifies,
2527	alters, cancels, destroys, conceals, or removes the entries in any of the books of account or
2528	other documents of the club required to be made, maintained, or preserved by this title or the
2529	rules of the commission for the purpose of deceiving the commission or the department, or any
2530	of their officials or employees, is subject to:
2531	(a) the suspension or revocation of the club's license; and
2532	(b) possible criminal prosecution under Chapter 12, Criminal Offenses.
2533	[(15)] (14) (a) Each private club shall maintain and keep all the records required by this
2534	section and all other books, records, receipts, and disbursements maintained or used by the
2535	licensee, as the department requires, for a minimum period of three years.
2536	(b) All records, books, receipts, and disbursements are subject to inspection by
2537	authorized representatives of the commission and the department.

(c) The club shall allow the department, through its auditors or examiners, to audit all

2539	records of the club at times the department considers advisable.
2540	(d) The department shall audit the records of the licensee at least once annually.
2541	[(16)] (15) Each private club shall own or lease premises suitable for the club's
2542	activities.
2543	[(17)] (16) (a) A private club may not maintain facilities in any manner that barricades
2544	or conceals the club operation.
2545	(b) Any member of the commission, authorized department personnel, or any peace
2546	officer shall, upon presentation of credentials, be admitted immediately to the club and
2547	permitted without hindrance or delay to inspect completely the entire club premises and all
2548	books and records of the licensee, at any time during which the same are open for the
2549	transaction of business to its members.
2550	[(18)] (17) Any public advertising related to a private club by the following shall
2551	clearly identify a club as being "a private club for members":
2552	(a) the private club;
2553	(b) the employees or agents of the private club; or
2554	(c) any person under a contract or agreement with the club.
2555	[(19)] (18) A private club must have food available at all times when alcoholic
2556	beverages are sold, served, or consumed on the premises.
2557	[(20)] (19) (a) Liquor may not be purchased by a private club licensee except from
2558	state stores or package agencies.
2559	(b) Liquor purchased in accordance with Subsection [(20)] (19)(a) may be transported
2560	by the licensee from the place of purchase to the licensed premises.
2561	(c) Payment for liquor shall be made in accordance with rules established by the
2562	commission.
2563	[(21)] (20) A private club licensee may sell or provide any primary spirituous liquor
2564	only in a quantity not to exceed one ounce per beverage dispensed through a calibrated metered
2565	dispensing system approved by the department in accordance with commission rules adopted
2566	under this title, except that:
2567	(a) spirituous liquor need not be dispensed through a calibrated metered dispensing
2568	system if used as a secondary flavoring ingredient in a beverage subject to the following

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restrictions:

2570	(i) the secondary ingredient may be dispensed only in conjunction with the purchase of
2571	a primary spirituous liquor;
2572	(ii) the secondary ingredient is not the only spirituous liquor in the beverage;
2573	(iii) the private club licensee shall designate a location where flavorings are stored on
2574	the floor plan provided to the department; and
2575	(iv) all flavoring containers shall be plainly and conspicuously labeled "flavorings";
2576	(b) spirituous liquor need not be dispensed through a calibrated metered dispensing
2577	system if used:
2578	(i) as a flavoring on desserts; and
2579	(ii) in the preparation of flaming food dishes, drinks, and desserts; and
2580	(c) each club patron may have no more than 2.75 ounces of spirituous liquor at a time
2581	before the patron.
2582	[(22)] (21) (a) (i) Wine may be sold and served by the glass or an individual portion
2583	not to exceed five ounces per glass or individual portion.
2584	(ii) An individual portion may be served to a patron in more than one glass as long as
2585	the total amount of wine does not exceed five ounces.
2586	(iii) An individual portion of wine is considered to be one alcoholic beverage under
2587	Subsection [$\frac{(26)}{(25)}$] $\frac{(25)}{(25)}$ (c).
2588	(b) (i) Wine may be sold and served in containers not exceeding 1.5 liters at prices
2589	fixed by the commission to tables of four or more persons.
2590	(ii) Wine may be sold and served in containers not exceeding 750 [ml] milliliters at
2591	prices fixed by the commission to tables of less than four persons.
2592	(c) A wine service may be performed and a service charge assessed by the private club
2593	as authorized by commission rule for wine purchased at the private club.
2594	[(23)] (22) (a) Heavy beer may be served in original containers not exceeding one liter
2595	at prices fixed by the commission.
2596	(b) A service charge may be assessed by the private club for heavy beer purchased at
2597	the private club.
2598	[(24)] (23) (a) (i) Subject to Subsection [(24)] (23)(a)(ii), a private club licensed to sell
2599	liquor may sell beer for on-premise consumption:

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(A) in an open container; and

2601 (B) on draft.

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- 2602 (ii) Beer sold pursuant to Subsection [(24)] (23)(a)(i) shall be in a size of container that 2603 does not exceed two liters, except that beer may not be sold to an individual patron in a size of 2604 container that exceeds one liter.
 - (b) (i) A private club licensed under this chapter that sells beer pursuant to Subsection [(24)] (23)(a):
 - (A) may do so without obtaining a separate on-premise beer retailer license from the commission; and
 - (B) shall comply with all appropriate operational restrictions under Chapter 10, Beer Retailer Licenses, that apply to on-premise beer retailers except when those restrictions are inconsistent with or less restrictive than the operational restrictions under this chapter.
 - (ii) Failure to comply with the operational restrictions under Chapter 10, Beer Retailer Licenses, required by Subsection [(24)] (23)(b)(i) may result in a suspension or revocation of the private club's:
 - (A) state liquor license; and
 - (B) alcoholic beverage license issued by the local authority.
 - [(25)] (24) Alcoholic beverages may not be stored, served, or sold in any place other than as designated in the licensee's application, unless the licensee first applies for and receives approval from the department for a change of location within the private club.
 - [(26)] (25) (a) A patron may only make alcoholic beverage purchases in the private club from and be served by a person employed, designated, and trained by the licensee to sell, dispense, and serve alcoholic beverages.
 - (b) Notwithstanding Subsection [(25)] (25)(a), a patron who has purchased bottled wine from an employee of the private club or has carried bottled wine onto the premises of the private club pursuant to Subsection [(32)] (31) may thereafter serve wine from the bottle to the patron or others at the patron's table.
 - (c) Each club patron may have no more than two alcoholic beverages of any kind at a time before the patron.
 - [(27)] (26) The liquor storage area shall remain locked at all times other than those hours and days when liquor sales and service are authorized by law.
- 2631 [(28)] (27) (a) Liquor may not be sold, offered for sale, served, or otherwise furnished

2632	at a private club during the following days or hours:
2633	(i) until after the polls are closed on the day of any:
2634	(A) regular general election;
2635	(B) regular primary election; or
2636	(C) statewide special election;
2637	(ii) until after the polls are closed on the day of any municipal, special district, or
2638	school election, but only:
2639	(A) within the boundaries of the municipality, special district, or school district; and
2640	(B) if required by local ordinance; and
2641	(iii) on any other day after 1 a.m. and before 10 a.m.
2642	(b) The hours of beer sales and service are those specified in Chapter 10, Beer Retailer
2643	Licenses, for on-premise beer licenses.
2644	(c) (i) Notwithstanding Subsections [(28)] (27)(a) and (b), a private club shall remain
2645	open for one hour after the private club ceases the sale and service of alcoholic beverages
2646	during which time a patron of the club may finish consuming:
2647	(A) any single drink containing spirituous liquor;
2648	(B) a single serving of wine not exceeding five ounces;
2649	(C) a single serving of heavy beer; or
2650	(D) a single serving of beer not exceeding 26 ounces.
2651	(ii) A club is not required to remain open:
2652	(A) after all patrons have vacated the premises; or
2653	(B) during an emergency.
2654	(d) Between the hours of 2 a.m. and 10 a.m. on any day a private club may not allow a
2655	patron to remain on the premises to consume alcoholic beverages on the premises.
2656	[(29)] (28) Alcoholic beverages may not be sold, served, or otherwise furnished to any:
2657	(a) minor;
2658	(b) person actually, apparently, or obviously intoxicated;
2659	(c) known habitual drunkard; or
2660	(d) known interdicted person.
2661	[(30)] (29) (a) (i) Liquor may be sold only at prices fixed by the commission.
2662	(ii) Liquor may not be sold at discount prices on any date or at any time.

2663 (b) Alcoholic beverages may not be sold at less than the cost of the alcoholic beverage to the licensee.

- (c) An alcoholic beverage may not be sold at a special or reduced price that encourages over consumption or intoxication.
- (d) The price of a single serving of a primary spirituous liquor shall be the same whether served as a single drink or in conjunction with another alcoholic beverage.
- (e) An alcoholic beverage may not be sold at a special or reduced price for only certain hours of the private club's business day such as a "happy hour."
- (f) The sale or service of more than one alcoholic beverage for the price of a single alcoholic beverage is prohibited.
- (g) The sale or service of an indefinite or unlimited number of alcoholic beverages during any set period for a fixed price is prohibited.
- (h) A private club licensee may not engage in a promotion involving or offering free alcoholic beverages to patrons of the club.
- 2677 [(31)] (30) Alcoholic beverages may not be purchased for a patron of the private club by:
- 2679 (a) the licensee; or

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- (b) any employee or agent of the licensee.
- [(32)] (31) (a) A person may not bring onto the premises of a private club licensee any alcoholic beverage for on-premise consumption, except a person may bring, subject to the discretion of the licensee, bottled wine onto the premises of any private club licensee for on-premise consumption.
- (b) Except bottled wine under Subsection [(32)] (31)(a), a private club or its officers, managers, employees, or agents may not allow:
- (i) a person to bring onto the private club premises any alcoholic beverage for consumption on the private club premises; or
- (ii) consumption of alcoholic beverages described in Subsection [(32)] (31)(b)(i) on the premises of the private club.
- (c) If bottled wine is carried in by a patron, the patron shall deliver the wine to a server or other representative of the licensee upon entering the private club.
- (d) A wine service may be performed and a service charge assessed by the private club

2694	as authorized by commission rule for wine carried in by a patron.
2695	[(33)] (32) (a) Except as provided in Subsection $[(33)]$ (32)(b), a private club and its
2696	employees may not permit a patron of the club to carry from the club premises an open
2697	container that:
2698	(i) is used primarily for drinking purposes; and
2699	(ii) contains any alcoholic beverage.
2700	(b) A patron may remove the unconsumed contents of a bottle of wine if before
2701	removal the bottle has been recorked or recapped.
2702	[(34)] (33) (a) A minor may not be employed by any class A, B, or C private club to
2703	sell, dispense, or handle any alcoholic beverage.
2704	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection [(34)] (33)(a), a minor who is at least 16 years of age
2705	may be employed by a class A or C private club to enter the sale at a cash register or other sales
2706	recording device.
2707	(c) Except to the extent authorized in Subsection (8)(c), a minor may not be employed
2708	by or be on the premises of any class D private club.
2709	(d) A minor may not be employed to work in any lounge or bar area of any class A, B,
2710	or C private club.
2711	[(35)] (34) An employee of a private club, while on duty, may not:
2712	(a) consume an alcoholic beverage; or
2713	(b) be intoxicated.
2714	[(36)] (35) (a) A private club may not charge for the service or supply of glasses, ice,
2715	or mixers unless:
2716	(i) the charges are fixed in the house rules of the club; and
2717	(ii) a copy of the house rules is kept on the club premises and available at all times for
2718	examination by patrons of the club.
2719	(b) A charge or fee made in connection with the sale, service, or consumption of liquor
2720	may be stated in food or alcoholic beverage menus including:
2721	(i) a set-up charge;
2722	(ii) a service charge; or
2723	(iii) a chilling fee.

[(37)] (36) Each private club licensee shall display in a prominent place in the private

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club:

2726	(a) the private club license that is issued by the department;
2727	(b) a list of the types and brand names of liquor being served through its calibrated
2728	metered dispensing system; and
2729	(c) a sign in large letters stating: "Warning: Driving under the influence of alcohol or
2730	drugs is a serious crime that is prosecuted aggressively in Utah."
2731	[(38) The following acts or conduct in a private club licensed under this chapter are
2732	considered contrary to the public welfare and morals, and are prohibited upon the premises:]
2733	[(a) employing or using any person in the sale or service of alcoholic beverages while
2734	the person is unclothed or in attire, costume, or clothing that exposes to view any portion of the
2735	female breast below the top of the areola or any portion of the pubic hair, anus, cleft of the
2736	buttocks, vulva, or genitals;]
2737	[(b) employing or using the services of any person to mingle with the patrons while the
2738	person is unclothed or in attire, costume, or clothing described in Subsection (38)(a);]
2739	[(c) encouraging or permitting any person to touch, caress, or fondle the breasts,
2740	buttocks, anus, or genitals of any other person;]
2741	[(d) permitting any employee or person to wear or use any device or covering, exposed
2742	to view, that simulates the breast, genitals, anus, pubic hair, or any portion of these;]
2743	[(e) permitting any person to use artificial devices or inanimate objects to depict any of
2744	the prohibited activities described in this Subsection (38);]
2745	[(f) permitting any person to remain in or upon the premises who exposes to public
2746	view any portion of his or her genitals or anus; or]
2747	[(g) showing films, still pictures, electronic reproductions, or other visual
2748	reproductions depicting:]
2749	[(i) acts or simulated acts of sexual intercourse, masturbation, sodomy, bestiality, oral
2750	copulation, flagellation, or any sexual acts prohibited by Utah law;]
2751	[(ii) any person being touched, caressed, or fondled on the breast, buttocks, anus, or
2752	genitals;]
2753	[(iii) scenes wherein artificial devices or inanimate objects are used to depict, or
2754	drawings are used to portray, any of the prohibited activities described in this Subsection (38);
2755	or]

2756	[(iv) scenes wherein a person displays the vulva or the anus or the genitals.]
2757	[(39) Nothing in Subsection (38) precludes a local authority from being more
2758	restrictive of acts or conduct of the type prohibited in Subsection (38).]
2759	[(40) (a) Although live entertainment is permitted on the premises of a club liquor
2760	licensee, a licensee may not allow any person to perform or simulate sexual acts prohibited by
2761	Utah law, including sexual intercourse, masturbation, sodomy, bestiality, oral copulation,
2762	flagellation, or the touching, caressing, or fondling of the breast, buttocks, anus, or genitals, or
2763	the displaying of the pubic hair, anus, vulva, or genitals. Entertainers shall perform only upon
2764	a stage or at a designated area approved by the commission.]
2765	[(b) Nothing in Subsection (40)(a) precludes a local authority from being more
2766	restrictive of acts or conduct of the type prohibited in Subsection (40)(a).]
2767	[(41)] (37) A private club may not engage in or permit any form of gambling, or have
2768	any video gaming device, as defined and proscribed in Title 76, Chapter 10, Part 11, Gambling,
2769	on the premises of the private club.
2770	[(42)] (38) (a) A private club may not close or cease operation for a period longer than
2771	240 hours, unless:
2772	(i) the private club licensee notifies the department in writing at least seven days before
2773	the closing; and
2774	(ii) the closure or cessation of operation is first approved by the department.
2775	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection [(42)] (38)(a), in the case of emergency closure,
2776	immediate notice of closure shall be made to the department by telephone.
2777	(c) The department may authorize a closure or cessation of operation for a period not to
2778	exceed 60 days. The department may extend the initial period an additional 30 days upon
2779	written request of the private club and upon a showing of good cause. A closure or cessation of
2780	operation may not exceed a total of 90 days without commission approval.
2781	(d) The notice required by Subsection [(42)] (38)(a) shall include:
2782	(i) the dates of closure or cessation of operation;
2783	(ii) the reason for the closure or cessation of operation; and
2784	(iii) the date on which the licensee will reopen or resume operation.
2785	(e) Failure of the licensee to provide notice and to obtain department authorization
2786	prior to closure or cessation of operation shall result in an automatic forfeiture of:

2787	(i) the license; and
2788	(ii) the unused portion of the license fee for the remainder of the license year effective
2789	immediately.
2790	(f) Failure of the licensee to reopen or resume operation by the approved date shall
2791	result in an automatic forfeiture of:
2792	(i) the license; and
2793	(ii) the unused portion of the club's license fee for the remainder of the license year.
2794	[(43)] (39) A private club license may not be transferred from one location to another,
2795	without prior written approval of the commission.
2796	[(44)] (40) (a) A private club licensee, may not sell, transfer, assign, exchange, barter,
2797	give, or attempt in any way to dispose of the license to any other person, whether for monetary
2798	gain or not.
2799	(b) A private club license has no monetary value for the purpose of any type of
2800	disposition.
2801	Section 24. Section 32A-6-301 is amended to read:
2802	32A-6-301. Application requirements.
2803	(1) Each application for an industrial or manufacturing use permit shall, in addition to
2804	the requirements of Section 32A-6-102, include:
2805	(a) a nonrefundable \$50 application fee;
2806	(b) a \$200 one-time special use permit fee;
2807	(c) a cash or corporate surety bond in the penal sum of \$1,000 payable to the
2808	department, which the permittee has procured and must maintain for so long as the permittee
2809	continues to operate as a special use permittee;
2810	(d) written consent of the local authority; and
2811	(e) a floor plan of the immediate area within the premises in which the applicant
2812	proposes that alcoholic products be stored, used, mixed, sold, or consumed.
2813	(2) (a) The bond required under Subsection (1) shall be:
2814	(i) in a form approved by the attorney general; and
2815	(ii) conditioned upon the permittee's faithful compliance with this title and the rules of
2816	the commission.
2817	(b) If the surety bond is cancelled due to the permittee's negligence, a \$300

2818	reinstatement fee may be assessed.
2819	(c) No part of any cash or corporate bond [so] posted <u>under this section</u> may be
2820	withdrawn during the period the permit is in effect.
2821	(d) A bond filed by a permittee may be forfeited if the permit is finally revoked.
2822	(3) Any person desiring a special use permit to produce gasohol or any alcoholic
2823	product shall provide evidence to the department that an approved Notice of Registration of
2824	Distilled Spirits Plant and the appropriate permit from the Federal Alcohol and Tobacco Tax
2825	and Trade Bureau [of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms] has been obtained by the person.
2826	Section 25. Section 32A-6-302 is amended to read:
2827	32A-6-302. Operational restrictions.
2828	[A permittee may not denature alcohol for the purpose of experimentation, testing, or
2829	fuel use, except and unless done] In addition to the restrictions, conditions, and requirements of
2830	Section 32A-6-105, each industrial or manufacturing use permit is subject to the following
2831	operating restrictions:
2832	(1) An industrial or manufacturer permittee may produce for lawful use and sale the
2833	following:
2834	(a) vinegar;
2835	(b) preserved nonintoxicating cider;
2836	(c) food preparations;
2837	(d) a United States Pharmacopoeia or national formulary preparation in conformity
2838	with Title 58, Chapters 17b, 37, 37a, 37b, and 37c, if the preparation:
2839	(i) conforms to standards established by:
2840	(A) the Department of Agriculture and Food; and
2841	(B) the Department of Health; and
2842	(ii) contains no more alcohol than is necessary to preserve or extract the medicinal,
2843	flavoring, or perfumed properties of the treated substances; and
2844	(e) wood and denatured alcohol if manufactured in compliance with the formulas and
2845	regulations under Title 27, Code of Federal Regulations, [Sections 212.10 through 212.38]
2846	Parts 19, 20, and 21.
2847	(2) (a) An industrial or manufacturer permittee that produces patent or proprietary
2848	medicines containing alcohol may sell the medicines in the original and unbroken package if

2849	the medicine contains sufficient medication to prevent its use as an alcoholic beverage.
2850	(b) An industrial or manufacturer permittee described in this Subsection (2) shall, upon
2851	request by the department, provide a sufficient sample of the medicine to enable the department
2852	to have the medicine analyzed for purposes of this section.
2853	Section 26. Section 32A-7-106 is amended to read:
2854	32A-7-106. Operational restrictions.
2855	(1) (a) Any organization granted a single event permit and any person involved in the
2856	storage, sale, or service of alcoholic beverages at the event for which the permit is issued, shall
2857	abide by:
2858	(i) this title;
2859	(ii) the rules of the commission; and
2860	(iii) the special conditions and requirements provided in this section.
2861	(b) Failure to comply with Subsection (1)(a):
2862	(i) may result in:
2863	(A) an immediate revocation of the permit;
2864	(B) forfeiture of the surety bond; and
2865	(C) immediate seizure of all alcoholic beverages present at the event; and
2866	(ii) disqualifies the organization from applying for a single event permit under this
2867	chapter, or a temporary special event beer permit under Chapter 10, Part 3, Temporary Special
2868	Event Beer Permits, for a period of three years from the date of revocation of the permit.
2869	(c) Any alcoholic beverages seized under this Subsection (1) shall be returned to the
2870	organization after the event if forfeiture proceedings are not instituted under Section
2871	32A-13-103.
2872	(2) Special conditions and requirements for single event permittees include the
2873	following:
2874	(a) (i) All persons involved in the storage, sale, or service of alcoholic beverages at the
2875	event do so under the supervision and direction of the permittee.
2876	(ii) All persons involved in the sale or service of alcoholic beverages at the event may
2877	not, while on duty:
2878	(A) consume an alcoholic beverage; or
2879	(B) be intoxicated.

2880 (b) (i) All liquor stored, sold, served, and consumed at the event shall be purchased by the permittee from a state store or package agency.

- (ii) All beer purchased by the permittee shall be purchased from:
- 2883 (A) a licensed beer wholesaler; or

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- (B) a licensed beer retailer.
- 2885 (iii) All alcoholic beverages are considered under the control of the permittee during the event.
 - (iv) Attendees of the event may not bring any alcoholic beverages onto the premises of the event.
 - (c) A permittee may not charge more than the maximum amount set forth in the permit for any alcoholic beverage.
 - (d) Each permittee shall post in a prominent place in the area in which alcoholic beverages are being sold, served, and consumed, a copy of the permit, together with a list of the operational restrictions and requirements of single event permittees set forth in this section.
 - (e) Alcoholic beverages purchased for the event may not be stored, sold, served, or consumed in any location other than that described in the application and designated on the permit unless the permittee first applies for and receives approval from the commission for a change of location.
 - (f) (i) A single event permittee may sell or provide a primary spirituous liquor only in a quantity not to exceed one ounce per beverage except that additional spirituous liquor may be used in a beverage if:
 - (A) used as a secondary flavoring ingredient;
 - (B) used in conjunction with the primary spirituous liquor;
 - (C) the secondary ingredient is not the only spirituous liquor in the beverage; and
- 2904 (D) each attendee may have no more than 2.75 ounces of spirituous liquor at a time 2905 before the attendee.
- 2906 (ii) Spirituous liquor need not be dispensed through a calibrated metered dispensing system.
 - (g) (i) (A) Wine may be sold and served by the glass or an individual portion that does not exceed five ounces per glass or individual portion.
 - (B) An individual portion may be served to an attendee in more than one glass as long

2911	as the total amount of wine does not exceed five ounces.
2912	(C) An individual portion of wine is considered to be one alcoholic beverage under
2913	Subsection (2)(p).
2914	(ii) Wine may be sold and served in containers not exceeding 1.5 liters at prices fixed
2915	by the commission.
2916	(iii) A wine service may be performed and a service charge assessed by the single event
2917	permittee as authorized by commission rule for wine purchased at the event.
2918	(h) (i) Heavy beer may be served in original containers not exceeding one liter at prices
2919	fixed by the commission.
2920	(ii) A service charge may be assessed by the single event permittee as authorized by
2921	commission rule for heavy beer purchased at the event.
2922	(i) (i) Subject to Subsection (2)(i)(ii), beer may be sold for on-premise consumption:
2923	(A) in an open container; and
2924	(B) on draft.
2925	(ii) Beer sold pursuant to Subsection (2)(i)(i) shall be in a size of container that does
2926	not exceed two liters, except that beer may not be sold to an individual attendee in a size of
2927	container that exceeds one liter.
2928	(j) (i) Alcoholic beverages may not be sold, served, or consumed between the hours of
2929	1 a.m. and 10 a.m.
2930	(ii) This Subsection (2)(j) does not preclude a local authority from being more
2931	restrictive with respect to the hours of sale, service, or consumption of alcoholic beverages at a
2932	temporary single event.
2933	(k) Alcoholic beverages may not be sold, served, or otherwise furnished until after the
2934	polls are closed on the day of any:
2935	(i) regular general election;
2936	(ii) regular primary election; or
2937	(iii) statewide special election.
2938	(l) Alcoholic beverages may not be sold, served, or otherwise furnished to any:

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(i) minor;

(ii) person actually, apparently, or obviously intoxicated;

(iii) known habitual drunkard; or

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2942	(iv) known interdicted person.
2943	(m) (i) (A) Liquor may be sold only at prices fixed by the commission.
2944	(B) Liquor may not be sold at discount prices on any date or at any time.
2945	(ii) Alcoholic beverages may not be sold at less than the cost of the alcoholic beverage
2946	to the permittee.
2947	(iii) An alcoholic beverage may not be sold at a price that encourages over
2948	consumption or intoxication.
2949	(iv) An alcoholic beverage may not be sold at a special or reduced price for only
2950	certain hours of the day of the permitted event.
2951	(v) The sale or service of more than one alcoholic beverage for the price of a single
2952	alcoholic beverage is prohibited.
2953	(vi) The permittee may not engage in a public promotion involving or offering free
2954	alcoholic beverages to the general public.
2955	(n) A single event permittee and its employees may not permit an attendee to carry
2956	from the premises an open container that:
2957	(i) is used primarily for drinking purposes; and
2958	(ii) contains any alcoholic beverage.
2959	(o) A minor may not sell, serve, dispense, or handle any alcoholic beverage at the
2960	event.
2961	(p) Each attendee may have no more than one alcoholic beverage of any kind at a time
2962	before the patron.
2963	[(3) The following acts or conduct at an event for which a permit is issued under this
2964	chapter are considered contrary to the public welfare and morals, and are prohibited upon the
2965	premises:]
2966	[(a) employing or using any person in the sale or service of alcoholic beverages while
2967	the person is unclothed or in attire, costume, or clothing that exposes to view any portion of the
2968	female breast below the top of the areola or any portion of the pubic hair, anus, cleft of the

[(b) employing or using the services of any person to mingle with the patrons while the person is unclothed or in attire, costume, or clothing described in Subsection (3)(a);]

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buttocks, vulva, or genitals;]

[(c) encouraging or permitting any person to touch, caress, or fondle the breasts,

2973	buttocks, anus, or genitals of any other person;
2974	[(d) permitting any employee or person to wear or use any device or covering, exposed
2975	to view, that simulates the breast, genitals, anus, pubic hair, or any portion of these;]
2976	[(e) permitting any person to use artificial devices or inanimate objects to depict any of
2977	the prohibited activities described in this Subsection (3);]
2978	[(f) permitting any person to remain in or upon the premises who exposes to public
2979	view any portion of his or her genitals or anus;]
2980	[(g) showing films, still pictures, electronic reproductions, or other visual
2981	reproductions depicting:]
2982	[(i) acts or simulated acts of sexual intercourse, masturbation, sodomy, bestiality, oral
2983	copulation, flagellation, or any sexual acts prohibited by Utah law;]
2984	[(ii) any person being touched, caressed, or fondled on the breast, buttocks, anus, or
2985	genitals;]
2986	[(iii) scenes wherein artificial devices or inanimate objects are used to depict, or
2987	drawings are used to portray, any of the prohibited activities described in this Subsection (3);
2988	or]
2989	[(iv) scenes wherein a person displays the vulva or the anus or the genitals.]
2990	[(4) Nothing in Subsection (3) precludes a local authority from being more restrictive
2991	of acts or conduct of the type prohibited in Subsection (3).]
2992	[(5) (a) Although live entertainment is permitted at the event for which a permit has
2993	been issued under this chapter, a permittee may not allow any person to perform or simulate
2994	sexual acts prohibited by Utah law, including sexual intercourse, masturbation, sodomy,
2995	bestiality, oral copulation, flagellation, the touching, caressing, or fondling of the breast,
2996	buttocks, anus, or genitals, or the displaying of the pubic hair, anus, vulva, or genitals.
2997	Entertainers shall perform only upon a stage or at a designated area approved by the
2998	commission.]
2999	[(b) Nothing in Subsection (5)(a) precludes a local authority from being more
3000	restrictive of acts or conduct of the type prohibited in Subsection (5)(a).]
3001	[(6)] (3) The permittee shall maintain an expense and revenue ledger or record
3002	showing:
3003	(a) expenditures made for liquor and beer, set-ups, and other ingredients and

3004	components of alcoholic beverages; and
3005	(b) the revenue from sale of alcoholic beverages.
3006	$\left[\frac{(7)}{4}\right]$ (4) A single event permit may not be transferred.
3007	[(8)] (5) A single event permittee may not engage in or allow any form of gambling, or
3008	have any video gaming device as defined and proscribed by Title 76, Chapter 10, Part 11,
3009	Gambling, on the premises serviced by the single event permittee.
3010	Section 27. Section 32A-8-102 is amended to read:
3011	32A-8-102. Application and renewal requirements.
3012	(1) Each person seeking an alcoholic beverage manufacturing license of any kind under
3013	this chapter shall file a written application with the department, in a form prescribed by the
3014	department. The application shall be accompanied by:
3015	(a) a nonrefundable application fee of \$250;
3016	(b) an initial license fee of \$3,250 unless otherwise provided in this chapter, which is
3017	refundable if a license is not granted;
3018	(c) a statement of the purpose for which the applicant has applied for the alcoholic
3019	beverage manufacturing license;
3020	(d) written consent of the local authority;
3021	(e) a bond as specified by Section 32A-8-105;
3022	(f) evidence that the applicant is carrying public liability insurance in an amount and
3023	form satisfactory to the department;
3024	(g) evidence that the applicant is authorized by the United States to manufacture
3025	alcoholic beverages;
3026	(h) a signed consent form stating that the licensee will permit any authorized
3027	representative of the commission, department, or any law enforcement officer to have
3028	unrestricted right to enter the premises;
3029	(i) in the case of an applicant that is a partnership, corporation, or limited liability
3030	company, proper verification evidencing that the person or persons signing the application are
3031	authorized to so act on behalf of the partnership, corporation, or limited liability company; and
3032	(j) any other documents and evidence the department may require by rule or policy to
3033	allow complete evaluation of the application.
3034	(2) (a) All alcoholic beverage manufacturing licenses expire on December 31 of each

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3035	year.
3036	(b) Persons desiring to renew their license shall submit by no later than November 30
3037	of the year the license expires:
3038	(i) a completed renewal application to the department; and
3039	(ii) a renewal fee in the following amount:
3040	(A) \$2,500, except for an alcoholic beverage manufacturing license described in
3041	Subsection (2)(b)(ii)(B); or
3042	(B) \$1,200 for a winery license if the winery licensee produced less than 20,000
3043	gallons of wine in the calendar year preceding the year in which the licensee seeks renewal.
3044	(c) Failure to meet the renewal requirements results in an automatic forfeiture of the
3045	license effective on the date the existing license expires. Renewal applications shall be in a
3046	form prescribed by the department.
3047	(3) To ensure compliance with Subsection 32A-8-106[(1)(f)] (6), the commission may
3048	suspend or revoke an alcoholic beverage manufacturing license if the manufacturing licensee
3049	does not immediately notify the department of any change in:
3050	(a) ownership of the licensee;
3051	(b) for a corporate owner, the:
3052	(i) corporate officers or directors; or
3053	(ii) shareholders holding at least 20% of the total issued and outstanding stock of the
3054	corporation; or
3055	(c) for a limited liability company:
3056	(i) managers; or
3057	(ii) members owning at least 20% of the limited liability company.
3058	Section 28. Section 32A-8-106 is amended to read:
3059	32A-8-106. Operational restrictions.
3060	[(1)] Each person granted an alcoholic beverage manufacturing license and the
3061	employees and management of the licensee shall abide by the following conditions and
3062	requirements, and any special conditions and restrictions otherwise provided in this chapter.
3063	Failure to comply may result in a suspension or revocation of the license or other disciplinary
3064	action taken against individual employees or management personnel[:].
3065	[(a)] (1) A licensee may not sell any liquor within the state except to the department

and to military installations.

[(b)] (2) Each license issued under this chapter shall be conspicuously displayed on the licensed premises.

- [(c)] (3) A licensee may not advertise its product in violation of this title or any other federal or state law, except that nothing in this title prohibits the advertising or solicitation of orders for industrial alcohol from holders of special permits.
- [(d)] (4) (a) Each alcoholic beverage manufacturing licensee shall maintain accounting and other records and documents as the department may require. [Any]
- (b) A manufacturing licensee or person acting for the manufacturing licensee, who knowingly forges, falsifies, alters, cancels, destroys, conceals, or removes the entries in any of the books of account or other documents of the licensee required to be made, maintained, or preserved by this title or the rules of the commission for the purpose of deceiving the commission, or the department, or any of their officials or employees, is subject to:
 - (i) the immediate suspension or revocation of the manufacturing license; and
 - (ii) criminal prosecution under Chapter 12, Criminal Offenses.
- [(e)] (5) An alcoholic beverage manufacturing license may not be transferred from one location to another, without prior written approval of the commission.
- [(f) (i)] (6) (a) A manufacturing licensee may not sell, transfer, assign, exchange, barter, give, or attempt in any way to dispose of the license to any other person or entity, whether for monetary gain or not.
- [(ii)] (b) A manufacturing license has no monetary value for the purpose of any type of disposition.
- [(g)] (7) Each licensee shall from time to time, on request of the department, furnish for analytical purposes samples of the alcoholic products that it has for sale or that it has in the course of manufacture for sale in this state.
- [(2) Nothing in this chapter prevents any manufacturer of, or dealer in, patent or proprietary medicines containing alcohol from selling the medicines in the original and unbroken package if the medicine contains sufficient medication to prevent its use as an alcoholic beverage. Each manufacturer or dealer who keeps patent or proprietary medicines for sale shall, upon request by the department, provide a sufficient sample of the medicine to enable the department to have the medicine analyzed.]

(3) (a) Nothing in this chapter prevents any person from manufacturing vinegar or preserved nonintoxicating cider for use or sale, or the manufacture or sale for lawful purposes of any food preparation, or any United States Pharmacopoeia or national formulary preparation in conformity with the Utah pharmacy laws, if the preparation conforms to standards established by the state departments of agriculture and health, and contains no more alcohol than is absolutely necessary to preserve or extract the medicinal, flavoring, or perfumed properties of the treated substances. (b) Nothing in this chapter prevents the manufacture or sale of wood or denatured alcohol under rules established by the department and in compliance with the formulas and rules established by the United States.] Section 29. Section **32A-8-505** is amended to read: 32A-8-505. Operational restrictions. (1) (a) A local industry representative licensee, employee or agent of the licensee, or employee or agent of a manufacturer, supplier, or importer who is conducting business in the state, shall abide by the conditions and requirements set forth in this section. (b) If any person listed in Subsection (1)(a) knowingly violates or fails to comply with the conditions and requirements set forth in this section: (i) such violation or failure to comply may result in: (A) a suspension or revocation of the license; or (B) other disciplinary action taken against individual employees or agents of the licensee; and (ii) the commission may order the removal of the manufacturer's, supplier's, or importer's products from the department's sales list and a suspension of the department's purchase of those products for a period determined by the commission if the manufacturer, supplier, or importer:

(A) directly committed the violation; or

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- (B) solicited, requested, commanded, encouraged, or intentionally aided another to engage in the violation.
- (2) A local industry representative licensee, employee or agent of the licensee, or employee or agent of a manufacturer, supplier, or importer who is conducting business in the state:

3128	(a) only to the extent authorized by Chapter 12, Chimnal Offenses, may:
3129	(i) assist the department in:
3130	(A) ordering, shipping, and delivering merchandise;
3131	(B) providing new product notification;
3132	(C) obtaining listing and delisting information;
3133	(D) receiving price quotations;
3134	(E) providing product sales analysis;
3135	(F) conducting shelf management; and
3136	(G) conducting educational seminars; and
3137	(ii) for the purpose of acquiring new listings:
3138	(A) solicit orders from the department; and
3139	(B) submit to the department price lists and samples of the products of the
3140	manufacturer, supplier, or importer;
3141	(b) may not sell any liquor, wine, or heavy beer within the state except to the
3142	department and military installations;
3143	(c) may not ship or transport, or cause to be shipped or transported, into this state or
3144	from one place to another within this state any liquor, wine, or heavy beer;
3145	(d) may not sell or furnish any liquor, wine, or heavy beer to any person within this
3146	state other than to the department and military installations;
3147	(e) except as otherwise provided, may not advertise products it represents in violation
3148	of this title or any other federal or state law;
3149	(f) shall comply with all trade practices provided in Chapter 12, Criminal Offenses; and
3150	(g) may only provide samples of products of the manufacturer, supplier, or importer for
3151	tasting and sampling purposes as provided in Section 32A-12-603 by the department.
3152	(3) (a) A local industry representative licensee shall maintain on file with the
3153	department a current accounts list of the names and addresses of all manufacturers, suppliers,
3154	and importers the licensee represents.
3155	(b) The licensee shall notify the department in writing of any changes to the accounts
3156	listed within 14 days from the date the licensee either acquired or lost the account of a
3157	particular manufacturer, supplier, or importer.
3158	(4) A local industry representative licensee shall maintain accounting and other records

and documents as the department may require for at least three years.

- (5) Any local industry representative licensee or person acting for the licensee, who knowingly forges, falsifies, alters, cancels, destroys, conceals, or removes the entries in any of the books of account or other documents of the licensee required to be made, maintained, or preserved by this title or the rules of the commission for the purpose of deceiving the commission or the department, or any of their officials or employees, is subject to:
 - (a) the immediate suspension or revocation of the industry representative's license; and
 - (b) possible criminal prosecution under Chapter 12, Criminal Offenses.
- (6) A local industry representative licensee may, for the purpose of becoming educated as to the quality and characteristics of a liquor, wine, or heavy beer product which the licensee represents, taste and analyze industry representative samples under the conditions listed in this Subsection (6).
- (a) The licensee may not receive more than two industry representative samples of a particular type, vintage, and production lot of a particular branded product within a consecutive 120-day period.
 - (b) (i) Each sample of liquor may not exceed 1 liter.
- (ii) Each sample of wine or heavy beer may not exceed 1.5 liters unless that exact product is only commercially packaged in a larger size, not to exceed 5 liters.
- (c) Each industry representative sample may only be of a product not presently listed on the department's sales list.
 - (d) (i) Industry representative samples shall be shipped:
 - (A) prepaid by the manufacturer, supplier, or importer;
 - (B) by common carrier and not via United States mail; and
 - (C) directly to the department's central administrative warehouse office.
 - (ii) These samples may not be shipped to any other location within the state.
- (e) Industry representative samples shall be accompanied by a letter from the manufacturer, supplier, or importer:
 - (i) clearly identifying the product as an "industry representative sample"; and
- 3187 (ii) clearly stating:

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- 3188 (A) the FOB case price of the product; and
- 3189 (B) the name of the local industry representative for who it is intended.

3190	(1) The department shall assess a reasonable handling, labeling, and storage fee for
3191	each industry representative sample received.
3192	(g) The department shall affix to each bottle or container a label clearly identifying the
3193	product as an "industry representative sample".
3194	(h) The department shall:
3195	(i) account for and record each industry representative sample received;
3196	(ii) account for the sample's disposition; and
3197	(iii) maintain a record of the sample and its disposition for a two-year period.
3198	(i) Industry representative samples may not leave the premises of the department's
3199	central administrative warehouse office.
3200	(j) Licensed industry representatives and their employees and agents may, at regularly
3201	scheduled days and times established by the department, taste and analyze industry
3202	representative samples on the premises of the department's central administrative warehouse
3203	office.
3204	(k) Any unused contents of an opened product remaining after the product has been
3205	sampled shall be destroyed by the department under controlled and audited conditions
3206	established by the department.
3207	(l) Industry representative samples that are not tasted within 30 days of receipt by the
3208	department shall be disposed of at the discretion of the department in one of the following
3209	ways:
3210	(i) contents destroyed under controlled and audited conditions established by the
3211	department; or
3212	(ii) added to the inventory of the department for sale to the public.
3213	(7) An employee or agent of a local industry representative licensee may not be:
3214	(a) the holder of any retail license issued under this title that sells spirituous liquor,
3215	wine, or heavy beer; [or]
3216	(b) an employee or agent of any retail licensee issued under this title that sells
3217	spirituous liquor, wine, or heavy beer[-]; or
3218	(c) a minor.
3219	(8) (a) A local representative licensee may not sell, transfer, assign, exchange, barter,
3220	give, or attempt in any way to dispose of the license to any other person, whether for monetary

3221	gain or not.
3222	(b) A local industry representative license has no monetary value for the purpose of any
3223	type of disposition.
3224	Section 30. Section 32A-10-101 is amended to read:
3225	32A-10-101. State and local licensing Limitations.
3226	(1) Any local authority may:
3227	(a) tax or prohibit any retail sale of beer;
3228	(b) issue, suspend, and revoke licenses to sell beer at retail for on-premise
3229	consumption;
3230	(c) issue, suspend, and revoke temporary permits or licenses to sell beer for on-premise
3231	consumption at temporary special events that do not last longer than 30 days;
3232	(d) issue, suspend, and revoke licenses to [general food stores and other
3233	establishments] businesses to sell beer at retail for off-premise consumption;
3234	(e) establish proximity restrictions for establishing premises where beer is sold at retail
3235	for off-premise consumption in relation to any public or private school, church, public library,
3236	public playground, or park; and
3237	(f) otherwise regulate the retail sale of beer for off-premise consumption subject to the
3238	requirements of Sections 32A-10-102 and 32A-10-103.
3239	(2) The commission shall issue licenses to sell beer at retail for on-premise
3240	consumption as provided in Part 2, On-Premise Beer Retailer Licenses.
3241	(3) Each licensee issued a license for on-premise consumption, by the commission
3242	under Subsection (2) or by the local authority under Subsection (1), is subject to the operational
3243	restrictions provided in Section 32A-10-206, except as otherwise provided.
3244	(4) Suspension or revocation of an on-premise beer retailer license issued by the
3245	commission under Subsection (2) or an on-premise beer retailer license issued by a local
3246	authority under Subsection (1) prohibits the establishment whose license is suspended or
3247	revoked from continuing to operate under the other state or local license it may have.
3248	(5) The commission shall issue temporary permits to sell beer at retail for on-premise
3249	consumption at temporary special events that do not last longer than 30 days as provided in

(6) Each permittee issued a temporary permit by the commission under Subsection (5)

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Part 3, Temporary Special Event Beer Permits.

or by the local authority under Subsection (1), is subject to the operational restrictions provided in Section 32A-10-306, except as otherwise provided.

(7) Suspension or revocation of a temporary permit issued by the commission under

(7) Suspension or revocation of a temporary permit issued by the commission under Subsection (5) or by a local authority under Subsection (1) prohibits the permittee whose permit is suspended or revoked from continuing to operate under the other state or local permit the permittee may have.

Section 31. Section **32A-10-102** is amended to read:

32A-10-102. General restrictions.

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- (1) (a) (i) A beer retailer licensed under this part or Part 2, On-Premise Beer Retailer Licenses, may not purchase, acquire, possess for the purpose of resale, or sell any beer except that which has been lawfully purchased from a wholesaler licensed under this title or from a small brewer that manufactured the beer.
 - (ii) Violation of Subsection (1)(a) is a class A misdemeanor.
- (b) (i) All purchases made of beer by any beer retailer from a licensed wholesaler shall be from that wholesaler who is authorized by the commission to sell beer in the geographical area in which the beer retailer is located, unless an alternate wholesaler is authorized by the department to sell to the beer retailer as provided in Section 32A-11-106.
 - (ii) Violation of Subsection (1)(b) is a class B misdemeanor.
- (2) (a) Beer may not be sold, provided, or possessed for off-premise consumption in containers larger than two liters.
 - (b) For a special event that does not last longer than 30 days:
- (i) an on-premise beer retailer license issued by the commission as provided in this part is not required for the sale of beer at the special event; and
- (ii) a temporary beer permit must be obtained from the commission as provided in Part3, Temporary Special Event Beer Permits.
 - (3) (a) A minor may not be granted a beer retailer license.
- (b) The commission may not grant a beer retailer license to an applicant that is a partnership, corporation, or limited liability company if any of the following is a minor:
 - (i) a partner or managing agent of the applicant partnership;
- 3281 (ii) a managing agent, officer, director, or stockholder who holds at least 20% of the 3282 total issued and outstanding stock of the applicant corporation; or

3283	(iii) a manager or member who owns at least 20% of the applicant infinited hability
3284	company.
3285	(4) A minor may not sell beer on the premises of a beer retailer for off-premise
3286	consumption [except] unless:
3287	(a) the sale is done under the supervision of a person 21 years of age or older who is on
3288	the premises; and
3289	(b) the minor is at least 16 years of age.
3290	(5) (a) If malt beverage coolers or malt liquor is sold by a beer retailer for off-premise
3291	consumption, the beer retailer shall display a sign at the location on the premises where malt
3292	beverages or malt liquor is sold stating: "Many malt beverages contain alcohol. Please read the
3293	label."
3294	(b) A violation of this Subsection (5) is an infraction.
3295	Section 32. Section 32A-10-103 is amended to read:
3296	32A-10-103. Alcohol training and education for off-premise consumption
3297	Requirements on off-premise beer retailer licensees Penalties related to sales to minors
3298	Hearings Tracking.
3299	(1) (a) A local authority that issues an off-premise beer retailer license to a [general
3300	food store or similar] business to sell beer at retail for off-premise consumption shall require
3301	the following to have a valid certificate that the individual completed an alcohol training and
3302	education seminar required by Section 62A-15-401 in the time frames required by Subsection
3303	(1)(b), any individual who:
3304	(i) directly supervises the sale of beer to a customer for consumption off the premises
3305	of the off-premise beer retailer licensee; or
3306	(ii) sells beer to a customer for consumption off the premises of the off-premise beer
3307	retailer licensee.
3308	(b) (i) An individual shall complete an alcohol training and education seminar required
3309	by Section 62A-15-401 within 30 days of the day on which the individual is employed by an
3310	off-premise beer retailer licensee if the individual:
3311	(A) is employed on or after September 1, 2006; and
3312	(B) on the date of employment, does not have a valid certificate that the individual has
3313	completed an alcohol training and education seminar for purposes of this section.

3314	(11) An individual shall complete an alcohol training and education seminar by not later
3315	than October 1, 2006 if the individual:
3316	(A) is employed before September 1, 2006; and
3317	(B) on September 1, 2006, does not have a valid certificate that the individual has
3318	completed an alcohol training and education seminar for purposes of this section.
3319	(iii) The validity of a certificate that an individual has completed an alcohol training
3320	and education seminar required by this section is governed by Section 62A-15-401.
3321	(2) In accordance with Section 32A-1-401, a local authority may immediately suspend
3322	the license of an off-premise beer retailer that allows an employee to directly supervise the sale
3323	of beer or to sell beer to a customer without having a valid certificate that the individual
3324	completed an alcohol training and education seminar in accordance with Subsection (1).
3325	(3) (a) Each employee of a licensed off-premise beer retailer who directly supervises
3326	the sale of beer or who sells beer to a customer for consumption off the premises of the
3327	off-premise beer retailer shall wear a unique identification badge:
3328	(i) on the front of the employee's clothing;
3329	(ii) visible above the waist;
3330	(iii) bearing the employee's:
3331	(A) first or last name;
3332	(B) initials; or
3333	(C) unique identification in letters or numbers; and
3334	(iv) with the number or letters on the unique identification badge being sufficiently
3335	large to be clearly visible and identifiable while engaging in or directly supervising the retail
3336	sale of beer.
3337	(b) (i) An off-premise beer retailer licensee shall maintain a record of all current
3338	employee unique identification badges assigned by the off-premise beer retailer licensee.
3339	(ii) The record required to be maintained under Subsection (3)(b)(i) shall:
3340	(A) be available for immediate inspection by:
3341	(I) any peace officer; or
3342	(II) a representative of the local licensing authority; and
3343	(B) include the employee's:
3344	(I) full name;

3345	(II) address; and
3346	(III) (Aa) driver license number; or
3347	(Bb) similar identification number.
3348	(c) A local authority may impose a fine of up to \$250 against any off-premise beer
3349	retailer that does not comply or require its employees to comply with this Subsection (3).
3350	(4) (a) In addition to any criminal penalties that may be imposed, an individual is
3351	subject to the administrative penalties imposed by a local authority described in Subsection
3352	(4)(b) if:
3353	(i) that individual:
3354	(A) completes an alcohol training and education seminar required by Subsection (1);
3355	and
3356	(B) after completing the alcohol training and education seminar required by Subsection
3357	(1), is found in violation of any law involving the sale of an alcoholic beverage to a minor;
3358	(ii) the violation described in Subsection (4)(a)(i)(B) is based on conduct that occurs
3359	while the individual is on duty as an employee of an off-premise beer retailer licensee; and
3360	(iii) the local authority brings an adjudicative proceeding against the individual.
3361	(b) If the conditions of Subsection (4)(a) are met, a local authority shall impose the
3362	following administrative penalties:
3363	(i) upon a first violation, the individual may not sell or directly supervise the sale of
3364	beer to a customer for consumption off the premises of the off-premise beer retailer licensee
3365	until the individual retakes and completes an alcohol training and education seminar described
3366	in Section 62A-15-401;
3367	(ii) upon a second violation, the individual may not sell or directly supervise the sale of
3368	beer to a customer for consumption off the premises of the off-premise beer retailer licensee
3369	until the later of:
3370	(A) 90 days from the day on which the administrative penalty is imposed; and
3371	(B) the day on which the individual:
3372	(I) retakes and completes the alcohol training and education seminar described in
3373	Section 62A-15-401; and
3374	(II) completes any additional training that the local authority may require; and
3375	(iii) upon a third or subsequent violation, the individual may not sell or directly

3376 supervise the sale of beer to a customer for consumption off the premises of the off-premise 3377 beer retailer licensee until the later of: 3378 (A) one year from the day on which the administrative penalty is imposed; and 3379 (B) the day on which the individual: 3380 (I) retakes and completes an alcohol training and education seminar described in 3381 Section 62A-15-401; and 3382 (II) completes any additional training that the local authority may require. 3383 (c) (i) During the period of time an individual is prohibited from selling or directly 3384 supervising the sale of beer under Subsection (4)(b), an off-premise beer retailer licensee may 3385 not allow that individual to: 3386 (A) directly supervise the sale of beer for the off-premise beer retailer licensee; or 3387 (B) sell beer for the off-premise beer retailer licensee. (ii) A violation of this Subsection (4)(c) is grounds for the immediate suspension of the 3388 3389 off-premise beer retailer's license. (5) (a) In addition to any criminal penalties that may be imposed, an off-premise beer 3390 3391 retailer licensee is subject to the administrative penalties imposed by a local authority described 3392 in Subsection (5)(b) if: 3393 (i) an employee of the off-premise beer retailer licensee is found in violation of any law 3394 involving the sale of alcoholic beverage to a minor; 3395 (ii) the violation described in Subsection (5)(a)(i) occurs while the employee is on duty 3396 for the off-premise beer retailer licensee; and 3397 (iii) the local authority brings an adjudicative proceeding against the off-premise beer 3398 retailer licensee. 3399 (b) If the conditions of Subsection (5)(a) are met, a local authority shall impose the 3400 following administrative penalties: 3401 (i) upon a first violation, the off-premise beer retailer licensee shall be issued a written 3402 warning; 3403 (ii) upon a second violation, the off-premise beer retailer licensee shall pay a civil fine 3404 of \$250; 3405 (iii) upon a third violation, the off-premise beer retailer licensee shall pay a civil fine of

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\$500;

3407	(iv) upon a fourth or subsequent violation, the off-premise beer retailer licensee shall:
3408	(A) pay a civil fine of \$500;
3409	(B) have its license to sell beer suspended for a period of 30 consecutive days from the
3410	date on which the administrative penalty is imposed; and
3411	(C) be placed on probation for a period of one year from the date on which the
3412	administrative penalty is imposed; and
3413	(v) upon any violation by the off-premise beer retailer licensee or any on-duty
3414	employee of the off-premise beer retailer licensee during the period of probation specified in
3415	Subsection $(5)(b)(iv)(C)$:
3416	(A) the off-premise beer retailer licensee's license to sell beer shall be revoked; and
3417	(B) the off-premise beer retailer licensee is not eligible to reapply for a new license for
3418	at least six months from the date of revocation.
3419	(c) (i) An off-premise beer retailer licensee's failure to pay a fine imposed under this
3420	Subsection (5) within 30 days of the day on which the fine is imposed is grounds for the
3421	immediate suspension of the off-premise beer retailer licensee's license to sell beer until
3422	payment is made.
3423	(ii) An off-premise beer retailer licensee's failure to pay the fine described in
3424	Subsection (5)(c)(i) within 30 days of the day on which the license is suspended under
3425	Subsection (5)(c)(i) is grounds for revocation of the licensee's license to sell beer.
3426	(6) (a) Any local authority that adjudicates an administrative penalty for a violation of
3427	any law involving the sale of an alcoholic beverage to any minor pursuant to Subsection (4) or
3428	(5), shall:
3429	(i) maintain a record of the adjudicated violation until the record is expunged under
3430	Subsection (6)(c);
3431	(ii) include in the record described in Subsection (6)(a)(i):
3432	(A) the name of the individual who committed the violation;
3433	(B) the name of the off-premise beer retailer licensee for whom the individual was
3434	employed at the time of the violation; and
3435	(C) the date of the adjudication of the violation; and
3436	(iii) provide the Highway Safety Office of the Department of Public Safety within 30
3437	days of the date on which a violation is adjudicated the information described in Subsection

3438	(6)(a)(ii)
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(b) (i) The Highway Safety Office shall develop and operate a system to collect, analyze, maintain, track, and disseminate the violation history information received under Subsection (6)(a).

- (ii) The system described in Subsection (6)(b)(i) shall be made available to:
- (A) assist a local authority in assessing administrative penalties under Subsection (4); and
- (B) inform an off-premise beer retailer licensee of an individual who has an administrative violation history under Subsection (4).
- (iii) The Highway Safety Office shall maintain a record of violation history information received pursuant to Subsection (6)(a) until the record is expunged under Subsection (6)(c).
- (c) (i) A local authority and the Highway Safety Office shall expunge from the records maintained under this Subsection (6) an administrative penalty imposed under Subsection (4) for purposes of determining future administrative penalties under Subsection (4) if the individual has not been found in violation of any law involving the sale of an alcoholic beverage to a minor for a period of 36 consecutive months from the day on which the individual is last adjudicated as violating a law involving the sale of an alcoholic beverage to a minor.
- (ii) A local authority shall expunge from the records maintained by the local authority an administrative penalty imposed under Subsection (5) against an off-premise beer retailer licensee for purposes of determining future administrative penalties under Subsection (5) if the off-premise beer retailer licensee or any employee of that off-premise beer retailer licensee has not been found in violation of any law involving the sale of an alcoholic beverage to a minor for a period of 36 consecutive months from the day on which the off-premise beer retailer licensee or its employee is last adjudicated as violating a law involving the sale of an alcoholic beverage to a minor.
- (7) (a) A local authority shall conduct a hearing if an off-premise beer retailer licensee or individual identified in Subsection (1) requests a hearing before the local authority.
- (b) A local authority conducting a hearing under this Subsection (7) shall provide the person requesting the hearing:
 - (i) notice of the hearing; and

3409	(ii) an opportunity to be heard at the hearing.
3470	(8) The Highway Safety Office of the Department of Public Safety shall administer a
3471	program to:
3472	(a) reimburse a municipal or county law enforcement agency:
3473	(i) for the actual costs of an alcohol-related compliance check investigation conducted
3474	pursuant to Section 77-39-101 on the premises of an off-premise beer retailer;
3475	(ii) for any administrative costs associated with reporting the compliance check
3476	investigation described in Subsection (8)(a)(i);
3477	(iii) if the municipal or county law enforcement agency completes and submits to the
3478	Highway Safety Office a report within 90 days of the compliance check investigation described
3479	in Subsection (8)(a)(i) in a format required by the Highway Safety Office; and
3480	(iv) in the order that the municipal or county law enforcement agency submits the
3481	report required by Subsection (8)(a)(iii) until the amount allocated by the Highway Safety
3482	Office to reimburse a municipal or county law enforcement agency is spent;
3483	(b) develop and operate a system to collect, analyze, maintain, track, and disseminate
3484	violation history information pursuant to Subsection (6); and
3485	(c) have the Highway Safety Office report to the Utah Substance Abuse and
3486	Anti-Violence Coordinating Council by no later than October 1 following a fiscal year on the
3487	following funded during the prior fiscal year:
3488	(i) all compliance check investigations reimbursed under Subsection (8)(a); and
3489	(ii) the collection, analysis, maintenance, tracking, and dissemination of violation
3490	history information provided in Subsection (8)(b).
3491	Section 33. Section 32A-10-202 is amended to read:
3492	32A-10-202. Application and renewal requirements.
3493	(1) A person seeking an on-premise beer retailer license under this chapter shall file a
3494	written application with the department, in a form prescribed by the department. The
3495	application shall be accompanied by:
3496	(a) a nonrefundable \$250 application fee;
3497	(b) an initial license fee that is refundable if a license is not granted in the following
3498	amount:
3499	(i) if the on-premise beer retailer licensee does not operate as a tavern, the initial

3500	license fee is \$150; or
3501	(ii) if the on-premise beer retailer licensee operates as a tavern, the initial license fee is
3502	\$1,250;
3503	(c) written consent of the local authority or a license to sell beer at retail for on-premise
3504	consumption granted by the local authority under Section 32A-10-101;
3505	(d) a copy of the applicant's current business license;
3506	(e) evidence of proximity to any public or private school, church, public library, public
3507	playground, or park, and if the proximity is within the 600 foot or 200 foot limitation of
3508	Subsections 32A-10-201(3) and (4), the application shall be processed in accordance with
3509	those subsections;
3510	(f) a bond as specified by Section 32A-10-205;
3511	(g) a floor plan of the premises, including consumption areas and the area where the
3512	applicant proposes to keep, store, and sell beer;
3513	(h) evidence that the on-premise beer retailer licensee is carrying public liability
3514	insurance in an amount and form satisfactory to the department;
3515	(i) for those licensees that sell more than \$5,000 of beer annually, evidence that the
3516	on-premise beer retailer licensee is carrying dramshop insurance coverage of at least \$500,000
3517	per occurrence and \$1,000,000 in the aggregate;
3518	(j) a signed consent form stating that the on-premise beer retailer licensee will permit
3519	any authorized representative of the commission, department, or any peace officer unrestricted
3520	right to enter the licensee premises;
3521	(k) in the case of an applicant that is a partnership, corporation, or limited liability
3522	company, proper verification evidencing that the person or persons signing the on-premise beer
3523	retailer licensee application are authorized to so act on the behalf of the partnership,
3524	corporation, or limited liability company; and
3525	(l) any other information the department may require.
3526	(2) (a) All on-premise beer retailer licenses expire on the last day of February of each
3527	year.
3528	(b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b)(ii), a person desiring to renew the

person's on-premise beer retailer license shall submit by no later than January 31:

(A) a completed renewal application to the department; and

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3531	(B) a renewal fee in the following amount:
3532	(I) if the on-premise beer retailer licensee does not operate as a tavern, the renewal fee
3533	is \$200; or
3534	(II) if the on-premise beer retailer licensee operates as a tavern, the renewal fee is
3535	\$1,000.
3536	(ii) A licensee is not required to submit a renewal fee if the licensee is:
3537	(A) a state agency; or
3538	(B) a political subdivision of the state including:
3539	(I) a county; or
3540	(II) a municipality.
3541	(c) Failure to meet the renewal requirements shall result in an automatic forfeiture of
3542	the license, effective on the date the existing license expires.
3543	(d) Renewal applications shall be in a form as prescribed by the department.
3544	(3) To ensure compliance with Subsection 32A-10-206[(18)] (17), the commission
3545	may suspend or revoke a beer retailer license if any beer retailer licensee does not immediately
3546	notify the department of any change in:
3547	(a) ownership of the beer retailer;
3548	(b) for a corporate owner, the:
3549	(i) corporate officers or directors; and
3550	(ii) shareholders holding at least 20% of the total issued and outstanding stock of the
3551	corporation; or
3552	(c) for a limited liability company:
3553	(i) managers; or
3554	(ii) members owning at least 20% of the limited liability company.
3555	(4) An applicant need not meet the requirements of Subsections (1)(a), (b), (c), (d), and
3556	(f) if the applicant is:
3557	(a) a state agency; or
3558	(b) a political subdivision of the state including:
3559	(i) a county; or
3560	(ii) a municipality.
3561	(5) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(c), only one state on-premise beer retailer

license is required for each building or resort facility owned or leased by the same applicant.

- (b) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(c), separate licenses are not required for each retail beer dispensing outlet located in the same building or on the same resort premises owned or operated by the same applicant.
- (c) (i) Subsections (5)(a) and (5)(b) apply only if all of the retail beer dispensing outlets in the building or resort facility operate in the same manner.
 - (ii) If the condition described in Subsection (5)(c)(i) is not met:
- (A) one state on-premise beer retailer tavern license is required for all outlets in the same building or on the same resort premises that operate as a tavern; and
- (B) one state on-premise beer retailer license is required for all outlets in the same building or on the same resort premises that do not operate as a tavern.
 - Section 34. Section **32A-10-206** is amended to read:

32A-10-206. Operational restrictions.

Each person granted an on-premise beer retailer license and the employees and management personnel of the on-premise beer retailer licensee shall comply with the following conditions and requirements. Failure to comply may result in a suspension or revocation of the license or other disciplinary action taken against individual employees or management personnel.

- (1) (a) Subject to Subsection (1)(b), a beer retailer licensee may sell beer for on-premise consumption:
 - (i) in an open container; and
- 3583 (ii) on draft.

- (b) Beer sold pursuant to Subsection (1)(a) shall be in a size of container that does not exceed two liters, except that beer may not be sold to an individual patron in a size of container that exceeds one liter.
- (2) Liquor may not be stored or sold on the premises of any on-premise beer retailer licensee.
- (3) A patron of the on-premise beer retailer may only make purchases from and be served by a person employed, designated, and trained by the licensee to sell and serve beer.
- 3591 (4) (a) Beer may not be sold, offered for sale, served, or otherwise furnished at any on-premise beer retailer establishment after 1 a.m. and before 10 a.m.

3393	(b) Beer may not be sold, served, or otherwise furnished to any:
3594	(i) minor;
3595	(ii) person actually, apparently, or obviously intoxicated;
3596	(iii) known habitual drunkard; or
3597	(iv) known interdicted person.
3598	(c) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(a), a tavern licensed under this chapter shall
3599	remain open for one hour after the tavern ceases the sale and service of alcoholic beverages
3600	during which time a patron of the tavern may finish consuming a single serving of beer not
3601	exceeding 26 ounces.
3602	(ii) A tavern is not required to remain open:
3603	(A) after all patrons have vacated the premises; or
3604	(B) during an emergency.
3605	(d) Between the hours of 2 a.m. and 10 a.m. on any day a tavern may not allow a patron
3606	to remain on the premises to consume alcoholic beverages on the premises.
3607	(5) (a) Beer may not be sold at less than the cost of the beer to the licensee.
3608	(b) Beer may not be sold at a special or reduced price that encourages over
3609	consumption or intoxication.
3610	(c) Beer may not be sold at a special or reduced price for only certain hours of the beer
3611	retailer's business day such as a "happy hour."
3612	(d) The sale or service of more than one alcoholic beverage for the price of a single
3613	alcoholic beverage is prohibited.
3614	(e) The sale or service of an indefinite or unlimited number of alcoholic beverages
3615	during any set period for a fixed price is prohibited.
3616	(f) An on-premise beer licensee may not engage in a public promotion involving or
3617	offering free alcoholic beverages to the general public.
3618	(6) Beer may not be purchased for a patron of the on-premise beer establishment by:
3619	(a) the licensee; or
3620	(b) an employee or agent of the licensee.
3621	[(6)] (7) Beer sold in sealed containers by the on-premise beer retailer licensee may be
3622	removed from the on-premise beer retailer premises.
3623	[(7)] (8) (a) A person may not bring onto the premises of an on-premise beer retailer

3624	licensee any alcoholic beverage for on-premise consumption.
3625	(b) An on-premise beer retailer licensee or its officers, managers, employees, or agents
3626	may not:
3627	(i) allow a person to bring onto the on-premise beer retailer licensee premises any
3628	alcoholic beverage for on-premise consumption; or
3629	(ii) allow consumption of any such alcoholic beverage on its premises.
3630	[(8)] (9) An on-premise beer retailer licensee and its employees may not permit a
3631	patron to carry from the premises an open container that:
3632	(a) is used primarily for drinking purposes; and
3633	(b) contains any alcoholic beverage.
3634	[(9)] (10) (a) Except as provided in Subsection $[(9)]$ (10)(b), a minor may not be:
3635	(i) employed by or be on the premises of an on-premise beer retailer licensee to sell,
3636	dispense, or otherwise furnish beer; or
3637	(ii) on the premises of any tavern.
3638	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection [(9)] (10)(a), a minor who is at least 16 years of age
3639	may be employed to enter the sale at a cash register or other sales recording device on the
3640	premises of an on-premise beer retailer that is not a tavern.
3641	[(10)] (11) An employee of a licensee, while on duty, may not:
3642	(a) consume an alcoholic beverage; or
3643	(b) be intoxicated.
3644	[(11)] (12) Each on-premise beer retailer licensee shall display in a prominent place in
3645	the on-premise beer retailer licensee:
3646	(a) the on-premise beer retailer license that is issued by the department; and
3647	(b) a sign in large letters stating: "Warning: Driving under the influence of alcohol or
3648	drugs is a serious crime that is prosecuted aggressively in Utah."
3649	[(12) The following acts or conduct in an on-premise beer retailer outlet licensed under
3650	this part are considered contrary to the public welfare and morals, and are prohibited upon the
3651	premises:]
3652	[(a) employing or using any person in the sale or service of alcoholic beverages while
3653	the person is unclothed or in attire, costume, or clothing that exposes to view any portion of the
3654	female breast below the top of the areola or any portion of the pubic hair, anus, cleft of the

3655	buttocks, vulva, or genitals;]
3656	[(b) employing or using the services of any person to mingle with the patrons while the
3657	person is unclothed or in attire, costume, or clothing as described in Subsection (12)(a);]
3658	[(c) encouraging or permitting any person to touch, caress, or fondle the breasts,
3659	buttocks, anus, or genitals of any other person;]
3660	[(d) permitting any employee or person to wear or use any device or covering, exposed
3661	to view, that simulates the breast, genitals, anus, pubic hair, or any portion of these;]
3662	[(e) permitting any person to use artificial devices or inanimate objects to depict any of
3663	the prohibited activities described in this section;]
3664	[(f) permitting any person to remain in or upon the premises who exposes to public
3665	view any portion of his or her genitals or anus; or]
3666	[(g) showing films, still pictures, electronic reproductions, or other visual
3667	reproductions depicting:
3668	[(i) acts or simulated acts of sexual intercourse, masturbation, sodomy, bestiality, oral
3669	copulation, flagellation, or any sexual acts that are prohibited by Utah law;]
3670	[(ii) any person being touched, caressed, or fondled on the breast, buttocks, anus, or
3671	genitals;]
3672	[(iii) scenes wherein artificial devices or inanimate objects are employed to depict, or
3673	drawings are employed to portray, any of the prohibited activities described in this section; or]
3674	[(iv) scenes wherein a person displays the vulva or the anus or the genitals.]
3675	[(13) Nothing in Subsection (12) precludes a local authority from being more
3676	restrictive of acts or conduct of the type prohibited in Subsection (12).]
3677	[(14) (a) Although live entertainment is permitted on the premises of an on-premise
3678	beer retailer licensee, a licensee may not permit any person to perform or simulate sexual acts
3679	prohibited by Utah law, including sexual intercourse, masturbation, sodomy, bestiality, oral
3680	copulation, flagellation, the touching, caressing, or fondling of the breast, buttocks, anus, or
3681	genitals, or the displaying of the pubic hair, anus, vulva, or genitals. Entertainers shall perform
3682	only upon a stage or at a designated area approved by the commission.]
3683	[(b) Nothing in Subsection (14)(a) precludes a local authority from being more
3684	restrictive of acts or conduct of the type prohibited in Subsection (14)(a).]
3685	[(15)] (13) An on-premise beer retailer licensee may not engage in or permit any form

3080	of gambling, of have any video gaming device, as defined and proscribed in Title 76, Chapter
3687	10, Part 11, Gambling, on the premises of the on-premise beer retailer licensee.
3688	[(16)] (14) (a) Each on-premise beer retailer licensee shall maintain accounting and
3689	other records and documents as the department may require.
3690	(b) Any on-premise beer retailer licensee or person acting for the on-premise beer
3691	retailer licensee, who knowingly forges, falsifies, alters, cancels, destroys, conceals, or removes
3692	the entries in any of the books of account or other documents of the on-premise beer retailer
3693	licensee required to be made, maintained, or preserved by this title or the rules of the
3694	commission for the purpose of deceiving the commission or the department, or any of their
3695	officials or employees, is subject to:
3696	(i) the immediate suspension or revocation of the on-premise beer retailer license; and
3697	(ii) possible criminal prosecution under Chapter 12, Criminal Offenses.
3698	(15) (a) A tavern licensed under this chapter may not close or cease operation for a
3699	period longer than 240 hours, unless:
3700	(i) the tavern licensee notifies the department in writing at least seven days before the
3701	closing; and
3702	(ii) the closure or cessation of operation is first approved by the department.
3703	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (15)(a), in the case of emergency closure, immediate
3704	notice of closure shall be made to the department by telephone.
3705	(c) (i) The department may authorize a closure or cessation of operation for a period
3706	not to exceed 60 days.
3707	(ii) The department may extend the initial period an additional 30 days upon:
3708	(A) written request of the tavern licensee; and
3709	(B) a showing of good cause.
3710	(iii) A closure or cessation of operation may not exceed a total of 90 days without
3711	commission approval.
3712	(d) A notice of closure or cessation by a tavern licensee shall include:
3713	(i) the date of closure or cessation of operation;
3714	(ii) the reason for the closure or cessation of operation; and
3715	(iii) the dates on which the tavern licensee will reopen or resume operation.
3716	(e) Failure of the tavern licensee to provide notice and to obtain department

3717	authorization before closure or cessation of operation shall result effective immediately in an
3718	automatic forfeiture of:
3719	(i) the license; and
3720	(ii) the unused portion of the license fee for the remainder of the license year.
3721	(f) Failure of the tavern licensee to reopen or resume operation by the approved date
3722	shall result in an automatic forfeiture of:
3723	(i) the license; and
3724	(ii) the unused portion of the license fee for the remainder of the license year.
3725	[(17)] (16) An on-premise beer retailer license may not be transferred from one
3726	location to another, without prior written approval of the commission.
3727	[(18)] (17) (a) An on-premise beer retailer licensee may not sell, transfer, assign,
3728	exchange, barter, give, or attempt in any way to dispose of the license to any person, whether
3729	for monetary gain or not.
3730	(b) An on-premise beer retailer license has no monetary value for the purpose of any
3731	type of disposition.
3732	Section 35. Section 32A-10-306 is amended to read:
3733	32A-10-306. Operational restrictions.
3734	(1) (a) Any person granted a temporary special event beer permit and any person
3735	involved in the storage, sale, or service of beer at the event for which a temporary special event
3736	the permit is issued, shall abide by this title, the rules of the commission, and the special
3737	conditions and requirements provided in this section.
3738	(b) Failure to comply as provided in Subsection (1)(a):
3739	(i) may result in:
3740	(A) an immediate revocation of the permit;
3741	(B) forfeiture of the surety bond; and
3742	(C) immediate seizure of all beer present at the event; and
3743	(ii) disqualifies the organization from applying for a temporary special event beer
3744	permit under this part or a single event permit under Chapter 7, Single Event Permits, for a
3745	period of three years from the date of revocation of the temporary special event permit.
3746	(c) Any beer seized under this Subsection (1) shall be returned to the organization after
3747	the event if forfeiture proceedings are not instituted under Section 32A-13-103.

3748 (2) Special conditions and requirements for temporary special event beer permittees 3749 include the following: 3750 (a) (i) All persons involved in the storage, sale, or service of beer at the temporary 3751 special event do so under the supervision and direction of the permittee. 3752 (ii) All persons involved in the sale or service of beer at the temporary special event 3753 may not, while on duty: (A) consume an alcoholic beverage; or 3754 3755 (B) be intoxicated. 3756 (b) (i) All beer stored, sold, served, and consumed at the temporary special event shall 3757 be purchased by the permittee from a licensed beer wholesaler or retailer. 3758 (ii) All beer is considered under the control of the permittee during the temporary 3759 special event. 3760 (iii) An attendee of the temporary special event may not bring any alcoholic beverages 3761 onto the premises of the temporary special event. (c) Each permittee shall post in a prominent place in the area in which beer is being 3762 3763 sold, served, and consumed: 3764 (i) a copy of the permit; and 3765 (ii) a list of the operational restrictions and requirements of temporary special event 3766 beer permittees set forth in this section. 3767 (d) Beer purchased for a temporary special event may not be stored, sold, served, or 3768 consumed in any location other than that described in the application and designated on the 3769 temporary special event permit unless the permittee first applies for and receives approval from 3770 the commission for a change of location. 3771 (e) (i) Subject to Subsection (2)(e)(ii), beer may be sold for on-premise consumption: 3772 (A) in an open container; and 3773 (B) on draft. 3774 (ii) Beer sold pursuant to Subsection (2)(e)(i) shall be in a size of container that does

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container that exceeds one liter.

between the hours of 1 a.m. and 10 a.m.

not exceed two liters, except that beer may not be sold to an individual attendee in a size of

(f) (i) Beer may not be sold, offered for sale, served, otherwise furnished, or consumed

3779	(ii) This Subsection (2)(f) does not preclude a local authority from being more
3780	restrictive with respect to the hours of sale, service, or consumption of beer at a temporary
3781	special event.
3782	(g) Beer may not be sold, served, or otherwise furnished to any:
3783	(i) minor;
3784	(ii) person actually, apparently, or obviously intoxicated;
3785	(iii) known habitual drunkard; or
3786	(iv) known interdicted person.
3787	(h) (i) Beer may not be sold at less than the cost of the beer to the permittee.
3788	(ii) Beer may not be sold at a price that encourages over consumption or intoxication.
3789	(iii) Beer may not be sold at a special or reduced price for only certain hours of the day
3790	of the permitted event.
3791	(iv) The sale or service of more than one beer beverage for the price of a single beer
3792	beverage is prohibited.
3793	(v) The permittee may not engage in a public promotion involving or offering free beer
3794	to the general public.
3795	(i) The permittee and its employees may not permit an attendee to carry from the
3796	premises an open container that:
3797	(i) is used for drinking purposes; and
3798	(ii) contains any alcoholic beverage.
3799	(j) A minor may not sell, serve, dispense, or handle any beer at a temporary special
3800	event.
3801	[(3) The following acts or conduct at an event for which a permit is issued under this
3802	part are considered contrary to the public welfare and morals, and are prohibited upon the
3803	premises:]
3804	[(a) employing or using any person in the sale or service of alcoholic beverages while
3805	the person is unclothed or in attire, costume, or clothing that exposes to view any portion of the
3806	female breast below the top of the areola or any portion of the pubic hair, anus, cleft of the
3807	buttocks, vulva, or genitals;]
3808	[(b) employing or using the services of any person to mingle with the patrons while the
3809	person is unclothed or in attire, costume, or clothing described in Subsection (3)(a);

3810	[(c) encouraging or permitting any person to touch, caress, or fondle the breasts,
3811	buttocks, anus, or genitals of any other person;]
3812	[(d) permitting any employee or person to wear or use any device or covering, exposed
3813	to view, that simulates the breast, genitals, anus, pubic hair, or any portion of these;]
3814	[(e) permitting any person to use artificial devices or inanimate objects to depict any of
3815	the prohibited activities described in this Subsection (3);]
3816	[(f) permitting any person to remain in or upon the premises who exposes to public
3817	view any portion of his or her genitals or anus; or]
3818	[(g) showing films, still pictures, electronic reproductions, or other visual
3819	reproductions depicting:]
3820	[(i) acts or simulated acts of sexual intercourse, masturbation, sodomy, bestiality, oral
3821	copulation, flagellation, or any sexual acts prohibited by Utah law;]
3822	[(ii) any person being touched, caressed, or fondled on the breast, buttocks, anus, or
3823	genitals;]
3824	[(iii) scenes wherein artificial devices or inanimate objects are used to depict, or
3825	drawings are used to portray, any of the prohibited activities described in this Subsection (3);
3826	or]
3827	[(iv) scenes wherein a person displays the vulva, anus, or the genitals.]
3828	[(4) Nothing in Subsection (3) precludes a local authority from being more restrictive
3829	of acts or conduct of the type prohibited in Subsection (3).]
3830	[(5) (a) Although live entertainment is permitted at the event for which a permit has
3831	been issued under this chapter, a permittee may not allow any person to perform or simulate
3832	sexual acts prohibited by Utah law, including sexual intercourse, masturbation, sodomy,
3833	bestiality, oral copulation, flagellation, the touching, caressing, or fondling of the breast,
3834	buttocks, anus, or genitals, or the displaying of the pubic hair, anus, vulva, or genitals.
3835	Entertainers shall perform only upon a stage or at a designated area approved by the
3836	commission.]
3837	[(b) Nothing in Subsection (5)(a) precludes a local authority from being more
3838	restrictive of acts or conduct of the type prohibited in Subsection (5)(a).]
3839	[(6)] (3) The permittee shall maintain an expense and revenue ledger or record
3840	showing:

3841	(a) expenditures made for beer; and
3842	(b) the revenue from sale of beer.
3843	[(7)] <u>(4)</u> A temporary special event beer permit may not be transferred.
3844	[(8)] (5) A temporary special event beer permittee may not engage in or allow any form
3845	of gambling, or have any video gaming device as defined and proscribed by Title 76, Chapter
3846	10, Part 11, Gambling, on the premises serviced by the permittee.
3847	Section 36. Section 32A-12-209 is amended to read:
3848	32A-12-209. Unlawful purchase, possession, consumption by minors
3849	Measurable amounts in body.
3850	(1) Unless specifically authorized by this title, it is unlawful for any minor to:
3851	(a) purchase any alcoholic beverage or product;
3852	(b) attempt to purchase any alcoholic beverage or product;
3853	(c) solicit another person to purchase any alcoholic beverage or product;
3854	(d) possess any alcoholic beverage or product;
3855	(e) consume any alcoholic beverage or product; or
3856	(f) have measurable blood, breath, or urine alcohol concentration in the minor's body.
3857	(2) It is unlawful for the purpose of purchasing or otherwise obtaining an alcoholic
3858	beverage or product for a minor for:
3859	(a) any minor to misrepresent the minor's age; or
3860	(b) any other person to misrepresent the age of a minor.
3861	(3) It is unlawful for a minor to possess or consume any alcoholic beverage while
3862	riding in a limousine or chartered bus.
3863	(4) When a minor who is at least 18 years old, but younger than 21 years old, is found
3864	by a court to have violated this section:
3865	(a) if the violation is the minor's first violation of this section, the court may suspend
3866	the minor's driving privileges; or
3867	(b) if the violation is the minor's second or subsequent violation of this section, the
3868	court shall suspend the minor's driving privileges.
3869	[(4)] (5) When a [person] minor who is at least 13 years old, but younger than 18 years
3870	old, is found by the court to have violated this section, the provisions regarding suspension of
3871	the driver's license under Section 78-3a-506 apply to the violation.

3872	[(5)] (6) When the court [has issued] issues an order suspending a person's driving
3873	privileges for a violation of this section, the Driver License Division shall suspend the person's
3874	license under [the provisions of] Section 53-3-219.
3875	[(6)] (7) When the Department of Public Safety receives the arrest or conviction record
3876	of a person for a driving offense committed while the person's license is suspended pursuant to
3877	this section, the department shall extend the suspension for an additional like period of time.
3878	[(7)] (8) This section does not apply to a minor's consumption of an alcoholic beverage
3879	or product in accordance with this title:
3880	(a) for medicinal purposes if the alcoholic beverage or product is furnished by:
3881	(i) the parent or guardian of the minor; or
3882	(ii) the minor's physician or dentist; or
3883	(b) as part of a church's or religious organization's religious services.
3884	Section 37. Section 32A-12-209.5 is enacted to read:
3885	32A-12-209.5. Unlawful admittance or attempt to gain admittance by minor.
3886	(1) It is unlawful for a minor to gain admittance or attempt to gain admittance to the
3887	premises of:
3888	(a) a tavern; or
3889	(b) a class D private club, except to the extent authorized by Subsection 32A-5-107(8).
3890	(2) A minor who violates this section is guilty of a class C misdemeanor.
3891	(3) When a minor who is at least 18 years old, but younger than 21 years old, is found
3892	by a court to have violated this section:
3893	(a) if the violation is the minor's first violation of this section, the court may suspend
3894	the minor's driving privileges; or
3895	(b) if the violation is the minor's second or subsequent violation of this section, the
3896	court shall suspend the minor's driving privileges.
3897	(4) When a minor who is at least 13 years old, but younger than 18 years old, is found
3898	by a court to have violated this section, the provisions regarding suspension of the driver's
3899	license under Section 78-3a-506 apply to the violation.
3900	(5) When the court issues an order suspending a person's driving privileges for a
3901	violation of this section, the Driver License Division shall suspend the person's license under
3902	Section 53-3-219.

(6) When the Department of Public Safety receives the arrest or conviction record of a
person for a driving offense committed while the person's license is suspended pursuant to this
section, the department shall extend the suspension for an additional like period of time.
Section 38. Section 32A-12-213 is amended to read:
32A-12-213. Unlawful bringing onto premises for consumption.
(1) Except as provided in Subsection (3), a person may not bring for on-premise
consumption any alcoholic beverage onto the premises of any:
(a) licensed or unlicensed restaurant;
(b) licensed or unlicensed private club;
(c) airport lounge licensee;
(d) on-premise banquet licensee;
(e) on-premise beer retailer licensee;
(f) event where alcoholic beverages are sold or served under a single event permit or
temporary special event beer permit issued under this title; or
(g) any establishment open to the general public.
(2) Except as provided in Subsection (3), a licensed or unlicensed restaurant or private
club, airport lounge licensee, on-premise banquet licensee, on-premise beer retailer licensee, or
holder of a single event permit or temporary special event beer permit issued under this title, or
its officers, managers, employees, or agents may not allow a person to bring onto its premises
any alcoholic beverage for on-premise consumption or allow consumption of any such
alcoholic beverage in violation of this section.
(3) (a) A person may bring bottled wine onto the premises of any restaurant liquor
licensee, limited restaurant licensee, or private club licensee and consume the wine pursuant to
the applicable restrictions contained in Subsection 32A-4-106(14), 32A-4-307(14), or
32A-5-107[(32)] <u>(31)</u> ;
(b) a passenger of a limousine may bring onto, have, and consume any alcoholic
beverage on the limousine if:
(i) the travel of the limousine begins and ends at:
(A) the residence of the passenger;
(B) the hotel of the passenger, if the passenger is a registered guest of the hotel; or
(C) the temporary domicile of the passenger; and

3934	(ii) the driver of the limousine is separated from the passengers by partition or other
3935	means approved by the department;
3936	(c) a passenger of a chartered bus may bring onto, have, and consume any alcoholic
3937	beverage on the chartered bus:
3938	(i) (A) but may consume only during travel to a specified destination of the chartered
3939	bus and not during travel back to the place where the travel begins; or
3940	(B) if the travel of the chartered bus begins and ends at:
3941	(I) the residence of the passenger;
3942	(II) the hotel of the passenger, if the passenger is a registered guest of the hotel; or
3943	(III) the temporary domicile of the passenger; and
3944	(ii) the chartered bus has a nondrinking designee other than the driver traveling on the
3945	chartered bus to monitor consumption; and
3946	(d) a person may bring onto any premises, have, and consume any alcoholic beverage
3947	at a privately hosted event that is not open to the general public.
3948	(4) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(c)(i)(A), the consumption of alcoholic
3949	beverages in limousines and chartered buses is not allowed if the limousine or chartered bus
3950	drops off passengers at locations from which they depart in private vehicles.
3951	Section 39. Section 32A-12-401 is amended to read:
3952	32A-12-401. Advertising prohibited Exceptions.
3953	(1) (a) The advertising of liquor by the department is prohibited, except:
3954	[(a)] (i) the department may provide for an appropriate sign in the window or on the
3955	front of a state store or package agency denoting that it is a state authorized liquor outlet;
3956	[(b)] (ii) the department or a package agency may provide printed price lists to the
3957	public; [and]
3958	[(c)] (iii) the department may authorize the use of price posting and floor stacking of
3959	liquor within state stores[:]:
3960	(iv) subject to Subsection (1)(b), the department may provide a listing of the address
3961	and telephone number of a state store in one or more printed or electronic directories available
3962	to the general public; and
3963	(v) subject to Subsection (1)(b), a package agency may provide a listing of its address
3964	and telephone number in one or more printed or electronic directories available to the general

3965	<u>public.</u>
3966	(b) Any listing under Subsection (1)(a)(iv) or (v) in the business or yellow pages of a
3967	telephone directory may not be displayed in an advertisement or other promotional format.
3968	(2) (a) The department may not advertise alcoholic beverages on billboards.
3969	(b) A package agency may not advertise alcoholic beverages on billboards except to the
3970	extent allowed by the commission by rule.
3971	(3) (a) The department may not display liquor or price lists in windows or showcases
3972	visible to passersby.
3973	(b) A package agency may not display liquor or price lists in windows or showcases
3974	visible to passersby except to the extent allowed by the commission by rule.
3975	(4) Except to the extent prohibited by this title, the advertising of alcoholic beverages
3976	is allowed under guidelines established by the commission by rule.
3977	(5) The advertising or use of any means or media to offer alcoholic beverages to the
3978	general public without charge is prohibited.
3979	Section 40. Section 32A-14a-102 is amended to read:
3980	32A-14a-102. Liability for injuries and damage resulting from distribution of
3981	alcoholic beverages Causes of action Statute of limitations Employee protections.
3982	(1) (a) Except as provided in Section 32A-14a-103, a person described in Subsection
3983	(1)(b) is liable for:
3984	(i) any and all injury and damage, except punitive damages to:
3985	(A) any third person; or
3986	(B) the heir, as defined in Section 78-11-6.5, of that third person; or
3987	(ii) for the death of a third person.
3988	(b) A person is liable under Subsection (1)(a) if:
3989	(i) the person directly gives, sells, or otherwise provides an alcoholic beverage:
3990	(A) to a person described in Subsection (1)(b)(ii); and
3991	(B) as part of the commercial sale, storage, service, manufacture, distribution, or
3992	consumption of alcoholic products;
3993	(ii) those actions cause the intoxication of:
3994	(A) any individual under the age of 21 years;
3995	(B) any individual who is apparently under the influence of intoxicating alcoholic

3996	products or drugs;
3997	(C) any individual whom the person furnishing the alcoholic beverage knew or should
3998	have known from the circumstances was under the influence of intoxicating alcoholic
3999	beverages or products or drugs; or
4000	(D) any individual who is a known interdicted person; and
4001	(iii) the injury or death described in Subsection (1)(a) results from the intoxication of
4002	the individual who is provided the alcoholic beverage.
4003	(2) (a) A person 21 years of age or older who is described in Subsection (2)(b) is liable
4004	for:
4005	(i) any and all injury and damage, except punitive damages to:
4006	(A) any third person; or
4007	(B) the heir, as defined in Section 78-11-6.5, of that third person; or
4008	(ii) for the death of the third person.
4009	(b) A person is liable under Subsection (2)(a) if:
4010	(i) that person directly gives or otherwise provides an alcoholic beverage to an
4011	individual who the person knows or should have known is under the age of 21 years;
4012	(ii) those actions caused the intoxication of the individual provided the alcoholic
4013	beverage;
4014	(iii) the injury or death described in Subsection (2)(a) results from the intoxication of
4015	the individual who is provided the alcoholic beverage; and
4016	(iv) the person is not liable under Subsection (1), because the person did not directly
4017	give or provide the alcoholic beverage as part of the commercial sale, storage, service,
4018	manufacture, distribution, or consumption of alcoholic products.
4019	(3) Except for a violation of Subsection (2), an employer is liable for the actions of its
4020	employees in violation of this chapter.
4021	(4) A person who suffers an injury under Subsection (1) or (2) has a cause of action
4022	against the person who provided the alcoholic beverage in violation of Subsection (1) or (2).
4023	(5) If a person having rights or liabilities under this chapter dies, the rights or liabilities
4024	provided by this chapter survive to or against that person's estate.
4025	(6) The total amount that may be awarded to any person pursuant to a cause of action

for injury and damage under this chapter that arises after January 1, 1998, is limited to

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\$500,000 and the aggregate amount which may be awarded to all persons injured as a result of one occurrence is limited to \$1,000,000.

- (7) An action based upon a cause of action under this chapter shall be commenced within two years after the date of the injury and damage.
- (8) (a) Nothing in this chapter precludes any cause of action or additional recovery against the person causing the injury.
- (b) Any cause of action or additional recovery against the person causing the injury and damage, which action is not brought under this chapter, is exempt from the damage cap in Subsection (6).
- 4036 (c) Any cause of action brought under this chapter is exempt from Sections 78-27-37 through 78-27-43.
- 4038 (9) This section does not apply to a [general food store or other establishment] business
 4039 licensed under Chapter 10, Part 1, General Provisions, to sell beer at retail only for off-premise
 4040 consumption.
 - Section 41. Section **53-3-219** is amended to read:
 - 53-3-219. Suspension of minor's driving privileges.

- (1) The division shall immediately suspend all driving privileges of any person upon receipt of an order suspending driving privileges under Section 32A-12-209, <u>Section</u> 32A-12-209.5, Subsection 76-9-701(1), or Section 78-3a-506.
- (a) Upon receipt of the first order suspending a person's driving privileges, the division shall impose a suspension for 90 days or, if the person is under the age of eligibility for a driver license, the suspension shall begin on the date of conviction and continue for the first 90 days following the date of eligibility.
- (b) Upon receipt of a second order suspending a person's driving privileges, the division shall impose a suspension for six months or, if the person is under the age of eligibility for a driver license, the suspension shall begin on the date of conviction and continue for the first six months following the date of eligibility.
- (c) Upon receipt of a third or subsequent order suspending a person's driving privileges, the division shall impose a suspension for one year or, if the person is under the age of eligibility for a driver license, the suspension shall begin on the date of conviction and continue for one year beginning on the date of eligibility.

4058	(2) After reinstatement of the license under Subsection (1)(a), a report authorized under
4059	Section 53-3-104 may not contain evidence of the suspension of a minor's license under this
4060	section if the minor has not been convicted of any other offense for which the suspension under
4061	Subsection (1)(a) may be extended.
4062	Section 42. Section 62A-15-401 is amended to read:
4063	62A-15-401. Alcohol training and education seminar.
4064	(1) As used in this part:
4065	[(a) "general food store" is as defined in Section 32A-1-105;]
4066	[(b)] (a) "Instructor" means a person that directly provides the instruction during an
4067	alcohol training and education seminar for a seminar provider[;].
4068	[(c)] (b) "Licensee" means a person who is:
4069	(i) (A) a new or renewing licensee under Title 32A, Alcoholic Beverage Control Act;
4070	and
4071	(B) engaged in the retail sale of alcoholic beverages for consumption on the premises
4072	of the licensee; or
4073	(ii) a [general food store or similar] business that is:
4074	(A) a new or renewing licensee licensed by a city, town, or county; and
4075	(B) engaged in the retail sale of beer for consumption off the premises of the
4076	licensee[;].
4077	[(d)] (c) "Off-premise beer retailer" is as defined in Section 32A-1-105[; and].
4078	[(e)] (d) "Seminar provider" means a person other than the division who provides an
4079	alcohol training and education seminar meeting the requirements of this section.
4080	(2) (a) This section applies to an individual who, as defined by the board by rule:
4081	(i) manages operations at the premises of a licensee engaged in the retail sale of
4082	alcoholic beverages for consumption on the premises of the licensee;
4083	(ii) supervises the serving of alcoholic beverages to a customer for consumption on the
4084	premises of a licensee;
4085	(iii) serves alcoholic beverages to a customer for consumption on the premises of a
4086	licensee;
4087	(iv) directly supervises the sale of beer to a customer for consumption off the premises
4088	of an off-premise beer retailer licensee; or

4089	(v) sells beer to a customer for consumption off the premises of an off-premise beer
4090	retailer licensee.
4091	(b) If the individual does not have a valid certificate that the individual has completed
4092	an alcohol training and education seminar, an individual described in Subsection (2)(a) shall:
4093	(i) (A) complete an alcohol training and education seminar within 30 days of the
4094	following if the individual is described in Subsections (2)(a)(i) through (iii):
4095	(I) if the individual is an employee, the day the individual begins employment;
4096	(II) if the individual is an independent contractor, the day the individual is first hired;
4097	or
4098	(III) if the individual holds an ownership interest in the licensee, the day that the
4099	individual first engages in an activity that would result in that individual being required to
4100	complete an alcohol training and education seminar; or
4101	(B) complete an alcohol training and education seminar within the time periods
4102	specified in Subsection 32A-10-103(1) if the individual is described in Subsections (2)(a)(iv)
4103	and (v); and
4104	(ii) pay a fee:
4105	(A) to the seminar provider; and
4106	(B) that is equal to or greater than the amount established under Subsection (4)(h).
4107	(c) An individual shall have a valid certificate that the individual completed an alcohol
4108	training and education seminar within the time period provided in this Subsection (2) to engage
4109	in an activity described in Subsection (2)(a).
4110	(d) A certificate that an individual has completed an alcohol training and education
4111	seminar is valid for:
4112	(i) three years from the day on which the certificate is issued for an individual
4113	described in Subsection (2)(a)(i), (ii), or (iii); and
4114	(ii) five years from the day on which the certificate is issued for an individual described
4115	in Subsection (2)(a)(iv) or (v).
4116	(3) (a) A licensee may not permit an individual who is not in compliance with
4117	Subsection (2) to:

(i) serve or supervise the serving of alcoholic beverages to a customer for consumption

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on the premises of the licensee;

4120	(11) engage in any activity that would constitute managing operations at the premises of
4121	a licensee that engages in the retail sale of alcoholic beverages for consumption on the
4122	premises of the licensee;
4123	(iii) directly supervise the sale of beer to a customer for consumption off the premises
4124	of an off-premise beer retailer licensee; or
4125	(iv) sell beer to a customer for consumption off the premises of an off-premise beer
4126	retailer licensee.
4127	(b) A licensee that violates Subsection (3)(a) is subject to Section 32A-1-401.
4128	(4) The division shall:
4129	(a) (i) provide alcohol training and education seminars; or
4130	(ii) certify one or more seminar providers;
4131	(b) establish the curriculum for an alcohol training and education seminar that includes
4132	the following subjects:
4133	(i) (A) alcohol as a drug; and
4134	(B) alcohol's effect on the body and behavior;
4135	(ii) recognizing the problem drinker or signs of intoxication;
4136	(iii) an overview of state alcohol laws related to responsible beverage sale or service,
4137	as determined in consultation with the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control;
4138	(iv) dealing with the problem customer, including ways to terminate sale or service;
4139	and
4140	(v) for those supervising or engaging in the retail sale of alcoholic beverages for
4141	consumption on the premises of a licensee, alternative means of transportation to get the
4142	customer safely home;
4143	(c) recertify each seminar provider every three years;
4144	(d) monitor compliance with the curriculum described in Subsection (4)(b);
4145	(e) maintain for at least five years a record of every person who has completed an
4146	alcohol training and education seminar;
4147	(f) provide the information described in Subsection (4)(e) on request to:
4148	(i) the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control;
4149	(ii) law enforcement; or
4150	(iii) a person licensed by the state or a local government to sell alcoholic beverages;

4151	(g) provide the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control on request a list of any
4152	seminar provider certified by the division; and
4153	(h) establish a fee amount for each person attending an alcohol training and education
4154	seminar that is sufficient to offset the division's cost of administering this section.
4155	(5) The board shall by rule made in accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah
4156	Administrative Rulemaking Act:
4157	(a) define what constitutes under this section an individual who:
4158	(i) manages operations at the premises of a licensee engaged in the retail sale of
4159	alcoholic beverages for consumption on the premises of the licensee;
4160	(ii) supervises the serving of alcoholic beverages to a customer for consumption on the
4161	premises of a licensee;
4162	(iii) serves alcoholic beverages to a customer for consumption on the premises of a
4163	licensee;
4164	(iv) directly supervises the sale of beer to a customer for consumption off the premises
4165	of an off-premise retailer beer licensee; or
4166	(v) sells beer to a customer for consumption off the premises of an off-premise beer
4167	retailer licensee;
4168	(b) establish criteria for certifying and recertifying a seminar provider; and
4169	(c) establish guidelines for the manner in which an instructor provides an alcohol
4170	education and training seminar.
4171	(6) A seminar provider shall:
4172	(a) obtain recertification by the division every three years;
4173	(b) ensure that an instructor used by the seminar provider:
4174	(i) follows the curriculum established under this section; and
4175	(ii) conducts an alcohol training and education seminar in accordance with the
4176	guidelines established by rule;
4177	(c) ensure that any information provided by the seminar provider or instructor of a
4178	seminar provider is consistent with:
4179	(i) the curriculum established under this section; and
4180	(ii) this section;
4181	(d) provide the division with the names of all persons who complete an alcohol training

4182 and education seminar provided by the seminar provider; (e) (i) collect a fee for each person attending an alcohol training and education seminar 4183 4184 in accordance with Subsection (2); and 4185 (ii) forward to the division the portion of the fee that is equal to the amount described 4186 in Subsection (4)(h); and 4187 (f) issue a certificate to an individual that completes an alcohol training and education 4188 seminar provided by the seminar provider. 4189 (7) (a) If after a hearing conducted in accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46b. 4190 Administrative Procedures Act, the division finds that a seminar provider violates this section 4191 or that an instructor of the seminar provider violates this section, the division may: 4192 (i) suspend the certification of the seminar provider for a period not to exceed 90 days; 4193 (ii) revoke the certification of the seminar provider; 4194 (iii) require the seminar provider to take corrective action regarding an instructor; or 4195 (iv) prohibit the seminar provider from using an instructor until such time that the 4196 seminar provider establishes to the satisfaction of the division that the instructor is in 4197 compliance with Subsection (6)(b). 4198 (b) The division may certify a seminar provider whose certification is revoked: 4199 (i) no sooner than 90 days from the date the certification is revoked; and 4200 (ii) if the seminar provider establishes to the satisfaction of the division that the 4201 seminar provider will comply with this section. 4202 Section 43. Section **76-9-701** is amended to read: 4203 76-9-701. Intoxication -- Release of arrested person or placement in detoxification 4204 center. 4205 (1) A person is guilty of intoxication if [he] the person is under the influence of 4206 alcohol, a controlled substance, or any substance having the property of releasing toxic vapors, 4207 to a degree that the person may endanger [himself] the person or another, in a public place or in 4208 a private place where [he] the person unreasonably disturbs other persons. 4209 (2) (a) A peace officer or a magistrate may release from custody [an individual] a 4210 person arrested under this section if [he] the peace officer or magistrate believes imprisonment

(b) A peace officer may take the arrested person to a detoxification center or other

is unnecessary for the protection of the [individual] person or another[; or a].

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4213	special facility as an alternative to incarceration of release from custody.
4214	(3) When a person who is at least 18 years old, but younger than 21 years old, is found
4215	by a court to have violated this section:
4216	(a) if the violation is the person's first violation of this section, the court may suspend
4217	the person's driving privileges; or
4218	(b) if the violation is the person's second or subsequent violation of this section, the
4219	court shall suspend the person's driving privileges.
4220	[(3)] (4) When a person who is at least 13 years old, but younger than 18 years old, is
4221	found by [the] a court to have violated this section, the provisions regarding suspension of the
4222	driver's license under Section 78-3a-506 apply to the violation.
4223	[(4)] (5) When the court [has issued] issues an order suspending a person's driving
4224	privileges for a violation of this section, the person's driver license shall be suspended under
4225	Section 53-3-219.
4226	[(5)] (6) An offense under this section is a class C misdemeanor.
4227	Section 44. Section 78-3a-506 is amended to read:
4228	78-3a-506. Suspension of license for certain offenses.
4229	(1) This section applies to minors who are at least 13 years of age when found by the
4230	court to be within its jurisdiction by the commission of any offense under:
4231	(a) Section 58-37-8 [or];
4232	(b) Section 32A-12-209[,];
4233	(c) Section 32A-12-209.5;
4234	(d) Title 58, Chapter 37a, Utah Drug Paraphernalia Act[-;]:
4235	(e) Title 58, Chapter 37b, Imitation Controlled Substances[;]; or
4236	<u>(f)</u> Subsection 76-9-701(1).
4237	(2) If the court hearing the case determines that the minor committed an offense under
4238	Section 58-37-8 or Title 58, Chapter 37a or 37b, the court shall prepare and send to the Driver
4239	License Division of the Department of Public Safety an order to suspend that minor's driving
4240	privileges.
4241	(3) If the court hearing the case determines that the minor violated Section
4242	32A-12-209, Section 32A-12-209.5, or Subsection 76-9-701(1), and the violation is the
4243	minor's:

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1244	(a) first violation, the court may suspend the minor's driving privileges; or
1245	(b) second or subsequent violation, the court shall suspend the minor's driving
1246	privileges.
1247	(4) [When] A minor's license shall be suspended under Section 53-3-219 when a court
1248	[has issued] issues an order suspending [a] the minor's driving privileges for a violation of:
1249	(a) Section 32A-12-209 [or];
1250	(b) Section 32A-12-209.5;
1251	(c) Section 58-37-8[;];
1252	(d) Title 58, Chapter 37a or 37b[;]; or
1253	(e) Subsection 76-9-701(1)[, the minor's license shall be suspended under Section
1254	53-3-219].

(5) When the Department of Public Safety receives the arrest or conviction record of a person for a driving offense committed while his license is suspended under this section, the department shall extend the suspension for a like period of time.

4258 Section 45. Repealer.

4259 This bill repeals:

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4260 Section 59-16-101, Tax basis -- 13% rate -- Collection -- Disposition of revenues.

Section 59-16-102, Action for collection of tax -- Limit for refund or credit of tax.

Section 46. Effective date. 4262

This bill takes effect on April 30, 2007, except that: 4263

(1) the amendments to Section 32A-1-122 in this bill take effect on July 1, 2007; and

(2) the repeal of the following take effect on July 1, 2007:

4266 (a) Section 59-16-101; and

(b) Section 59-16-102. 4267

> **Legislative Review Note** as of 2-8-07 9:33 AM

> > Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

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S.B. 205 - Alcoholic Beverage Control Amendments

Fiscal Note

2007 General Session State of Utah

State Impact

If enacted, the bill would replace school lunch tax with a 10% tax on gross alcoholic beverage sales, a revenue neutral change. (The FY 2008 projection for either is \$23,525,500). The bill's restrictions on minors are expected to increase costs for the Department of Public Safety by \$54,900 (including \$8,000 in one -time set-up costs) from the Transportation Fund DPS Restricted Account and for Courts by \$8,300 in General Fund.

FY 2007 <u>Approp.</u>	FY 2008 <u>Approp.</u>	FY 2009 <u>Approp.</u>	I I #007	FY 2008	FY 2009
			Revenue	Revenue	Revenue
\$0	\$8,300	\$8,300	Φħ	do.	\$0
\$0	\$54,900	\$46,900	\$0	\$71,800	\$71,800
\$0	\$63,200	\$55,200	\$0	\$71,800	\$71,800
	Approp. \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0	Approp. Approp. \$0 \$8,300	Approp. Approp. Approp. \$0 \$8,300 \$8,300 \$0 \$54,900 \$46,900	Approp. Approp. Approp. Revenue \$0 \$8,300 \$8,300 \$0 \$0 \$54,900 \$46,900 \$0 \$0 \$63,200 \$55,200 \$0	Approp. Approp. Approp. Revenue Revenue \$0 \$8,300 \$8,300 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$54,900 \$46,900 \$0 \$71,800 \$0 \$63,200 \$55,200 \$0 \$71,800

Individual, Business and/or Local Impact

Enactment of this bill likely will not result in direct, measurable costs and/or benefits for individuals, businesses, or local governments.

2/14/2007, 11:30:37 AM, Lead Analyst: Eckersley, S.

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst