<b>ELECTION LAW - FINANCIAL REPORTING</b>
2008 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Bradley M. Daw
Senate Sponsor: Margaret Dayton
LONG TITLE
Committee Note:
The Political Subdivisions Interim Committee recommended this bill.
General Description:
This bill modifies election financial reporting provisions in the Election Code, the
Municipal Code, and Title 17, Counties.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
<ul> <li>requires municipalities and counties to make campaign finance disclosure</li> </ul>
statements that are filed by candidates for elective office available for public
copying and inspection no later than the working day following the date of filing;
requires municipalities and counties to either:
<ul> <li>post an electronic copy or the contents of the disclosure statement on the</li> </ul>
municipality's or county's website and provide the link to the lieutenant
governor's office; or
<ul> <li>submit a copy of the statement for posting on the lieutenant governor's</li> </ul>
campaign finance disclosure website;
<ul> <li>expands the regulation of political issues committees to include committees that</li> </ul>
receive contributions or make expenditures in relation to local ballot issues, as
opposed to prior regulation of only statewide ballot issues;
<ul><li>clarifies definitions;</li></ul>



28	<ul> <li>requires the lieutenant governor to make campaign finance disclosure statements</li> </ul>
29	available for public copying and inspection no later than the working day following
30	the date of filing;
31	<ul> <li>provides a statutory requirement for the lieutenant governor to post campaign</li> </ul>
32	finance disclosure statements on the Internet;
33	<ul> <li>requires the lieutenant governor to post each campaign finance statement that is</li> </ul>
34	provided by a municipality or a county on its website; and
35	<ul><li>makes technical changes.</li></ul>
36	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
37	None
38	Other Special Clauses:
39	None
40	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
41	AMENDS:
42	10-3-208, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 256
43	17-16-6.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 215
44	20A-11-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2004, Chapter 90
45	<b>20A-11-103</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapter 166
46	<b>20A-11-802</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapters 160 and 304
47 48	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
49	Section 1. Section 10-3-208 is amended to read:
50	10-3-208. Campaign finance statement in municipal election.
51	(1) As used in this section:
52	(a) "Reporting date" means:
53	(i) ten days before a municipal general election, for a campaign finance statement
54	required to be filed no later than seven days before a municipal general election; and
55	(ii) the day of filing, for a campaign finance statement required to be filed no later than
56	30 days after a municipal primary or general election.
57	(b) "Reporting limit" means:
58	(i) \$50; or

59	(ii) an amount lower than \$50 that is specified in an ordinance of the municipality.
60	(2) (a) (i) Each candidate for municipal office who is not eliminated at a municipal
61	primary election shall file with the municipal clerk or recorder a campaign finance statement:
62	(A) no later than seven days before the date of the municipal general election; and
63	(B) no later than 30 days after the date of the municipal general election.
64	(ii) Each candidate for municipal office who is eliminated at a municipal primary
65	election shall file with the municipal clerk or recorder a campaign finance statement no later
66	than 30 days after the date of the municipal primary election.
67	(b) Each campaign finance statement under Subsection (2)(a) shall:
68	(i) except as provided in Subsection (2)(b)(ii):
69	(A) report all of the candidate's itemized and total:
70	(I) campaign contributions, including in-kind and other nonmonetary contributions,
71	received before the close of the reporting date; and
72	(II) campaign expenditures made through the close of the reporting date; and
73	(B) identify:
74	(I) for each contribution that exceeds the reporting limit, the amount of the contribution
75	and the name of the donor;
76	(II) the aggregate total of all contributions that individually do not exceed the reporting
77	limit; and
78	(III) for each campaign expenditure, the amount of the expenditure and the name of the
79	recipient of the expenditure; or
80	(ii) report the total amount of all campaign contributions and expenditures if the
81	candidate receives \$500 or less in campaign contributions and spends \$500 or less on the
82	candidate's campaign.
83	(3) (a) A municipality may, by ordinance:
84	(i) provide a reporting limit lower than \$50;
85	(ii) require greater disclosure of campaign contributions and expenditures than is
86	required in this section; and
87	(iii) impose additional penalties on candidates who fail to comply with the applicable
88	requirements beyond those imposed by this section.
89	(b) A candidate for municipal office is subject to the provisions of this section and not

90 the provisions of an ordinance adopted by the municipality under Subsection (3)(a) if:

- (i) the municipal ordinance establishes requirements or penalties that differ from those established in this section; and
- (ii) the municipal clerk or recorder fails to notify the candidate of the provisions of the ordinance as required in Subsection (4).
- (4) Each municipal clerk or recorder shall, at the time the candidate for municipal office files a declaration of candidacy, and again 14 days before each municipal general election, notify the candidate in writing of:
- (a) the provisions of statute or municipal ordinance governing the disclosure of campaign contributions and expenditures;
- (b) the dates when the candidate's campaign finance statement is required to be filed; and
- (c) the penalties that apply for failure to file a timely campaign finance statement, including the statutory provision that requires removal of the candidate's name from the ballot for failure to file the required campaign finance statement when required.
- (5) Notwithstanding any provision of Title 63, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act, the municipal clerk or recorder shall:
- (a) make each campaign finance statement filed by a candidate available for public inspection and copying no later than one business day after the statement is filed[:]; and
- (b) make the campaign finance statement filed by a candidate available for public inspection by:
- (i) (A) posting an electronic copy or the contents of the statement on the municipality's website no later than seven business days after the statement is filed; and
- (B) verifying that the address of the municipality's website has been provided to the lieutenant governor in order to meet the requirements of Subsection 20A-11-103(5); or
- (ii) submitting a copy of the statement to the lieutenant governor for posting on the website established by the lieutenant governor under Section 20A-11-103 no later than two business days after the statement is filed.
- (6) (a) If a candidate fails to file a campaign finance statement before the municipal general election by the deadline specified in Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A), the municipal clerk or recorder shall inform the appropriate election official who:

121	(i) shall:
122	(A) if practicable, remove the candidate's name from the ballot by blacking out the
123	candidate's name before the ballots are delivered to voters; or
124	(B) if removing the candidate's name from the ballot is not practicable, inform the
125	voters by any practicable method that the candidate has been disqualified and that votes cast for
126	the candidate will not be counted; and
127	(ii) may not count any votes for that candidate.
128	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (6)(a), a candidate who files a campaign finance
129	statement seven days before a municipal general election is not disqualified if:
130	(i) the statement details accurately and completely the information required under
131	Subsection (2)(b), except for inadvertent omissions or insignificant errors or inaccuracies; and
132	(ii) the omissions, errors, or inaccuracies are corrected in an amended report or in the
133	next scheduled report.
134	(7) A campaign finance statement required under this section is considered filed if it is
135	received in the municipal clerk or recorder's office by 5 p.m. on the date that is it due.
136	(8) (a) A private party in interest may bring a civil action in district court to enforce the
137	provisions of this section or an ordinance adopted under this section.
138	(b) In a civil action under Subsection (8)(a), the court may award costs and attorney's
139	fees to the prevailing party.
140	Section 2. Section <b>17-16-6.5</b> is amended to read:
141	17-16-6.5. Campaign financial disclosure in county elections.
142	(1) (a) By January 1, 1996, each county shall adopt an ordinance establishing campaign
143	finance disclosure requirements for candidates for county office.
144	(b) The ordinance shall include:
145	(i) a requirement that each candidate for county office report his itemized and total
146	campaign contributions and expenditures at least once within the two weeks before the election
147	and at least once within two months after the election;
148	(ii) a definition of "contribution" and "expenditure" that requires reporting of
149	nonmonetary contributions such as in-kind contributions and contributions of tangible things;
150	and

(iii) a requirement that the financial reports identify:

152 (A) for each contribution of more than \$50, the name of the donor of the contribution 153 and the amount of the contribution; and 154 (B) for each expenditure, the name of the recipient and the amount of the expenditure. 155 (2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), if any county fails to adopt a campaign 156 finance disclosure ordinance by January 1, 1996, candidates for county office shall comply 157 with the financial reporting requirements contained in Subsections (3) through (6). 158 (b) If, after August 1, 1995, any county adopts a campaign finance ordinance meeting 159 the requirements of Subsection (1), that county need not comply with the requirements of 160 Subsections (3) through (6). 161 (3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), and if there is no county ordinance 162 meeting the requirements of this section, each candidate for elective office in any county who 163 is not required to submit a campaign financial statement to the lieutenant governor shall file a 164 signed campaign financial statement with the county clerk: 165 (i) seven days before the date of the regular general election, reporting each 166 contribution of more than \$50 and each expenditure as of ten days before the date of the regular 167 general election; and 168 (ii) no later than 30 days after the date of the regular general election. 169 (b) Candidates for community council offices are exempt from the requirements of this 170 section. 171 (4) (a) The statement filed seven days before the regular general election shall include: 172 (i) a list of each contribution of more than \$50 received by the candidate, and the name of the donor; 173 174 (ii) an aggregate total of all contributions of \$50 or less received by the candidate; and 175 (iii) a list of each expenditure for political purposes made during the campaign period, 176 and the recipient of each expenditure. 177 (b) The statement filed 30 days after the regular general election shall include:

(i) a list of each contribution of more than \$50 received after the cutoff date for the statement filed seven days before the election, and the name of the donor;

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- (ii) an aggregate total of all contributions of \$50 or less received by the candidate after the cutoff date for the statement filed seven days before the election; and
  - (iii) a list of all expenditures for political purposes made by the candidate after the

cutoff date for the statement filed seven days before the election, and the recipient of each expenditure.

- (5) Candidates for elective office in any county who are eliminated at a primary election shall file a signed campaign financial statement containing the information required by this section not later than 30 days after the primary election.
  - (6) Any person who fails to comply with this section is guilty of an infraction.
- 189 (7) Counties may, by ordinance, enact requirements that:
  - (a) require greater disclosure of campaign contributions and expenditures; and
- (b) impose additional penalties.

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- (8) (a) If a candidate fails to file an interim report due before the election, the county clerk shall, after making a reasonable attempt to discover if the report was timely mailed, inform the appropriate election officials who:
  - (i) shall, if practicable, remove the name of the candidate by blacking out the candidate's name before the ballots are delivered to voters; or
  - (ii) shall, if removing the candidate's name from the ballot is not practicable, inform the voters by any practicable method that the candidate has been disqualified and that votes cast for the candidate will not be counted; and
    - (iii) may not count any votes for that candidate.
    - (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (8)(a), a candidate is not disqualified if:
    - (i) the candidate files the reports required by this section;
  - (ii) those reports are completed, detailing accurately and completely the information required by this section except for inadvertent omissions or insignificant errors or inaccuracies; and
  - (iii) those omissions, errors, or inaccuracies are corrected in an amended report or in the next scheduled report.
    - (c) A report is considered filed if:
- 209 (i) it is received in the county clerk's office no later than 5 p.m. on the date that it is 210 due;
- 211 (ii) it is received in the county clerk's office with a U.S. Postal Service postmark three 212 days or more before the date that the report was due; or
- 213 (iii) the candidate has proof that the report was mailed, with appropriate postage and

214	addressing, three days before the report was due.
215	(9) (a) Any private party in interest may bring a civil action in district court to enforce
216	the provisions of this section or any ordinance adopted under this section.
217	(b) In a civil action filed under Subsection (9)(a), the court shall award costs and
218	attorney's fees to the prevailing party.
219	(10) Notwithstanding any provision of Title 63, Chapter 2, Government Records
220	Access and Management Act, the county clerk shall:
221	(a) make each campaign finance statement filed by a candidate available for public
222	inspection and copying no later than one business day after the statement is filed; and
223	(b) make the campaign finance statement filed by a candidate available for public
224	inspection by:
225	(i) (A) posting an electronic copy or the contents of the statement on the county's
226	website no later than seven business days after the statement is filed; and
227	(B) verifying that the address of the county's website has been provided to the
228	lieutenant governor in order to meet the requirements of Subsection 20A-11-103(5); or
229	(ii) submitting a copy of the statement to the lieutenant governor for posting on the
230	website established by the lieutenant governor under Section 20A-11-103 no later than two
231	business days after the statement is filed.
232	Section 3. Section <b>20A-11-101</b> is amended to read:
233	20A-11-101. Definitions.
234	As used in this chapter:
235	(1) "Address" means the number and street where an individual resides or where a
236	reporting entity has its principal office.
237	(2) "Ballot proposition" includes initiatives, referenda, proposed constitutional
238	amendments, and any other ballot propositions submitted to the voters that are authorized by
239	the Utah Code Annotated 1953.
240	(3) "Candidate" means any person who:
241	(a) files a declaration of candidacy for a public office; or
242	(b) receives contributions, makes expenditures, or gives consent for any other person to
243	receive contributions or make expenditures to bring about the person's nomination or election
244	to a public office.

245	(4) "Chief election officer" means:
246	(a) the lieutenant governor for state office candidates, legislative office candidates,
247	officeholders, political parties, political action committees, corporations, political issues
248	committees, and state school board candidates; and
249	(b) the county clerk for local school board candidates.

- (5) "Continuing political party" means an organization of voters that participated in the last regular general election and polled a total vote equal to 2% or more of the total votes cast for all candidates for the United States House of Representatives.
  - (6) (a) "Contribution" means any of the following when done for political purposes:
- (i) a gift, subscription, donation, loan, advance, or deposit of money or anything of value given to the filing entity;
- (ii) an express, legally enforceable contract, promise, or agreement to make a gift, subscription, donation, unpaid or partially unpaid loan, advance, or deposit of money or anything of value to the filing entity;
- (iii) any transfer of funds from another reporting entity or a corporation to the filing entity;
- (iv) compensation paid by any person or reporting entity other than the filing entity for personal services provided without charge to the filing entity;
- (v) remuneration from any organization or its directly affiliated organization that has a registered lobbyist to compensate a legislator for a loss of salary or income while the Legislature is in session;
- (vi) salaries or other remuneration paid to a legislator by any agency or subdivision of the state, including school districts, for the period the Legislature is in session; and
- (vii) goods or services provided to or for the benefit of the filing entity at less than fair market value.
  - (b) "Contribution" does not include:

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- (i) services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or all of their time on behalf of the filing entity; or
- 273 (ii) money lent to the filing entity by a financial institution in the ordinary course of 274 business.
- 275 (7) (a) "Corporation" means a domestic or foreign, profit or nonprofit, business

276	organization that is registered as a corporation or is authorized to do business in a state and
277	makes any expenditure from corporate funds for:
278	(i) political purposes; or
279	(ii) the purpose of influencing the approval or the defeat of any ballot proposition.
280	(b) "Corporation" does not mean:
281	(i) a business organization's political action committee or political issues committee; or
282	(ii) a business entity organized as a partnership or a sole proprietorship.
283	(8) "Detailed listing" means:
284	(a) for each contribution or public service assistance:
285	(i) the name and address of the individual or source making the contribution or public
286	service assistance;
287	(ii) the amount or value of the contribution or public service assistance; and
288	(iii) the date the contribution or public service assistance was made; and
289	(b) for each expenditure:
290	(i) the amount of the expenditure;
291	(ii) the person or entity to whom it was disbursed;
292	(iii) the specific purpose, item, or service acquired by the expenditure; and
293	(iv) the date the expenditure was made.
294	(9) "Election" means each:
295	(a) regular general election;
296	(b) regular primary election; and
297	(c) special election at which candidates are eliminated and selected.
298	(10) (a) "Expenditure" means:
299	(i) any disbursement from contributions, receipts, or from the separate bank account
300	required by this chapter;
301	(ii) a purchase, payment, donation, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, gift of money,
302	or anything of value made for political purposes;
303	(iii) an express, legally enforceable contract, promise, or agreement to make any
304	purchase, payment, donation, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, gift of money, or anything of
305	value for political purposes;
306	(iv) compensation paid by a corporation or filing entity for personal services rendered

by a person without charge to a reporting entity;

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- (v) a transfer of funds between the filing entity and a candidate's personal campaign committee; or
- (vi) goods or services provided by the filing entity to or for the benefit of another reporting entity for political purposes at less than fair market value.
  - (b) "Expenditure" does not include:
- (i) services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or all of their time on behalf of a reporting entity;
  - (ii) money lent to a reporting entity by a financial institution in the ordinary course of business; or
  - (iii) anything listed in Subsection (10)(a) that is given by a corporation or reporting entity to candidates for office or officeholders in states other than Utah.
  - (11) "Filing entity" means the reporting entity that is filing a report required by this chapter.
  - (12) "Financial statement" includes any summary report, interim report, or other statement disclosing contributions, expenditures, receipts, donations, or disbursements that is required by this chapter.
  - (13) "Governing board" means the individual or group of individuals that determine the candidates and committees that will receive expenditures from a political action committee.
  - (14) "Incorporation" means the process established by Title 10, Chapter 2, Part 1, Incorporation, by which a geographical area becomes legally recognized as a city or town.
    - (15) "Incorporation election" means the election authorized by Section 10-2-111.
    - (16) "Incorporation petition" means a petition authorized by Section 10-2-109.
  - (17) "Individual" means a natural person.
  - (18) "Interim report" means a report identifying the contributions received and expenditures made since the last report.
  - (19) "Legislative office" means the office of state senator, state representative, speaker of the House of Representatives, president of the Senate, and the leader, whip, and assistant whip of any party caucus in either house of the Legislature.
    - (20) "Legislative office candidate" means a person who:
- (a) files a declaration of candidacy for the office of state senator or state representative;

(b) declares himself to be a candidate for, or actively campaigns for, the position of speaker of the House of Representatives, president of the Senate, or the leader, whip, and assistant whip of any party caucus in either house of the Legislature; and

- (c) receives contributions, makes expenditures, or gives consent for any other person to receive contributions or make expenditures to bring about the person's nomination or election to a legislative office.
- (21) "Newly registered political party" means an organization of voters that has complied with the petition and organizing procedures of this chapter to become a registered political party.
  - (22) "Officeholder" means a person who holds a public office.
- (23) "Party committee" means any committee organized by or authorized by the governing board of a registered political party.
- (24) "Person" means both natural and legal persons, including individuals, business organizations, personal campaign committees, party committees, political action committees, political issues committees, labor unions, and labor organizations.
- (25) "Personal campaign committee" means the committee appointed by a candidate to act for the candidate as provided in this chapter.
- (26) (a) "Political action committee" means an entity, or any group of individuals or entities within or outside this state, that solicits or receives contributions from any other person, group, or entity or makes expenditures for political purposes. A group or entity may not divide or separate into units, sections, or smaller groups for the purpose of avoiding the financial reporting requirements of this chapter, and substance shall prevail over form in determining the scope or size of a political action committee.
- (b) "Political action committee" includes groups affiliated with a registered political party but not authorized or organized by the governing board of the registered political party that receive contributions or makes expenditures for political purposes.
  - (c) "Political action committee" does not mean:
  - (i) a party committee;

- (ii) any entity that provides goods or services to a candidate or committee in the regular course of its business at the same price that would be provided to the general public;
  - (iii) an individual;

369	(iv) individuals who are related and who make contributions from a joint checking
370	account;
371	(v) a corporation; or
372	(vi) a personal campaign committee.
373	(27) "Political convention" means a county or state political convention held by a
374	registered political party to select candidates.
375	(28) (a) "Political issues committee" means an entity, or any group of individuals or
376	entities within or outside this state, that solicits or receives donations from any other person,
377	group, or entity or makes disbursements to influence, or to intend to influence, directly or
378	indirectly, any person to:
379	(i) assist in placing a [statewide] ballot proposition on the ballot, assist in keeping a
380	[statewide] ballot proposition off the ballot, or refrain from voting or vote for or vote against
381	any [statewide] ballot proposition; or
382	(ii) sign or refuse to sign an incorporation petition or refrain from voting, vote for, or
383	vote against any proposed incorporation in an incorporation election.
384	(b) "Political issues committee" does not mean:
385	(i) a registered political party or a party committee;
386	(ii) any entity that provides goods or services to an individual or committee in the
387	regular course of its business at the same price that would be provided to the general public;
388	(iii) an individual;
389	(iv) individuals who are related and who make contributions from a joint checking
390	account; or
391	(v) a corporation, except a corporation whose apparent purpose is to act as a political
392	issues committee.
393	(29) (a) "Political issues contribution" means any of the following:
394	(i) a gift, subscription, unpaid or partially unpaid loan, advance, or deposit of money or
395	anything of value given to a political issues committee;
396	(ii) an express, legally enforceable contract, promise, or agreement to make a political
397	issues donation to influence the approval or defeat of any ballot proposition;
398	(iii) any transfer of funds received by a political issues committee from a reporting
399	entity;

400	(iv) compensation paid by another reporting entity for personal services rendered
401	without charge to a political issues committee; and
402	(v) goods or services provided to or for the benefit of a political issues committee at
403	less than fair market value.
404	(b) "Political issues contribution" does not include:
405	(i) services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or all
406	of their time on behalf of a political issues committee; or
407	(ii) money lent to a political issues committee by a financial institution in the ordinary
408	course of business.
409	(30) (a) "Political issues expenditure" means any of the following:
410	(i) any payment from political issues contributions made for the purpose of influencing
411	the approval or the defeat of:
412	(A) a [statewide] ballot proposition; or
413	(B) an incorporation petition or incorporation election;
414	(ii) a purchase, payment, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, or gift of money made for
415	the purpose of influencing the approval or the defeat of:
416	(A) a [statewide] ballot proposition; or
417	(B) an incorporation petition or incorporation election;
418	(iii) an express, legally enforceable contract, promise, or agreement to make any
419	political issues expenditure;
420	(iv) compensation paid by a reporting entity for personal services rendered by a person
421	without charge to a political issues committee; or
422	(v) goods or services provided to or for the benefit of another reporting entity at less
423	than fair market value.
424	(b) "Political issues expenditure" does not include:
425	(i) services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or all
426	of their time on behalf of a political issues committee; or
427	(ii) money lent to a political issues committee by a financial institution in the ordinary
428	course of business.
429	(31) "Political purposes" means an act done with the intent or in a way to influence or
430	tend to influence, directly or indirectly, any person to refrain from voting or to vote for or

against any candidate for public office at any caucus, political convention, primary, or election.

- (32) "Primary election" means any regular primary election held under the election laws.
- (33) "Public office" means the office of governor, lieutenant governor, state auditor, state treasurer, attorney general, state or local school board member, state senator, state representative, speaker of the House of Representatives, president of the Senate, and the leader, whip, and assistant whip of any party caucus in either house of the Legislature.
- (34) (a) "Public service assistance" means the following when given or provided to an officeholder to defray the costs of functioning in a public office or aid the officeholder to communicate with the officeholder's constituents:
- (i) a gift, subscription, donation, unpaid or partially unpaid loan, advance, or deposit of money or anything of value to an officeholder; or
- (ii) goods or services provided at less than fair market value to or for the benefit of the officeholder.
  - (b) "Public service assistance" does not include:
  - (i) anything provided by the state;

- (ii) services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or all of their time on behalf of an officeholder;
- (iii) money lent to an officeholder by a financial institution in the ordinary course of business;
  - (iv) news coverage or any publication by the news media; or
- (v) any article, story, or other coverage as part of any regular publication of any organization unless substantially all the publication is devoted to information about the officeholder.
- (35) "Publicly identified class of individuals" means a group of 50 or more individuals sharing a common occupation, interest, or association that contribute to a political action committee or political issues committee and whose names can be obtained by contacting the political action committee or political issues committee upon whose financial report they are listed.
  - (36) "Receipts" means contributions and public service assistance.
- 461 (37) "Registered lobbyist" means a person registered under Title 36, Chapter 11,

Lobbyist Disclosure and Regulation Act.

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- 463 (38) "Registered political action committee" means any political action committee that 464 is required by this chapter to file a statement of organization with the lieutenant governor's 465 office.
  - (39) "Registered political issues committee" means any political issues committee that is required by this chapter to file a statement of organization with the lieutenant governor's office.
    - (40) "Registered political party" means an organization of voters that:
  - (a) participated in the last regular general election and polled a total vote equal to 2% or more of the total votes cast for all candidates for the United States House of Representatives for any of its candidates for any office; or
    - (b) has complied with the petition and organizing procedures of this chapter.
    - (41) "Report" means a verified financial statement.
  - (42) "Reporting entity" means a candidate, a candidate's personal campaign committee, an officeholder, and a party committee, a political action committee, and a political issues committee.
    - (43) "School board office" means the office of state school board or local school board.
    - (44) (a) "Source" means the person or entity that is the legal owner of the tangible or intangible asset that comprises the contribution.
    - (b) "Source" means, for political action committees and corporations, the political action committee and the corporation as entities, not the contributors to the political action committee or the owners or shareholders of the corporation.
    - (45) "State office" means the offices of governor, lieutenant governor, attorney general, state auditor, and state treasurer.
      - (46) "State office candidate" means a person who:
      - (a) files a declaration of candidacy for a state office; or
  - (b) receives contributions, makes expenditures, or gives consent for any other person to receive contributions or make expenditures to bring about the person's nomination or election to a state office.
- 491 (47) "Summary report" means the year end report containing the summary of a reporting entity's contributions and expenditures.

(48) "Supervisory board" means the individual or group of individuals that allocate expenditures from a political issues committee.

Section 4. Section **20A-11-103** is amended to read:

# 20A-11-103. Reports -- Form of submission -- Public availability -- Notice of local filings.

- (1) (a) (i) Ten days before a report from a state office candidate, legislative office candidate, state school board candidate, political party, political action committee, political issues committee, or judge is due under this chapter, the lieutenant governor shall inform those candidates, judges, and entities by postal mail or, if requested by the candidate, judge, party, or committee, by electronic mail:
  - (A) that the report is due; and

- (B) the date that the report is due.
- (ii) In addition to the information required by Subsection (1)(a)(i) and in the same mailing, ten days before the interim reports for candidates or judges are due, the lieutenant governor shall inform the candidate or judge that if the report is not received in the lieutenant governor's office by 5 p.m. on the date that it is due, voters will be informed that the candidate or judge has been disqualified and any votes cast for the candidate or judge will not be counted.
- (iii) In addition to the information required by Subsection (1)(a)(i) and in the same mailing, ten days before the interim reports or verified financial statements for entities that are due September 15 and before the regular general election are due, and ten days before summary reports or January 5 financial statements are due, the lieutenant governor shall inform the entity, candidate, judge, or officeholder that if the report is not received in the lieutenant governor's office by the date that it is due, the entity, candidate, judge, or officeholder may be guilty of a class B misdemeanor for failing to file the report or statement.
- (b) Ten days before a report from a local school board candidate is due under this chapter, the county clerk shall inform the candidate by postal mail or, if requested, by electronic mail:
  - (i) that the report is due;
  - (ii) the date that the report is due; and
- 522 (iii) if the report is not received in the county clerk's office by 5 p.m. on the date that it 523 is due, voters will be informed that the candidate has been disqualified and any votes cast for

324	the candidate will not be counted.
525	(2) Persons or entities submitting reports required by this chapter may submit them:
526	(a) on paper, printed, typed, or legibly handwritten or hand printed;
527	(b) on a computer disk according to specifications established by the chief election
528	officer that protect against fraudulent filings and secure the accuracy of the information
529	contained on the computer disk;
530	(c) via fax; or
531	(d) via electronic mail according to specifications established by the chief election
532	officer.
533	(3) A report is considered filed if:
534	(a) it is received in the chief election officer's office no later than 5:00 p.m. on the date
535	that it is due;
536	(b) it is received in the chief election officer's office with a postmark three days or
537	more before the date that the report was due; or
538	(c) the candidate, judge, or entity has proof that the report was mailed, with appropriate
539	postage and addressing, three days before the report was due.
540	(4) Notwithstanding any provision of Title 63, Chapter 2, Government Records Access
541	and Management Act, the lieutenant governor shall:
542	(a) make each campaign finance statement filed by a candidate available for public
543	inspection and copying no later than one business day after the statement is filed; and
544	(b) post an electronic copy or the contents of each campaign finance statement on a
545	website established by the lieutenant governor:
546	(i) for campaign finance statements submitted to the lieutenant governor under the
547	requirements of Section 10-3-208 or Section 17-16-6.5, no later than seven business days after
548	the date of receipt of the campaign finance statement; or
549	(ii) for a campaign finance statement filed under the requirements of this chapter, no
550	later than seven business days after the date the statement is due.
551	(5) If a municipality, under Section 10-3-208, or a county, under Section 17-16-6.5,
552	elects to provide campaign finance disclosure on its own websites, rather than through the
553	lieutenant governor, the website established by the lieutenant governor shall contain a link or
554	other access point to the municipality or county website.

555	Section 5. Section <b>20A-11-802</b> is amended to read:
556	20A-11-802. Political issues committees Financial reporting.
557	(1) (a) Each registered political issues committee that has received political issues
558	contributions totaling at least \$750, or disbursed political issues expenditures totaling at least
559	\$50 during a calendar year [on current or proposed statewide ballot propositions, to influence
560	an incorporation petition or an incorporation election, or on initiative petitions to be submitted
561	to the Legislature], shall file a verified financial statement with the lieutenant governor's office:
562	(i) on January 5, reporting contributions and expenditures as of December 31 of the
563	previous year;
564	(ii) seven days before the date of an incorporation election, if the political issues
565	committee has received donations or made disbursements to affect an incorporation;
566	(iii) March 1;
567	(iv) June 1;
568	(v) at least three days before the first public hearing held as required by Section
569	20A-7-204.1;
570	(vi) at the time the sponsors submit the verified and certified initiative packets to the
571	county clerk as required by Section 20A-7-206;
572	(vii) on September 15; and
573	(viii) seven days before the regular general election.
574	(b) The political issues committee shall report:
575	(i) a detailed listing of all contributions received and expenditures made since the last
576	statement; and
577	(ii) for financial statements filed on September 15 and before the general election, all
578	contributions and expenditures as of three days before the required filing date of the financial
579	statement.
580	(c) The political issues committee need not file a statement under this section if it
581	received no contributions and made no expenditures during the reporting period.
582	(2) (a) That statement shall include:
583	(i) the name, address, and occupation of any individual that makes a political issues
584	contribution to the reporting political issues committee, and the amount of the political issues

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contribution;

(ii) the identification of any publicly identified class of individuals that makes a political issues contribution to the reporting political issues committee, and the amount of the political issues contribution;

- (iii) the name and address of any political issues committee, group, or entity that makes a political issues contribution to the reporting political issues committee, and the amount of the political issues contribution;
- (iv) the name and address of each reporting entity that makes a political issues contribution to the reporting political issues committee, and the amount of the political issues contribution;
  - (v) for each nonmonetary contribution, the fair market value of the contribution;
- (vi) except as provided in Subsection (2)(c), the name and address of each individual, entity, or group of individuals or entities that received a political issues expenditure of more than \$50 from the reporting political issues committee, and the amount of each political issues expenditure;
  - (vii) for each nonmonetary expenditure, the fair market value of the expenditure;
- (viii) the total amount of political issues contributions received and political issues expenditures disbursed by the reporting political issues committee;
- (ix) a paragraph signed by the political issues committee's treasurer or chief financial officer verifying that, to the best of the signer's knowledge, the financial statement is accurate; and
  - (x) a summary page in the form required by the lieutenant governor that identifies:
  - (A) beginning balance;

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- (B) total contributions during the period since the last statement;
- (C) total contributions to date;
- (D) total expenditures during the period since the last statement; and
- (E) total expenditures to date.
  - (b) (i) Political issues contributions received by a political issues committee that have a value of \$50 or less need not be reported individually, but shall be listed on the report as an aggregate total.
  - (ii) Two or more political issues contributions from the same source that have an aggregate total of more than \$50 may not be reported in the aggregate, but shall be reported

617	separately.
618	(c) When reporting political issue expenditures made to circulators of initiative
619	petitions, the political issues committee:
620	(i) need only report the amount paid to each initiative petition circulator; and
621	(ii) need not report the name or address of the circulator.

Legislative Review Note as of 10-22-07 10:35 AM

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

#### H.B. 29 - Election Law - Financial Reporting

## **Fiscal Note**

2008 General Session State of Utah

## **State Impact**

Passage of this bill would require a General Fund appropriation of \$3,000 to the Lieutenant Governor to create an application to manage the electronic reports established in the bill. There is also an ongoing component of \$12,000 for one quarter FTE to manage the reports and to account for annual information technology costs.

	FY 2008	FY 2009	FY 2010	FY 2008	FY 2009	FY 2010
	Approp.	Approp.	Approp.	Revenue	Revenue	Revenue
General Fund	\$0	\$12,000	\$12,000	\$0	\$0	\$0
General Fund, One-Time	\$0	\$3,000	\$0	ΦA	\$0	
Total	\$0	\$15,000	\$12,000	en	en.	\$0
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## Individual, Business and/or Local Impact

Enactment of this bill likely will not result in direct, measurable costs and/or benefits for individuals, businesses, or local governments.

1/11/2008, 9:05:14 AM, Lead Analyst: Wilko, A.

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst