1	CLEAN AIR AND EFFICIENT VEHICLE TAX
2	INCENTIVES
3	2008 GENERAL SESSION
4	STATE OF UTAH
5	Chief Sponsor: Rosalind J. McGee
6	Senate Sponsor: Gregory S. Bell
7 8	LONG TITLE
9	General Description:
10	This bill provides a tax credit for new vehicles meeting air quality and fuel economy
11	standards, eliminates the clean fuel certificate, and imposes a fuel tax on compressed
12	natural gas for vehicles.
13	Highlighted Provisions:
14	This bill:
15	<ul> <li>eliminates the clean special fuel tax certificate;</li> </ul>
16	<ul><li>defines terms;</li></ul>
17	► reduces the tax credit available for certain vehicles to the lesser of \$2,500 or 35% of
18	the vehicle's purchase price;
19	<ul> <li>provides a tax credit of \$750 for a new vehicle meeting air quality and fuel economy</li> </ul>
20	standards;
21	<ul> <li>eliminates a provision excluding hybrid electric-gasoline vehicles from the tax</li> </ul>
22	credit;
23	<ul> <li>imposes a fuel tax on the purchase of compressed natural gas for vehicles; and</li> </ul>
24	<ul><li>makes technical changes.</li></ul>



**Monies Appropriated in this Bill:** 

25

6	None
7	Other Special Clauses:
8	This bill takes effect on January 1, 2009.
9	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
$\mathbf{C}$	AMENDS:
1	41-1a-418, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapters 173, 217, and 325
2	41-6a-1508, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 2
3	59-7-605, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 306
1	59-10-1009, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 306
5	59-13-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 271
<b>ó</b>	<b>59-13-301</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapters 7 and 268
7	59-13-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, First Special Session, Chapter 1
3	59-13-314, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 7
)	<b>72-2-124</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapters 11 and 135
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1	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
2	Section 1. Section 41-1a-418 is amended to read:
3	41-1a-418. Authorized special group license plates.
	(1) The division shall only issue special group license plates in accordance with this
	section through Section 41-1a-422 to a person who is specified under this section within the
)	categories listed as follows:
,	(a) disability special group license plates issued in accordance with Section 41-1a-420;
3	(b) honor special group license plates, as in a war hero, which plates are issued for a:
)	(i) survivor of the Japanese attack on Pearl Harbor;
)	(ii) former prisoner of war;
l	(iii) recipient of a Purple Heart;
2	(iv) disabled veteran; or
3	(v) recipient of a gold star award issued by the United States Secretary of Defense if
ļ	the recipient is the spouse, parent, or sibling of a servicemember killed;
5	(c) unique vehicle type special group license plates, as for historical, collectors value,

57	(i) special interest vehicle;
58	(ii) vintage vehicle;
59	(iii) farm truck; or
60	(iv) vehicle powered by clean fuel [and for which a current clean special fuel certificate
61	is maintained as provided in Section 59-13-304] as defined in Section 59-13-102;
62	(d) recognition special group license plates, as in a public official or an emergency
63	service giver, which plates are issued for a:
64	(i) current member of the Legislature;
65	(ii) current member of the United States Congress;
66	(iii) current member of the National Guard;
67	(iv) licensed amateur radio operator;
68	(v) currently employed, volunteer, or retired firefighter;
69	(vi) emergency medical technician;
70	(vii) current member of a search and rescue team; or
71	(viii) current honorary consulate designated by the United States Department of State;
72	and
73	(e) support special group license plates, as for a contributor to an institution or cause,
74	which plates are issued for a contributor to:
75	(i) an institution's scholastic scholarship fund;
76	(ii) the Division of Wildlife Resources;
77	(iii) the Department of Veterans' Affairs;
78	(iv) the Division of Parks and Recreation;
79	(v) the Department of Agriculture and Food;
80	(vi) the Guardian Ad Litem Services Account and the Children's Museum of Utah;
81	(vii) the Boy Scouts of America;
82	(viii) spay and neuter programs through No More Homeless Pets in Utah;
83	(ix) the Boys and Girls Clubs of America;
84	(x) Utah public education; or
85	(xi) programs that provide support to organizations that create affordable housing for
86	those in severe need through the Division of Real Estate.
87	(2) Beginning January 1, 2003, the division may not issue a new type of special group

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Belt Usage Act.

88	license plate unless the division receives:
89	(a) a start-up fee established under Section 63-38-3.2 for production and administrative
90	costs for providing the new special group license plates; or
91	(b) a legislative appropriation for the start-up fee provided under Subsection (2)(a).
92	(3) (a) A sponsoring organization that qualifies for tax-exempt status under Internal
93	Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3) may request the commission to authorize a new type of
94	special group license plate for the sponsoring organization. The sponsoring organization shall:
95	(i) collect a minimum of 200 applications; and
96	(ii) pay a start-up fee established under Section 63-38-3.2 for production and
97	administrative costs for providing the new type of special group license plates.
98	(b) If the provisions of Subsection (3)(a) are met, the commission shall approve the
99	request and the division shall:
100	(i) design a license plate in accordance with Section 41-1a-419; and
101	(ii) issue the new type of special group license plates.
102	Section 2. Section 41-6a-1508 is amended to read:
103	41-6a-1508. Low-speed vehicle.
104	(1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, a low-speed vehicle is considered a
105	motor vehicle for purposes of the Utah Code including requirements for:
106	(a) traffic rules under Title 41, Chapter 6a, Traffic Code;
107	(b) driver licensing under Title 53, Chapter 3, Uniform Driver License Act;
108	(c) motor vehicle insurance under Title 41, Chapter 12a, Financial Responsibility of
109	Motor Vehicle Owners and Operators Act;
110	(d) vehicle registration, titling, odometer statements, vehicle identification numbers,
111	license plates, and registration fees under Title 41, Chapter 1a, Motor Vehicle Act;
112	(e) vehicle taxation under Title 59, Chapter 13, Motor and Special Fuel Tax Act, and
113	fee in lieu of property taxes or in lieu fees under Section 59-2-405;
114	(f) motor vehicle dealer licensing under Title 41, Chapter 3, Motor Vehicle Business
115	Regulation Act;
116	(g) motor vehicle safety inspection requirements under Section 53-8-205; and
117	(h) safety belt requirements under Title 41, Chapter 6a, Part 18, Motor Vehicle Safety

119	(2) (a) A low-speed vehicle shall comply with federal safety standards established in 49
120	C.F.R. 571.500 and shall be equipped with:
121	(i) headlamps;
122	(ii) front and rear turn signals, tail lamps, and stop lamps;
123	(iii) turn signal lamps;
124	(iv) reflex reflectors one on the rear of the vehicle and one on the left and right side and
125	as far to the rear of the vehicle as practical;
126	(v) a parking brake;
127	(vi) a windshield that meets the standards under Section 41-6a-1635, including a
128	device for cleaning rain, snow, or other moisture from the windshield;
129	(vii) an exterior rearview mirror on the driver's side and either an interior rearview
130	mirror or an exterior rearview mirror on the passenger side;
131	(viii) a speedometer and odometer; and
132	(ix) braking for each wheel.
133	(b) A low-speed vehicle that complies with this Subsection (2) and Subsection (3) and
134	that is not altered from the manufacturer is considered to comply with equipment requirements
135	under Part 16, Vehicle Equipment.
136	(3) A person may not operate a low-speed vehicle that has been structurally altered
137	from the original manufacturer's design.
138	[(4) A user of a low-speed vehicle shall obtain an annual clean special fuel tax
139	certificate for each low-speed vehicle as required under Section 59-13-304.]
140	[(5)] (4) A low-speed vehicle is exempt from a motor vehicle emissions inspection and
141	maintenance program requirements under Section 41-6a-1642.
142	[(6)] (5) (a) Except to cross a highway at an intersection, a low-speed vehicle may not
143	be operated on a highway with a posted speed limit of more than 35 miles per hour.
144	(b) In addition to the restrictions under Subsection [(6)] (5)(a), a highway authority,
145	may prohibit or restrict the operation of a low-speed vehicle on any highway under its
146	jurisdiction, if the highway authority determines the prohibition or restriction is necessary for
147	public safety.
148	[ <del>(7)</del> ] <u>(6)</u> A person may not operate a low-speed vehicle on a highway without
149	displaying on the rear of the low-speed vehicle, a slow-moving vehicle identification emblem

130	that complies with the Society of Automotive Engineers standard SAE 1945.
151	[(8)] (7) A person who violates Subsection (2), (3), $[(6)]$ (5), or $[(7)]$ (6) is guilty of a
152	class C misdemeanor.
153	Section 3. Section <b>59-7-605</b> is amended to read:
154	59-7-605. Definitions Tax credit Cleaner burning fuels.
155	(1) As used in this section:
156	(a) "Air quality standards" means that a vehicle's emissions are equal to or cleaner than
157	the standards established in bin 2 in Table S04-1, of 40 C.F.R. 86.1811-04(c)(6).
158	[(a)] (b) "Board" means the Air Quality Board created under Title 19, Chapter 2, Air
159	Conservation Act.
160	[(b)] (c) "Certified by the board" means that:
161	(i) a motor vehicle on which conversion equipment has been installed meets the
162	following criteria:
163	(A) before the installation of conversion equipment, the vehicle does not exceed the
164	emission cut points for a transient test driving cycle, as specified in 40 C.F.R. Part 51,
165	Appendix E to Subpart S, or an equivalent test for the make, model, and year of the vehicle;
166	(B) the motor vehicle's emissions of regulated pollutants, when operating on a fuel
167	listed in Subsection $(2)[\frac{(a)(ii)(A)}{(c)(i)}]$ or $[\frac{(2)(a)(ii)(B)}{(ii)}]$ (iii), is less than the emissions were
168	before the installation of conversion equipment; and
169	(C) a reduction in emissions under Subsection $(1)[\frac{(b)}{(c)}(i)(B)]$ is demonstrated by:
170	(I) certification of the conversion equipment by the federal Environmental Protection
171	Agency or by a state whose certification standards are recognized by the board;
172	(II) testing the motor vehicle, before and after installation of the conversion equipment,
173	in accordance with 40 C.F.R. Part 86, Control of Emissions from New and In-use Highway
174	Vehicles and Engines, using all fuel the motor vehicle is capable of using; or
175	(III) any other test or standard recognized by board rule; or
176	(ii) special mobile equipment on which conversion equipment has been installed meets
177	the following criteria:
178	(A) the special mobile equipment's emissions of regulated pollutants, when operating
179	on fuels listed in Subsection $(2)[\frac{(a)(iii)(A)}{(d)(i)}]$ or $[\frac{(2)(a)(iii)(B)}{(iii)}]$ (iii), is less than the
180	emissions were before the installation of conversion equipment; and

181	(B) a reduction in emissions under Subsection $(1)[\frac{(b)}{(c)}(ii)(A)$ is demonstrated by:
182	(I) certification of the conversion equipment by the federal Environmental Protection
183	Agency or by a state whose certification standards are recognized by the board; or
184	(II) any other test or standard recognized by board rule.
185	[(c)] (d) "Clean fuel grant" means a grant awarded under Title 19, Chapter 1, Part 4,
186	Clean Fuels and Vehicle Technology Program Act, for reimbursement of a portion of the
187	incremental cost of an OEM vehicle or the cost of conversion equipment.
188	[(d)] (e) "Conversion equipment" means equipment referred to in Subsection
189	$(2)[\underbrace{(a)(ii)}](\underline{c})$ or $[\underbrace{(2)(a)(iii)}]$ $\underline{(d)}$ .
190	[(e) "Electric-hybrid vehicle" is as defined in 42 U.S.C. Sec. 13435.]
191	(f) "Fuel economy standards" means that a vehicle's combined fuel economy, as
192	determined in 40 C.F.R. 600.209-95(d) is equal to or greater than:
193	(i) 31 miles per gallon for gasoline-fueled vehicles;
194	(ii) 36 miles per gallon for diesel-fueled vehicles;
195	(iii) 19 miles per gallon for vehicles fueled by a blend of 85% ethanol and 15%
196	gasoline;
197	(iv) 19 miles per gallon for liquified petroleum gas-fueled vehicles; or
198	(v) standards consistent with 40 C.F.R. 600.209-95(d) that are adopted by the Air
199	Quality Board by rule.
200	[ <del>(f)</del> ] <u>(g)</u> "Incremental cost" has the same meaning as in Section 19-1-402.
201	[ <del>(g)</del> ] (h) "OEM vehicle" has the same meaning as in Section 19-1-402.
202	(i) "Original purchase" means the purchase of a vehicle that has never been titled or
203	registered and has been driven less than 7,500 miles.
204	[(h)] (j) "Special mobile equipment":
205	(i) means any mobile equipment or vehicle that is not designed or used primarily for
206	the transportation of persons or property; and
207	(ii) includes construction or maintenance equipment.
208	(2) [(a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), for] For taxable years beginning on or
209	after January 1, [2001] 2009, but beginning on or before December 31, [2010] 2013, a taxpayer
210	may claim a $\$ \rightarrow [\underline{\text{one-time}}] \leftarrow \$$ tax credit $\$ \rightarrow [\underline{\text{per vehicle}}] \leftarrow \$$ against tax otherwise due under
210a	this chapter or
211	Chapter 8, Gross Receipts Tax on Certain Corporations Not Required to Pay Corporate

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212	Franchise or Income Tax Act, in an amount equal to:
213	[(i) 50% of the incremental cost of an OEM vehicle registered in Utah minus the
214	amount of any clean fuel grant received, up to a maximum tax credit of \$3,000 per vehicle, if
215	the vehicle:
216	[(A) is fueled by propane, natural gas, or electricity;]
217	[(B) is fueled by other fuel the board determines annually on or before July 1 to be at
218	least as effective in reducing air pollution as fuels under Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A); or]
219	[(C) meets the clean-fuel vehicle standards in the federal Clean Air Act Amendments
220	of 1990, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 7521 et seq.;]
221	(a) \$750 for the original purchase of a new vehicle that is not fueled by compressed
222	natural gas if the vehicle is registered in Utah and meets air quality and fuel economy
223	standards;
224	(b) for the purchase of a vehicle fueled by compressed natural gas that is registered in
225	<u>Utah</u> , the lesser of:
226	(i) \$2,500; or
227	(ii) 35% of the purchase price of the vehicle;
228	[(ii)] (c) 50% of the cost of equipment for conversion, if certified by the board, of a
229	motor vehicle registered in Utah minus the amount of any clean fuel grant received, up to a
230	maximum tax credit of \$2,500 per motor vehicle, if the motor vehicle is to:
231	[(A)] (i) be fueled by propane, natural gas, or electricity;
232	[(B)] (ii) be fueled by other fuel the board determines annually on or before July 1 to
233	be at least as effective in reducing air pollution as fuels under Subsection $(2)[(a)(ii)(A)](c)(i)$ ;
234	or
235	[(C)] (iii) meet the federal clean-fuel vehicle standards in the federal Clean Air Act
236	Amendments of 1990, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 7521 et seq.; and
237	[(iii)] (d) 50% of the cost of equipment for conversion, if certified by the board, of a
238	special mobile equipment engine minus the amount of any clean fuel grant received, up to a
239	maximum tax credit of \$1,000 per special mobile equipment engine, if the special mobile
240	equipment is to be fueled by:
241	[(A)] (i) propane, natural gas, or electricity; or
242	[(B)] (ii) other fuel the board determines annually on or before July 1 to be:

[ <del>(1)</del> ] (A) at least as effective in reducing air pollution as the fuels under Subsection
$(2)[\frac{(a)(iii)(A)}{(d)(i)};$ or
[(H)] (B) substantially more effective in reducing air pollution than the fuel for which
the engine was originally designed.
[(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(a), for taxable years beginning on or after January
1, 2006, a taxpayer may not claim a tax credit under this section with respect to an
electric-hybrid vehicle.]
(3) A taxpayer shall provide proof of the purchase of an item for which a tax credit is
allowed under this section by:
(a) providing proof to the board in the form the board requires by rule;
(b) receiving a written statement from the board acknowledging receipt of the proof;
and
(c) retaining the written statement described in Subsection (3)(b).
(4) Except as provided by Subsection (5), the tax credit under this section is allowed
only:
(a) against any Utah tax owed in the taxable year by the taxpayer;
(b) in the taxable year in which the item is purchased for which the tax credit is
claimed; and
(c) once per vehicle.
(5) If the amount of a tax credit claimed by a taxpayer under this section exceeds the
taxpayer's tax liability under this chapter for a taxable year, the amount of the tax credit
exceeding the tax liability may be carried forward for a period that does not exceed the next
five taxable years.
$\$ \rightarrow (6)$ The tax credit provided by this section may be taken only once per vehicle. $\leftarrow \$$
Section 4. Section <b>59-10-1009</b> is amended to read:
59-10-1009. Definitions Cleaner burning fuels tax credit.
(1) As used in this section:
(a) "Air quality standards" means that a vehicle's emissions are equal to or cleaner than
the standards established in bin 2 in Table S04-1, of 40 C.F.R. 86.1811-04(c)(6).
[(a)] (b) "Board" means the Air Quality Board created in Title 19, Chapter 2, Air
Conservation Act.
[(b)] (c) "Certified by the board" means that:

2/4	(1) a motor venicle on which conversion equipment has been instance meets the
275	following criteria:
276	(A) before the installation of conversion equipment, the vehicle does not exceed the
277	emission cut points for a transient test driving cycle, as specified in 40 C.F.R. Part 51,
278	Appendix E to Subpart S, or an equivalent test for the make, model, and year of the vehicle;
279	(B) the motor vehicle's emissions of regulated pollutants, when operating on fuels
280	listed in Subsection $(2)[\frac{(a)(ii)(A)}{(c)(i)}]$ or $[\frac{(2)(a)(ii)(B)}{(ii)}]$ (ii), is less than the emissions were
281	before the installation of conversion equipment; and
282	(C) a reduction in emissions under Subsection (1)[(b)](d)(i)(B) is demonstrated by:
283	(I) certification of the conversion equipment by the federal Environmental Protection
284	Agency or by a state whose certification standards are recognized by the board;
285	(II) testing the motor vehicle, before and after installation of the conversion equipment,
286	in accordance with 40 C.F.R. Part 86, Control Emissions from New and In-use Highway
287	Vehicles and Engines, using all fuels the motor vehicle is capable of using; or
288	(III) any other test or standard recognized by board rule; or
289	(ii) special mobile equipment on which conversion equipment has been installed meets
290	the following criteria:
291	(A) the special mobile equipment's emissions of regulated pollutants, when operating
292	on fuels listed in Subsection $(2)[(a)(iii)(A)](c)(i)$ or $[(2)(a)(iii)(B)](ii)$ , is less than the
293	emissions were before the installation of conversion equipment; and
294	(B) a reduction in emissions under Subsection (1)[(b)](c)(ii)(A) is demonstrated by:
295	(I) certification of the conversion equipment by the federal Environmental Protection
296	Agency or by a state whose certification standards are recognized by the board; or
297	(II) any other test or standard recognized by the board.
298	[(e)] (d) "Clean fuel grant" means a grant a claimant, estate, or trust receives under
299	Title 19, Chapter 1, Part 4, Clean Fuels and Vehicle Technology Program Act, for
300	reimbursement of a portion of the incremental cost of the OEM vehicle or the cost of
301	conversion equipment.
302	[(d)] (e) "Conversion equipment" means equipment referred to in Subsection
303	$(2)[(a)(ii)]  \hat{\mathbf{S}} \rightarrow [(b)]  (\underline{\mathbf{c}}) \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{S}}  \text{or}  [(2)(a)(iii)]  \hat{\mathbf{S}} \rightarrow [(c)]  (\underline{\mathbf{d}}) \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{S}}  .$
304	[(e) "Electric-hybrid vehicle" is as defined in 42 U.S.C. Sec. 13435.]

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205	(A. III and a second and all as second and all as second and a second
305	(f) "Fuel economy standards" means that a vehicle's combined fuel economy, as
306	determined in 40 C.F.R. 600.209-95(d) is equal to or greater than:
307	(i) 31 miles per gallon for gasoline-fueled vehicles;
308	(ii) 36 miles per gallon for diesel-fueled vehicles;
309	(iii) 19 miles per gallon for vehicles fueled by a blend of 85% ethanol and 15%
310	gasoline;
311	(iv) 19 miles per gallon for liquified petroleum gas-fueled vehicles; or
312	(v) standards consistent with 40 C.F.R. 600.209-95(d) that are adopted by the Air
313	Quality Board by rule.
314	[(f)] (g) "Incremental cost" has the same meaning as in Section 19-1-402.
315	[ <del>(g)</del> ] (h) "OEM vehicle" has the same meaning as in Section 19-1-402.
316	(i) "Original purchase" means the purchase of a vehicle that has never been titled or
317	registered and has been driven less than 7,500 miles.
318	[(h)] (k) "Special mobile equipment":
319	(i) means any mobile equipment or vehicle not designed or used primarily for the
320	transportation of persons or property; and
321	(ii) includes construction or maintenance equipment.
322	(2) [(a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), for] For taxable years beginning on or
323	after January 1, [2001] 2009, but beginning on or before December 31, [2010] 2013, a
324	claimant, estate, or trust may claim $\hat{S} \rightarrow [\underline{one-time}] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ a nonrefundable tax credit $\hat{S} \rightarrow [\underline{per\ vehicle}] \leftarrow \hat{S}$
324a	against tax
325	otherwise due under this chapter in an amount equal to:
326	[(i) 50% of the incremental cost of an OEM vehicle registered in Utah minus the
327	amount of any clean fuel grant received, up to a maximum tax credit of \$3,000 per vehicle, if
328	the vehicle:
329	[(A) is fueled by propane, natural gas, or electricity;]
330	[(B) is fueled by other fuel the board determines annually on or before July 1 to be at
331	least as effective in reducing air pollution as fuels under Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A); or]
332	[(C) meets the clean-fuel vehicle standards in the federal Clean Air Act Amendments
333	of 1990, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 7521 et seq.;]
334	(a) \$750 for the original purchase of a new vehicle that is not fueled by compressed
335	natural gas if the vehicle is registered in Utah and meets air quality and fuel economy

336	standards;
337	(b) for the purchase of a vehicle fueled by compressed natural gas that is registered in
338	<u>Utah</u> , \$→ [ <u>a one-time credit per vehicle equal to</u> ] ←\$ the lesser of:
339	(i) \$2,500; or
340	(ii) 35% of the purchase price of the vehicle;
341	[(ii)] (c) 50% of the cost of equipment for conversion, if certified by the board, of a
342	motor vehicle registered in Utah minus the amount of any clean fuel conversion grant received,
343	up to a maximum tax credit of \$2,500 per vehicle, if the motor vehicle:
344	[(A)] (i) is to be fueled by propane, natural gas, or electricity;
345	[(B)] (ii) is to be fueled by other fuel the board determines annually on or before July 1
346	to be at least as effective in reducing air pollution as fuels under Subsection
347	(2)[(a)(ii)(A)](c)(i); or
348	[(C)] (iii) will meet the federal clean fuel vehicle standards in the federal Clean Air Act
349	Amendments of 1990, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 7521 et seq.; and
350	[(iii)] (d) 50% of the cost of equipment for conversion, if certified by the board, of a
351	special mobile equipment engine minus the amount of any clean fuel conversion grant
352	received, up to a maximum tax credit of \$1,000 per special mobile equipment engine, if the
353	special mobile equipment is to be fueled by:
354	[(A)] (i) propane, natural gas, or electricity; or
355	[(B)] (ii) other fuel the board determines annually on or before July 1 to be:
356	[(1)] (A) at least as effective in reducing air pollution as the fuels under Subsection
357	$(2)[\overline{(a)(iii)(A)}]\underline{(d)(i)};$ or
358	[(II)] (B) substantially more effective in reducing air pollution than the fuel for which
359	the engine was originally designed.
360	[(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(a), for taxable years beginning on or after January
361	1, 2006, a claimant, estate, or trust may not claim a tax credit under this section with respect to
362	an electric-hybrid vehicle.]
363	(3) A claimant, estate, or trust shall provide proof of the purchase of an item for which
364	a tax credit is allowed under this section by:
365	(a) providing proof to the board in the form the board requires by rule;
366	(b) receiving a written statement from the board acknowledging receipt of the proof;

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367	and					
368	(c) retaining the written statement described in Subsection (3)(b).					
369	(4) Except as provided by Subsection (5), the tax credit under this section is allowed					
370	only:					
371	(a) against any Utah tax owed in the taxable year by the claimant, estate, or trust;					
372	(b) in the taxable year in which the item is purchased for which the tax credit is					
373	claimed; and					
374	(c) once per vehicle.					
375	(5) If the amount of a tax credit claimed by a claimant, estate, or trust under this					
376	section exceeds the claimant's, estate's, or trust's tax liability under this chapter for a taxable					
377	year, the amount of the tax credit exceeding the tax liability may be carried forward for a period					
378	that does not exceed the next five taxable years.					
378a	$\$ \rightarrow (6)$ The tax credit provided by this section may be taken only once per vehicle. $\leftarrow \$$					
379	Section 5. Section 59-13-103 is amended to read:					
380	59-13-103. List of clean fuels provided to tax commission Report to the					
381	Legislature.					
382	(1) The Air Quality Board shall annually provide to the tax commission a list of fuels					
383	that are clean fuels under Section 59-13-102.					
384	(2) The Air Quality Board created under Section 19-2-103 shall in conjunction with the					
385	State Tax Commission prepare and submit to the Legislature before January 1, 1995, a report					
386	evaluating the impacts, benefits, and economic consequences of the clean fuel [certificate]					
387	provisions of Sections 59-13-201 and 59-13-301.					
388	Section 6. Section <b>59-13-301</b> is amended to read:					
389	59-13-301. Tax basis Rate Exemptions Revenue deposited with treasurer					
390	and credited to Transportation Fund Reduction of tax in limited circumstances.					
391	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsections (2), (3), [and] (11), and (12) and Section					
392	59-13-304, a tax is imposed at the same rate imposed under Subsection 59-13-201(1)(a) on the:					
393	(i) removal of undyed diesel fuel from any refinery;					
394	(ii) removal of undyed diesel fuel from any terminal;					
395	(iii) entry into the state of any undyed diesel fuel for consumption, use, sale, or					
396	warehousing;					
397	(iv) sale of undyed diesel fuel to any person who is not registered as a supplier under					

398	this part unless the tax has been collected under this section;
399	(v) any untaxed special fuel blended with undyed diesel fuel; or
400	(vi) use of untaxed special fuel[, other than a clean special fuel] <b>\$→</b> other than propane or
400a	electricity ←Ŝ .
401	(b) The tax imposed under this section shall only be imposed once upon any special
402	fuel.
403	(2) (a) No special fuel tax is imposed or collected upon dyed diesel fuel which:
404	(i) is sold or used for any purpose other than to operate or propel a motor vehicle upon
405	the public highways of the state, but this exemption applies only in those cases where the
406	purchasers or the users of special fuel establish to the satisfaction of the commission that the
407	special fuel was used for purposes other than to operate a motor vehicle upon the public
408	highways of the state; or
409	(ii) is sold to this state or any of its political subdivisions.
410	(b) No special fuel tax is imposed on undyed diesel fuel [which] or clean fuel that:
411	(i) is sold to the United States government or any of its instrumentalities or to this state
412	or any of its political subdivisions;
413	(ii) is exported from this state if proof of actual exportation on forms prescribed by the
414	commission is made within 180 days after exportation;
415	(iii) is used in a vehicle off-highway;
416	(iv) is used to operate a power take-off unit of a vehicle;
417	(v) is used for off-highway agricultural uses;
418	(vi) is used in a separately fueled engine on a vehicle that does not propel the vehicle
419	upon the highways of the state; or
420	(vii) is used in machinery and equipment not registered and not required to be
421	registered for highway use.
422	(3) No tax is imposed or collected on special fuel if it is:
423	(a) (i) purchased for business use in machinery and equipment not registered and not
424	required to be registered for highway use; and
425	[(b)] (ii) used pursuant to the conditions of a state implementation plan approved under
426	Title 19, Chapter 2, Air Conservation Act[:]: or
427	(b) propane or electricity.
428	(4) Upon request of a buyer meeting the requirements under Subsection (3), the

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458 459 provided in Subsection (9) and this Subsection (10).

429 Division of Air Quality shall issue an exemption certificate that may be shown to a seller. 430 (5) The special fuel tax shall be paid by the supplier. 431 (6) (a) The special fuel tax shall be paid by every user who is required by Sections 432 59-13-303 and 59-13-305 to obtain a special fuel user permit and file special fuel tax reports. 433 (b) The user shall receive a refundable credit for special fuel taxes paid on purchases 434 which are delivered into vehicles and for which special fuel tax liability is reported. 435 (7) (a) Except as provided under Subsections (7)(b) and (c), all revenue received by the 436 commission from taxes and license fees under this part shall be deposited daily with the state 437 treasurer and credited to the Transportation Fund. 438 (b) An appropriation from the Transportation Fund shall be made to the commission to 439 cover expenses incurred in the administration and enforcement of this part and the collection of 440 the special fuel tax. 441 (c) Five dollars of each special fuel user trip permit fee paid under Section 59-13-303 442 may be used by the commission as a dedicated credit to cover the costs of electronic 443 credentialing as provided in Section 41-1a-303. 444 (8) The commission may either collect no tax on special fuel exported from the state or, upon application, refund the tax paid. 445 446 (9) (a) The United States government or any of its instrumentalities, this state, or a 447 political subdivision of this state that has purchased special fuel from a supplier or from a retail 448 dealer of special fuel and has paid the tax on the special fuel as provided in this section is 449 entitled to a refund of the tax and may file with the commission for a quarterly refund in a 450 manner prescribed by the commission. 451 (b) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the 452 commission shall make rules governing the application and refund provided for in Subsection 453 (9)(a). 454 (10) (a) The purchaser shall pay the tax on diesel fuel \$→ or clean fuel ←\$ purchased for 454a uses under 455 Subsections (2)(b)(i), (iii), (iv), (v), (vi), and (vii) and apply for a refund for the tax paid as

(b) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the

commission shall make rules governing the application and refund for off-highway and

nonhighway uses provided under Subsections (2)(b)(iii), (iv), (vi), and (vii).

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460	(c) A refund of tax paid under this part on diesel fuel used for nonhighway agricultural
461	uses shall be made in accordance with the tax return procedures under Section 59-13-202.
462	(11) (a) Beginning on April 1, 2001, a tax imposed under this section on special fuel is
463	reduced to the extent provided in Subsection (11)(b) if:
464	(i) the Navajo Nation imposes a tax on the special fuel;
465	(ii) the tax described in Subsection (11)(a)(i) is imposed without regard to whether the
466	person required to pay the tax is an enrolled member of the Navajo Nation; and
467	(iii) the commission and the Navajo Nation execute and maintain an agreement as
468	provided in this Subsection (11) for the administration of the reduction of tax.
469	(b) (i) If but for Subsection (11)(a) the special fuel is subject to a tax imposed by this
470	section:
471	(A) the state shall be paid the difference described in Subsection (11)(b)(ii) if that
472	difference is greater than \$0; and
473	(B) a person may not require the state to provide a refund, a credit, or similar tax relief
474	if the difference described in Subsection (11)(b)(ii) is less than or equal to \$0.
475	(ii) The difference described in Subsection (11)(b)(i) is equal to the difference
476	between:
477	(A) the amount of tax imposed on the special fuel by this section; less
478	(B) the tax imposed and collected by the Navajo Nation on the special fuel.
479	(c) For purposes of Subsections (11)(a) and (b), the tax paid to the Navajo Nation on
480	the special fuel does not include any interest or penalties a taxpayer may be required to pay to
481	the Navajo Nation.
482	(d) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
483	commission shall make rules governing the procedures for administering the reduction of tax
484	provided under this Subsection (11).
485	(e) The agreement required under Subsection (11)(a):
486	(i) may not:
487	(A) authorize the state to impose a tax in addition to a tax imposed under this chapter;
488	(B) provide a reduction of taxes greater than or different from the reduction described
489	in this Subsection (11); or

(C) affect the power of the state to establish rates of taxation;

491	(ii) shall:
492	(A) be in writing;
493	(B) be signed by:
494	(I) the chair of the commission or the chair's designee; and
495	(II) a person designated by the Navajo Nation that may bind the Navajo Nation;
496	(C) be conditioned on obtaining any approval required by federal law;
497	(D) state the effective date of the agreement; and
498	(E) state any accommodation the Navajo Nation makes related to the construction and
499	maintenance of state highways and other infrastructure within the Utah portion of the Navajo
500	Nation; and
501	(iii) may:
502	(A) notwithstanding Section 59-1-403, authorize the commission to disclose to the
503	Navajo Nation information that is:
504	(I) contained in a document filed with the commission; and
505	(II) related to the tax imposed under this section;
506	(B) provide for maintaining records by the commission or the Navajo Nation; or
507	(C) provide for inspections or audits of suppliers, distributors, carriers, or retailers
508	located or doing business within the Utah portion of the Navajo Nation.
509	(f) (i) If, on or after April 1, 2001, the Navajo Nation changes the tax rate of a tax
510	imposed on special fuel, any change in the amount of the reduction of taxes under this
511	Subsection (11) as a result of the change in the tax rate is not effective until the first day of the
512	calendar quarter after a 60-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice:
513	(A) from the Navajo Nation; and
514	(B) meeting the requirements of Subsection (11)(f)(ii).
515	(ii) The notice described in Subsection (11)(f)(i) shall state:
516	(A) that the Navajo Nation has changed or will change the tax rate of a tax imposed on
517	special fuel;
518	(B) the effective date of the rate change of the tax described in Subsection
519	(11)(f)(ii)(A); and
520	(C) the new rate of the tax described in Subsection (11)(f)(ii)(A).
521	(g) If the agreement required by Subsection (11)(a) terminates, a reduction of tax is not

522	permitted under this Subsection (11) beginning on the first day of the calendar quarter after a
523	30-day period beginning on the day the agreement terminates.
524	(h) If there is a conflict between this Subsection (11) and the agreement required by
525	Subsection (11)(a), this Subsection (11) governs.
526	(12) Beginning on January 1, 2009, a tax imposed under this section on compressed
527	natural gas is imposed at a reduced rate of 8-1/2 cents per gasoline gallon equivalent to be
528	increased or decreased proportionately with any increase or decrease in the rate in Subsection
529	59-13-201(1)(a).
530	Section 7. Section <b>59-13-304</b> is amended to read:
531	59-13-304. Inspection of clean fuel vehicles.
532	[(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4), a user of special fuel who owns a vehicle
533	powered by a clean special fuel as defined under Section 59-13-102 shall pay a clean special
534	fuel tax as provided under this section for use of clean special fuel.]
535	[(b) A user of special fuel who qualifies for the clean special fuel tax shall annually
536	purchase from the commission a clean special fuel tax certificate for each vehicle owned or
537	leased that is powered by a clean special fuel.]
538	[(c) Clean special fuel tax certificates are provided to encourage the use of clean fuels
539	to reduce air pollution.]
540	[(2) (a) The fee for a clean special fuel tax certificate is:]
541	[(i) 70/.19 of the tax per gallon imposed under Subsection 59-13-201(1)(a), rounded up
542	to the nearest dollar, for qualified motor vehicles as defined under Section 59-13-102; and]
543	[(ii) 36/.19 of the tax per gallon imposed under Subsection 59-13-201(1)(a), rounded
544	up to the nearest dollar, for other vehicles.]
545	[(b)] (1) The commission may require each <u>clean fuel</u> vehicle to be inspected for safe
546	operation [before issuing the certificate].
547	[(c)] (2) Each clean fuel vehicle shall be equipped with an approved and properly
548	installed carburetion system if it is powered by a fuel that is gaseous at standard atmospheric
549	conditions.
550	[(3) (a) Beginning January 1, 2001 through December 31, 2010, there is imposed a
551	surcharge of \$35 on each clean special fuel tax certificate issued under this section.]
552	[(b) (i) Until Subsection (3)(b)(ii) applies, surcharges imposed under Subsection (3)(a)

)))	shan be deposited into the Centennia Highway Pund Restricted Account created under Section						
554	<del>72-2-118.</del> ]						
555	[(ii) When the highway general obligation bonds have been paid off and the highway						
556	projects completed that are intended to be paid from revenues deposited in the Centennial						
557	Highway Fund Restricted Account as determined by the Executive Appropriations Committee						
558	under Subsection 72-2-118(6)(d), the surcharge imposed under Subsection (3)(a) shall be						
559	deposited into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 created by Section 72-2-124.]						
560	[(4) A governmental entity identified in Subsection 59-13-301(9) that owns or leases a						
561	vehicle powered by a special fuel that qualifies as a clean special fuel is exempt from the clean						
562	special fuel tax imposed under this section.]						
563	Section 8. Section <b>59-13-314</b> is amended to read:						
564	59-13-314. Special fuel user permit required before registration of vehicle.						
565	Before registering any motor vehicle which is operated by special fuels, the registered						
566	owner or lessee of the vehicle shall obtain[:(1)] a valid special fuel user permit for the current						
567	year if required under Section 59-13-303[; or].						
568	[(2) a valid clean special fuel tax certificate for the current year if required under						
569	<del>Section 59-13-304.</del> ]						
570	Section 9. Section <b>72-2-124</b> is amended to read:						
571	72-2-124. Transportation Investment Fund of 2005.						
572	(1) There is created a special revenue fund entitled the Transportation Investment Fund						
573	of 2005.						
574	(2) The fund consists of monies generated from the following sources:						
575	(a) any voluntary contributions received for the maintenance, construction,						
576	reconstruction, or renovation of state and federal highways; and						
577	(b) appropriations made to the fund by the Legislature.						
578	(3) When the highway general obligation bonds have been paid off and the highway						
579	projects completed that are intended to be paid from revenues deposited in the Centennial						
580	Highway Fund Restricted Account as determined by the Executive Appropriations Committee						
581	under Subsection 72-2-118(6)(d), the fund shall also consist of monies generated from the						
582	following sources:						
583	(a) registration fees designated under Subsection 41-1a-1201(6)(a); and						

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584	[(b) the clean special fuel tax certificate surcharge under Subsection 59-13-304(3);
585	and]
586	[(c)] (b) the sales and use tax amounts provided for in Section 59-12-103.
587	(4) (a) The fund shall earn interest.
588	(b) All interest earned on fund monies shall be deposited into the fund.
589	(5) (a) Except as provided in Subsections (5)(b) and (c), the executive director may use
590	fund monies only to pay the costs of maintenance, construction, reconstruction, or renovation
591	to state and federal highways prioritized by the Transportation Commission through the
592	prioritization process for new transportation capacity projects adopted under Section 72-1-304.
593	(b) The executive director may use fund monies deposited into the fund in fiscal year
594	2006 only to pay the costs of maintenance, construction, reconstruction, or renovation to state
595	and federal highways prioritized by the Transportation Commission.
596	(c) The executive director may use fund monies to exchange for an equal or greater
597	amount of federal transportation funds to be used as provided in Subsection (5)(a).
598	Section 10. Effective date.
599	This bill takes effect on January 1, 2009.

#### H.B. 106 1st Sub. (Buff) - Clean Air and Efficient Vehicle Tax Incentives

# **Fiscal Note**

2008 General Session State of Utah

## **State Impact**

Enactment of this bill would decrease the Education Fund by \$15,100 in FY 2009 and by \$3,600 in FY 2010. There is a potential increase in Transportation Fund revenues of \$10,800 in FY 2009 and by \$68,900 in FY 2010. There is a potential increase in sales tax revenue as clean fuels become subject to the sales tax.

	FY 2008 <u>Approp.</u>	FY 2009 <u>Approp.</u>	FY 2010 <u>Approp.</u>	FY 2008	FY 2009	FY 2010
				Revenue	Revenue	Revenue
Education Fund	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	(\$15,100)	(\$3,600)
Transportation Fund	\$0	\$0	\$0	90	\$10.800	
Total	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	(\$4,300)	\$65,300

## Individual, Business and/or Local Impact

Enactment of this bill likely will not result in direct, measurable costs and/or benefits for local governments. Certain individuals and businesses would receive potential tax credits. There is also a potential tax increase for individuals resulting from the imposition of a clean fuel tax.

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Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst