Enrolled Copy	H.B. 1	122

1	DRIVER LICENSE - APPLICATION OF
2	MINOR AMENDMENTS
3	2008 GENERAL SESSION
4	STATE OF UTAH
5	Chief Sponsor: David Litvack
6	Senate Sponsor: D. Chris Buttars
7	
8	LONG TITLE
9	General Description:
10	This bill modifies the Utah Human Services Code and the Driver Licensing Act by
11	amending provisions relating to driver license applications by certain minors.
12	Highlighted Provisions:
13	This bill:
14	 clarifies that a guardianship relationship between a foster parent and a minor who is
15	in the legal custody of the Division of Child and Family Services is included in the
16	relationships that are covered under certain insurance policies;
17	 provides that if a minor is in the legal custody of the Division of Child and Family
18	Services, a parent or responsible adult who is willing to assume certain obligations
19	and liability requirements may sign the minor's application for a learner permit or
20	provisional driver license;
21	► limits the liability of a foster parent who signs an application for a foster child's
22	driver license;
23	 provides that the Office of Licensing within the Department of Human Services shall
24	require a child placing agency that provides foster home services to notify a foster
25	parent of the liability requirements when signing as a responsible adult for a foster
26	child to receive a learner permit or provisional driver license;
27	• grants the Office of Licensing rulemaking authority to establish procedures for a
28	child placing agency to provide the notifications;
29	 authorizes the Division of Child and Family Services to reimburse a foster parent for

30	providing motor vehicle insurance coverage for a foster child who is in the legal custody of the
31	division;
32	 grants the Division of Child and Family Services rulemaking authority to establish a
33	procedure, eligibility requirements, and a method for determining the amount for
34	motor vehicle insurance coverage reimbursements;
35	 requires the Division of Child and Family Services to report to the Transportation
36	Interim Committee; and
37	makes technical changes.
38	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
39	None
40	Other Special Clauses:
41	None
42	Utah Code Sections Affected:
43	AMENDS:
44	31A-22-303 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 295
45	53-3-211 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 201
46	ENACTS:
47	62A-2-108.5 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
48	62A-4a-121 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
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50	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
51	Section 1. Section 31A-22-303 is amended to read:
52	31A-22-303. Motor vehicle liability coverage.
53	(1) (a) In addition to complying with the requirements of Chapter 21, Insurance
54	Contracts in General, and Chapter 22, Part 2, Liability Insurance in General, a policy of motor
55	vehicle liability coverage under Subsection 31A-22-302(1)(a) shall:
56	(i) name the motor vehicle owner or operator in whose name the policy was purchased,
57	state that named insured's address, the coverage afforded, the premium charged, the policy

period, and the limits of liability;

(ii) (A) if it is an owner's policy, designate by appropriate reference all the motor vehicles on which coverage is granted, insure the person named in the policy, insure any other person using any named motor vehicle with the express or implied permission of the named insured, and, except as provided in Subsection (7), insure any person included in Subsection (1)(a)(iii) against loss from the liability imposed by law for damages arising out of the ownership, maintenance, or use of these motor vehicles within the United States and Canada, subject to limits exclusive of interest and costs, for each motor vehicle, in amounts not less than the minimum limits specified under Section 31A-22-304; or

- (B) if it is an operator's policy, insure the person named as insured against loss from the liability imposed upon him by law for damages arising out of the insured's use of any motor vehicle not owned by him, within the same territorial limits and with the same limits of liability as in an owner's policy under Subsection (1)(a)(ii)(A);
- (iii) except as provided in Subsection (7), insure persons related to the named insured by blood, marriage, adoption, or guardianship who are residents of the named insured's household, including those who usually make their home in the same household but temporarily live elsewhere, to the same extent as the named insured;
- (iv) where a claim is brought by the named insured or a person described in Subsection (1)(a)(iii), the available coverage of the policy may not be reduced or stepped-down because:
- (A) a permissive user driving a covered motor vehicle is at fault in causing an accident; or
 - (B) the named insured or any of the persons described in this Subsection (1)(a)(iii) driving a covered motor vehicle is at fault in causing an accident; and
 - (v) cover damages or injury resulting from a covered driver of a motor vehicle who is stricken by an unforeseeable paralysis, seizure, or other unconscious condition and who is not reasonably aware that paralysis, seizure, or other unconscious condition is about to occur to the extent that a person of ordinary prudence would not attempt to continue driving.
 - (b) The driver's liability under Subsection (1)(a)(v) is limited to the insurance coverage.

86	(c) (i) "Guardianship" under Subsection (1)(a)(iii) includes the relationship between a
87	foster parent and a minor who is in the legal custody of the Division of Child and Family
88	Services if:
89	(A) the minor resides in a foster home, as defined in Section 62A-2-101, with a foster
90	parent who is the named insured; and
91	(B) the foster parent has signed to be jointly and severally liable for compensatory
92	damages caused by the minor's operation of a motor vehicle in accordance with Section
93	<u>53-3-211.</u>
94	(ii) "Guardianship" as defined under this Subsection (1)(c) ceases to exist when a minor
95	described in Subsection (1)(c)(i)(A) is no longer a resident of the named insured's household.
96	(2) (a) A policy containing motor vehicle liability coverage under Subsection
97	31A-22-302(1)(a) may:
98	(i) provide for the prorating of the insurance under that policy with other valid and
99	collectible insurance;
100	(ii) grant any lawful coverage in addition to the required motor vehicle liability
101	coverage;
102	(iii) if the policy is issued to a person other than a motor vehicle business, limit the
103	coverage afforded to a motor vehicle business or its officers, agents, or employees to the
104	minimum limits under Section 31A-22-304, and to those instances when there is no other valid
105	and collectible insurance with at least those limits, whether the other insurance is primary,
106	excess, or contingent; and
107	(iv) if issued to a motor vehicle business, restrict coverage afforded to anyone other
108	than the motor vehicle business or its officers, agents, or employees to the minimum limits under
109	Section 31A-22-304, and to those instances when there is no other valid and collectible
110	insurance with at least those limits, whether the other insurance is primary, excess, or
111	contingent.
112	(b) (i) The liability insurance coverage of a permissive user of a motor vehicle owned by
113	a motor vehicle business shall be primary coverage.

(ii) The liability insurance coverage of a motor vehicle business shall be secondary to the liability insurance coverage of a permissive user as specified under Subsection (2)(b)(i).

(3) Motor vehicle liability coverage need not insure any liability:

- (a) under any workers' compensation law under Title 34A, Utah Labor Code;
- (b) resulting from bodily injury to or death of an employee of the named insured, other than a domestic employee, while engaged in the employment of the insured, or while engaged in the operation, maintenance, or repair of a designated vehicle; or
- (c) resulting from damage to property owned by, rented to, bailed to, or transported by the insured.
- (4) An insurance carrier providing motor vehicle liability coverage has the right to settle any claim covered by the policy, and if the settlement is made in good faith, the amount of the settlement is deductible from the limits of liability specified under Section 31A-22-304.
- (5) A policy containing motor vehicle liability coverage imposes on the insurer the duty to defend, in good faith, any person insured under the policy against any claim or suit seeking damages which would be payable under the policy.
- (6) (a) If a policy containing motor vehicle liability coverage provides an insurer with the defense of lack of cooperation on the part of the insured, that defense is not effective against a third person making a claim against the insurer, unless there was collusion between the third person and the insured.
- (b) If the defense of lack of cooperation is not effective against the claimant, after payment, the insurer is subrogated to the injured person's claim against the insured to the extent of the payment and is entitled to reimbursement by the insured after the injured third person has been made whole with respect to the claim against the insured.
- (7) A policy of motor vehicle liability coverage under Subsection 31A-22-302(1) may specifically exclude from coverage a person who is a resident of the named insured's household, including a person who usually makes his home in the same household but temporarily lives elsewhere, if:
 - (a) at the time of the proposed exclusion, each person excluded from coverage satisfies

the owner's or operator's security requirement of Section 41-12a-301, independently of the named insured's proof of owner's or operator's security;

- (b) the named insured and the person excluded from coverage each provide written consent to the exclusion; and
- (c) the insurer includes the name of each person excluded from coverage in the evidence of insurance provided to an additional insured or loss payee.
- (8) A policy of motor vehicle liability coverage may limit coverage to the policy minimum limits under Section 31A-22-304 if the insured motor vehicle is operated by a person who has consumed any alcohol or any illegal drug or illegal substance if the policy or a specifically reduced premium was extended to the insured upon express written declaration executed by the insured that the insured motor vehicle would not be so operated.
- (9) (a) When a claim is brought exclusively by a named insured or a person described in Subsection (1)(a)(iii) and asserted exclusively against a named insured or an individual described in Subsection (1)(a)(iii), the claimant may elect to resolve the claim:
 - (i) by submitting the claim to binding arbitration; or
- (ii) through litigation.

- (b) Once the claimant has elected to commence litigation under Subsection (9)(a)(ii), the claimant may not elect to resolve the claim through binding arbitration under this section without the written consent of both parties and the defendant's liability insurer.
- (c) (i) Unless otherwise agreed on in writing by the parties, a claim that is submitted to binding arbitration under Subsection (9)(a)(i) shall be resolved by a panel of three arbitrators.
- (ii) Unless otherwise agreed on in writing by the parties, each party shall select an arbitrator. The arbitrators selected by the parties shall select a third arbitrator.
- (d) Unless otherwise agreed on in writing by the parties, each party will pay the fees and costs of the arbitrator that party selects. Both parties shall share equally the fees and costs of the third arbitrator.
- (e) Except as otherwise provided in this section, an arbitration procedure conducted under this section shall be governed by Title 78, Chapter 31a, Utah Uniform Arbitration Act,

unless otherwise agreed on in writing by the parties.

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- 171 (f) (i) Discovery shall be conducted in accordance with Rules 26b through 36, Utah
 172 Rules of Civil Procedure.
- (ii) All issues of discovery shall be resolved by the arbitration panel.
- 174 (g) A written decision of two of the three arbitrators shall constitute a final decision of the arbitration panel.
 - (h) Prior to the rendering of the arbitration award:
- 177 (i) the existence of a liability insurance policy may be disclosed to the arbitration panel; 178 and
 - (ii) the amount of all applicable liability insurance policy limits may not be disclosed to the arbitration panel.
 - (i) The amount of the arbitration award may not exceed the liability limits of all the defendant's applicable liability insurance policies, including applicable liability umbrella policies. If the initial arbitration award exceeds the liability limits of all applicable liability insurance policies, the arbitration award shall be reduced to an amount equal to the liability limits of all applicable liability insurance policies.
 - (j) The arbitration award is the final resolution of all claims between the parties unless the award was procured by corruption, fraud, or other undue means.
 - (k) If the arbitration panel finds that the action was not brought, pursued, or defended in good faith, the arbitration panel may award reasonable fees and costs against the party that failed to bring, pursue, or defend the claim in good faith.
 - (l) Nothing in this section is intended to limit any claim under any other portion of an applicable insurance policy.
 - (10) An at-fault driver or an insurer issuing a policy of insurance under this part that is covering an at-fault driver may not reduce compensation to an injured party based on the injured party not being covered by a policy of insurance that provides personal injury protection coverage under Sections 31A-22-306 through 31A-22-309.
 - Section 2. Section **53-3-211** is amended to read:

198	53-3-211. Application of minors Liability of person signing application
199	Cancellation of cosigning adult's liability Behind-the-wheel driving certification.
200	(1) As used in this section, "minor" means any person younger than 18 years of age
201	who is not married or has not been emancipated by adjudication.
202	(2) (a) The application of a minor for a [temporary learner permit, practice permit,]
203	learner permit[7] or provisional license shall be signed by the parent or guardian of the applicant.
204	(b) If the minor applicant does not have a parent or guardian or is in the legal custody
205	of the Division of Child and Family Services, then a parent or responsible adult who is willing to
206	assume the obligation imposed under this chapter may sign the application.
207	(3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4), the liability of a minor for civil
208	compensatory damages caused when operating a motor vehicle upon a highway is imputed to
209	the person who has signed the application of the minor under Subsection (2).
210	(b) The person who has signed the application under Subsection (2) is jointly and
211	severally liable with the minor as provided in Subsections (3)(a) and (c).
212	(c) The liability imposed under Subsections (3)(a) and (b) is limited to the policy
213	minimum limits established in Section 31A-22-304.
214	(d) The liability provisions in this Subsection (3) are in addition to the liability
215	provisions in Section 53-3-212.
216	(4) (a) If owner's or operator's security covering the minor's operation of the motor
217	vehicle is in effect in amounts as required under Section 31A-22-304, the person who signed the
218	minor's application under Subsection (2) is not subject to the liability imposed under Subsection
219	(3).
220	(b) Notwithstanding the requirement under Subsection (3), if a foster parent signs an
221	application under Subsection (2) for a minor who is in the legal custody of the Division of Child
222	and Family Services and who resides with the foster parent, the foster parent's liability may not
223	exceed the greater of:
224	(i) minimum liability insurance policy limits established under Section 31A-22-304; or

(ii) the policy limits of the foster parent's liability insurance policy issued in accordance

226	with Section 31A-22-302 that were in effect at the time damages were caused by the minor's
227	operation of a motor vehicle.
228	(5) (a) A person who has signed the application of a minor under Subsection (2) may
229	file with the division a verified written request that the permit or license of the minor be
230	canceled.
231	(b) The division shall then cancel the permit or license of the minor, and the person who
232	signed the application of the minor under Subsection (2) is relieved from the liability imposed
233	under Subsection (3) or the minor operating a motor vehicle subsequent to the cancellation.
234	(6) (a) The division upon receipt of satisfactory evidence of the death of the person who
235	signed the application of a minor under Subsection (2) shall cancel the permit or license and
236	may not issue a new permit or license until a new application, signed and verified, is made under
237	this chapter.
238	(b) This Subsection (6) does not apply to an application of a person who is no longer a
239	minor.
240	(7) (a) In addition to the liability assumed under this section, the person who signs the
241	application of a minor for a provisional license must certify that the minor applicant, under the
242	authority of a permit issued under this chapter, has completed at least 40 hours of driving a
243	motor vehicle, of which at least ten hours shall be during night hours after sunset.
244	(b) The hours of driving a motor vehicle required under Subsection (7)(a) may include:
245	(i) hours completed in a driver education course as required under Subsection
246	53-3-505.5(1); and
247	(ii) up to five hours completed by driving simulation practice on a fully interactive
248	driving simulation device at the substitution rate provided under Subsection 53-3-505.5(2)(b).
249	Section 3. Section 62A-2-108.5 is enacted to read:
250	62A-2-108.5. Notification requirement for child placing agencies that provide
251	foster home services Rulemaking authority.
252	(1) The office shall require a child placing agency that provides foster home services to
253	notify a foster parent that if the foster parent signs as the responsible adult for a foster child to

254	receive a driver license under Section 53-3-211:
255	(a) the foster parent is jointly and severally liable with the minor for civil compensatory
256	damages caused by the minor when operating a motor vehicle upon a highway as provided
257	under Subsections 53-3-211(2) and (4); and
258	(b) the foster parent may file with the Driver License Division a verified written request
259	that the learner permit or driver license be canceled in accordance with Section 53-3-211 if the
260	foster child no longer resides with the foster parent.
261	(2) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
262	office may make rules establishing the procedures for a child placing agency to provide the
263	notification required under this section.
264	Section 4. Section 62A-4a-121 is enacted to read:
265	62A-4a-121. Reimbursement of motor vehicle insurance coverage for foster child.
266	(1) Within the amounts appropriated to the division for the purposes described in this
267	section, the division may reimburse a foster parent for providing owner's or operator's security
268	covering a foster child's operation of a motor vehicle in amounts required under Section
269	31A-22-304 if the foster child is in the legal custody of the division.
270	(2) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
271	division shall make rules establishing:
272	(a) a procedure for providing the reimbursement to a foster parent described in
273	Subsection (1);
274	(b) eligibility requirements for a foster parent to qualify for a reimbursement under this
275	section; and
276	(c) a method for determining the amount of reimbursement that a foster parent is
277	eligible to receive under this section.
278	(3) The division shall report to the Transportation Interim Committee no later than
279	November 30, 2009:
280	(a) the number of foster children in the legal custody of the Division of Child and
281	Family Services who have been issued a driver license;

282	(b) the results and impacts on the division and on foster parents signing for a foster
283	child to receive a driver license; and
284	(c) the division's cost of reimbursing foster parents for providing owner's or operator's
285	security in accordance with Subsection (1).

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