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ADOPTION AND TERMINATION OF

2	PARENTAL RIGHTS
3	2008 GENERAL SESSION
4	STATE OF UTAH
5	Chief Sponsor: Sheryl L. Allen
6	Senate Sponsor: Carlene M. Walker
7	
8	LONG TITLE
9	General Description:
10	This bill amends provisions of the Utah Health Code, the Utah Criminal Code, and the
11	Judicial Code, relating to adoption and the termination of parental rights.
12	Highlighted Provisions:
13	This bill:
14	<ul><li>defines terms;</li></ul>
15	<ul> <li>provides that a child-placing agency has a direct, tangible, and legitimate interest in</li> </ul>
16	the vital records of a child that has been placed with the agency pending finalization
17	of an adoption;
18	<ul> <li>modifies and clarifies the definition of "adoption related expenses" that a person</li> </ul>
19	may pay or accept without committing the crime of "sale of a child";
20	► amends the offense of "sale of a child" to make it a third degree felony to offer to
21	sell or dispose of a child, or to give, or attempt to give, money or another thing of

value to a person with the intent to induce the person to sell or dispose of a child;

whether a parent is unfit or has neglected a child, regardless of whether the child is

in the custody of the Division of Child and Family Services;

• makes incarceration for a felony a factor that a court must consider in determining



26	<ul> <li>modifies requirements relating to taking consents and relinquishments for adoption;</li> </ul>		
27	<ul> <li>clarifies which code provisions must be complied with in order for a court to waive</li> </ul>		
28	the requirement that adoptive parents and the child to be adopted appear before the		
29	court prior to entry of a final decree of adoption;		
30	<ul> <li>requires a child-placing agency and a petitioner for adoption to comply with the</li> </ul>		
31	Indian Child Welfare Act in an adoption proceeding involving an "Indian child";		
32	and		
33	<ul><li>makes technical changes.</li></ul>		
34	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:		
35	None		
36	Other Special Clauses:		
37	This bill coordinates with S.B. 111, Revisor's Statute, by providing technical		
38	amendments.		
39	Utah Code Sections Affected:		
40	AMENDS:		
41	26-2-22, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapters 55 and 56		
42	76-7-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 137		
43	78A-6-508, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3		
44	78B-6-103, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3		
45	78B-6-105, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3		
46	78B-6-107, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3		
47	78B-6-124, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3		
48	78B-6-128, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3		
49	78B-6-129, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3		
50	78B-6-134, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3		
51	78B-6-136, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3		
52	78B-6-143, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3		
53	78B-6-144, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3		
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Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

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Section 1. Section **26-2-22** is amended to read:

57	26-2-22. Inspection of vital records.
58	(1) (a) The vital records shall be open to inspection, but only in compliance with the
59	provisions of this chapter, department rules, and Section [78-30-18] 78B-6-144.
60	(b) It is unlawful for any state or local officer or employee to disclose data contained in
61	vital records contrary to this chapter or department rule.
62	(c) A custodian of vital records may permit inspection of a vital record or issue a
63	certified copy of a record or a part of a record when the custodian is satisfied that the applicant
64	has demonstrated a direct, tangible, and legitimate interest.
65	(2) A direct, tangible, and legitimate interest in a vital record is present only if:
66	(a) the request is from:
67	(i) the subject[ <del>-</del> ;];
68	(ii) a member of the subject's immediate family[7];
69	(iii) the guardian of the subject[ <del>, or</del> ];
70	(iv) a designated legal representative of the subject; or
71	(v) a person, including a child-placing agency as defined in Section 78B-6-103, with
72	whom a child has been placed pending finalization of an adoption of the child;
73	(b) the request involves a personal or property right of the subject of the record;
74	(c) the request is for official purposes of a state, local, or federal governmental agency;
75	(d) the request is for a statistical or medical research program and prior consent has
76	been obtained from the state registrar; or
77	(e) the request is a certified copy of an order of a court of record specifying the record
78	to be examined or copied.
79	(3) For purposes of Subsection (2):
80	(a) "immediate family member" means a spouse, child, parent, sibling, grandparent, or
81	grandchild;
82	(b) a designated legal representative means an attorney, physician, funeral service
83	director, genealogist, or other agent of the subject or the subject's immediate family who has
84	been delegated the authority to access vital records;
85	(c) except as provided in Title 78, Chapter 30, Adoption, a parent, or the immediate
86	family member of a parent, who does not have legal or physical custody of or visitation or

parent-time rights for a child because of the termination of parental rights pursuant to Title 78,

88	Chapter 3a, Juvenile Court Act of 1996, or by virtue of consenting to or relinquishing a child			
89	for adoption pursuant to Title 78, Chapter 30, Adoption, may not be considered as having a			
90	direct, tangible, and legitimate interest; and			
91	(d) a commercial firm or agency requesting names, addresses, or similar information			
92	may not be considered as having a direct, tangible, and legitimate interest.			
93	(4) Upon payment of a fee established in accordance with Section 63-38-3.2, the			
94	following records shall be available to the public:			
95	(a) except as provided in Subsection 26-2-10(4)(b), a birth record, excluding			
96	confidential information collected for medical and health use, if 100 years or more have passed			
97	since the date of birth;			
98	(b) a death record if 50 years or more have passed since the date of death; and			
99	(c) a vital record not subject to Subsection (4)(a) or (b) if 75 years or more have passed			
100	since the date of the event upon which the record is based.			
101	Section 2. Section <b>76-7-203</b> is amended to read:			
102	76-7-203. Sale of child Felony Payment of adoption related expenses.			
103	(1) For purposes of this section:			
104	(a) "[adoption] Adoption related expenses" means expenses that:			
105	(i) are reasonably related to the adoption of a child;			
106	(ii) are incurred for a reasonable amount; and			
107	(iii) may include expenses:			
108	(A) of the mother or father of the child being adopted, including:			
109	(I) legal expenses;			
110	(II) maternity expenses;			
111	(III) medical expenses;			
112	(IV) hospital expenses;			
113	(V) counseling expenses;			
114	(VI) temporary living expenses during the pregnancy or confinement of the mother; or			
115	(VII) expenses for travel between the mother's or father's home and the location where			
116	the child will be born or placed for adoption; [or]			
117	(B) of a directly affected person for:			
118	(I) travel between the directly affected person's home and the location where the child			

119	will be born or placed for adoption; or		
120	(II) temporary living expenses during the pregnancy or confinement of the mother;		
121	[ <del>and</del> ] <u>or</u>		
122	(C) other than those included in Subsection (1)(a)(iii)(A) or (B), that are not made for		
123	the purpose of inducing the mother, parent, or legal guardian of a child to:		
124	(I) place the child for adoption;		
125	(II) consent to an adoption; or		
126	(III) cooperate in the completion of an adoption.		
127	(b) "[directly] <u>Directly</u> affected person" means a person who is:		
128	(i) a parent or guardian of a minor when the minor is the mother or father of the child		
129	being adopted;		
130	(ii) a dependant of:		
131	(A) the mother or father of the child being adopted; or		
132	(B) the parent or guardian described in Subsection (1)(b)(i); or		
133	(iii) the spouse of the mother or father of the child being adopted.		
134	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (3), a person is guilty of a third degree felony if		
135	the person[ <del>-</del> ,]:		
136	(a) while having custody, care, control, or possession of a child, sells, or disposes of		
137	the child, or attempts or offers to sell or dispose of[7] the child, for and in consideration of the		
138	payment of money or [other] another thing of value[:]; or		
139	(b) offers, gives, or attempts to give money or another thing of value to a person, with		
140	the intent to induce or encourage a person to violate Subsection (2)(a).		
141	(3) A person does not violate this section by paying or receiving payment for adoption		
142	related expenses, if:		
143	(a) the expenses are paid as an act of charity; and		
144	(b) [if] the payment is not made for the purpose of inducing the mother, parent, or legal		
145	guardian of a child to:		
146	(i) place the child for adoption;		
147	(ii) consent to an adoption; or		
148	(iii) cooperate in the completion of an adoption.		
149	Section 3. Section <b>78A-6-508</b> is amended to read:		

# 78A-6-508. Evidence of grounds for termination.

- (1) In determining whether a parent or parents have abandoned a child, it is prima facie evidence of abandonment that the parent or parents:
- (a) although having legal custody of the child, have surrendered physical custody of the child, and for a period of six months following the surrender have not manifested to the child or to the person having the physical custody of the child a firm intention to resume physical custody or to make arrangements for the care of the child;
- (b) have failed to communicate with the child by mail, telephone, or otherwise for six months;
  - (c) failed to have shown the normal interest of a natural parent, without just cause; or
  - (d) have abandoned an infant, as described in Subsection 78A-6-316(1).
- (2) In determining whether a parent or parents are unfit or have neglected a child the court shall consider, but is not limited to, the following circumstances, conduct, or conditions:
- (a) emotional illness, mental illness, or mental deficiency of the parent that renders the parent unable to care for the immediate and continuing physical or emotional needs of the child for extended periods of time;
- (b) conduct toward a child of a physically, emotionally, or sexually cruel or abusive nature;
- (c) habitual or excessive use of intoxicating liquors, controlled substances, or dangerous drugs that render the parent unable to care for the child;
- (d) repeated or continuous failure to provide the child with adequate food, clothing, shelter, education, or other care necessary for the child's physical, mental, and emotional health and development by a parent or parents who are capable of providing that care;
- (e) [with regard to a child who is in the custody of the division, if] whether the parent is incarcerated as a result of conviction of a felony, and the sentence is of such length that the child will be deprived of a normal home for more than one year; or
  - (f) a history of violent behavior.
- (3) A parent who, legitimately practicing the parent's religious beliefs, does not provide specified medical treatment for a child is not, for that reason alone, a negligent or unfit parent.
- (4) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), a parent may not be considered neglectful or unfit because of a health care decision made for a child by the child's parent unless the state or

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181	other party to the proceeding shows, by clear and convincing evidence, that the health care
182	decision is not reasonable and informed.
183	(b) Nothing in Subsection (4)(a) may prohibit a parent from exercising the right to
184	obtain a second health care opinion.

- (5) If a child has been placed in the custody of the division and the parent or parents fail to comply substantially with the terms and conditions of a plan within six months after the date on which the child was placed or the plan was commenced, whichever occurs later, that failure to comply is evidence of failure of parental adjustment.
  - (6) The following circumstances constitute prima facie evidence of unfitness:
- (a) sexual abuse, injury, or death of a sibling of the child, or of any child, due to known or substantiated abuse or neglect by the parent or parents;
- (b) conviction of a crime, if the facts surrounding the crime are of such a nature as to indicate the unfitness of the parent to provide adequate care to the extent necessary for the child's physical, mental, or emotional health and development;
- (c) a single incident of life-threatening or gravely disabling injury to or disfigurement of the child; or
- (d) the parent has committed, aided, abetted, attempted, conspired, or solicited to commit murder or manslaughter of a child or child abuse homicide.
  - Section 4. Section **78B-6-103** is amended to read:
- 200 **78B-6-103. Definitions.**
- As used in this part:
  - (1) "Adoptee" means a person who has been legally adopted.
- 203 (2) "Adoption" means the judicial act which creates the relationship of parent and child 204 where it did not previously exist and which permanently deprives a birth parent of parental 205 rights.
  - (3) "Adoption service provider" means a:
- 207 (a) child-placing agency; or
  - (b) licensed counselor who has at least one year of experience providing professional social work services to:
- 210 (i) adoptive parents; or
- 211 (ii) birth parents.

212 (4) "Adult adoptee" means an adoptee who is 21 years of age or older. 213 (5) "Adult sibling" means a brother or sister of the adoptee, who is 21 years of age or 214 older and whose birth mother or father is the same as that of the adoptee. 215 (6) "Birth parent" means a biological mother, a person whose paternity of a child is 216 established, or an alleged father, who has been identified as the father of a child by the child's 217 birth mother, and who has not denied paternity. 218 (7) "Bureau" means the Bureau of Vital Statistics within the Department of Health 219 operating under Title 26, Chapter 2, Utah Vital Statistics Act. 220 (8) "Child-placing agency" means an agency licensed to place children for adoption 221 under Title 62A, Chapter 4a, Part 6, Child Placing. 222 (9) "Cohabiting" means residing with another person and being involved in a sexual 223 relationship with that person. 224 (10) "Division" means the Division of Child and Family Services, within the 225 Department of Human Services, created in Section 62A-4a-103. 226 (11) "Extra-jurisdictional child-placing agency" means an agency licensed to place 227 children for adoption by a district, territory, or state of the United States, other than Utah. 228 [(11)] (12) "Genetic and social history" means a comprehensive report, when 229 obtainable, on an adoptee's birth parents, aunts, uncles, and grandparents, which contains the 230 following information: 231 (a) medical history; 232 (b) health status; 233 (c) cause of and age at death; 234 (d) height, weight, and eye and hair color; 235 (e) ethnic origins; 236 (f) where appropriate, levels of education and professional achievement; and 237 (g) religion, if any. 238 [(12)] (13) "Health history" means a comprehensive report of the adoptee's health 239 status at the time of placement for adoption, and medical history, including neonatal, 240 psychological, physiological, and medical care history. [(13)] (14) "Identifying information" means the name and address of a birth parent or 241

adult adoptee, or other specific information which by itself or in reasonable conjunction with

243	other information may be used to identify that person.		
244	[(14)] (15) "Licensed counselor" means a person who is licensed by the state, or		
245	another state, district, or territory of the United States as a:		
246	(a) certified social worker;		
247	(b) clinical social worker;		
248	(c) psychologist;		
249	(d) marriage and family therapist;		
250	(e) professional counselor; or		
251	(f) an equivalent licensed professional of another state, district, or territory of the		
252	United States.		
253	[(15)] (16) "Parent," for purposes of Section 78B-6-119, means any person described in		
254	Subsections 78B-6-120(1)(b) through (f) from whom consent for adoption or relinquishment		
255	for adoption is required under Sections 78B-6-120 through 78B-6-122.		
256	[(16)] (17) "Unmarried biological father" means a person who:		
257	(a) is the biological father of a child; and		
258	(b) was not married to the biological mother of the child described in Subsection [(16)]		
259	(17)(a) at the time of the child's:		
260	(i) conception; or		
261	(ii) birth.		
262	Section 5. Section <b>78B-6-105</b> is amended to read:		
263	78B-6-105. District court venue Jurisdiction of juvenile court Jurisdiction		
264	over nonresidents Time for filing.		
265	(1) Adoption proceedings shall be commenced by filing a petition with the clerk of the		
266	district court either:		
267	(a) in the district where the person adopting resides, or if the person adopting is not a		
268	resident of this state, in the district where the child was born or in which the child-placing		
269	agency that has custody of the child is located; or		
270	(b) with the juvenile court as provided in Subsection 78A-6-103(1).		
271	(2) All orders, decrees, agreements, and notices in the proceedings shall be filed with		
272	the clerk of the court where the adoption proceedings were commenced under Subsection (1).		
273	(3) A petition for adoption shall be filed within 30 days of the date the adoptee is		

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274	placed in the home of the petitioners for the purpose of adoption, unless:			
275	(a) the time for filing has been extended by the court; or			
276	(b) the adoption is arranged by a [licensed] child-placing agency in which case the			
277	agency may extend the filing time.			
278	(4) (a) If a person whose consent for the adoption is required under Section 78B-6-120			
279	or 78B-6-121 cannot be found within the state, the fact of the minor's presence within the state			
280	shall confer jurisdiction on the court in proceedings under this chapter as to such absent person			
281	provided that due notice has been given in accordance with the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure.			
282	(b) The notice may not include the name of:			
283	(i) the person or persons seeking to adopt the adoptee; or			
284	(ii) an unmarried mother without her consent.			
285	(5) Service of notice as provided in Subsection (6) shall vest the court with jurisdiction			
286	over the person served in the same manner and to the same extent as if the person served was			
287	served personally within the state.			
288	(6) In the case of service outside the state, service completed not less than five days			
289	before the time set in the notice for appearance of the person served, shall be sufficient to			
290	confer jurisdiction.			
291	(7) Computation of periods of time not otherwise set forth in this section shall be made			
292	in accordance with the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure.			
293	Section 6. Section <b>78B-6-107</b> is amended to read:			
294	78B-6-107. Compliance with the Interstate Compact on Placement of Children			
295	Compliance with the Indian Child Welfare Act.			
296	(1) In any adoption proceeding the petition for adoption shall state whether the child			
297	was born in another state and, if so, both the petition and the court's final decree of adoption			
298	shall state that the requirements of Title 62A, Chapter 4a, Part 7, Interstate Compact on			
299	Placement of Children, have been complied with.			
300	(2) In any adoption proceeding involving an "Indian child," as defined in 25 U.S.C.			
301	Sec. 1903, a child-placing agency and the petitioners shall comply with the Indian Child			
302	Welfare Act, Title 25, Chapter 21, of the United States Code.			

Section 7. Section **78B-6-124** is amended to read:

78B-6-124. Persons who may take consents and relinquishments.

305	(1) A consent or relinquishment by a birth mother or an adoptee shall be signed before:
306	(a) a judge of any court that has jurisdiction over adoption proceedings[, or];
307	(b) subject to Subsection (6), a person appointed by [that] the judge [for the purpose of
308	taking] described in Subsection (1)(a) to take consents or relinquishments; or
309	[(b)] (c) subject to Subsection (6), a person who is authorized by a [licensed]
310	child-placing agency to take consents or relinquishments [so long as the signature is notarized
311	or witnessed by two individuals who are not members of the birth mother's immediate family],
312	if the consent or relinquishment grants legal custody of the child to a child-placing agency or
313	an extra-jurisdictional child-placing agency.
314	(2) If the consent or relinquishment of a birth mother or adoptee is taken out of state it
315	shall be signed before:
316	(a) subject to Subsection (6), a person who is authorized by a child-placing agency to
317	take consents or relinquishments, if the consent or relinquishment grants legal custody of the
318	child to a child-placing agency or an extra-jurisdictional child-placing agency;
319	(b) subject to Subsection (6), a person authorized or appointed to take consents or
320	relinquishments by a court of this state that has jurisdiction over adoption proceedings;
321	(c) a court that has jurisdiction over adoption proceedings in the state where the
322	consent or relinquishment is taken; or
323	(d) a person authorized, under the laws of the state where the consent or relinquishment
324	is taken, to take consents or relinquishments of a birth mother or adoptee.
325	(3) The consent or relinquishment of any other person or agency as required by Section
326	78B-6-120 may be signed before a Notary Public or any person authorized to take a consent or
327	relinquishment under Subsection (1) or (2).
328	(4) A person, authorized by Subsection (1) or (2) to take consents or relinquishments,
329	shall certify to the best of his information and belief that the person executing the consent or
330	relinquishment has read and understands the consent or relinquishment and has signed it freely
331	and voluntarily.
332	(5) A person executing a consent or relinquishment is entitled to receive a copy of the
333	consent or relinquishment.
334	(6) A signature described in Subsection (1)(b), (1)(c), (2)(a), or (2)(b), shall be:
335	(a) notarized; or

(b) witne	ssed by two individu	als who are not n	nembers of the birth	n mother's or the
signatory's immed	diate family.			

Section 8. Section **78B-6-128** is amended to read:

## 78B-6-128. Preplacement adoptive evaluations -- Exceptions.

- (1) (a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, a child may not be placed in an adoptive home until a preplacement adoptive evaluation, assessing the prospective adoptive parent and the prospective adoptive home, has been conducted in accordance with the requirements of this section.
- (b) Except as provided in Section 78B-6-131, the court may, at any time, authorize temporary placement of a child in a potential adoptive home pending completion of a preplacement adoptive evaluation described in this section.
- (c) Subsection (1)(a) does not apply if a birth parent has legal custody of the child to be adopted and the prospective adoptive parent is related to that child as a step-parent, sibling by half or whole blood or by adoption, grandparent, aunt, uncle, or first cousin, unless the evaluation is otherwise requested by the court. The prospective adoptive parent described in this Subsection (1)(c) shall, however, obtain the information described in Subsections (2)(a) and (b), and file that documentation with the court prior to finalization of the adoption.
- (d) The required preplacement adoptive evaluation must be completed or updated within the 12-month period immediately preceding the placement of a child with the prospective adoptive parent. If the prospective adoptive parent has previously received custody of a child for the purpose of adoption, the preplacement adoptive evaluation must be completed or updated within the 12-month period immediately preceding the placement of a child with the prospective adoptive parent and after the placement of the previous child with the prospective adoptive parent.
  - (2) The preplacement adoptive evaluation shall include:
- (a) criminal history record information regarding each prospective adoptive parent and any other adult living in the prospective home, prepared by a law enforcement agency based on a fingerprint criminal history check, no earlier than 18 months immediately preceding placement of the child;
- (b) a report prepared by the Department of Human Services containing all information regarding reports and investigation of child abuse, neglect, and dependency, with respect to

each prospective adoptive parent and any other adult living in the prospective home, obtained no earlier than 18 months immediately preceding placement of the child, pursuant to waivers executed by those parties;

- (c) an evaluation conducted by an expert in family relations approved by the court or a certified social worker, clinical social worker, marriage and family therapist, psychologist, professional counselor, or other court-determined expert in family relations, who is licensed to practice under the laws of this state or under the laws of the state where the prospective adoptive parent or other person living in the prospective adoptive home resides. The evaluation shall be in a form approved by the Department of Human Services. Neither the Department of Human Services nor any of its divisions may proscribe who qualifies as an expert in family relations or who may conduct evaluations pursuant to this Subsection (2); and
- (d) if the child to be adopted is a child who is in the custody of any public child welfare agency, and is a child [with] who has a special [needs] need as defined in [Subsection] Section 62A-4a-902[(2)], the preplacement evaluation must be conducted by the Department of Human Services or a [licensed] child-placing agency which has entered into a contract with the department to conduct the preplacement evaluations for children with special needs. Any fee assessed by the evaluating agency is the responsibility of the adopting parent or parents.
- (3) The person or agency conducting the preplacement adoptive evaluation shall, in connection with the evaluation, provide the prospective adoptive parent or parents with literature approved by the Division of Child and Family Services relating to adoption, and including information relating to the adoption process, developmental issues that may require early intervention, and community resources that are available to the adoptive parent or parents.
  - (4) A copy of the preplacement adoptive evaluation shall be filed with the court. Section 9. Section **78B-6-129** is amended to read:

#### 78B-6-129. Postplacement adoptive evaluations.

- (1) Except as provided in Subsections (2) and (3), a postplacement evaluation shall be conducted and submitted to the court prior to the final hearing in an adoption proceeding. The postplacement evaluation shall include:
  - (a) verification of the allegations of fact contained in the petition for adoption;
  - (b) an evaluation of the progress of the child's placement in the adoptive home; and
  - (c) a recommendation regarding whether the adoption is in the best interest of the

398 child.

- (2) The exemptions from and requirements for evaluations, described in Subsections 78B-6-128(1)(c), (2)(c), and (3), also apply to postplacement adoptive evaluations.
- (3) Upon the request of the petitioner, the court may waive the postplacement adoptive evaluation, unless it determines that it is in the best interest of the child to require the postplacement evaluation. Except where the child to be adopted and the prospective parent are related as set forth in Subsection 78B-6-128(1)(c), the court may waive the postplacement adoptive evaluation for a child [with] who has a special [needs] need as defined in Section 62A-4a-902.

Section 10. Section **78B-6-134** is amended to read:

# 78B-6-134. Custody pending final decree.

- (1) Except as otherwise provided by the court, once a petitioner has received the adoptee into his home and a petition for adoption has been filed, the petitioner is entitled to the custody and control of the adoptee and is responsible for the care, maintenance, and support of the adoptee, including any necessary medical or surgical treatment, pending further order of the court.
- (2) Once a child has been placed with, relinquished to, or ordered into the custody of a [licensed] child-placing agency for purposes of adoption, the agency shall have custody and control of the child and is responsible for his care, maintenance, and support. The agency may delegate the responsibility for care, maintenance, and support, including any necessary medical or surgical treatment, to the petitioner once the petitioner has received the child into his home. However, until the final decree of adoption is entered by the court, the agency has the right to the custody and control of the child.
  - Section 11. Section **78B-6-136** is amended to read:

#### 78B-6-136. Final decree of adoption -- Agreement by adoptive parent or parents.

- (1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), <u>before the court enters a final decree of adoption:</u>
- (a) the adoptive parent or parents and the child being adopted shall appear before the appropriate court[;]; and [an agreement shall be executed by]
- (b) the adoptive parent or parents <u>shall execute an agreement</u> stating that the child shall be adopted and treated in all respects as [his] the parent's or parents' own lawful child.

429	(2) Except as provided in Subsection 78B-6-115(4), a court may waive the requirement
430	[that the adoptive parent or parents and the child being adopted appear before the court]
431	described in Subsection (1)(a) if:
432	(a) the adoption is not contested; [and]
433	(b) the adoptive parent or parents:
434	(i) execute an agreement stating that the child shall be adopted and treated in all
435	respects as the parent's or parents' own lawful child;
436	(ii) have the agreement described in Subsection (2)(b)(i) notarized; and
437	(iii) file the agreement described in Subsection (2)(b)(i) with the court; and
438	[(b)] (c) all requirements of this chapter to obtain a final decree of adoption are
439	otherwise complied with.
440	Section 12. Section <b>78B-6-143</b> is amended to read:
441	78B-6-143. Nonidentifying health history of adoptee filed with bureau Limited
442	availability.
443	(1) Upon finalization of an adoption in this state, the person who proceeded on behalf
444	of the petitioner for adoption, or a [licensed] child-placing agency if an agency is involved in
445	the adoption, shall file a report with the bureau, in the form established by the bureau. That
446	report shall include a detailed health history, and a genetic and social history of the adoptee.
447	(2) The report filed under Subsection (1) may not contain any information which
448	identifies the adoptee's birth parents or members of their families.
449	(3) When the report described in Subsection (1) is filed, a duplicate report shall be
450	provided to the adoptive parents.
451	(4) The report filed with the bureau under Subsection (1) shall only be available upon
452	request, and upon presentation of positive identification, to the following persons:
453	(a) the adoptive parents;
454	(b) in the event of the death of the adoptive parents, the adoptee's legal guardian;
455	(c) the adoptee;
456	(d) in the event of the death of the adoptee, the adoptee's spouse, if the spouse is the
457	parent or guardian of the adoptee's child;
458	(e) the adoptee's child or descendant;
459	(f) the adoptee's birth parent; and

460 (g) the adoptee's adult sibling.

- (5) No information which identifies a birth parent or his family may be disclosed under this section.
- (6) The actual cost of providing information under this section shall be paid by the person requesting the information.
  - Section 13. Section **78B-6-144** is amended to read:

## 78B-6-144. Mutual-consent, voluntary adoption registry -- Procedures -- Fees.

- (1) The bureau shall establish a mutual-consent, voluntary adoption registry.
- (a) Adult adoptees and birth parents of adult adoptees, upon presentation of positive identification, may request identifying information from the bureau, in the form established by the bureau. A court of competent jurisdiction or a child-placing agency [licensed under Title 62A, Chapter 4a, Part 6,] may accept that request from the adult adoptee or birth parent, in the form provided by the bureau, and transfer that request to the bureau. The adult adoptee or birth parent is responsible for notifying the bureau of any change in information contained in the request.
- (b) The bureau may only release identifying information to an adult adoptee or birth parent when it receives requests from both the adoptee and his birth parent.
- (c) After matching the request of an adult adoptee with that of at least one of his birth parents, the bureau shall notify both the adoptee and the birth parent that the requests have been matched, and disclose the identifying information to those parties. However, if that adult adoptee has a sibling of the same birth parent who is under the age of 21 years, and who was raised in the same family setting as the adult adoptee, the bureau shall not disclose the requested identifying information to that adult adoptee or his birth parent.
- (2) (a) Adult adoptees and adult siblings of adult adoptees, upon presentation of positive identification, may request identifying information from the bureau, in the form established by the bureau. A court of competent jurisdiction or a child-placing agency [licensed under Title 62A, Chapter 4a, Part 6,] may accept that request from the adult adoptee or adult sibling, in the form provided by the bureau, and transfer that request to the bureau. The adult adoptee or adult sibling is responsible for notifying the bureau of any change in information contained in the request.
  - (b) The bureau may only release identifying information to an adult adoptee or adult

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- sibling when it receives requests from both the adoptee and his adult sibling.
   (c) After matching the request of an adult adoptee with that of his adult sibling, if the
- bureau has been provided with sufficient information to make that match, the bureau shall notify both the adoptee and the adult sibling that the requests have been matched, and disclose the identifying information to those parties.
  - (3) Information registered with the bureau under this section is available only to a registered adult adoptee and his registered birth parent or registered adult sibling, under the terms of this section.
  - (4) Information regarding a birth parent who has not registered a request with the bureau may not be disclosed.
  - (5) The bureau may charge a fee for services provided under this section, limited to the cost of providing those services.
    - Section 14. Coordinating H.B. 46 with S.B. 111 -- Technical amendments.
  - If this H.B. 46 and S.B. 111, Revisor's Statute, both pass, it is the intent of the Legislature that the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel shall prepare the Utah Code database for publication by amending Subsection 78B-6-136(1) to read as follows:
  - "(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), <u>before a court enters a final decree of adoption:</u>
  - (a) the adoptive parent or parents and the child being adopted shall appear before the appropriate court[-;]; and [an agreement shall be executed by]
- 511 (b) the adoptive parent or parents shall execute an agreement stating that the child shall be adopted and treated in all respects as [his] the parent's or parents' own lawful child."

# H.B. 46 1st Sub. (Buff) - Adoption and Termination of Parental Rights

# **Fiscal Note**

2008 General Session State of Utah

# **State Impact**

Enactment of this bill will not require additional appropriations.

# Individual, Business and/or Local Impact

Enactment of this bill likely will not result in direct, measurable costs and/or benefits for individuals, businesses, or local governments.

2/21/2008, 8:43:12 AM, Lead Analyst: Syphus, G.

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst