

49-13-402 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 130
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 49-12-402 is amended to read:
49-12-402. Service retirement plans Calculation of retirement allowance
Social Security limitations Second election window.
(1) (a) Except as provided under Section 49-12-701, retirees of this system may choose
from the six retirement options described in this section.
(b) If the retiree is married at the time of the election, the election must be approved, in
writing, by the retiree's spouse, unless the retiree's spouse is incapacitated as defined under
Section 75-1-201.
[(b)] (c) Options Two, Three, Four, Five, and Six are modifications of the Option One
calculation.
(2) The Option One benefit is an annual allowance calculated as follows:
(a) If the retiree is at least 65 years of age or has accrued at least 30 years of service
credit, the allowance is:
(i) an amount equal to 1.25% of the retiree's final average monthly salary multiplied by
the number of years of service credit accrued prior to July 1, 1975; plus
(ii) an amount equal to 2% of the retiree's final average monthly salary multiplied by
the number of years of service credit accrued on and after July 1, 1975.
(b) If the retiree is less than 65 years of age, the allowance shall be reduced 3% for
each year of retirement from age 60 to age 65, unless the member has 30 or more years of
accrued credit in which event no reduction is made to the allowance.
(c) (i) Years of service includes any fractions of years of service to which the retiree
may be entitled.
(ii) At the time of retirement, if a retiree's combined years of actual, not purchased,
service credit is within 1/10 of one year of the total years of service credit required for
retirement, the retiree shall be considered to have the total years of service credit required for
retirement.
(d) An Option One allowance is only payable to the member during the member's
lifetime.

- (3) The allowance payable under Options Two, Three, Four, Five, and Six is calculated by reducing an Option One benefit based on actuarial computations to provide the following:
- (a) Option Two is a reduced allowance paid to and throughout the lifetime of the retiree, and, if the retiree receives less in annuity payments than the amount of the retiree's member contributions, the remaining balance of the retiree's member contributions shall be paid in accordance with Sections 49-11-609 and 49-11-610.
- (b) Option Three is a reduced allowance paid to and throughout the lifetime of the retiree, and, upon the death of the retiree, the same reduced allowance paid to and throughout the lifetime of the retiree's lawful spouse at the time of retirement.
- (c) Option Four is a reduced allowance paid to and throughout the lifetime of the retiree, and upon the death of the retiree, an amount equal to 1/2 of the retiree's allowance paid to and throughout the lifetime of the retiree's lawful spouse at the time of retirement.
- (d) Option Five is a modification of Option Three so that if the lawful spouse at the time of retirement predeceases the retiree, an allowance equivalent to the amount payable at the time of initial retirement under Option One shall be paid to the retiree for the remainder of the retiree's life, beginning on the last day of the month following the month in which the lawful spouse dies.
- (e) Option Six is a modification of Option Four so that if the lawful spouse at the time of retirement predeceases the retiree, an allowance equivalent to the amount payable at the time of initial retirement under Option One shall be paid to the retiree for the remainder of the retiree's life, beginning on the last day of the month following the month in which the lawful spouse dies.
- (4) (a) (i) The final average salary is limited in the computation of that part of an allowance based on service rendered prior to July 1, 1967, during a period when the retiree received employer contributions on a portion of compensation from an educational institution toward the payment of the premium required on a retirement annuity contract with the Teachers' Insurance and Annuity Association of America or with any other public or private system, organization, or company to \$4,800.
- (ii) This limitation is not applicable to retirees who elected to continue in this system by July 1, 1967.
 - (b) Periods of employment which are exempt from this system under Subsection

- 01-28-08 7:00 PM 1st Sub. (Buff) H.B. 94 88 49-12-203(1)(b), may be purchased by the member for the purpose of retirement only if all 89 benefits from the Teachers' Insurance and Annuity Association of America or any other public 90 or private system or organization based on this period of employment are forfeited. 91 (5) (a) If a retiree under Option One dies within 90 days after the retiree's retirement 92 date, the retirement is canceled and the death shall be considered as that of a member before 93 retirement. 94 (b) Any payments made to the retiree shall be deducted from the amounts due to the 95 beneficiary. 96 (6) If a retiree retires under either Option Five or Six and subsequently divorces, the
 - retiree may elect to convert the benefit to a Option One benefit at the time of divorce, if there is no court order filed in the matter.
 - Section 2. Section **49-13-402** is amended to read:

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- 49-13-402. Service retirement plans -- Calculation of retirement allowance --Social Security limitations.
- (1) (a) Except as provided under Section 49-13-701, retirees of this system may choose from the six retirement options described in this section.
- (b) If the retiree is married at the time of the election, the election must be approved, in writing, by the retiree's spouse, unless the retiree's spouse is incapacitated as defined under Section 75-1-201.
- [(b)] (c) Options Two, Three, Four, Five, and Six are modifications of the Option One calculation.
 - (2) The Option One benefit is an allowance calculated as follows:
- (a) If the retiree is at least 65 years of age or has accrued at least 30 years of service credit, the allowance is an amount equal to 2% of the retiree's final average monthly salary multiplied by the number of years of service credit accrued.
- (b) If the retiree is less than 65 years of age, the allowance shall be reduced 3% for each year of retirement from age 60 to age 65, plus a full actuarial reduction for each year of retirement prior to age 60, unless the member has 30 or more years of accrued credit, in which event no reduction is made to the allowance.
- 117 (c) (i) Years of service include any fractions of years of service to which the retiree 118 may be entitled.

- (ii) At the time of retirement, if a retiree's combined years of actual, not purchased, service credit is within 1/10 of one year of the total years of service credit required for retirement, the retiree shall be considered to have the total years of service credit required for retirement.
- (d) An Option One allowance is only payable to the member during the member's lifetime.
- (3) The allowance payable under Options Two, Three, Four, Five, and Six is calculated by reducing an Option One benefit based on actuarial computations to provide the following:
- (a) Option Two is a reduced allowance paid to and throughout the lifetime of the retiree, and, if the retiree receives less in annuity payments than the amount of the retiree's member contributions, the remaining balance of the retiree's member contributions shall be paid in accordance with Sections 49-11-609 and 49-11-610.
- (b) Option Three is a reduced allowance paid to and throughout the lifetime of the retiree, and, upon the death of the retiree, the same reduced allowance paid to and throughout the lifetime of the retiree's lawful spouse at the time of retirement.
- (c) Option Four is a reduced allowance paid to and throughout the lifetime of the retiree, and upon the death of the retiree, an amount equal to 1/2 of the retiree's allowance paid to and throughout the lifetime of the retiree's lawful spouse at the time of retirement.
- (d) Option Five is a modification of Option Three so that if the lawful spouse at the time of retirement predeceases the retiree, an allowance equivalent to the amount payable at the time of initial retirement under Option One shall be paid to the retiree for the remainder of the retiree's life, beginning on the last day of the month following the month in which the lawful spouse dies.
- (e) Option Six is a modification of Option Four so that if the lawful spouse at the time of retirement predeceases the retiree, an allowance equivalent to the amount payable at the time of initial retirement under Option One shall be paid to the retiree for the remainder of the retiree's life, beginning on the last day of the month following the month in which the lawful spouse dies.
- (4) (a) (i) The final average salary is limited in the computation of that part of an allowance based on service rendered prior to July 1, 1967, during a period when the retiree received employer contributions on a portion of compensation from an educational institution

- toward the payment of the premium required on a retirement annuity contract with the Teachers' Insurance and Annuity Association of America or with any other public or private system, organization, or company to \$4,800.
- (ii) This limitation is not applicable to retirees who elected to continue in the Public Employees' Contributory Retirement System by July 1, 1967.
- (b) Periods of employment which are exempt from this system as permitted under Subsection 49-13-203(1)(b) may be purchased by the member for the purpose of retirement only if all benefits from the Teachers' Insurance and Annuity Association of America or any other public or private system or organization based on this period of employment are forfeited.
- (5) (a) If a retiree under Option One dies within 90 days after the retiree's retirement date, the retirement is canceled and the death shall be considered as that of a member before retirement.
- (b) Any payments made to the retiree shall be deducted from the amounts due to the beneficiary.
- (6) If a retiree retires under either Option Five or Six and subsequently divorces, the retiree may elect to convert the benefit to an Option One benefit at the time of divorce, if there is no court order filed in the matter.