WATER RIGHT FORFEITURE PROTECTION							
2008 GENERAL SESSION							
STATE OF UTAH							
Chief Sponsor: Patrick Painter							
Senate Sponsor:							
LONG TITLE							
Committee Note:							
The Natural Resources, Agriculture, and Environment Interim Committee							
recommended this bill.							
General Description:							
This bill protects specific entities from forfeiture of water rights for nonuse.							
Highlighted Provisions:							
This bill:							
defines terms;							
changes the nonuse period of a water right from five to seven years;							
 clarifies the forfeiture procedure; 							
 allows a person that owns stock in a water company to file a nonuse application; 							
protects a water right from forfeiture if:							
 a public water supplier holds the water for the reasonable future water 							
requirement of the public;							
 the land where the water is used is under a fallowing program; 							
 the water is stored in an aquifer; and 							
 another water source is available for the beneficial use; 							
 establishes how the reasonable future water requirement of the public are 							
determined; and							
makes technical changes.							



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28	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
29	None
30	Other Special Clauses:
31	None
32	Utah Code Sections Affected:
33	AMENDS:
34	73-1-4, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapters 136 and 329
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36	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
37	Section 1. Section 73-1-4 is amended to read:
38	73-1-4. Reversion to the public by abandonment or forfeiture for nonuse within
39	seven years Extension of time.
40	[(1) (a) In order to further the state policy of securing the maximum use and benefit of
41	its scarce water resources, a person entitled to the use of water has a continuing obligation to
42	place all of a water right to beneficial use.]
43	[(b) The forfeiture of all or part of any right to use water for failure to place all or part
44	of the water to beneficial use makes possible the allocation and use of water consistent with
45	long established beneficial use concepts.]
46	[(c) The provisions of Subsections (2) through (6) shall be construed to carry out the
47	purposes and policies set forth in this Subsection (1).]
48	[(2)] (1) As used in this section[, "public water supply entity"]:
49	(a) "Public entity" means:
50	(i) the United States;
51	(ii) an agency of the United States;
52	(iii) the state;
53	(iv) a state agency;
54	(v) a political subdivision of the state; or
55	(vi) an agency of a political subdivision of the state.
56	(b) "Public water supplier" means an entity that:
57	(i) supplies water [as a utility service or for irrigation purposes and is also:], directly or
58	indirectly, to the public for municipal, domestic, or industrial use; and

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59	<u>(ii) is:</u>					
60	[(a)] (A) a [municipality, water conservancy district, metropolitan water district,					
61	irrigation district, or other public agency] public entity;					
62	[(b)] (B) a water [company regulated] corporation, as defined in Section 54-2-1, that is					
63	regulated by the Public Service Commission; [or]					
64	[(c) any other owner of a community] (C) a public water system[-], as defined in					
65	Section 19-4-102; or					
66	(D) a water users association:					
67	(I) in which one or more public entities own at least 70% of the outstanding shares; and					
68	(II) that is a local sponsor of a water project constructed by the United States Bureau of					
69	Reclamation.					
70	(c) "Water company" is as defined in Section 73-3-3.5.					
71	[(3)] (2) (a) When an appropriator or the appropriator's successor in interest abandons					
72	or ceases to use all or a portion of a water right for a period of [five] seven years, the water					
73	right or the unused portion of that water right [ceases and the water reverts to the public] is					
74	subject to forfeiture in accordance with Subsection (2)(c), unless, before the expiration of the					
75	[five] seven-year period, the appropriator or the appropriator's successor in interest files a					
76	verified nonuse application with the state engineer.					
77	(b) (i) A nonuse application may be filed on all or a portion of the water right,					
78	including water rights held by [mutual irrigation companies] a water company.					
79	(ii) [Public water supply entities] A person that [own] owns stock in a [mutual] water					
80	company, after giving written notice to the water company, may file <u>a</u> nonuse [applications]					
81	application with the state engineer on the water represented by the stock.					
82	(c) (i) A water right or a portion of the water right may not be forfeited unless a judicial					
83	action to declare the right forfeited is commenced within 15 years from the end of the latest					
84	period of nonuse of at least [five] seven years.					
85	(ii) If forfeiture is asserted in an action for general determination of rights in					
86	conformance with the provisions of Chapter 4, Determination of Water Rights, the 15-year					
87	limitation period shall commence to run back in time from the date the state engineer's					
88	proposed determination of rights is served upon each claimant.					
89	(iii) A decree entered in an action for general determination of rights under Chapter 4,					

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90 Determination of Water Rights, shall bar any claim of forfeiture for prior nonuse against any 91 right determined to be valid in the decree, but [shall] does not bar a claim for periods of nonuse 92 that occur after the entry of the decree. 93 (iv) A proposed determination by the state engineer in an action for general 94 determination of rights under Chapter 4, Determination of Water Rights, shall bar any claim of 95 forfeiture for prior nonuse against any right proposed to be valid, unless a timely objection has 96 been filed within the time allowed in Chapter 4, Determination of Water Rights. 97 (d) The extension of time to resume the use of that water may not exceed five years 98 unless the time is further extended by the state engineer.] 99 [(e) The provisions of this section are applicable] 100 (d) This section applies whether the unused or abandoned water or a portion of the 101 water is: 102 (i) permitted to run to waste; or [is] 103 (ii) used by others without right with the knowledge of the water right holder[-104 provided that the use of water pursuant to a lease or other agreement with the appropriator or 105 the appropriator's successor shall be considered to constitute beneficial use]. 106 [(f)] (e) [The provisions of this] This section [shall] does not apply to: 107 (i) the use of water according to a lease or other agreement with the appropriator or the 108 appropriator's successor in interest; 109 (ii) a water right if its place of use is contracted under an approved state agreement or 110 federal conservation fallowing program; 111 [(i) to] (iii) those periods of time when a surface water or groundwater source fails to 112 yield sufficient water to satisfy the water right[, or when groundwater is not available because 113 of a sustained drought]; 114 [(ii) to] (iv) water stored, according to a water right, in [reservoirs pursuant to an 115 existing water right] a surface reservoir or an aquifer, in accordance with Title 73, Chapter 3b, 116 Groundwater Recharge and Recovery Act, where the stored water is being held in storage for 117 present or future use; [or] 118 [(iii) when] (v) a water right if a water user has beneficially used substantially all of

[a] the water right within a [five] seven-year period, provided that this exemption [shall] does

not apply to the adjudication of a water right in a general determination of water rights under

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121	Chapter 4, Determination of Water Rights[:];
122	(vi) a water right:
123	(A) (I) owned by a public water supplier;
124	(II) represented by a public water supplier's ownership interest in a water company; or
125	(III) to which a public water supplier owns the right of use; and
126	(B) conserved or held for the reasonable future water requirement of the public, which
127	is determined according to Subsection (2)(f); or
128	[(g)] (vii) [Groundwater rights used to supplement the quantity or quality of other
129	water supplies may not be subject to loss or reduction under this section if not used] a surface
130	water right or a groundwater right during [periods] a period of time when [the other water
131	source delivers sufficient water] another water right available to the appropriator or the
132	appropriator's successor in interest provides sufficient water so as to not require use of the
133	supplemental surface water right or groundwater right.
134	(f) The reasonable future water requirement of the public is the amount of water
135	needed in the next 30 years by the persons within the public water supplier's projected service
136	area based on projected population growth or other water use demand.
137	[(4)] (3) (a) The state engineer shall furnish [an] a nonuse application form requiring
138	the following information:
139	(i) the name and address of the applicant;
140	(ii) a description of the water right or a portion of the water right, including the point of
141	diversion, place of use, and priority;
142	(iii) the date the water was last diverted and placed to beneficial use;
143	(iv) the quantity of water;
144	(v) the period of use;
145	(vi) the extension of time applied for;
146	(vii) a statement of the reason for the nonuse of the water; and
147	(viii) any other information that the state engineer requires.
148	(b) Filing the <u>nonuse</u> application extends the time during which nonuse may continue
149	until the state engineer issues his order on the nonuse application.
150	(c) (i) Upon receipt of the application, the state engineer shall publish a notice of the
151	application once a week for two successive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation in the

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152	county in which the source of the water supply is located and where the water is to be used.					
153	(ii) The notice shall:					
154	(A) state that an application has been made; and					
155	(B) specify where the interested party may obtain additional information relating to the					
156	application.					
157	(d) Any interested person may file a written protest with the state engineer against the					
158	granting of the application:					
159	(i) within 20 days after the notice is published, if the adjudicative proceeding is					
160	informal; and					
161	(ii) within 30 days after the notice is published, if the adjudicative proceeding is					
162	formal.					
163	(e) In any proceedings to determine whether the application for extension should be					
164	approved or rejected, the state engineer shall follow the procedures and requirements of Title					
165	63, Chapter 46b, Administrative Procedures Act.					
166	(f) After further investigation, the state engineer may approve or reject the application.					
167	[(5)] (4) (a) [Nonuse applications] The state engineer shall grant a nonuse application					
168	on all or a portion of a water right [shall be granted by the state engineer for periods] for a					
169	period of time not exceeding [five] seven years [each, upon a showing of] if the applicant					
170	shows a reasonable cause for nonuse.					
171	(b) [Reasonable causes] A reasonable cause for nonuse [includes] includes:					
172	(i) <u>a</u> demonstrable financial hardship or economic depression;					
173	(ii) the initiation of recognized water conservation or efficiency practices, or the					
174	operation of a groundwater recharge recovery program approved by the state engineer;					
175	(iii) operation of legal proceedings;					
176	[(iv) the holding of a water right or stock in a mutual water company without use by					
177	any public water supply entity to meet the reasonable future requirements of the public;]					
178	[(v)] (iv) situations where, in the opinion of the state engineer, the nonuse would assist					
179	in implementing an existing, approved water management plan; or					
180	[(vi) situations where all or part of the land on which water is used is contracted under					
181	an approved state agreement or federal conservation fallowing program;]					
182	[(vii)] (v) the loss of capacity caused by deterioration of the water supply or delivery					

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equipment if the applicant submits, with the application, a specific plan to resume full use of the water right by replacing, restoring, or improving the equipment[; or].

[(viii) any other reasonable cause.]

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- [(6)] (5) (a) Sixty days before the expiration of [any extension of time] a nonuse application, the state engineer shall notify the applicant by mail or by any form of electronic communication through which receipt is verifiable, of the date when the [extension period] nonuse application will expire.
 - (b) Before the [date of] expiration of the nonuse application, the applicant shall either:
- (i) file a verified statement with the state engineer setting forth the date on which use of the water was resumed, and whatever additional information is required by the state engineer; or
- (ii) apply for [a further extension of time in which to resume use of the water] another nonuse application according to the procedures and requirements of this section.
- (c) Upon receipt of the applicant's properly completed, verified statement, the state engineer shall conduct investigations necessary to verify that beneficial use has resumed and, if so, shall issue a certificate of resumption of use of the water as evidenced by the resumed beneficial use.
- [(7)] (6) The appropriator's water right or a portion of the water right [ceases and the water reverts to the public] is subject to forfeiture in accordance with Subsection (2)(c) if the:
- (a) appropriator or the appropriator's successor in interest fails to apply for an extension of time;
 - (b) state engineer denies the nonuse application; or
- (c) appropriator or the appropriator's successor in interest fails to apply for a further extension of time.

Legislative Review Note as of 11-15-07 7:23 AM

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

H.B. 51 - Water Right Forfeiture Protection

Fiscal Note

2008 General Session State of Utah

State Impact

Enactment of this bill will result in increased revenues of \$33,200 in Dedicated Credits, and will require an appropriation of \$69,400 for FY 2009 and \$62,400 for FY 2010 to the Division of Water Rights.

	FY 2008	FY 2009	FY 2010	FY 2008		FY 2010
	Approp.	Approp.	Approp.	Revenue	Kevenue	T)
General Fund	\$0	\$29,200	\$29,200		40	\$0
General Fund, One-Time	\$0	\$7,000	\$0			\$0
Dedicated Credits	\$0	\$33,200	\$33,200	\$0	\$33,200	
Total	\$0	\$69,400	\$62,400	.511	\$33,200	\$33,200

Individual, Business and/or Local Impact

Enactment of this bill likely will not result in direct, measurable costs and/or benefits for individuals, businesses, or local governments.

1/16/2008, 3:24:13 PM, Lead Analyst: Djambov, I.

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst